2-STORY SINGLE FAMILY HOUSE 8220 MANNIX DRIVE, LOS ANGELES, CA. 90046





ARCHITECTURAL ABBREVIATIONS

LAMINATE

LAV LAVATORY

MATL MATERIAL

LAM

@	AT	EA	EACH
\geq	ANGLE	EJ	EXPANSION JOINT
و	CENTERLINE	ELEC	ELECTRICAL
Ø	DIAMETER	ENCL	ENCLOSURE
		EQ	EQUAL
AB	ANCHOR BOLT	EW	EACH WAY
A/C	AIR CONDITIONING	(E)	EXISTING
AC	ASPHALT CONCRETE	EXT	EXTERIOR
ADJ	ADJACENT		ZXY ZXX GX
AFF	ABOVE FINISH FLOOR	FAU	FORCED AIR UNIT
ALUM	ALUMINUM	FF	FINISH FLOOR
		FG	FIXED GLASS
BD	BOARD	FHMS	FLATHEAD MACHINE SCREW
BLDG	BUILDING	FIN	FINISH
BLK	BLOCK	FJ	FLOOR JOIST
BLKG	BLOCKING	FO	FACE OF
BM	BEAM	FLR	FLOOR
ВО	BOTTOM OF	FLUOR	FLUORESCENT
BOF	BOTTOM OF FRAMING	FND	FOUNDATION
ВО	BOTTOM OF	FTG	FOOTING
BOBM	BOTTOM OF BEAM	FHWS	FLATHEAD WOOD SCREW
		FURR	FURRED
CAB	CABINET		
CB	CATCH BASIN	GA	GAUGE
CJ	CONTROL JOINT	GD	GARBAGE DISPOSAL
CLG	CEILING	GLB	GLU LAM BEAM
CLR	CLEAR	GS	GALVANIZED STEEL
CMU	CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT	GYP	GYPSUM
CO	CLEANOUT	GB	GYPSUM BOARD
COL	COLUMN	HB	HOSE BIBB
COMP	COMPOSITE SHINGLES	HDR	HEADER
CONC	CONCRETE	шот	LICIOLIT
CONST	CONSTRUCTION	HGT	HEIGHT
CONT	CONTINUOUS	HTR HVAC	HEATER HEATING/VENTILATING/
CSK	COUNTER SINK	IIVAC	AIR CONDITIONING
CSMT	CASEMENT	HW	HOT WATER
CT	CERAMIC TILE	1100	HOT WATER
CTSK	COUNTERSINK	IN	INCH
CTR	CENTER	INT	INTERIOR
CW	COLD WATER	INSUL	INSULATION
		IIVOOL	INCOLATION
DS	DOWNSPOUT	JST	JOIST
DBL	DOUBLE	001	00.01
DIA	DIAMETER		

DIAGONAL

DOWN

DOOR

DIMENSION

DISHWASHER

SHT SHEET

SHTG SHEATHING

SIMILAR

SKYLIGHT

SQUARE

TREAD

TOP & BOTTOM

TOP OF BEAM

TOP OF PLATE

TELEVISION

OTHERWISE

VERIFY IN FIELD

WATER CLOSET

WATER HEATER

WROUGHT IRON

WATERPROOF

WWM WELDED WIRE MESH

WATER RESISTANT

WELDED WIRE FABRIC

THICK

TYPICAL

UNO UNLESS NOTED

WITH

WOOD

WINDOW

WITHOUT

TOP OF MASONRY

TOP OF PARAFET

TOP OF SHEETING

TEMPERED GLASS

TONGUE AND GROOVE

TRASH COMPACTOR

STEEL

STRUCT STRUCTURAL

SLIDER (WINDOW)

SHWR SHOWER

SLDG SLIDING

STOR STORAGE

STL

TOPL

TOS

TMPR

MAX	MAXIMUM
MB	MACHINE BOLT
MC	MEDICINE CABINET
MECH	MECHANICAL
MED	MEDIUM
MFG	MANUFACTURER
MIN	MINIMUM
MISC	MISCELLANEOUS
MTL	METAL
N	NORTH
NAT	NATURAL
NIC	NOT IN CONTRACT
NO	NUMBER
NTS	NOT TO SCALE
0/	OVER
OBS	OBSCURE
OC	ON CENTER
OD	OUTSIDE DIAMETER
ОН	OVERHEAD
OPG	OPENING
OS	OVERELOW SCUPPER

MIL	METAL
N NAT NIC NO NTS	NORTH NATURAL NOT IN CONTRACT NUMBER NOT TO SCALE
O/ OBS OC OD OH OPG OS	OVER OBSCURE ON CENTER OUTSIDE DIAMETER OVERHEAD OPENING OVERFLOW SCUPPER
PERF PL PLYWD PR PVC PREFAB R RD RDWD REFR REINF REQD	PERFORATE PROPERTY LINE PLYWOOD PAIR POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PREFABRICATED RADIUS/RISER ROOF DRAIN REDWOOD REFRIGERATOR REINFORCEMENT REQUIRED
RM RO RS RWD	ROOM ROUGH OPENING ROUGH SAWN REDWOOD
SF SHLF SHLV	SQUARE FEET SHELF SHELVING

STAINLESS STEEL

SHELF AND POLE

SINGLE HUNG

SELECT

S&P

SEL

	8220 MANNIX DRIVE
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LOT 6 BLK 59

APN: 5556-004-016

- A. ALL WORK SHALL CONFORM TO: (A) THE MINIMUM STANDARDS OF THE LATEST EDITION OF THE INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE AND ALL RELATED DOCUMENTS PUBLISHED BY THE I.C.C. WHICH HAVE BEEN ADOPTED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCY; (B) ALL REGULATIONS AND ORDINANCES OF ALL LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCIES; (C) ANY SPECIAL CONDITIONS REQUIRED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNING AGENCIES; AND (D) ALL CALIFORNIA STATE CODE AMENDMENTS (BUILDING STANDARDS CODE) TITLE 24.
- THE APPLICABLE CODES WILL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO:
- -2020 LABC, LARC - 2019 CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL CODE (CRC)
- 2019 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE (CBC)

GENERAL NOTES

- 2019 CALIFORNIA ELECTRICAL CODE (CEC - 2019 CALIFORNIA MECHANICAL CODE (CMC)
- 2019 CALIFORNIA PLUMBING CODE (CPC) - 2019 CALIFORNIA ENERGY CODE (CENC) - 2019 L.A. GREEN BUILDING CODE
- ALL WORK DESCRIBED IN THE DRAWINGS SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR FOR DIMENSION, GRADE, EXTENT AND COMPATIBILITY TO THE EXISTING SITE. ANY DISCREP-ANCIES AND UNEXPECTED CONDITIONS THAT AFFECT OR CHANGE THE WORK DESCRIBED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS SHALL BE BROUGHT TO THE ARCHITECT'S ATTENCTION IMMEDIATELY. DO NOT PROCEED WITH THE WORK IN THE AREA OF DISCREPANCIES UNTIL ALL SUCH DISCREPANCIES ARE RESOLVED. IF THE CONTRACTOR CHOOSES TO DO SO, HE SHALL BE PROCEEDING AT HIS OWN RISK.
- C. OMISSIONS FROM THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATION OR THE MISDESCRIPTION OF THE WORK WHICH IS MANIFESTLY NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE INTENT OF THE DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS, OR WHICH IS CUSTOMARILY PERFORMED, SHALL NOT RELIEVE THE CONTRACTOR FROM PERFORMING SUCH OMITTED OR MISDESCRIBED DETAILS OF THE WORK AS IF FULLY AND COMPLETELY SET FORTH AND DESCRIBED IN THE DRAWINGS AND
- D. DIMENSIONS SHOWN SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER DRAWINGS SCALE OR PROPORTION. LARGER SCALE DRAWINGS SHALL TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER SMALLER SCALE DRAWINGS.
- . APPROVED NUMBERS OR ADDRESSES (PER CITY OF LOS ANGELES) SHALL BE PROVIDED IN SUCH A POSITION AS TO BE PLAINLY VISIBLE AND LEGIBLE FROM THE STREET OR ROAD FRONTING THE PROPERTY. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE LOCATION WITH THE ARCHITECT.
- F. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER FOR THE SELECTION OF ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES INCLUDING TOILETS, TUB/SHOWER, LAVATORIES, SINKS AND ALL APPROPIATE FAUCETS, TRIM AND DRAINS. THE OWNER SHALL SELECT ALL COLORS, FINISH AND OPTIONS.
- G. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DESIGN AND INSTALLATION OF THE MECHANICAL HEATING AND DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS.
- H. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH OWNER FOR THE SELECTION OF ALL ELECTRICAL LIGHT FIXTURES (THEIR COLOR, TYPE AND FINISH), AND SWITCHPLATED AND OUTLETS (COLOR AND TYPE). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL LOCATIONS AND HEIGHTS OF ALL OUTLETS, LIGHTING FIXTURES, ETC. WITH THE ARCHITECT.
- I. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH OWNER FOR THE SELECTION OF ALL KITCHEN APPLIANCES (COLOR, TYPE AND OPTIONS).
- J. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER FOR THE SELECTION AND PROPER LOCATIONS OF ALL BATHROOM SPECIALTIES INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, MEDICINE CABINETS, MIRRORS, TOWEL BARS AND HOOKS, TOILET PAPER DISPENSER, SOAP DISH AND SHOWER ENCLOSURE.
- K. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER FOR THE DESIGN OF BUILT-IN CABINETS INCLUDING DOOR AND DRAWER LOCATIONS, TYPES OF HINGES, PULLS AND SLIDING HARDWARE. THE OWNER SHALL SELECT THE TYPE OF MATERIALS, COLOR AND FINISH FOR CABINETS.
- L. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER FOR THE SELECTION OF ALL INTERIOR FINISHES INCLUDING FLOOR COVERINGS AND UNDERLAYMENTS, PAINT (INCLUDING NUMBER OF COATS), OTHER WALLCOVERINGS, BASE AND CASE, LAMINATES, TILE, ETC.
- M. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE OWNER FOR THE SELECTION OF ALL DOOR HARDWARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, DOOR LATCHES, HINGES, CABINET HARD-WARE, ETC. (TYPES AND FINISHES).

PROJECT DIRECTORY

OWNER JOSEPH NEVABI

T: 323 975 5531 E:JOSEPHNAVABI@GMAIL.COM

AGAPITO FERNANDEZ CIVIL ENGINEER

AGAPITO FERNANDEZ P.E. 7400 E SLAUSON AVE. SUITE S COMMERCE, CA 90040 T. 818.626.2088 E.abfcivil1@gmail.com

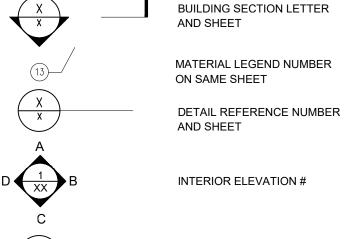
PERFECT DESIGN & ENGINEERING

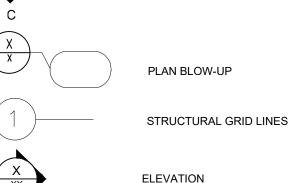
PERFECT DESIGN & ENGINEERING RAYMOND M. ZHONG, P.E. 2416 W. VALLEY BLVD.

ALHAMBRA CA 91803 T. 626.289.8808 F. 626.289.4913

E. perfectAAA@aol.com

ARCHITECTURAL SYMBOLS





SHEET/DRAWING INDEX

Sheet	SHEET NAME	DWG.
No.		No.
	ARCHITECTURE	
1	TITLE SHEET	A1
2	SITE PLAN	A2
3	1ST. LEVEL FLOOR PLAN	A3
4	2ND. LEVEL FLOOR PLAN	A4
5	NORTH ELEVATION	A5
6	EAST ELEVATION	A6
7	SOUTH ELEVATION	A7
8	WEST ELEVATION	A8
9	CROSS SECTION A	A9
10	CROSS SECTION B	A10
11	ROOF PLAN	A11
12	FLASHING DETAILS	A12
	CIVIL	

A.P.N.: 5556-004-016

TRACT: 2019 EX OF ST

OCCUPANCY GROUP:

ZONING: LAR1

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: VB

SCOPE OF WORK:

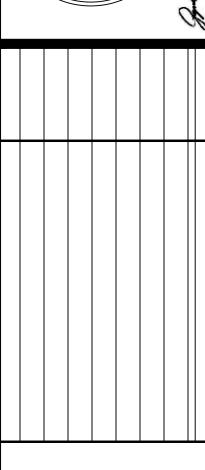
NEW TWO STORY SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT ADDRESS: 8220 MANNIX DRIVE, LOS ANGELES CA. 90046

LOTE SIZE: 5001 SQFT.





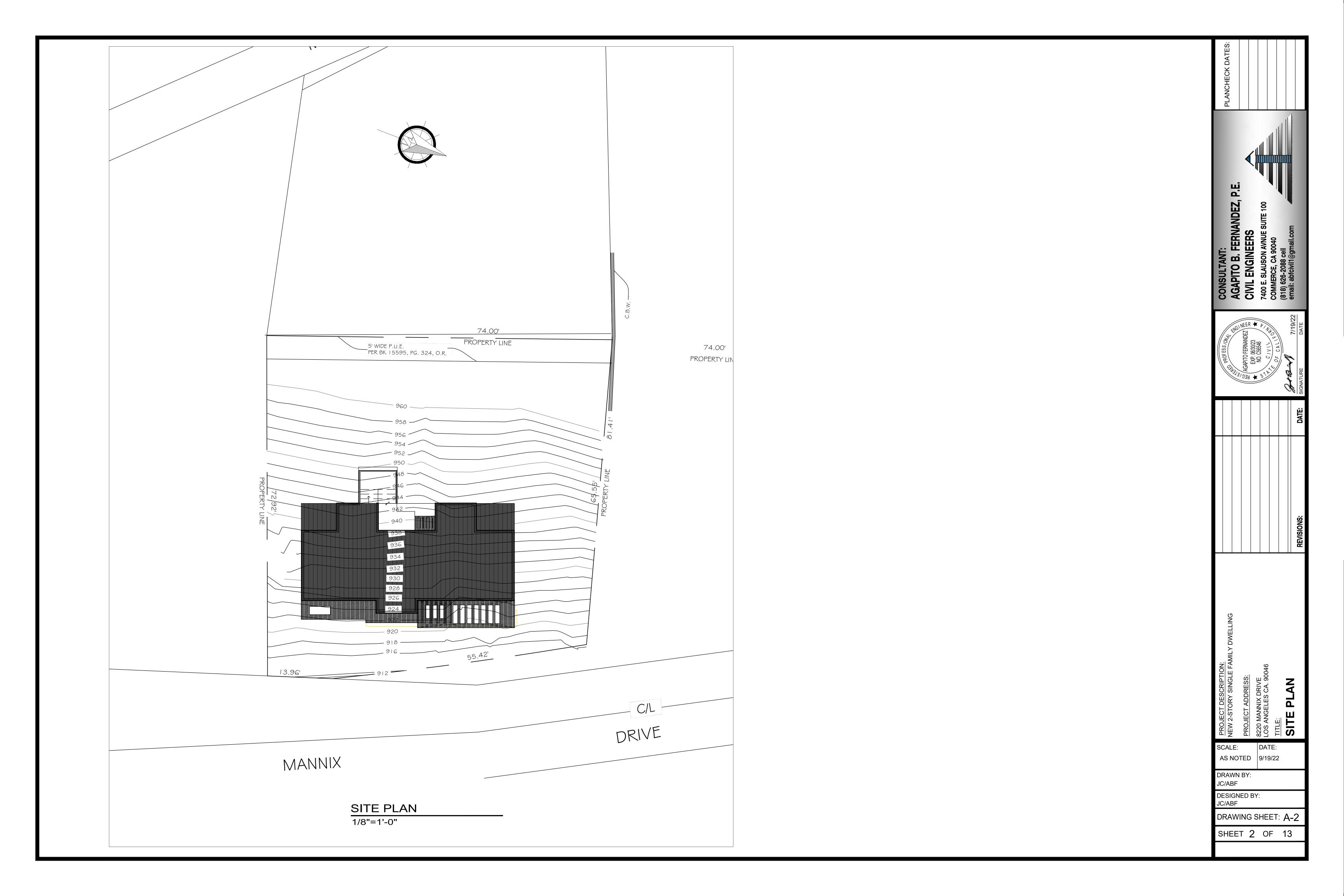
DATE: SCALE: AS NOTED 9/19/22

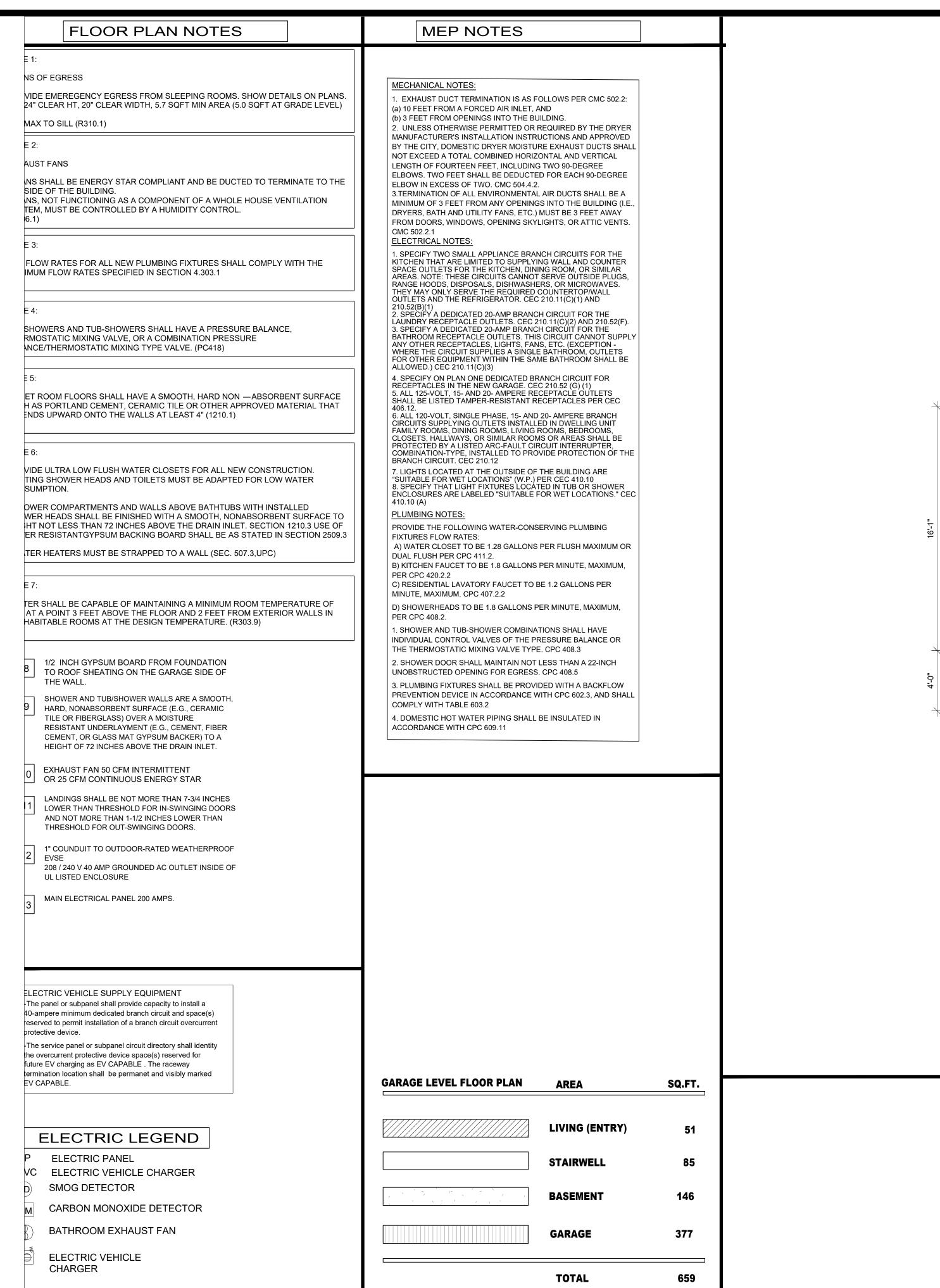
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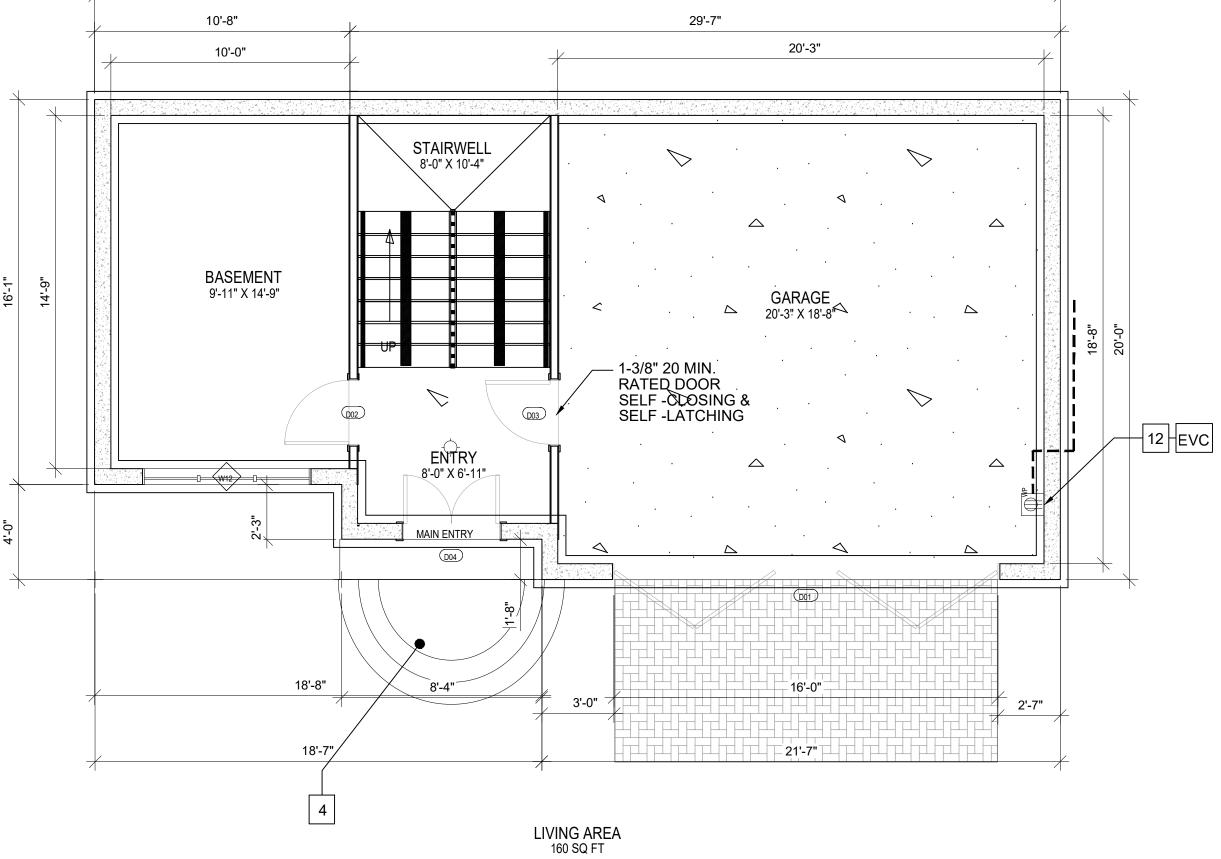
JC/ABF DESIGNED BY:

DRAWING SHEET: A-1

SHEET 1 OF 13







40'-3"

WALL LEGEND

1/4"=1'-0"

8" CMU WALL

2x STUDS WALL

GARAGE LEVEL FLOOR PLAN

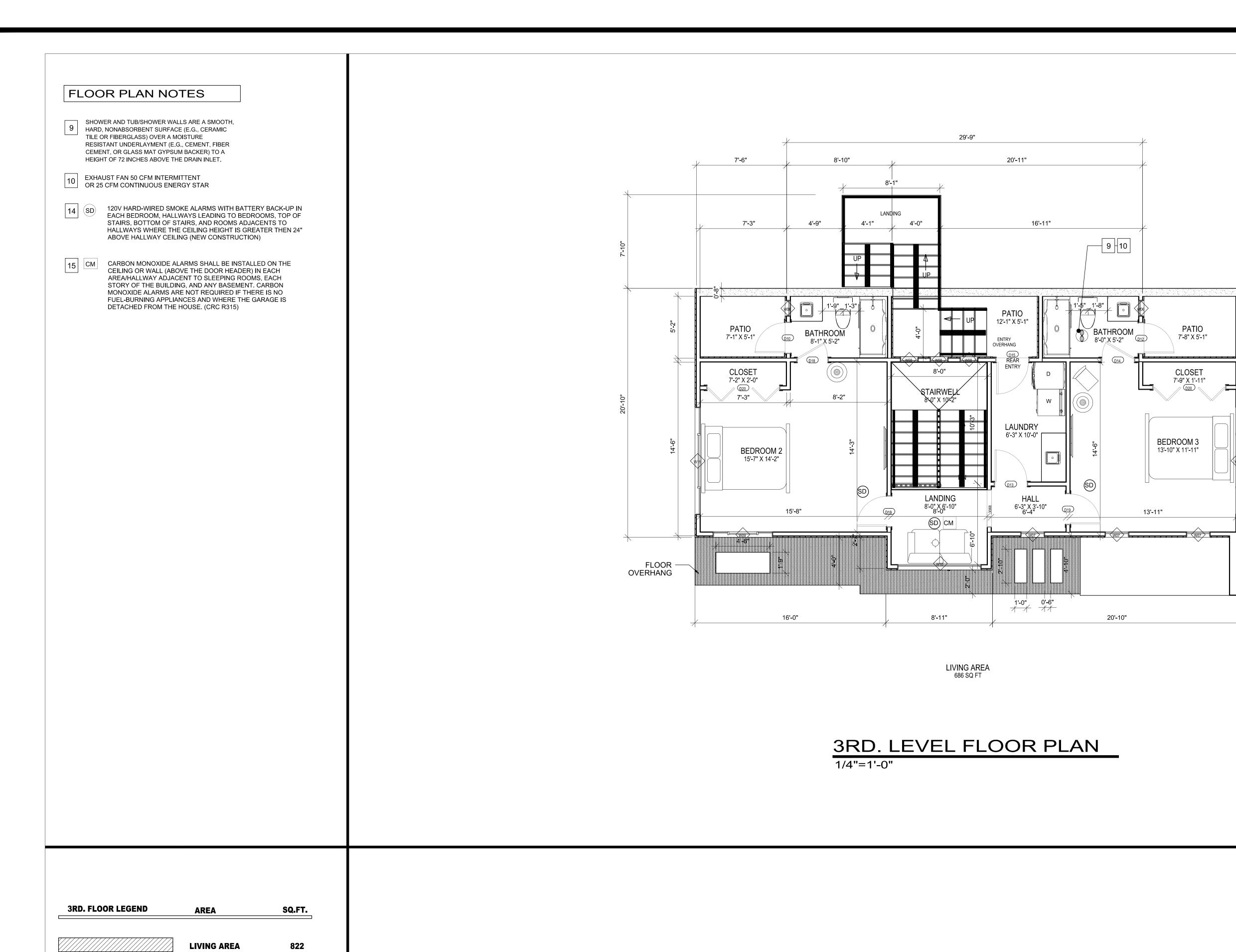
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DRAWN BY: JC/ABF

DESIGNED BY:

DRAWING SHEET: A-3

SHEET 3 OF 13



STAIRWELL

OVERHANG

TOTAL

118

1094

PATIO

AS NOTED 9/19/22 DRAWN BY: DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF

DRAWING SHEET: A-4.

SHEET 4 OF 13

DOOK / WINDOW SCHEDULES

DOOR SCHEDULE							
FLOOR	NUMBER	OTY	SIZE	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DESCRIPTION	SHGC COMMEN
1	D01	1	16080 L/R FX	192 "	96 "	EXT. 4 DR. BIFOLD-DOOR SL04	0.3
	D02	1	2868 L IN	32 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
	D03	1	2868 R FX	32 "	80 "	FXT_HINGED-DOOR P11	0.3
1	D04	1	4068 L/R FX	48 "	80 "	EXT_DOUBLE HINGED-DOOR SL04	0.3
2	D05	1	2668 L	30 "	80 "	2 DR BIFOLD-LOUVERED	0.3
2	D06	2	2868 L IN	32 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
2	D07	1	2868 R IN	32 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
2	D08	1	3068 R	36 "	80 "	2 DR BIFOLD-LOUVERED	0.3
2	D09	1	4068 R IN	48 "	80 "	SLIDER-DOOR P04	0.3
3	D10	1	2668 L FX	30 "	80 "	FXT_HINGED-DOOR P11	0.3
3	D12	1	2668 R FX	30 "	80 "	FXT_HINGED-DOOR P11	0.3
3	D13	1	2868 L IN	32 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
3	D14	1	2868 R IN	32 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
3	D15	1	2868 R FX	32 "	80 "	FXT_HINGED-DOOR P11	0.3
3	D18	2	2668 L IN	30 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
3	D19	1	2668 R IN	30 "	80 "	HINGED-DOOR P04	0.3
3	D20	2	6068 L/P	72 "	80 "	4 DR RIEOLD JOLIVERED	0.3

	WINDOW SCHEDULE									
FLOOR	NUMBER	OTY	SI7F	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DESCRIPTION	U-FACTOR	EGRESS	SHGC	COMMENTS
2	W01	2	2060FX	24 "	72 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
2	W03	3	5050TS	60 "	60 "	TRIPLE SLIDING	0.3		0.3	
2	W04	2	6050FX	72 "	60 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
2	W05	1	7080FX	84 "	96 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
3	W06	2	1434DH	16 "	39 7/8 "	DOUBLE HUNG	0.3		0.3	
3	W07	3	2060FX	24 "	72 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
3	W08	3	1630FX	18 "	36 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
3	W09	1	5050TS	60 "	60 "	TRIPLE SLIDING	0.3		0.3	
3	W10	1	7080FX	84 "	96 "	FIXED GLASS	0.3		0.3	
3	W11	2	9030TS	108 "	36 "	TRIPLE SLIDING	0.3		0.3	
1	W12	1	7020TC	84 "	24 "	TRIPLE CASEMENT-LHL/RHR	0.3		0.3	

FLOOR PLAN NOTES

SHOWER AND TUB/SHOWER WALLS ARE A SMOOTH,
HARD, NONABSORBENT SURFACE (E.G., CERAMIC
TILE OR FIBERGLASS) OVER A MOISTURE
RESISTANT UNDERLAYMENT (E.G., CEMENT, FIBER
CEMENT, OR GLASS MAT GYPSUM BACKER) TO A
HEIGHT OF 72 INCHES ABOVE THE DRAIN INLET.

10 EXHAUST FAN 50 CFM INTERMITTENT OR 25 CFM CONTINUOUS ENERGY STAR

120V HARD-WIRED SMOKE ALARMS WITH BATTERY BACK-UP IN EACH BEDROOM, HALLWAYS LEADING TO BEDROOMS, TOP OF STAIRS, BOTTOM OF STAIRS, AND ROOMS ADJACENTS TO HALLWAYS WHERE THE CEILING HEIGHT IS GREATER THEN 24" ABOVE HALLWAY CEILING (NEW CONSTRUCTION)

CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON THE CEILING OR WALL (ABOVE THE DOOR HEADER) IN EACH AREA/HALLWAY ADJACENT TO SLEEPING ROOMS, EACH STORY OF THE BUILDING, AND ANY BASEMENT. CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS ARE NOT REQUIRED IF THERE IS NO FUEL-BURNING APPLIANCES AND WHERE THE GARAGE IS DETACHED FROM THE HOUSE. (CRC R315)

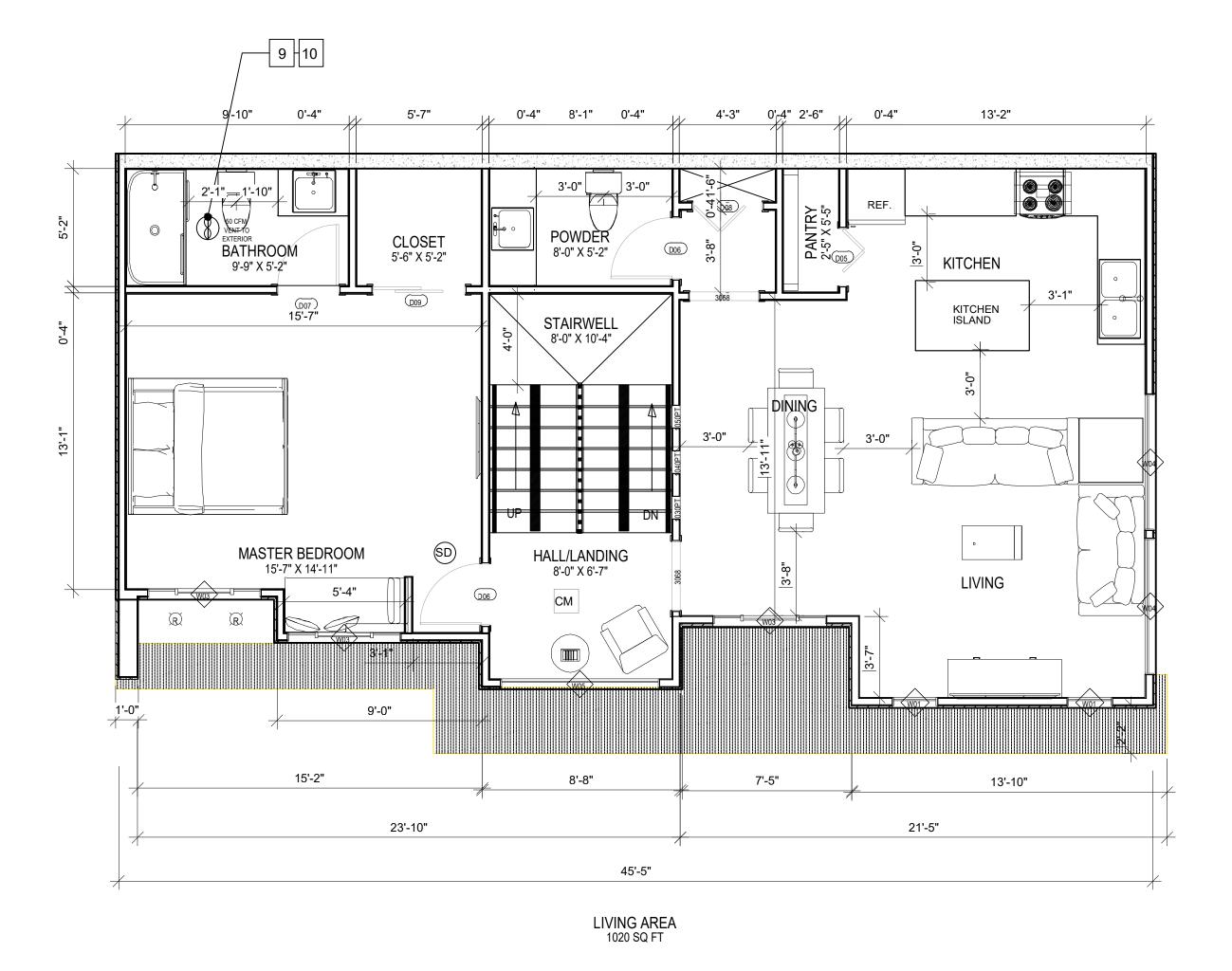
BATHROOM EXHAUST FAN

NOTE A:

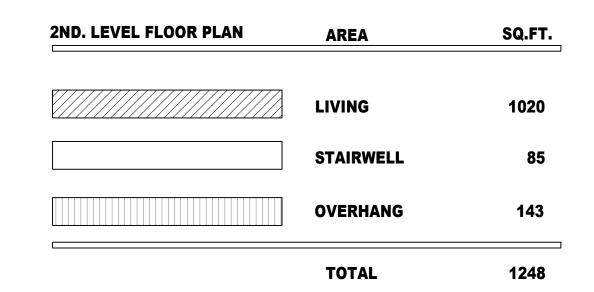
BATHROOM EXHAUST FAN SHALL BE ENERGY STAR COMPLIANT AND CONTROLLED BY HUMIDISTAT

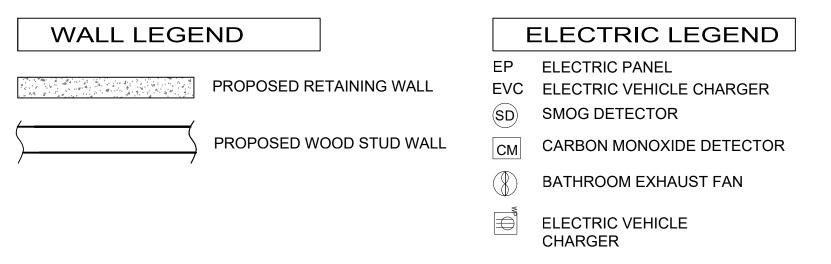
D CONTROLLED BY HUMIDISTAT

i. Fans shall be ENERGY STAR compliant and be ducted to terminate to the outside of the building.ii. Fans, not functioning as a component of a whole house ventilation system, must be controlled by a humidity control. (4.506.1)

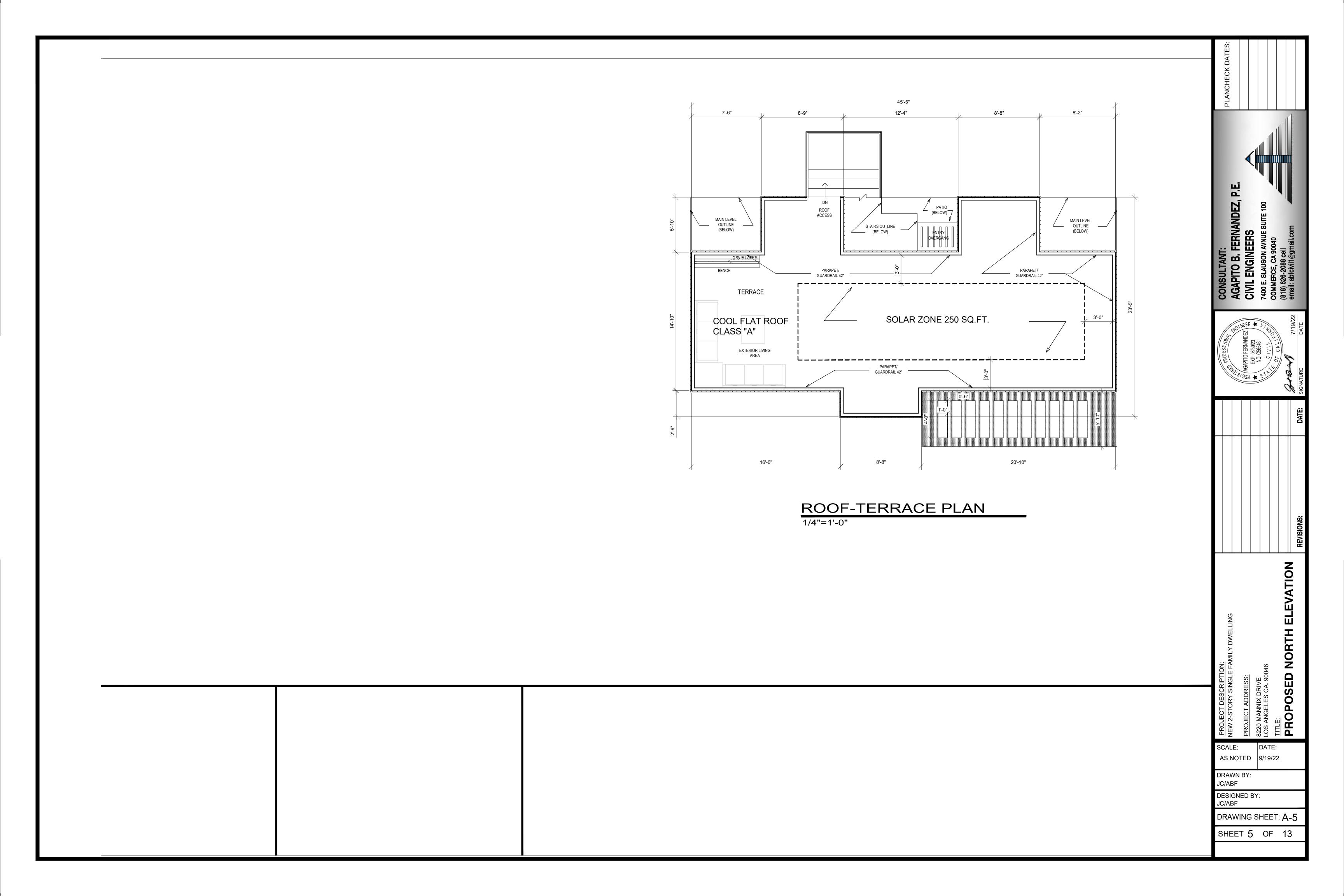


2ND. LEVEL FLOOR PLAN 1/4"=1'-0"





AS NOTED 9/19/22 DRAWN BY: JC/ABF DESIGNED BY: DRAWING SHEET: A-4 SHEET 4 OF 13





ELEVATION LEGEND

1 FLAT ROOF

2 WOOD VENNER FINISH

3 STUCCO FINISH. ¹/₄ REVEAL

4 SMOOTH STUCCO FINISH

5 WOOD TRELLIES

6 STONE VENNER FINISH SELECTED BY OWNER

7 GLASS GUARDRAIL 42" MIN. HEIGHT

8 WOOD SIDING FINISH SELECTED BY OWNER

9 RETAINING WALL

10 TEMPERED GLASS.
ALL EXTERIOR GLAZING SHALL BE TEMPERED (VHFHSZ)

BUILDING ENVELOPE NOTES:

Glazing in enclosures for or walls facing hot tubs, whirlpools, saunas, steam rooms, bathtubs and showers where the bottom edge of the glazing is less than 60 inches measured vertically above any standing or walking surface.

8. Buildings shall have approved address numbers, building numbers or approved building identification placed in a position that is plainly legible and visible from the street or road fronting the property. (R319.1)

9. Protection of wood and wood based products from decay shall be provided in the locations specified per Section R317.1 by the use of naturally durable wood or wood that is preservative-treated in accordance with AWPA U1 for the species, product, preservative and end use. Preservatives shall be listed in Section 4 of AWPA U1.

10. Provide anti-Graffiti finish within the first 9 feet, measured from grade, at exterior walls and doors. Exception: Maintenance of building affidavit is recorded by the owner to covenant and agree with the City of Los Angeles to remove any graffiti within 7-days of the graffiti being

s recorded by the owner to covenant and raffiti within 7-days of the graffiti being

CON

SECTION PROFESS/ON/4/

SECTION SECTION SECURITY

AGA

NO. C56546

TA000

COMI

(818)

EAST ELEVATION

MANNIX DRIVE
ANGELES CA. 90046

OPOSED EAS

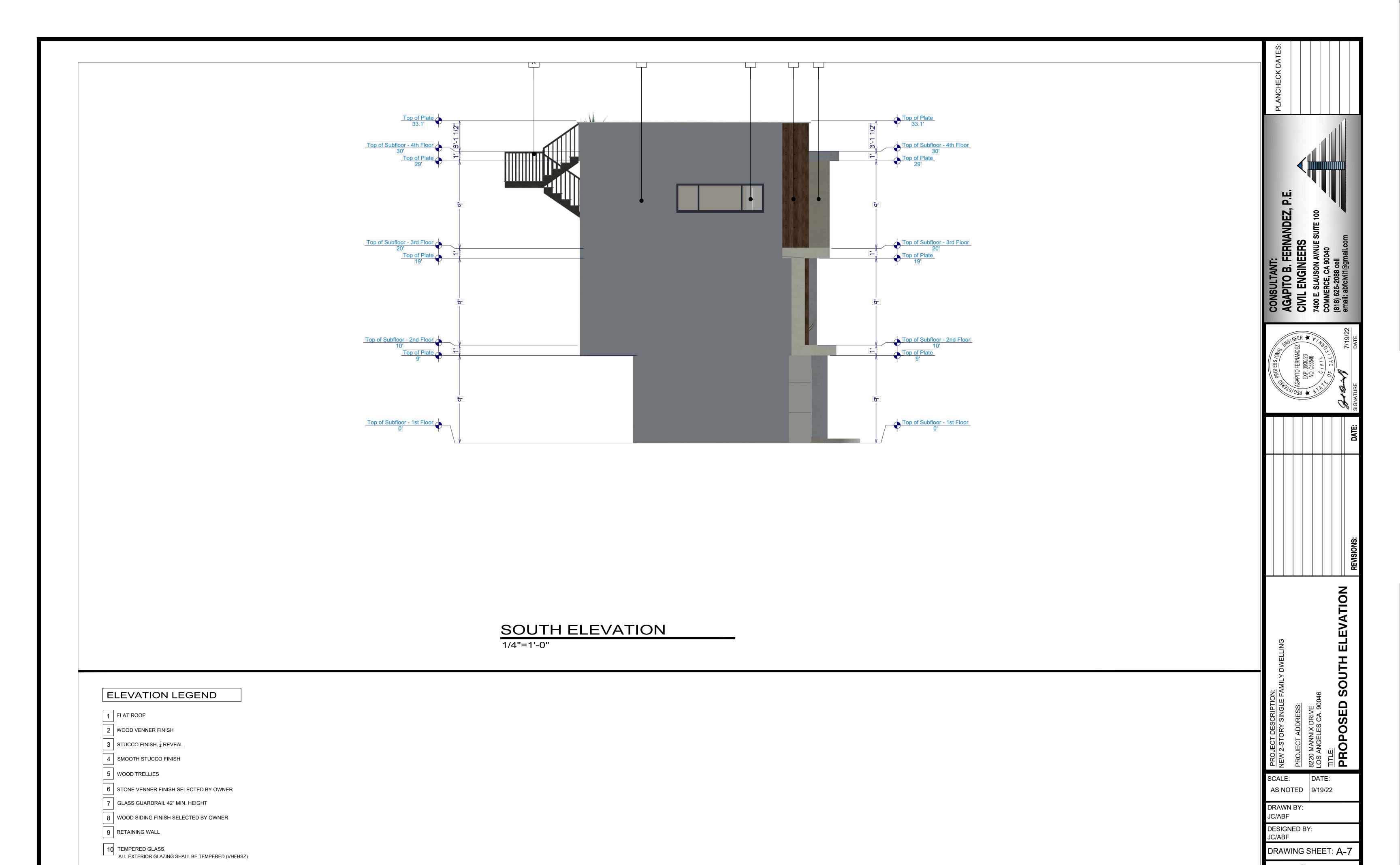
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DRAWN BY: JC/ABF

DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF

DRAWING SHEET: A-6

SHEET 6 OF 13



SHEET 7 OF 13



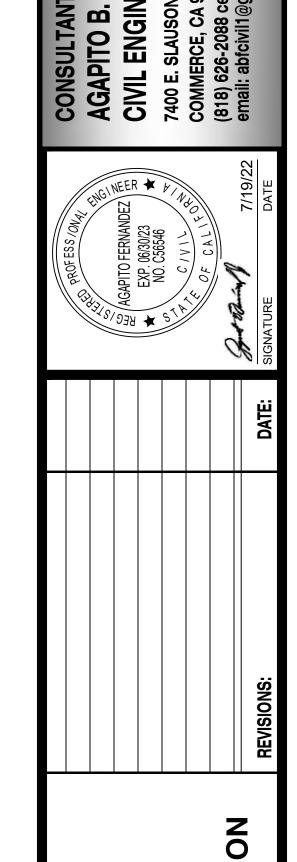
WEST ELEVATION

1/4"=1'-0"

ELEVATION LEGEND

- 1 FLAT ROOF
- 2 WOOD VENNER FINISH
- 3 SMOOTH STUCCO FINISH. ¹/₄ REVEAL
- 4 SMOOTH STUCCO FINISH
- 5 METAL TRELLIES
- 6 STONE VENNER FINISH SELECTED BY OWNER
- 7 GLASS GUARDRAIL 42" MIN. HEIGHT
- 8 WOOD SIDING FINISH SELECTED BY OWNER
- 9 RETAINING WALL
- 10 TEMPERED GLASS.

ALL EXTERIOR GLAZING SHALL BE TEMPERED (VHFHSZ)



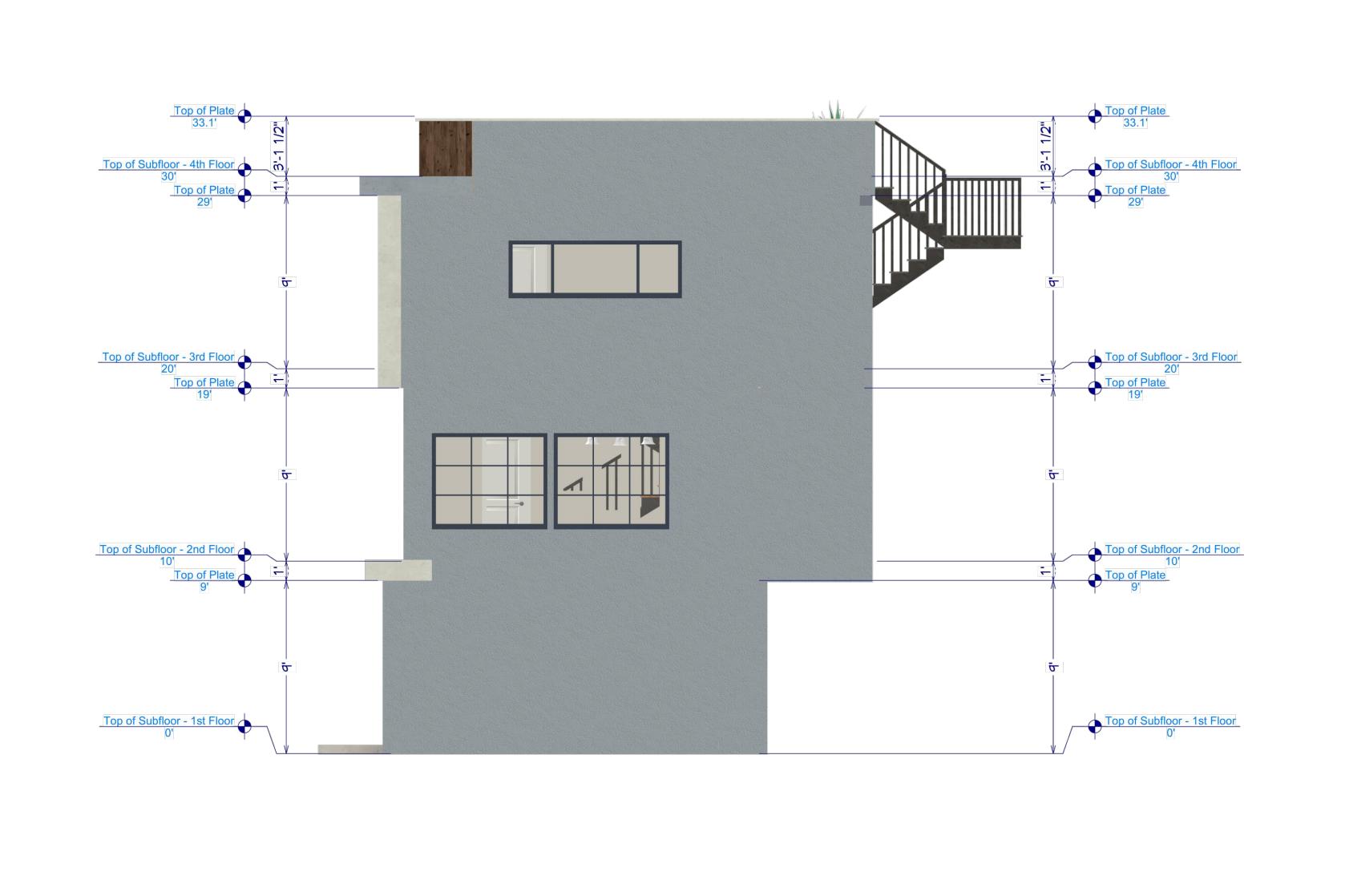
AS NOTED 9/19/22

DRAWING SHEET: A-8

SHEET 8 OF 13

DRAWN BY:

DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF



WEST ELEVATION

CROSS SECTION ELEVATION

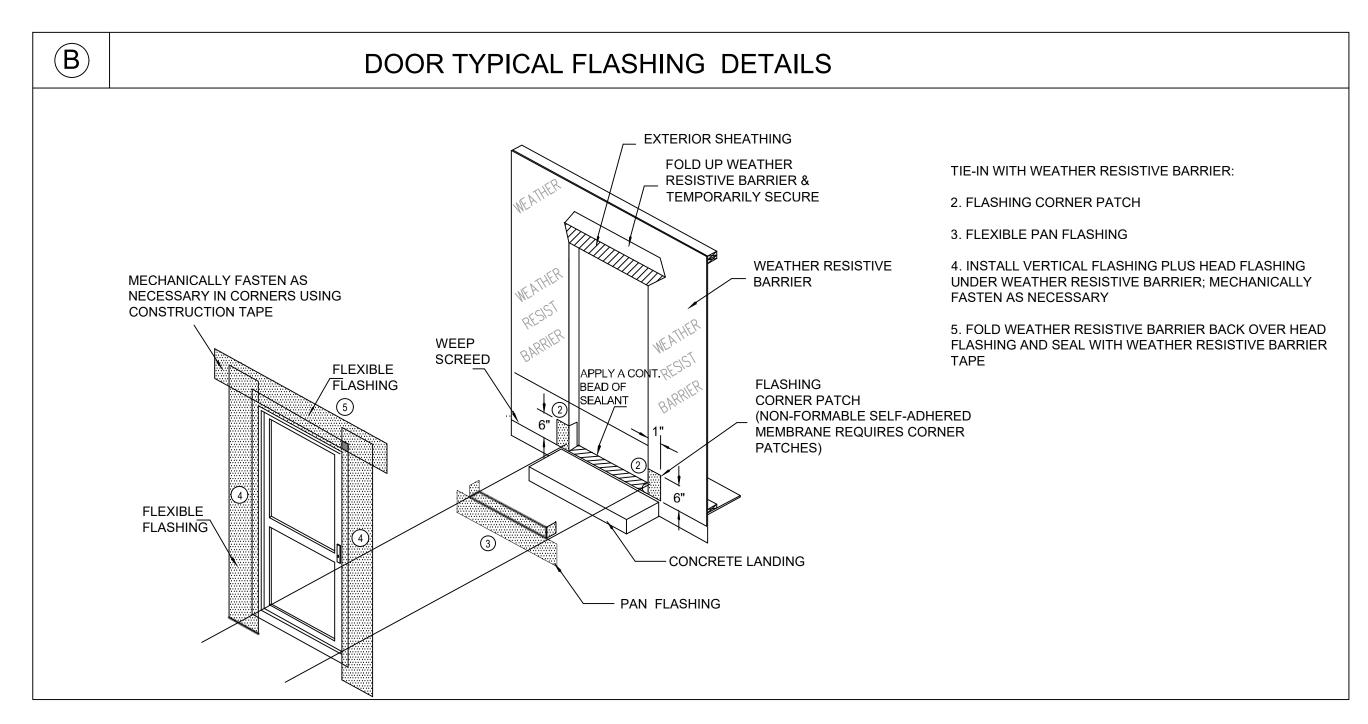
AS NOTED 9/19/22

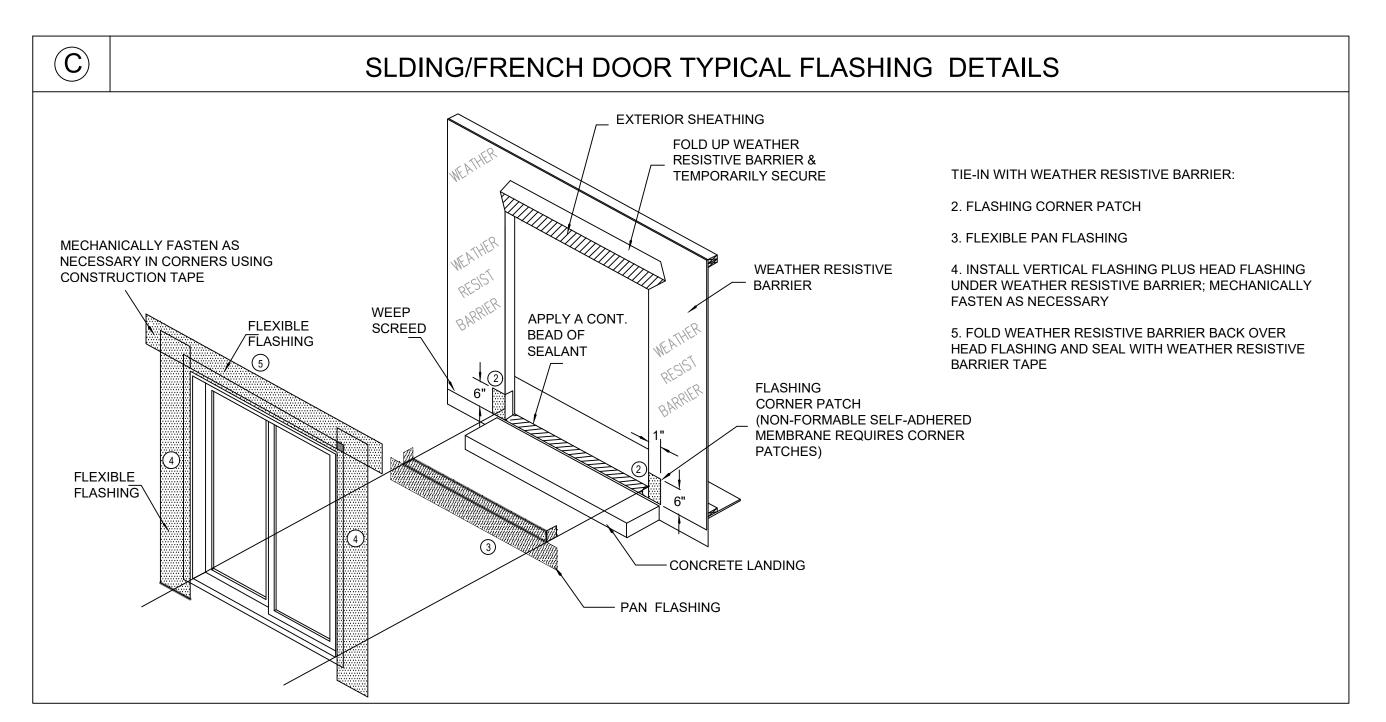
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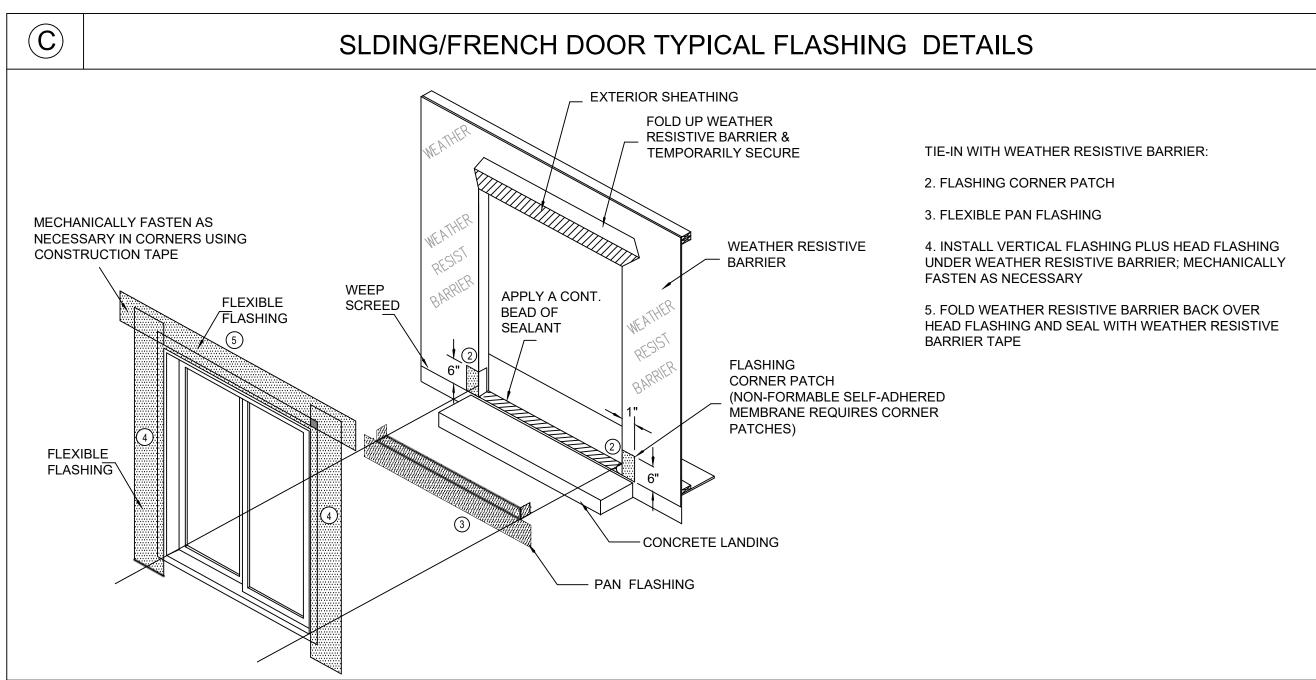
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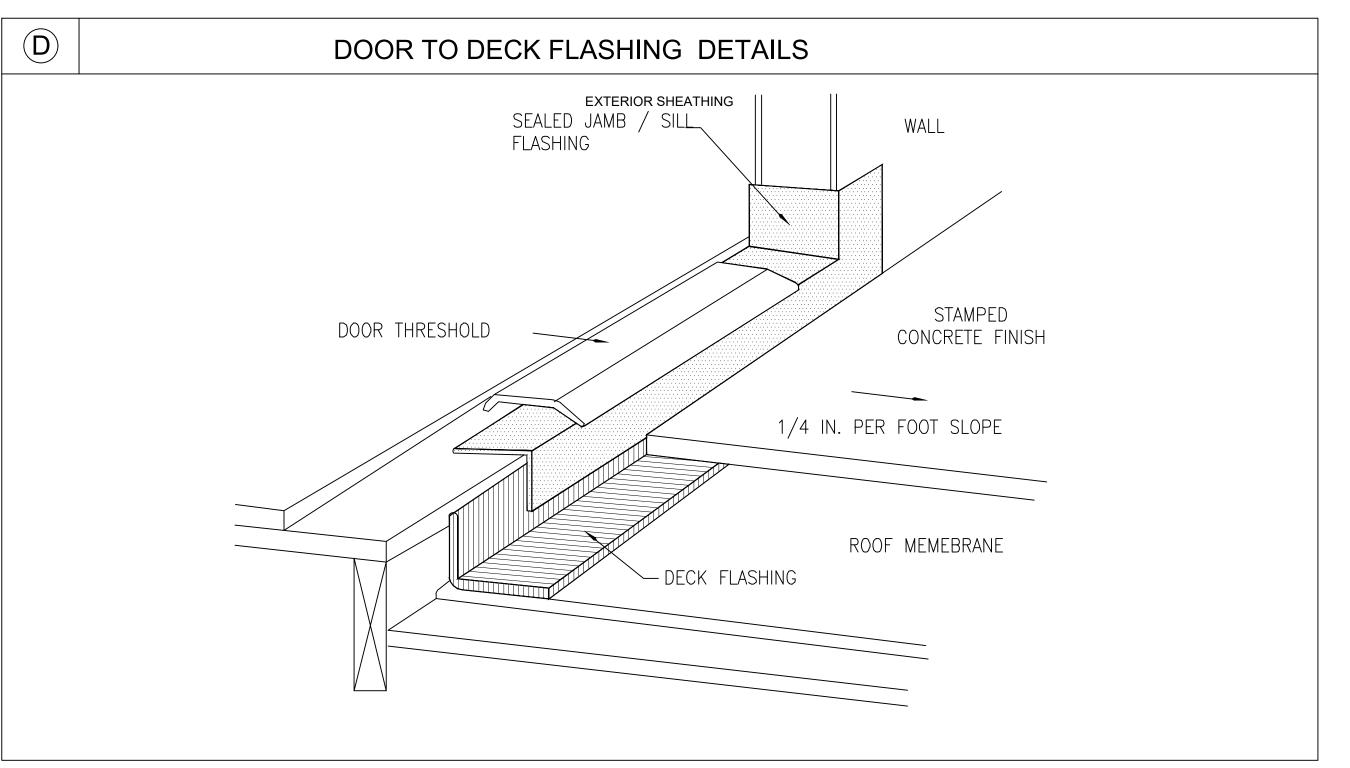
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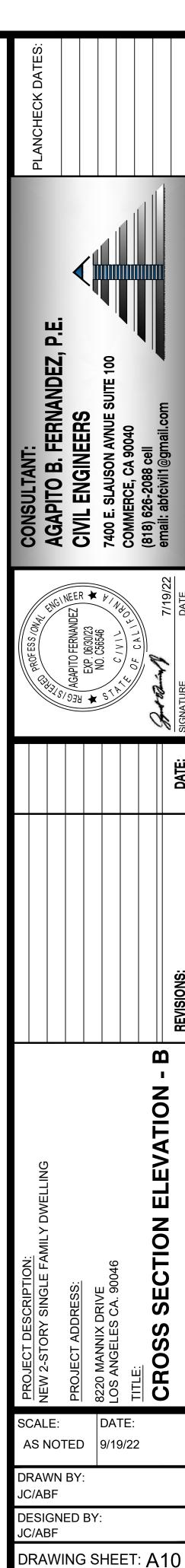
SHEET 9 OF 13











SHEET 10 OF 13



STORM WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

(2020 Los Angeles Green Building Code)

FORM GRN 1

Storm Water Pollution Control Requirements for Construction Activities Minimum Water Quality Protection Requirements for All Construction Projects

The following notes shall be incorporated in the approved set of construction/grading plans and represents the minimum standards of good housekeeping which must be implemented on all construction projects.

Construction means constructing, clearing, grading or excavation that result in soil disturbance. Construction includes structure teardown (demolition). It does not include routine maintenance to maintain original line and grade, hydraulic capacity, or original purpose of facility; emergency construction activities required to immediately protect public health and safety; interior remodeling with no outside exposure of construction material or construction waste to storm water; mechanical permit work; or sign permit work. (Order No. 01-182, NPDES Permit No. CAS004001 – Part 5: Definitions)

- 1. Eroded sediments and pollutants shall be retained on site and shall not be transported from the site via sheet flow, swales, area drains, natural drainage or wind.
- 2. Stockpiles of earth and other construction-related materials shall be covered and/or protected from being transported from the site by wind or water.
- 3. Fuels, oils, solvents and other toxic materials must be stored in accordance with their listing and shall not contaminate the soil nor the surface waters. All approved toxic storage containers are to be protected from the weather. Spills must be cleaned up immediately and disposed of properly and shall not be washed into the drainage system.
- 4. Non-storm water runoff from equipment and vehicle washing and any other activity shall be contained on the project site.
- 5. Excess or waste concrete may not be washed into the public way or any drainage system. Provisions shall be made to retain concrete waste on-site until it can be appropriately disposed of or recycled.
- 6. Trash and construction –related solid wastes must be deposited into a covered receptacle to prevent contamination of storm water and dispersal by wind.
- 7. Sediments and other materials shall not be tracked from the site by vehicle traffic. The construction entrance roadways must be stabilized so as to inhibit sediments from being deposited into the street/public ways. Accidental depositions must be swept up immediately and may not be washed down by rain or by any other means.
- 8. Retention basins of sufficient size shall be provided to retain storm water runoff on-site and shall be properly located to collect all tributary site runoff.
- 9. Where retention of storm water runoff on-site is not feasible due to site constraints, runoff may be conveyed to the street and the storm drain system provided that an approved filtering system is installed and maintained on-site during the construction duration.

As a covered entity under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, the City of Los Angeles does not discriminate on the basis of disability and, upon request, will provide reasonable accommodation to ensure equal access to its programs, services and activities.



PLUMBING FIXTURE FLOW RATES

Residential Occupancies 2020 Los Angeles Green Building Code (Incorporate this form into the plans)

FORM GRN 16

www.ladbs.org

SECTION 4.303.1 WATER REDUCTION FIXTURE FLOW RATES

WATER REDUCTION FIXTURE FLOW RATES					
FIXTURE TYPE	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE FLOW RATE				
Showerheads	1.8 gpm @ 80 psi				
Lavatory faucets, residential	1.2 gpm @ 60 psi ^{1,3}				
Lavatory faucets, nonresidential	0.4 gpm @ 60 psi ^{1,3}				
Kitchen faucets	1.5 gpm @ 60 psi ^{2,4}				
Metering Faucets	0.2 gallons/cycle				
Gravity tank type water closets	1.28 gallons/flush ⁵				
Flushometer tank water closets	1.28 gallons/flush ⁵				
Flushometer valve water closets	1.28 gallons/flush ⁵				
Urinals	0.125 gallons/flush				
Clothes Washers	ENERGY-STAR certified				
Dishwashers	ENERGY-STAR certified				

¹Lavatory Faucets shall not have a flow rate less than 0.8 gpm at 20 psi. ² Kitchen faucets may temporarily increase flow above the maximum rate, but not above 2.2gpm @ 60psi and must default to a maximum flow rate of 1.8 gpm @ 60psi. ³Where complying faucets are unavailable, aerators or other means may be used to achieve reduction. ⁴ Kitchen faucets with a maximum 1.8 gpm flow rate may be installed in buildings that have water closets

⁵ Includes single and dual flush water closets with an effective flush of 1.28 gallons or less. Single Flush Toilets - The effective flush volume shall not exceed 1.28 gallons (4.8 liters). The effective flush volume is the average flush volume when tested in accordance with ASME

with a maximum flush rate of 1.06 gallons/flush installed throughout.

Dual Flush Toilets - The effective flush volume shall not exceed 1.28 gallons (4.8 liters). The effective flush volume is defined as the composite, average flush volume of two reduced flushes and one full flush. Flush volumes will be tested in accordance with ASME A112.19.2 and ASME A112.19.14.

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File: ..\..\..\..\1-GREEN FORMS CITY OF LOS ANGELES\grn_11_voc_ta **Files**-0\d/1-\0.1\.-20-6#EEN FORMS CITY OF LOS ANGELES\grn_14_general_residential_notes-01-0 Sheet: 1



2020 Los Angeles Green Building Code

FORM GRN 18N

WATER CONSERVATION ORDINANCE NOTES NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

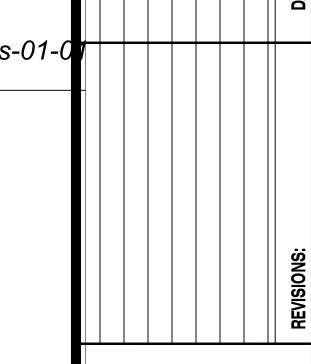
As a covered entity under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, the City of Los Angeles does not discriminate on the basis of disability and, upon request, will

- 1. For new buildings or additions exceeding 50,000 ft², install a separate water meter or sub-meter for the following areas:
- A. For each individual leased, rented, or other tenant space within the building projected to consume more than 100 gpd (380 L/day).
- B. Where potable water is used for industrial/process uses, for water supplied to the following
- subsystems: a. Makeup water for cooling towers where
- flow through is greater than 500 gpm (30 b. Makeup water for evaporative coolers
- greater than 6 gpm (0.04 L/s). c. Steam and hot-water boilers with energy input more than 500,000 Btu/h (147 kW).
- C. For each building that uses more than 100 gpd on a parcel containing multiple buildings.
- 2. Provide a 20% reduction in the overall potable water use for each building. The reduction shall be based on the maximum allowable water use per plumbing fixture and fittings as required by the Los Angeles Plumbing Code. New projects having a water supply of 2"or less and additions and alterations projects may use the prescriptive method outlined in this section. (5.303.2)
- 3. A water budget for landscape irrigation use that conforms to the California Department of Water Resources' Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO) is required for new landscape areas of 500 sqft or more. The following methods to reduce potable water use in landscape areas include, but are not limited to, use of captured rainwater, recycled water, graywater, or water treated for irrigation purposes and conveyed by a water district or public entity. (5.304.1, 5.304.2)
- 4. New buildings on a site with 1,000 square feet or more of cumulative landscape area shall have separate meters or submeters for outdoor water use. (5.304.4)
- Additions and alterations on a site with 1,000 square feet of cumulative landscape area which require water service upgrade shall have separate meters or submeters for outdoor water use.

- 6. Locks shall be installed on all publicly accessible exterior faucets and hose bibs.
- 7. Except as provided in this section, for sites with over 500 square feet of landscape area, alternate waste piping shall be installed to permit discharge from the clothes washer, bathtub, showers, and bathroom/restrooms wash basins to be used for a future graywater irrigation system
- 8. Except as provided in this section, where Cityrecycled water is available within 200 feet of the property line, water closets, urinals, floor drains, and process cooling and heating in the building shall be supplied from recycled water and shall be installed in accordance with the Los Angeles Plumbing Code.
- 9. Cooling towers shall comply with one of the following: A. Shall have a minimum of 6 cycles of
- concentration (blowdown) B. A minimum of 50% of the makeup water supply to the cooling towers shall come from non-potable water sources, including treated backwash.
- 10. Develop and construct a system for onsite reuse of the groundwater where groundwater is being extracted and discharged. Alternatively, the groundwater may be discharged to the sewer.
- 11. Provide a hot water system complying with one of the
- A. The hot water system shall not allow more than 0.6 gallons of water to be delivered to any fixture before hot water arrives. B. Where a hot water recirculation or electric
- resistance heat trace wire system is installed, the branch from the recirculating loop or electric resistance heat trace wire to the fixture shall contain a maximum of 0.6 gallons. (Los Angeles Plumbing Code Section 610.4.1)

Missing or invalid reference

Sheet: 1



DATE: SCALE: AS NOTED | 9/19/22

DRAWN BY: JC/ABF

DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF

DRAWING SHEET: A1 SHEET 11 OF 13

As a covered entity under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, the City of Los Angeles does not discriminate on the basis of disability and, upon request, will provide reasonable accommodation to ensure equal access to its programs, services and activities.



2020 Los Angeles Green Building Code

FORM GRN 4

MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS CHECKLIST NEWLY CONSTRUCTED RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS (COMPLETE AND INCORPORATE THIS FORM INTO THE PLANS)

Date: ____7-21-22 Permit # _____ - ____ - ____

				_					
ITEM #	CODE SECTION	REQUIREMENTS	REFERENCE SHEET (Sheet # or N/A)	COMMENTS (e.g. note #, detail # or reason for N/A)					
	PLANNING AND DESIGN								
1	4.106.2	Storm water drainage and retention during construction	G1	GRN1					
2	4.106.3	Grading and paving	A2	SITE PLAN					
3	4.106.4	Electric vehicle (EV) charging	A3	FLOOR PLAN					
4	4.106.5	Cool roof for reduction of heat island effect	A11	ROOF PLAN & SPECS.					
5	4.106.7	Reduction of heat island effect for non-roof areas	A2	SITE PLAN					
		ENERGY EFFICIENCY							
6	4.211.4	Solar ready buildings	A11	ROOF PLAN					
WATER EFFICIENCY & CONSERVATION									
7	4.303.1	Water conserving plumbing fixtures and fittings	G1	GRN14 NOTE 5 GRN16					
8	4.303.1.3.2	Multiple showerheads serving one shower	G1	GRN14 NOTE 6					
9	4.303.3	Water submeters	N/A	Single Family Dwelling					
10	4.303.4	Water use reduction	G1	GRN18 NOTE 2					
11	4.304.1	Outdoor water use in landscape areas		LANDSCAPE PLANS					
12	4.304.2	Irrigation controllers		LANDSCAPE PLANS					
13	4.304.3	Metering outdoor water use		LANDSCAPE PLANS					
14	4.304.4	Exterior faucets	N/A	Single Family Dwelling					
15	4.304.5	Swimming pool covers	N/A	No Swimming Pool					
16	4.305.1	Graywater ready	G1	GRN18 NOTE 7					
17	4.305.2	Recycled water supply to fixtures	G1	GRN18 NOTE 8					
18	4.305.3.1	Cooling towers (buildings ≤ 25 stories)	G1	GRN18 NOTE 9					
19	4.305.3.2	Cooling towers (buildings > 25 stories)	N/A	1-STORY BLDG.					
20	4.305.4	Groundwater discharge	G1	GRN18 NOTE 11					
0		MATERIAL CONSERVATION & RESOURCE							
21	4.406.1	Rodent proofing	G1	GRN14 NOTE 9					
22	4.407.3	Flashing details	A12	SEE DETAILS					

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Page 1 of 2 (Rev. 02/12/2020)

2020 Los Angeles Green Building Code

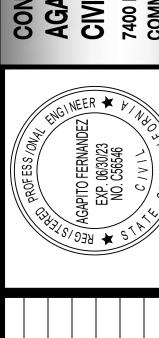
FORM GRN 4

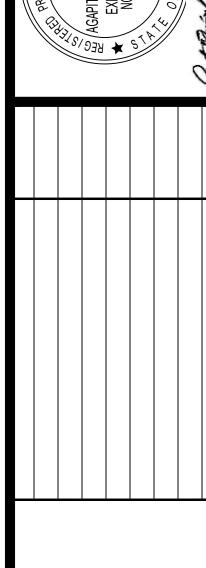
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CEE NA	CODE		REFERENCE	COMMENTS
ITEM		REQUIREMENTS	SHEET	
#	SECTION	•	Sheet #	e.g. note #, detail #
			or N/A)	or reason for N/A
23	4.407.4	Material protection	G1	GRN14 NOTE 10
24	4.408.1	Construction waste reduction	G1	GRN14 NOTE 11
25	4.410.1	Operation and maintenance manual	G1	GRN14 NOTE 12
	2	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY		
26	4.503.1	Fireplaces and woodstoves	A4	GAS DIRECT VENT
27	4 504 1	Covering of duct openings and protection of	C4	ODNIAA NOTE AA
27 4	4.504.1	mechanical equipment during construction	G1	GRN14 NOTE 14
28	4.504.2	Finish material pollutant control	G1	GRN14 NOTE 15
29	4.504.2.1	 Adhesives, sealants, caulks 		
30	4.504.2.2	 Paints and coatings 		
31	4.504.2.3	 Aerosol paints and coatings 	G1	GRN14 NOTE 15
32	4.504.2.4	 Verification 	G1	GRN14 NOTE 16
33	4.504.3	Carpet systems	G1	GRN14 NOTE 17
34	4.504.3.1	Carpet cushion	G1	GRN14 NOTE 17
35	4.504.4	Resilient flooring systems	G1	GRN14 NOTE 18
36	4.504.5	Composite wood products	G1	GRN14 NOTE 19
37	4.504.6	Filters	G1	GRN14 NOTE 21
38	4.505.2.1	Capillary break	D1	DETAIL ?/D1
39	4.505.3	Moisture content of building materials	G1	GRN14 NOTE 23
40	4.506.1	Bathroom exhaust fans	A3,A4	FLOOR PLAN
41	4.507.2	Heating and air-conditioning system design	G1	GRN14 NOTE 26









AS NOTED 9/19/22

DRAWN BY: JC/ABF DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF

DRAWING SHEET: A-12

SHEET 12 OF 13

A. Electrical, Plumbing, and Mechanical

- 1. Exterior lighting. All projects shall comply with the City/County of Los Angeles lighting
- 2. GFCI outlets. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) outlets are required in bathrooms, at kitchen countertops, at laundry and wet bar sinks, in garages, in crawlspaces, in unfinished basements, and outdoors. (CEC 210.8)
- 3. AFCI outlets. Electrical circuits in bedrooms, living rooms, dining rooms, dens, closets, hallways, or similar rooms must be protected by Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters (AFCI). (CEC 210.12)
- 4. Luminaire requirements. Installed luminaires shall meet the efficacy and fixture requirements of CBEES 150.0(k).
- 5. Smoke detectors in building remodels. Smoke detectors are required in each existing sleeping room, outside each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of sleeping rooms, and on each story of a dwelling including basements. Battery-operated detectors are acceptable in existing areas with no construction taking place and in alterations not resulting in removal of interior wall or ceiling finishes and without access via an attic,
- crawl space, or basement. (CRC R314.3) 6. Carbon monoxide detectors in building remodels. Carbon monoxide detectors are required outside each separate sleeping area in the immediate vicinity of sleeping rooms and on each story of a dwelling including basements. Battery-operated detectors are acceptable in existing areas with no construction taking place and in alterations not resulting in removal of interior wall or ceiling finishes and without access via an attic crawl space, or basement. (CRC R315.3)
- 7. Water heater seismic strapping. Minimum two 3/4-inch-by-24-gauge straps required around water heaters, with 1/4-inch-by-3-inch lag bolts attached directly to framing. Straps shall be at points within upper third and lower third of water heater vertical dimension. Lower connection shall occur minimum 4 inches above controls. (CPC 507.2)
- 8. Gas appliances in garages. Water heaters and heating/cooling equipment capable of igniting flammable vapors shall be placed on minimum 18-inch-high platform unless listing report number provided showing ignition-resistant appliance. (CPC 507.13 and
- 9. Impact protection of appliances. Water heaters and heating/cooling equipment subject to vehicular impact shall be protected by bollards or an equivalent measure. (CPC 507.13.1 and CMC 305.11)
- 10. Water closet clearance. Minimum 30-inch-wide by 24-inch-deep clearance required at front of water closets. (CPC 402.5)
- 11. Shower size. Shower compartments shall have minimum area of 1024 square inches and be able to encompass a 30-inch-diameter circle. Shower doors shall have a minimum 22-inch unobstructed width. (CPC 408.5 and CPC 408.6)
- 12. Fireplace appliances. Fireplaces with gas appliances are required to have the flue damper permanently fixed in the open position and fireplaces with LPG appliances are to have no 'pit' or 'sump' configurations. (CMC 303.7.1)
- 13. Chimney clearance. Minimum 2-foot chimney clearance required above building within 10-foot horizontally of chimney. The chimney shall extend minimum 3 feet above highest point where chimney passes through roof. (CRC R1003.9)

C. Mechanical Ventilation and Indoor Air Quality (ASHRAE 62.2-2010)

- 1. Transfer air. Ventilation air shall be provided directly from the outdoors and not as transfer air from adjacent dwelling units or other spaces, such as garages, unconditioned crawlspaces, or unconditioned attics. (CBEES 150.0(o))
- 2. Instructions and labeling. Ventilation system controls shall be labeled and the home owner shall be provided with instructions on how to operate the system. (CBEES
- 3. Combustion and solid-fuel burning appliances. Combustion appliances shall be properly vented and air systems shall be designed to prevent back drafting. (CBEES
- 4. Garages. The wall and openings between occupiable spaces and the garage shall be have total air leakage of no more than 6% of total fan flow when measured at 0.1 in. w.c. using California Title 24 or equivalents. (CBEES 150.0(o))
- 5. Minimum filtration. Mechanical systems supplying air to occupiable space through ductwork shall be provided with a filter having a minimum efficiency of MERV 6 or better. (CBEES 150.0(o)) 6. Air inlets. Air inlets (not exhaust) shall be located away from known contaminants.
- (CBEES 150.0(o)) 7. Air moving equipment. Air moving equipment used to meet either the whole-building ventilation requirement or the local ventilation exhaust requirement shall be rated in
- terms of airflow and sound. (CBEES 150.0(o)) a. All continuously operating fans shall be rated at a maximum of 1.0 sone.
- b. Intermittently operated whole-building ventilation fans shall be rated at a maximum of
- c. Intermittently operated local exhaust fans shall be rated at maximum of 3.0 sone.
- d. Remotely located air-moving equipment (mounted outside of habitable spaces) need not meet sound requirements if at least 4 feet of ductwork between fan and intake grill.

D. Foundation and Underfloor

- 1. Foundation reinforcement. Continuous footings and stem walls shall be provided with a minimum two longitudinal No. 4 bars, one at the top and one at the bottom of the footing. (CRC R403.1.3.3)
- 2. Shear wall foundation support. Shear walls shall be supported by continuous foundations. (CRC 403.1.2)
- 3. Concrete slabs-on-grade. Slabs-on-grade shall be minimum 3-1/2-inches thick. (CRC
- 4. Vapor retarder. A 6-mil polyethylene or approved vapor retarder with joints lapped minimum 6 inches shall be placed between a concrete slab-on-grade and the base
- course or subgrade. (CRC 506.2.3) 5. Anchor bolts and sills. Foundation plates or sills shall be bolted or anchored to the foundation or foundation wall per the following (CRC R403.1.6 and CRC R602.11.1):
- a. Minimum 1/2-inch-diameter steel bolts
- b. Bolts embedded at least 7 inches into concrete or masonry
- c. Bolts spaced maximum 6 feet on center
- d. Minimum two bolts per plate/sill piece with one bolt located maximum 12 inches and minimum 7 bolt diameters from each end of each sill plate/piece
- e. Minimum 3-inch by 3-inch by 0.299-inch steel plate washer between sill and nut on
- 6. Hold-downs. All hold-downs must be tied in place prior to foundation inspection. 7. Protection of wood against decay. Naturally durable or preservative-treated wood shall
- be provided in the following locations (CRC R317.1): a. All wood in contact with ground, embedded in concrete in direct contact with ground, or
- embedded in concrete exposed to weather b. Wood joists within 18 inches and wood girders within 12 inches of the exposed ground
- in crawl spaces shall be of naturally durable or preservative-treated wood c. Wood framing members that rest on concrete or masonry exterior foundation walls and are less than 8 inches from exposed earth shall be of naturally durable or
- d. Wood framing, sheathing, and siding on the exterior of the building and having clearance less than 6 inches from the exposed ground or less than 2 inches vertically from concrete steps, porch slabs, patio slabs, and similar horizontal surface exposed to
- e. Sills and sleepers on concrete or masonry slab in direct contact with ground unless separated from such slab by impervious moisture barrier

D. Foundation and Underfloor (Continued)

24-inch access opening. (CRC R408.4)

- f. Ends of wood girders entering masonry or concrete walls with clearances less than 1/2 inch on tops, sides, and ends
- g. Wood structural members supporting moisture-permeable floors or roofs exposed to weather, such as concrete or masonry slabs, unless separated from such floors or roofs by an impervious moisture barrier
- h. Wood furring strips or other wood framing members attached directly to interior of exterior concrete or masonry walls below grade except where vapor retarder applied between wall and furring strips or framing members 8. Underfloor ventilation. Underfloor areas shall have ventilation openings through

foundation walls or exterior walls, with minimum net area of ventilation openings of 1

square foot for each 150 square feet of underfloor area. On such ventilating opening shall be within 3 feet of each corner of the building. (CRC R408.1) 9. Underfloor access. Underfloor areas shall be provided with a minimum 18-inch by

1. Fastener requirements. The number, size, and spacing of fasteners connecting wood

E. Wood Framing

- members/elements shall not be less than that set forth in CRC Table R602.3(1), (CRC R502.9, CRC R602.3, and CRC R802.2)
- 2. Stud size, height, and spacing. The size, height, and spacing of studs shall be in accordance with CRC Table R602.3(5). (CRC R602.3.1)
- 3. Sill plate. Studs shall have full bearing on nominal 2-inch thick or larger sill plate with width at least equal to stud width. (CRC R602.3.4) 4. Bearing studs. Where joists, trusses, or rafters are spaced more than 16 inches on
- center and the bearing studs below are spaced 24 inches on center, such members shall bear within 5 inches of the studs beneath. (CRC R602.3.3) 5. Drilling and notching of studs. Any stud in an exterior wall or bearing partition may be cut or notched to a depth not exceeding 25% of its width. Studs in nonbearing partitions may be notched to a depth not to exceed 40% of a single stud width. Any stud may be
- bored or drilled, provided the diameter of the resulting hole is no more than 60% of the stud width, the edge of the hole is no more than 5/8 inch to the edge of the stud, and the hole is not located in the same section as a cut or notch. Studs located in exterior wall or bearing partitions drilled over 40% and up to 60% shall also be doubled with no more than two successive studs bored. (CRC R602.6) 6. Top plate. Wood stud walls shall be capped with a double top plate installed to provide
- overlapping at corners and at intersections with other partitions. End joints in double top plates shall be offset at least 24 inches. Joints in plates need not occur over studs. Plates shall be minimum nominal 2 inches thick and have width at least equal to width of studs. (CRC R602.3.2)
- 7. Top plate splices. Top plate lap splices shall be face-nailed with minimum 8 16d nails on each side of splice. (CRC R602.10.8.1)
- 8. Drilling and notching of top plate. When piping or ductwork is placed in or partly in an exterior wall or interior load-bearing wall, necessitating cutting, drilling, or notching of the top plate by more than 50% of its width, a galvanized metal tie not less than 0.054-inch thick and 1-1/2-inches wide shall be fastened across and to the plate at each side of the opening with not less than 8 10d nails having a minimum length of 1-1/2 inches at each side or equivalent. The metal tie must extend minimum 6 inches past the opening. (CRC
- 9. Cripple walls. Foundation cripple walls shall be framed of studs not less in size than the studding above. Cripple walls more than 4 feet in height shall have studs sized as required for an additional story. Cripple walls with stud height less than 14 inches shall be sheathed on at least one side with a wood structural panel fastened to both the top and bottom plates in accordance with Table R602.3(1), or the cripple walls shall be constructed of solid blocking. Cripple walls shall be supported on continuous foundations. (CRC R602.9)
- 10. Wall bracing. Buildings shall be braced in accordance with the methods allowed per CRC R602.10.2, CRC R602.10.4, and/or CRC R602.10.5.
- 11. Braced wall line spacing. Spacing between braced wall lines shall not exceed 20 feet or alternate provisions of CRC R602.10.1.3.
- wall line shall meet the provisions of CRC Table R602.10.3(1) for wind loads and CRC Table R602.10.3(2) for seismic loads. (CRC R602.10.1.1) 13. Shear wall spacing. Shear walls shall be located not more than 25 feet on center. (CRC

12. Shear wall cumulative length. The cumulative length of shear walls within each braced

- 14. Shear wall offset. Shear walls may be offset out-of-plan not more than 4 feet from the designated braced wall line and not more than 8 feet from any other offset wall
- considered part of the same braced wall line. (CRC R602.10.1.2) 15. Shear wall location. Shear walls shall be located at the ends of each braced wall line or meet the alternate provisions of CRC R602.10.2.2.
- 16. Individual shear wall length. Shear walls shall meet minimum length requirements of CRC R602.10.6.5.1. 17. Cripple wall bracing. Cripple walls shall be braced per CRC R602.10.11.
- 18. Shear wall and diaphragm nailing. All shear walls, roof diaphragms, and floor diaphragms shall be nailed to supporting construction per CRC Table R602.3(1). (CRC
- 19. Shear wall joints. All vertical joints in shear wall sheathing shall occur over, and be fastened to, common studs. Horizontal joints in shear walls shall occur over, and be fastened to, minimum 1-1/2-inch-thick blocking. (CRC R602.10.10)
- 20. Framing over openings. Headers, double joists, or trusses of adequate size to transfer loads to vertical members shall be provided over window and door openings in load-bearing walls and partitions. (CBC 2304.3.2)
- 21. Joists under bearing partitions. Joists under parallel bearing partitions shall be of adequate size to support the load. Double joists, sized to adequately support the load, that are separated to permit the installation of piping or vents shall be full-depth solid-blocked with minimum 2-inch nominal lumber spaced at maximum 4 feet on center. Bearing partitions perpendicular to joists shall not be offset from supporting girders, walls, or partitions more than the joist depth unless such joists are of sufficient size to
- carry the additional load. (CRC R502.4) 22. Joists above or below shear walls. Where joists are perpendicular to a shear wall above or below, a rim joist, band joist, or blocking shall be provided along the entire length of the shear wall. Where joists are parallel to a shear wall above or below, a rim joist, end joist, or other parallel framing shall be provided directly above and/or below the shear wall. Where a parallel framing member cannot be located directly above and/or below the shear wall, full-depth blocking at 16-inch spacing shall be provided between
- the parallel framing members to each side of the shear wall. (CRC R602.10.8) 23. Floor member bearing. The ends of each floor joist, beam, or girder shall have minimum 1-1/2 inches of bearing on wood or metal and minimum 3 inches of bearing on masonry or concrete except where supported on a 1-inch-by-4-inch ribbon strip and nailed to the adjoining stud or by the use of approved joist hangers. (CRC R502.6)
- 24. Floor joist lap. Floor joists framing opposite sides over a bearing support shall lap minimum 3 inches and shall be nailed together within minimum 3 10d face nails. A wood or metal splice with strength equal to or greater than that provided by the lap is permitted. (CRC R502.6.1)
- 25. Floor joist-to-girder support. Floor joists framing into the side of a wood girder shall be supported by approved framing anchors or on ledger strips minimum nominal 2 inches by 2 inches. (CRC R502.6.2)
- 26. Floor joist lateral restraint. Floor joists shall be supported laterally at ends and each intermediate support by minimum 2-inch full-depth blocking, by attachment to full-depth header, band joist, or rim joist, to an adjoining stud, or shall be otherwise provided with lateral support to prevent rotation. (CRC R502.7)
- 27. Floor joist bridging. Floor joists exceeding nominal 2 inches by 12 inches shall be supported laterally by solid blocking, diagonal bridging (wood or metal), or a continuous 1-inch-by-3-inch strip nailed across the bottom of joists perpendicular to joists at maximum 8-foot intervals. (CRC R502.7.1)
- 28. Framing of floor openings. Openings in floor framing shall be framed with a header and trimmer joists. When the header joist span does not exceed 4 feet, the header joist may be a single member the same size as the floor joist. Single trimmer joists may be used to carry a single header joist located within 3 feet of the trimmer joist bearing. When the header joist span exceeds 4 feet, the trimmer joists and header joist shall be doubled and of sufficient cross section to support the floor joists framing into the header. Approved hangers shall be used for the header-joist-to-trimmer-joist connections when the header joist span exceeds 6 feet. Tail joists over 12 feet long shall be supported at the header by framing anchors or on ledger strips minimum 2 inches by 2 inches. (CRC R502.10)

E. Wood Framing (Continued)

- 29. Girders. Girders for single-story construction or girders supporting loads from a single floor shall not be less than 4 inches by 6 inches for spans 6 feet or less, provided that girders are spaced not more than 8 feet on center. Other girders shall be designed to support the loads specified in the CBC. Girder end joints shall occur over supports When a girder is spliced over a support, an adequate tie shall be provided. The ends of beams or girders supported on masonry or concrete shall not have less than 3 inches of bearing. (CBC 2308.7)
- 30. Ridges, hips, and valleys, Rafters shall be framed to a ridge board or to each other with a gusset plate as a tie. Ridge boards shall be minimum 1-inch nominal thickness and not less in depth than the cut end of the rafter. At all valley and hips, there shall be a valley or hip rafter not less than 2-inch nominal thickness and not less in depth than the cut end of the rafter. Hip and valley rafters shall be supported at the ridge by a brace to a bearing partition or be designed to carry and distribute the specific load at that point. Where the roof pitch is less than 3:12 slope (25% gradient), structural members that support rafters and ceilings joists, such as ridges, hips, and valleys, shall be designed as beams. (CRC R802.3)
- 31. Ceiling joist and rafter connections. Ceiling joists and rafters shall be nailed to each other per CRC Table R802.5.1(9), and the rafter shall be nailed to the wall top plate per CRC Table R602.3(1). Ceiling joists shall be continuous or securely joined per CRC Table R802.5.1(9) where they meet over interior partitions and are nailed to adjacent rafters to provide a continuous tie across the building when such joists are parallel to rafters. Where ceiling joists are not connected to the rafters at the wall top plate, joists connected higher in the attic shall be installed as rafter ties, or rafter ties shall be installed to provide a continuous tie. Where ceiling joists are not parallel to rafters, rafter ties shall be installed. Rafter ties shall be minimum 2 inches by 4 inches nominal, installed per CRC Table R802.5.1(9), or connections of equivalent capacities shall be provided. Where ceilings joists or rafter ties are not provided, the ridge formed by these rafters
- 32. Ceiling joists lapped. Ends of ceiling joists shall be lapped minimum 3 inches or butted over bearing partitions or beams and toenailed to the bearing element. Where ceiling joists provide resistance to rafter thrust, lapped joists shall be nailed together per CRC Table R602.3(1) and butted joists shall be tied together in a manner to resist such thrust.

shall be supported by a wall or engineer-designed girder. (CRC R802.3.1)

- 33. Collar ties. Collar ties or ridge straps to resist wind uplift shall be connected in the upper third of the attic space. Collar ties shall be a minimum 1 inch by 4 inches nominal and spaced at maximum 4 feet on center. (CRC R802.3.1)
- 34. Purlins. Purlins installed to reduce the span of rafters shall be sized not less than the required size of the rafters they support. Purlins shall be continuous and shall be supported by 2-inch-by-4-inch nominal braces installed to bearing walls at a minimum 45-degree slope from horizontal. The braces shall be spaced maximum 4 feet on center with a maximum 8-foot unbraced length. (CRC R802.5.1)
- 35. Roof/ceiling member bearing. The ends of each rafter or ceiling joist shall have not less than 1-1/2 inches of bearing on wood or metal and not less than 3 inches of bearing on masonry or concrete. (CRC R802.6) 36. Roof/ceiling member lateral support. Roof framing members and ceiling joists with a
- nominal depth-to-thickness ratio exceeding 5:1 shall be provided with lateral support at points of bearing to prevent rotation. (CRC R802.8) 37. Roof/ceiling bridging. Rafters and ceiling joists with a nominal depth-to-thickness ratio exceeding 6:1 shall be supported laterally by solid blocking, diagonal bridging (wood or metal), or a continuous 1-inch-by-3-inch wood strip nailed across the rafters or ceiling
- ioists at maximum 8-foot intervals. (CRC R802.8.1) 38. Framing of roof/ceiling openings. Openings in roof and ceiling framing shall be framed with a header and trimmer joists. When the header joist span does not exceed 4 feet, the header joist may be a single member the same size as the ceiling joist or rafter. Single trimmer joists may be used to carry a single header joist located within 3 feet of the trimmer joist bearing. When the header joist span exceeds 4 feet, the trimmer joists and header joist shall be doubled and of sufficient cross section to support the ceiling joists or rafters framing into the header. Approved hangers shall be used for the header-joist-to-trimmer-joist connections when the header joist span exceeds 6 feet. Tail
- 39. Roof framing above shear walls. Rafters or roof trusses shall be connected to top plates of shear walls with blocking between the rafters or trusses. (CRC R602.10.8)

strips minimum 2 inches by 2 inches. (CRC R502.10)

diaphragm nailing at ridges.

- 40. Roof diaphragm under fill framing. Roof plywood shall be continuous under California 41. Roof diaphragm at ridges. Minimum 2-inch nominal blocking required for roof
- 42. Blocking of roof trusses. Minimum 2-inch nominal blocking required between trusses at ridge lines and at points of bearing at exterior walls.
- 43. Truss clearance. Minimum 1/2-inch clearance required between top plates of interior non-bearing partitions and bottom chords of trusses
- 44. Drilling, cutting, and notching of roof/floor framing. Notches in solid lumber joists, rafters, blocking, and beams shall not exceed one-sixth the member depth, shall be not longer than one-third the member depth, and shall not be located in the middle one-third of the span. Notches at member ends shall not exceed one-fourth the member depth. The tension side of members 4 inches or greater in nominal thickness shall not be notched except at member ends. The diameter of holes bored or cut into members shall not exceed one-third the member depth. Holes shall not be closer than 2 inches to the top or bottom of the member or to any other hole located in the member. Where the member is also notched, the hole shall not be closer than 2 inches to the notch. (CRC R502.8.1)
- 45. Exterior landings, decks, balconies, and stairs. Such elements shall be positively anchored to the primary structure to resist both vertical and lateral forces or shall be designed to be self-supporting. Attachment shall not be accomplished by use of toenails or nails subject to withdrawal. (CRC R311.3)
- 46. Fireblocking. Fireblocking shall be provided in the following locations (CRC R302.11 and CRC R1003.19):
- a. In concealed spaces of stud walls and partitions, including furred spaces, and parallel rows of studs or staggered studs, as follows
- ii. Horizontally at intervals not exceeding 10 feet b. At all interconnections between concealed vertical and horizontal spaces such as

i. Vertically at the ceiling and floor levels

- occur at soffits, drop ceilings, and cove ceilings c. In concealed spaces between stair stringers at the top and bottom of the run
- an approved material to resist the free passage of flame and products of combustion e. At chimnevs and fireplaces per item E.49 f. Cornices of a two-family dwelling at the line of dwelling-unit separation

d. At openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables and wires at ceiling and floor level, with

- 47. Fireblocking materials. Except as otherwise specified in items E.48 and E.49, fireblocking shall consist of the following materials with the integrity maintained (CRC R302.11.1):
- a. Two-inch nominal lumber
- b. Two thicknesses of one-inch nominal lumber with broken lap joints c. One thickness of 23/32-inch wood structural panel with joints backed by 23/32-inch wood structural panel
- d. One thickness of 3/4-inch particleboard with joints backed by 3/4-inch particleboard e. 1/2-inch gypsum board f. 1/4-inch cement-based millboard
- g. Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber of other approved materials installed in such a manner as to be securely retained in place. Batts or blankets of mineral or glass fiber or other approved non-rigid materials shall be permitted for compliance with the 10-foot horizontal fireblocking in walls constructed using parallel rows of studs or staggered studs. Unfaced fiberglass batt insulation used as fireblocking shall fill the

entire cross-section of the wall cavity to a minimum height of 16 inches measured

vertically. When piping, conduit, or similar obstructions are encountered, the insulation

shall be packed tightly around the obstruction. Loose-fill insulation material shall not

be used as a fireblock unless specifically tested in the form and manner intended for use to demonstrate its ability to remain in place and to retard the spread of fire and hot 48. Fireblocking at openings around vents, pipes, ducts, cables, and wires at ceiling and floor level. Such openings shall be fireblocked with an approved material to resist

the free passage of flame and products of combustion. (CRC R302.11)

E. Wood Framing (Continued)

- 49. Fireblocking of chimneys and fireplaces. All spaces between chimneys and floors and ceilings through which chimneys pass shall be fireblocked with noncombustible material securely fastened in place. The fireblocking of spaces between chimneys and wood joists, beams, or headers shall be self-supporting or be placed on strips of metal or metal lath laid across the spaces between combustible material and the chimney. (CRC
- 50. Draftstopping. In combustible construction where there is usable space both above and below the concealed space of a floor/ceiling assembly, draftstops shall be installed so that the area of the concealed space does not exceed 1000 square feet. Draftstopping shall divide the concealed space into approximately equal areas. Where the assembly is enclosed by a floor membrane above and a ceiling membrane below, draftstopping shall be provided in floor/ceiling assemblies under the following circumstances (CRC R302.12):
- a. Ceiling is suspended under the floor framing
- b. Floor framing is constructed of truss-type open-web or perforated members 51. Draftstopping materials. Draftstopping shall not be less than 1/2-inch gypsum board, 3/8-inch wood structural panels, or other approved materials adequately supported. Draftstopping shall be installed parallel to the floor framing members unless otherwise approved by the building official. The integrity of draftstops shall be maintained. (CRC
- 52. Combustible insulation clearance. Combustible insulation shall be separated minimum 3 inches from recessed luminaires, fan motors, and other heat-producing devices. (CRC

F. General Material Specifications

- 1. Lumber. All joists, rafters, beams, and posts 2-inches to 4-inches thick shall be No. 2 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better. All posts and beams 5 inches and thicker shall be No. 1 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better. Studs not more than 8 feet long shall be stud-grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better when supporting not more than one floor, roof, and ceiling. Studs longer than 8 feet shall be No. 2 grade Douglas Fir-Larch or better.
- 2. Concrete. Concrete shall have a minimum compressive strength of 2,500 psi at 28 days and shall consist of 1 part cement, 3 parts sand, 4 parts 1-inch maximum size rock, and not more than 7-1/2 gallons of water per sack of cement. (CRC R402.2) 3. Mortar. Mortar used in construction of masonry walls, foundation walls, and retaining
- walls shall conform to ASTM C 270 and shall consist of 1 part portland cement, 2-1/4 to 3 parts sand, and 1/4 to 1/2 part hydrated lime. (CBC 2103.2) 4. Grout. Grout shall conform to ASTM C 476 and shall consist of 1 part portland cement, 1/10 part hydrated lime, 2-1/4 to 3 parts sand, and 1 to 2 parts gravel. Grout shall attain
- a minimum compressive strength of 2,000 psi at 28 days. (CBC 2103.3) 5. Masonry. Masonry units shall comply with ASTM C 90 for load-bearing concrete masonry units. (CBC 2103.1)
- 6. Reinforcing steel. Reinforcing steel used in construction of reinforced masonry or concrete structures shall be deformed and comply with ASTM A 615. (CBC 2103.4) 7. Structural steel. Steel used as structural shapes such as wide-flange sections,
- with ASTM A53. Structural tubes shall comply with ASTM A500, Grade B. 8. Fasteners for preservative-treated wood. Fasteners for preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood - including nuts and washers -- shall be of hot dipped zinc-coated galvanized steel, stainless steel, silicon bronze, or copper. (CRC R317.3.1)

channels, plates, and angles shall comply with ASTM A36. Pipe columns shall comply

- Exception: 1/2-inch diameter or greater steel bolts Exception: Fasteners other than nails and timber rivets may be of mechanically deposited zinc-coated steel with coating weights in accordance with ASTM B 695,
- Exception: Plain carbon steel fasteners acceptable in SBX/DOT and zinc borate preservative-treated wood in an interior, dry environment
- joists over 12 feet long shall be supported at the header by framing anchors or on ledger 9. Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood. Fasteners for fire-retardant-treated wood. used in exterior applications or wet or damp locations shall be of hot dipped zinc-coated galvanized steel, stainless steel, silicon bronze, or copper. (CRC R317.3.3)

G.Roofing and Weatherproofing

- 1. Roof covering. All roof covering shall be installed per applicable requirements of CBC 1507. Roof coverings shall be at least Class A rated in accordance with ASTM E 108 or UL 790, which shall include coverings of slate, clay or concrete roof tile, exposed concrete roof deck, ferrous or copper shingles or sheets. (County Building Code 92.1.1505.1)
- 2. Roof flashing. Flashing shall be installed at wall and roof intersections, at gutters, wherever there is a change in roof slope or direction, and around roof openings. Where flashing is of metal, the metal shall be corrosion-resistant with a thickness of not less than 0.019 inch (No. 26 galvanized sheet). (CRC R903.2.1) 3. Crickets and saddles. A cricket or saddle shall be installed on the ridge side of any

chimney or penetration more than 30 inches wide as measured perpendicular to the

- slope. Cricket or saddle covering shall be sheet metal or the same material as the roof covering. (CRC R903.2.2) Water-resistive barrier. A minimum of one layer of No. 15 asphalt felt shall be attached. to studs or sheathing of all exterior walls. Such felt or material shall be applied horizontally, with the upper layer lapped over the lower layer minimum 2 inches. Where joints occur, felt shall be lapped minimum 6 inches. The felt shall be continuous to the
- top of walls and terminated at penetrations and building appendages in a manner to maintain a weather-resistant exterior wall envelope. (CRC R703.2) 5. Wall flashing. Approved corrosion-resistant flashing shall be applied shingle fashion at the following locations to prevent entry of water into the wall cavity or penetration of
- water to the building structural framing components (CRC R703.8): a. Exterior door and window openings, extending to the surface of the exterior wall finish or to the water-resistive barrier for subsequent drainage
- b. At the intersection of chimneys or other masonry construction with frame or stucco walls, with projecting lips on both sides under stucco copings c. Under and at the ends of masonry, wood, or metal copings and sills
- d. Continuously above all projecting wood trim e. Where exterior porches, decks, or stairs attach to a wall or floor assembly of wood-frame construction
- f. At wall and roof intersections
- q. At built-in gutters 6. Dampproofing. Dampproofing materials for foundation walls enclosing usable space below grade shall be installed on the exterior surface of the wall, and shall extend from
- the top of the footing to finished grade. (CRC R406.1) 7. Weep screed. A minimum 0.019-inch (No. 26 galvanized sheet gage), corrosion-resistant weep screed or plastic weep screed with a minimum vertical attachment flange of 3-1/2 inches shall be provided at or below the foundation plate line on exterior stud walls in accordance with ASTM C 92. The weep screed shall be placed

a minimum 4 inches above the earth or 2 inches above paved areas and shall be of a

type allowing trapped water to drain to the exterior of the building. (CRC R703.7.2.1)

H. Grading and soils

1. Grading permit. Grading permit required if volume of earth moved exceeds 200 cubic yards or if any cuts or fills exceed 8 feet in height/depth. (County Grading Ordinance 202) 2. Compaction report. Compaction report required for fill material 12 inches or more in depth. (CBC 1803.5.8)

I. Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen) Requirements

1. Applicability. CalGreen residential mandatory measures shall apply to every newly constructed building or structure and within any addition or alteration increasing a building's conditioned area, volume, or size. (CalGreen 101.3, CalGreen 301.1.1) Exception: All residential buildings undergoing permitted alterations, additions, or improvements shall replace noncompliant plumbing fixtures with water-conserving plumbing fixtures per CalGreen 301.1.1 and CalGreen 4.303.1

I. (CALGreen) Requirements (Continued)

- 2. Water conserving plumbing fixtures and fittings. Plumbing fixtures and fittings shall

 13. Moisture content of building materials. Building materials with visible signs of comply with the following per CalGreen 4.303.1:
- a. Water closets: Maximum 1.28 gallons per flush
- b. Urinals: Maximum 0.5 gallons per flush c. Single showerheads: Maximum flow rate of 2.0 gallons per minute at 80 psi d. Multiple showerheads serving one shower: Maximum combined flow rate of 2.0
- gallons per minute at 80 psi e. Lavatory faucets: Maximum flow rate of 1.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi, minimum
- flow rate of 0.8 gallons per minute at 20 psi f. Kitchen faucets: Maximum flow rate of 1.8 gallons per minute at 60 psi
- Exception: Temporary increase allowed to maximum 2.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi if faucet defaults back to maximum 1.8 gallons per minute at 60 psi
- 3. Irrigation controllers. Automatic irrigation system controllers for landscaping shall comply with the following (CalGreen 4.304.1): a. Controllers shall be weather- or soil moisture-based controllers that automatically
- adjust irrigation in response to changes in plants' needs as weather conditions change. b. Weather-based controllers without integral rain sensors or communication systems that account for local rainfall shall have a separate wired or wireless rain sensor which connects or communicates with the controller(s). Soil moisture-based controllers are
- not required to have rain sensor input. 4. Joints and openings. Openings in the building envelope separating conditioned space from unconditioned space needed to accommodate utility and other penetrations must be
- sealed in compliance with the California Energy Code. (CALGreen 4.406.1) Exception: Annular spaces around pipes, electric cables, conduits or other openings in plates at exterior walls shall be protected against the passage of rodents by closing such opening with cement mortar, concrete masonry or a similar method acceptable to the enforcing agency.
- 5. Construction waste reduction, disposal, and recycling. Reduce and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65 percent of the nonhazardous construction and demolition debris. (CALGreen 4.408.1)
- Exception: Excavated soil and land-clearing debris.
- Exception: Alternate waste reduction methods developed by working with local agencies if diversion or recycle facilities capable of compliance with this item do not exist or are not located reasonably close to the jobsite
- 6. Construction waste management plan. A construction waste management plan shall be prepared and available on site during construction. Documentation demonstrating compliance with the plan shall be accessible during construction for the enforcing agency. (CALGreen 4.408.2) The plan:
- a. Identify the construction and demolition waste materials to be diverted from disposal by recycling, reuse on the project or salvage for future use or sale
- (source-separated) or bulk mixed (single stream) c. Identify diversion facilities where the construction and demolition waste materials will

b. Specify if construction and demolition waste materials will be sorted on-site

- d. Identify construction methods employed to reduce the amount of construction and demolition waste generated
- e. Specify that the amount of construction and demolition waste materials diverted shall be calculated by weight or volume, but not by both 7. Operation and maintenance manual. Prior to final inspection, a manual, compact disc, web-based reference, or other acceptable media which includes all of the following shall
- a. Directions to owner or occupant that manual shall remain with the building throughout the life cycle of the structure.
- b. Operation and maintenance instructions for the following: i. Equipment and appliances, including water-saving devices and systems, HVAC system, photovoltaic systems, water-heating systems and other major appliances and
- ii. Roof and yard drainage, including gutters and downspouts.

be placed in the building (CALGreen 4.410.1):

- iv. Landscape irrigation systems.
- c. Information from local utility, water, and waste recovery providers on methods to further reduce resource consumption, including recycle programs and locations. d. Public transportation and/or carpool options available in the area. e. Educational material on the positive impacts of an interior relative humidity between

iii. Space conditioning systems, including condensers and air filters.

humidity level in that range f. Information about water-conserving landscape and irrigation design and controllers which conserve wate

30-60 percent and what methods an occupant may use to maintain the relative

- g. Instructions for maintaining gutters and downspouts and the importance of diverting water at least 5 feet away from the foundation h. Information on required routine maintenance measures, including, but not limited to, caulking, painting, grading around the building, etc.
- i. Information about state solar energy and incentive programs available. j. A copy of all special inspection verifications required by the enforcing agency or code. 8. Covering of duct openings and protection of mechanical equipment during construction. At the time of rough installation or during storage on the construction site and until final startup of the heating and cooling equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered with tape, plastic, sheetmetal or other
- methods acceptable to the enforcing agency to reduce the amount of dust or debris which may collect in the system. (CALGreen 4.504.1) 9. Adhesives, sealants, caulks, paints, and coatings pollutant control. Adhesives (including carpet adhesives), sealants, caulks, paints, and coatings shall comply with
- VOC limits per CALGreen 4.504.2. Verification of compliance shall be provided at the request of the enforcing agency. (CALGreen 4.504.2.1) 10. Carpet systems. All carpet installed in the building interior shall meet the testing and
- product requirements of one of the following (CALGreen 4.504.3): a. Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label Plus Program (all carpet cushion must meet the requirements of this program).
- (Specification 01350). c. NSF/ANSI 140 at the Gold level.
- d. Scientific Certifications Systems Indoor Advantage™ Gold. 11. Resilient flooring systems. At least 80 percent of the floor area receiving resilient flooring shall comply with one of or more of the following (CALGreen 4.504.4):

b. California Department of Public Health Standard Practice for the testing of VOCs

- a. VOC emission limits defined in the Collaborative for High Performance Schools (CHPS) High Performance Products Database b. Products compliant with CHPS criteria certified under the Greenguard Children &
- Schools program c. Certification under the Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) FloorScore program d. Meet the California Department of Public Health, "Standard Method for the Testing and

Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using

Environmental Chambers," Version 1.1, February 2010 (also known as Specification 12. Composite wood products. Hardwood plywood, particleboard and medium density fiberboard composite wood products used on the interior or exterior of the building shall meet the requirements for formaldehyde as specified in ARB's Air Toxics Control

0.05

- Measure for Composite Wood (17 CCR 93120 et seq.) by or before the dates specified in those sections, as shown in CalGreen Table 4.504.5. The following limits are in parts per million (CALGreen 4.504.5): a. Hardwood plywood veneer core 0.05
- 0.09 c. Particle board d. Medium-density fiberboard (MDF) 0.11

b. Hardwood plywood composite core

- e. Thin MDF (5/16 inch or less) 0.13

I. (CALGreen) Requirements (Continued)

- water damage shall not be installed. Wall and floor framing shall not be enclosed when the framing members exceed 19 percent moisture content. Moisture content shall be verified in compliance with the following (CALGreen 4.505.3): a. Moisture content shall be determined with either a probe-type or contact-type
- moisture meter. b. Moisture readings shall be taken at a point 2 feet to 4 feet from the grade stamped end of each piece to be verified.
- c. At least three random moisture readings shall be performed on wall and floor framing with documentation acceptable to the enforcing agency provided at the time of approval to enclose the wall and floor framing. Insulation products which are visibly wet or have high moisture content shall be replaced or allowed to dry prior to enclosure in wall or floor cavities. Wet-applied insulation products shall follow the manufacturers' drying
- recommendations prior to enclosure. 14. Bathrooms with a bathtub and/or shower shall be mechanically ventilated per the following (CalGreen 4.506.1)
- a. Fans shall be ENERGY STAR compliant and ducted to terminate outside

b. Unless functioning as a component of a whole-house ventilation system, fans

shall have humidity controls capable of adjustment - manually or automatically -- between a relative humidity range of 50% to 80% 15. Heating and air-conditioning system design. Heating and air-conditioning systems shall be sized, designed, and have their equipment selected using the

following methods (CALGreen 4.507.2):

other equivalent design software or methods

J, ASHRAE handbooks, or other equivalent design software or methods. b. Duct systems are sized according to ANSI/ACCA 1 Manual D 2009. ASHRAE handbooks, or other equivalent design software or methods.

c. Select heating and cooling equipment according to ACCA 36-S Manual S or

a. The heat loss and heat gain is established according to ANSI/ACCA 2 Manual

SHALL NOT SUPERSEDE MORE RESTRICTIVE SPECIFICATIONS ON THE PLANS OR AS REQUIRED BY APPLICABLE CODE.

THESE ARE MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS AND

TO B. FERNA INGINEERS LAUSON AVNUE & CE, CA 90040

DRAWN BY:

SHEET 13 OF 13

PDS 081 (REV. 01/01/2020)

preservative-treated wood

DATE: AS NOTED | 9/19/22

JC/ABF DESIGNED BY: JC/ABF

DRAWING SHEET: $oldsymbol{\mathsf{CS}}$.