



## DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY (FOR SELLERS) (C.A.R. Form DIA, 6/20)

1. **INTRODUCTION:** All sellers in California are required to provide various disclosures in real property transactions. Among the disclosure requirements, sellers have an affirmative duty to disclose to buyers all material conditions, defects and/or issues known to them that might impact the value or desirability of the Property. Failing to provide those disclosures may lead to a claim or a lawsuit against you which can be very costly and time consuming. As a seller, you may be required to fill out one or more of the following: Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (“TDS”); Seller Property Questionnaire (“SPQ”); Exempt Seller Disclosure (“ESD”). (Collectively, or individually, “Disclosure Forms”). Please read this document carefully and, if you have any questions, ask your broker or appropriate legal or tax advisor for help.
2. **PREPARING TO COMPLETE YOUR DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS:**
  - A. Read and carefully review all questions in the Disclosure Form(s) to make sure that you understand the full extent of the information that is being requested in each question.
  - B. While a seller does not have the duty to investigate or discover unknown issues, you may have been given disclosures either from the previous owner at the time of purchase or from a previous buyer who cancelled. Information about the Property may have been revealed if you may have posted or recorded information and material facts about the Property online (social media, blogs, personal websites, Facebook, advertisements, etc.) or received documents or correspondence from an Homeowners’ Association (“HOA”).
  - C. Use any known and available documentation to refresh your memory of past and current issues, condition and/or problems and then provide a copy of that paperwork with your fully completed Disclosure Forms. A seller does not have to find lost documents or to speculate about what was in the documents that they cannot remember, but if the documents are known and available to you, they should be used to assist you in completing the Disclosures forms.
  - D. Allow plenty of time to fully complete the Disclosure Forms.
  - E. Your knowledge may be based upon what you have been told orally (e.g., in a conversation with a neighbor) or received in writing (such as a repair estimate, report, invoice, an appraisal, or sources as informal as neighborhood or HOA newsletters). Keep in mind that if a neighbor told you something, they are likely to tell the new owner the same information after the transaction.
  - F. If you are unsure about whether something is important enough to be disclosed, you should probably disclose it. If you don’t want to disclose a piece of information about the Property, think about your reasoning for why you do not want to disclose this information. If the answer is because you think a buyer will not want to buy the Property or will want to purchase at a lower price, that is exactly the reason why the fact ought to be disclosed; it materially affects the value or desirability of the Property.
3. **INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING ALL DISCLOSURE FORMS:**
  - A. **DO NOT** leave any questions blank or unanswered unless the section is not applicable. Answer all questions and provide all documents, information and explanations to every “Yes” response in the blank lines or in an addendum to the Disclosure Form.
  - B. Many questions on the Disclosure Forms ask if you “are aware” of a particular condition, fact or item. If you do not know the answer to any question, then you are “not aware” and should answer that question “No.”
  - C. The Disclosure Forms are designed to get sellers to provide buyers with as much information as possible, and thus many of the questions on these forms may list multiple issues, conditions or problems and/or have subparts. It is important to address each aspect of each question and provide precise details so that Buyers will understand the “who, what, where, when and how.”
  - D. The Disclosure Forms are written using very broad language. You should not limit the information, documents, and/or explanations that you provide Buyers.
  - E. Be specific and provide facts for each response; you should not let subjective beliefs limit, qualify or downplay your disclosures. Avoid words such as “never,” “minor,” “insignificant,” “small” or “infrequent” as these terms may reflect your opinion but that opinion may not be shared by Buyers, professionals or others. Do not speculate as to what you guess the issue is, or assume something is true without actual knowledge. State your disclosures only to the extent of what you actually know.
  - F. Consider all issues, conditions or problems that impact your Property, even those that are not necessarily on your Property but are related to a neighbor’s property (such as shared fences, lot-line debates) or exist in the neighborhood (such as noise, smells, disputes with neighbors, or other nuisances).



- G. Even if you have learned to live with an issue, condition or problem, disclose it.
- H. Even if you believe that an issue, condition or problem has been repaired, resolved or stopped, disclose the issue and what has been done, but do not speculate, predict or guarantee the quality or effectiveness of the repair or resolution.
- I. If there is conflicting information, data, and/or documents regarding any issue, condition or problem, disclose and identify everything.
- J. Do not assume that you know the answer to all questions; for example, unless you personally obtained or received copies of permits do not assume that anyone who did work on the Property obtained permits.
- K. If you are relying on written or oral information you received from someone else, even if you disagree with that information or are unsure as to its truth, disclose and identify the source of that information.

#### 4. COMPLETING SPECIFIC TYPES OF DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS:

##### REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (“TDS”) (Civil Code Section 1102.6)

**Section I** allows sellers to incorporate and provide reports and disclosures that relate to the information requested in that Disclosure Form. Providing those “Substituted Disclosures” does not eliminate your responsibility to fully and completely disclose all information known by you that is requested in the TDS. **For the TDS to be complete, one of the three boxes provided in Section I must be checked. If no Substituted Disclosures are being provided, Seller should check the box that indicates “No substituted disclosures for this transfer.”**

**Section II A** asks you to check a series of boxes to indicate what appliances, fixtures and other items exist on the property and asks whether any of those existing items are “not in operating condition”, a term which is not defined. Consider whether the checked appliances, fixtures and items fully function as if they were new and if not, disclose any issues, limitations or problems. The TDS is not a contract and it does not control which items must remain with the property after close of escrow; the purchase agreement determines which items must remain. However, you should be careful not to represent an amenity that the property does not have, so do not assume that feature is there (*i.e.* sewer or central air conditioning), and only check the box if you know it is a part of the property.

**Section II B** asks if you are aware of any significant defects/malfunctions in certain identified areas of the property. There is no definition for “significant defects/malfunctions”; do not assume this terminology places any limits on what you need to disclose. If you check any of the boxes, please provide as much information as possible regarding the issues, conditions or problems that you know about the checked areas.

**Section II C** asks sixteen questions regarding the Property and the surrounding areas. These questions are written very broadly and contain multiple issues, conditions and/or problems. Make sure that you respond as to each issue, condition or problem. If you respond “Yes” to any question, you should provide as much information as possible about the issue. If you are answering any of these questions “No” because you lack familiarity with the Property or the topic of any question, then you can explain the reasons, such as that you have not seen the Property in a long time or at all. This may help the buyers to understand that your “No” answer reflects the lack of awareness of the item, not that you are representing that the problem, condition or issue does not exist.

Question 16 in section II C refers to various code sections which part of a law are concerning construction defects that is widely known as SB 800 or Title 7. This law (Civil Code Sections 895-945.5) applies to residential real property built by a “Builder” and sold for the first time on or after January 1, 2003. If you have any questions about the applicability to the Property of any of the laws referenced in Question 16, or how you should answer this question, your Listing Agent recommends that you consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Agent cannot and will not give you legal advice on these matters.

#### SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE

The C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement requires Sellers to complete an SPQ for any transaction that requires a TDS because the **TDS** does not include questions regarding everything that sellers need to disclose to buyers. One example of a question not covered in the TDS but that is on the SPQ is whether there has been a death on the Property within the last 3 years (Civil Code Section 1710.2). Another example of a legally required disclosure that is not in the TDS, is the requirement that sellers of single family residences built prior to January 1, 1994 (and other properties built before that date) must disclose if the Property has any noncompliant plumbing fixtures (Civil Code Sections 1101.4 and 1101.5). 1. Any toilet that uses more than 1.6 GPF; 2. Any showerhead that has a flow capacity of more than 2.5 GPM and 3. Any interior faucet that emits more than 2.2 GPM. The SPQ should be used in conjunction with the TDS to help the seller carry out the obligation to disclose known material facts about the Property.



## EXEMPT SELLER DISCLOSURE (“ESD”)

Some sellers of real property may be legally exempt from completing the TDS. For example, probate and bankruptcy court sales and sales by governmental entities are exempt from the obligation to provide a TDS. Some property that is owned by a trust which has trustee(s) acting in the capacity of a seller may also be exempt; but not all trustee(s) are exempt. If a qualified California real estate attorney has advised you that you are exempt from completing the TDS, then you may choose not to complete that form or any supplement to the TDS, but you may still be required to complete the ESD. Being exempt from completing certain Disclosure Forms does not completely eliminate those disclosure obligations that apply to all sellers under federal, state or local laws, ordinances or regulations and/or by contractual agreement with the buyer. The seller is still obligated to disclose all known material facts that may affect the value of the property. Further, the C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement requires those sellers who are exempt from the TDS to fill out the ESD. Pay particular attention to the “catch all” question, which asks you to disclose your awareness of any other material facts or defects affecting the property.

### 5. FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is important that you fully complete any legally or contractually required Disclosure Forms. To that end, the real estate Broker, and, if different, the real estate licensee, who listed the property for sale (“Listing Broker”) strongly recommend that you consider the following points when completing your Disclosure Forms:

- If you are aware of any planned or possible changes to your neighbor’s property (such as an addition), changes in the neighborhood (such as new construction or road changes) that may affect traffic, views, noise levels or other issues, conditions or problems, disclose those plans or proposed changes even if you are not certain whether the change(s) will ever occur.
- Disclose any lawsuits, whether filed in the past, presently filed or that will be filed regarding the property or the neighborhood (such as an HOA dispute) even if you believe that the case has been resolved. Provide as much detail as possible about any lawsuit, including the name of the case and the County where the case was filed.
- If any disclosure that you have made becomes inadequate, incomplete, inaccurate or changes over time, including right up until the close of escrow, you should update and correct your Disclosure Forms in a timely fashion.
- **If you have any questions about the applicability of any law to the Property, your Listing Broker recommends that you consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Broker cannot and will not tell you if any law is applicable to the Property.**
- **If you need help regarding what to disclose, how to disclose it or what changes need to be made to your Disclosure Forms, the best advice is to consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Broker cannot and will not tell you what to disclose, how to disclose it or what changes need to be made to your answers.**
- While limited exceptions may exist, such as questions that may impact fair housing and discrimination laws, generally speaking, **when in doubt, the best answer to the question: “Do I need to disclose ...?” is almost always “YES, disclose it.”**

Seller has read and understands this Advisory. By signing below, Seller acknowledges receipt of a copy of this Advisory.

Seller Scott Siegman 

Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021

Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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EXEMPT SELLER DISCLOSURE
(C.A.R. Form ESD, Revised 6/21)

- 1. Seller makes the following disclosures with regard to the real property or manufactured home described as 19009 Sherman Way #53, situated in Reseda (City), Los Angeles (County), California, 91335 (Zip Code), Assessor's Parcel No. 2104-033-090 ("Property").
2. A. Under California law (Civil Code §1102, et seq.) most Sellers of real property containing 1-4 residential units are required to provide prospective Buyers with a completed Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement ("TDS").
B. Under Civil Code §§ 1101.4 and 1101.5, non-compliant plumbing fixtures in any single family or multi-family residential real property built before January 1, 1994 shall be replaced by the Property owner with water-conserving plumbing fixtures.
3. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY THE SELLER AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE AGENT(S), IF ANY. THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY THE SELLER OR ANY AGENT(S) AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE PRINCIPAL(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN. A REAL ESTATE BROKER IS QUALIFIED TO ADVISE ON REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS. IF SELLER OR BUYER DESIRE LEGAL ADVICE, CONSULT AN ATTORNEY.
4. Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following? (Explain any "yes" answers below.)
A. Within the last 3 years, the death of an occupant of the Property upon the Property [X] Yes [ ] No
B. An Order from a government health official identifying the Property as being contaminated by methamphetamine. (If yes, attach a copy of the Order.) [ ] Yes [X] No
C. The release of an illegal controlled substance on or beneath the Property [ ] Yes [X] No
D. Whether the Property is located in or adjacent to an "industrial use" zone [ ] Yes [X] No
E. Whether the Property is affected by a nuisance created by an "industrial use" zone [ ] Yes [X] No
F. Whether the Property is located within 1 mile of a former federal or state ordnance location (In general, an area once used for military training purposes that may contain potentially explosive munitions.) [ ] Yes [X] No
G. Whether the Property is a condominium or located in a planned unit development or other common interest subdivision [X] Yes [ ] No
H. Insurance claims affecting the Property within the past 5 years [ ] Yes [X] No
I. Matters affecting title of the Property [ ] Yes [X] No
J. Plumbing fixtures on the Property that are non-compliant plumbing fixtures as defined by Civil Code § 1101.3 [ ] Yes [X] No
K. Any other material facts or defects affecting the Property, or material documents in Seller's possession affecting the Property, not otherwise disclosed to Buyer [ ] Yes [X] No
Explanation, or [ ] (if checked) see attached; A: My mother, the original owner died of natural causes in the unit. She had a long history of health problems.
G: The property is located in a condominium complex
MISC: N/A

5. Seller represents that the information herein is true and correct to the best of Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by Seller. Seller hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this transaction to provide a Copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the Property.
Seller Scott Siegman [ ] Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021
Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

6. By signing below, Buyer acknowledges Buyer has received, read, and understands this Exempt Seller Disclosure form.
Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_
Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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# WATER HEATER AND SMOKE DETECTOR STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE


(C.A.R. Form WHSD, Revised 11/10)

Property Address: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335

NOTE: A seller who is not required to provide one of the following statements of compliance is not necessarily exempt from the obligation to provide the other statement of compliance.

## WATER HEATER STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 1. STATE LAW:** California Law requires that all new and replacement water heaters and existing residential water heaters be braced, anchored or strapped to resist falling or horizontal displacement due to earthquake motion. "Water heater" means any standard water heater with a capacity of no more than 120 gallons for which a pre-engineered strapping kit is readily available. (Health and Safety Code §19211d). Although not specifically stated, the statute requiring a statement of compliance does not appear to apply to a properly installed and bolted tankless water heater for the following reasons: There is no tank that can overturn; Pre-engineered strapping kits for such devices are not readily available; and Bolting already exists that would help avoid displacement or breakage in the event of an earthquake.
- 2. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS:** Some local ordinances impose more stringent water heater bracing, anchoring or strapping requirements than does California Law. Therefore, it is important to check with local city or county building and safety departments regarding the applicable water heater bracing, anchoring or strapping requirements for your property.
- 3. TRANSFEROR'S WRITTEN STATEMENT:** California Health and Safety Code §19211 requires the seller of any real property containing a water heater to certify, in writing, that the seller is in compliance with California State Law. If the Property is a manufactured or mobile home, Seller shall also file a required Statement with the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- 4. CERTIFICATION:** Seller represents that the Property, as of the Close Of Escrow, will be in compliance with Health and Safety Code §19211 by having the water heater(s) braced, anchored or strapped in place, in accordance with those requirements.

Seller Scott Siegman  Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021  
 (Signature) (Print Name)

Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Signature) (Print Name)

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this document.

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Signature) (Print Name)


Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Signature) (Print Name)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_



# SMOKE DETECTOR STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 1. STATE LAW:** California Law requires that **(i)** every single-family dwelling and factory built housing unit sold on or after January 1, 1986, must have an operable smoke detector, approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal, installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations (Health and Safety Code §13113.8) and **(ii)** all used manufactured or mobilehomes have an operable smoke detector in each sleeping room.
- 2. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS:** Some local ordinances impose more stringent smoke detector requirements than does California Law. Therefore, it is important to check with local city or county building and safety departments regarding the applicable smoke detector requirements for your property.
- 3. TRANSFEROR'S WRITTEN STATEMENT:** California Health and Safety Code §13113.8(b) requires every transferor of any real property containing a single-family dwelling, whether the transfer is made by sale, exchange, or real property sales contract (installation sales contract), to deliver to the transferee a written statement indicating that the transferor is in compliance with California State Law concerning smoke detectors. If the Property is a manufactured or mobile home, Seller shall also file a required Statement with the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD).
- 4. EXCEPTIONS:** Generally, a written statement of smoke detector compliance is not required for transactions for which the Seller is exempt from providing a transfer disclosure statement.
- 5. CERTIFICATION:** Seller represents that the Property, as of the Close Of Escrow, will be in compliance with the law by having operable smoke detector(s) **(i)** approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations Health and Safety Code §13113.8 or **(ii)** in compliance with Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Act (Health and Safety Code §18029.6) located in each sleeping room for used manufactured or mobilehomes as required by HCD and **(iii)** in accordance with applicable local ordinance(s).

Seller Scott Siegman  \_\_\_\_\_ Date 11/24/2021  
(Signature) (Print Name)

Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this Water Heater and Smoke Detector Statement of Compliance.

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

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WATER HEATER AND SMOKE DETECTOR STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE (WHSD PAGE 2 OF 2)



**STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY**  
**(This Form Does Not Replace Local Condition Disclosures.**  
**Additional Advisories or Disclosures May Be Attached)**  
**(C.A.R. Form SBSA, Revised 6/21)**

**BUYER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:**

- The physical condition of the land and improvements being purchased are not guaranteed by Seller or Brokers.
- You should conduct thorough investigations of the Property both personally and with appropriate professionals.
- If professionals recommend further inspections, you should contact qualified experts to conduct such inspections.
- You should retain your own professional even if Seller or Broker has provided you with existing reports.
- You should read all written reports given to you and discuss those reports with the persons who prepared them. It is possible that different reports provided to you contain conflicting information. If there are discrepancies between reports, disclosures or other information, you are responsible for contacting appropriate professionals to confirm the accuracy of correctness of the reports, disclosures or information.
- You have the right to request that the Seller make repairs or corrections or take other actions based on inspections or disclosures, but the Seller is not obligated to respond to you or make any such repairs, corrections or other requested actions.
- If the Seller is unwilling or unable to satisfy your requests, and you act within certain time periods, you may have the right to cancel the Agreement (the Purchase Agreement and any Counter Offer and Addenda together are the "Agreement"). If you cancel outside of these periods, you may be in breach of the Agreement and your deposit might be at risk.
- You are advised to seek legal, tax, and other assistance from appropriate professionals in order to fully understand the implications of any documents or actions during the transaction. If you are doing a 1031 exchange, you are advised to contact an exchange accommodator to discuss the proper method and timing of the exchange.
- The terms of the Agreement and any counter offers and addenda establish your rights and responsibilities.

**YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO INVESTIGATE THE CONDITION AND SUITABILITY OF ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROPERTY. IF YOU DO NOT DO SO, YOU ARE ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKERS.**

**SELLER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:**

- You have a duty to disclose material facts known to you that affect the value or desirability of the Property.
- You are obligated to make the Property available to the Buyer and have utilities on for inspections as allowed by the Agreement.
- This form is not a substitute for completing a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement, if required, and any other property-specific questionnaires or disclosures.
- The terms of the Agreement establish your rights and responsibilities.
- You are advised to seek legal, tax, and other assistance from appropriate professionals in order to fully understand the implications of any documents or actions during the transaction. If you are doing a 1031 exchange, you are advised to contact an exchange accommodator to discuss the proper method and timing of the exchange.

**BROKER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:**

- Brokers do not have expertise in all areas and matters affecting the Property or your evaluation of it.
- For most sales of residential properties with no more than four units, Brokers have a duty to make a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of the accessible areas of the Property and disclose to you material facts or defects that the inspection reveals.
- Many defects and conditions may not be discoverable by a Broker's visual inspection.
- If Brokers give a referral to another professional, Brokers do not guarantee that person's performance. You may select any professional of your own choosing.
- If a Broker gives you reports or other documents, unless otherwise specified, it is possible that different reports provided to you contain conflicting information. Broker has not and will not verify or otherwise investigate the information contained therein.
- Any written agreement between a Broker and either Buyer or Seller or both establishes the rights and responsibilities of those parties.



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## A. Investigation of Physical Conditions

- EASEMENTS, ACCESS AND ENCROACHMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that confirming the exact location of easements, shared or private driveways or roadways, and encroachments on or to the Property may be possible only by conducting a survey. There may be unrecorded easements, access rights, encroachments and other agreements affecting the Property that may not be disclosed by a survey. Representations regarding these items that are made in a Multiple Listing Service or advertisements, or plotted by a title company are often approximations, or based upon inaccurate or incomplete records. Unless otherwise specified by Broker in writing, Brokers have not verified any such matters or any representations made by Seller(s) or others. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised and Broker(s) recommend that Buyer hire a licensed surveyor during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of certain kinds of organisms, toxins and contaminants, including, but not limited to, mold (airborne, toxic or otherwise), fungi, mildew, lead-based paint and other lead contamination, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon, pcb's, methane, other gases, fuel oil or chemical storage





tanks, contaminated soil or water, hazardous waste, waste disposal sites, electromagnetic fields, nuclear sources, urea formaldehyde, or other materials may adversely affect the Property and the health of individuals who live on or work at the property as well as pets. Some municipalities may impose additional requirements regarding underground storage tanks, which may be more common in certain areas and cities throughout the State, especially where there are larger, older homes built before 1935. It is possible that these tanks, either now or in the future, may require inspections or abatement. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised, and Broker(s) recommends, that Buyer have the Property inspected for the existence of such conditions and organisms, and conditions that may lead to their formation. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Buyer is also advised to consult with appropriate experts regarding this topic during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller read the booklets titled, "Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants," and "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home." Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

3. **FORMALDEHYDE:** Formaldehyde is a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Exposure to formaldehyde may be caused by materials used in the construction of homes. The United States Environmental Protection Agency, the California Air Resources Board, and other agencies have measured the presence of formaldehyde in the indoor air of select homes in California. Levels of formaldehyde that present a significant cancer risk have been measured in most homes that were tested. Formaldehyde is present in the air because it is emitted by a variety of building materials and home products used in construction. The materials include carpeting, pressed wood products, insulation, plastics, and glues. Most homes that have been tested elsewhere do contain formaldehyde, although the concentrations vary from home to home with no obvious explanation for the differences. One of the problems is that many suppliers of building materials and home products do not provide information on chemical ingredients to builders. Buyers may have further questions about these issues. Buyer is advised to consult with appropriate experts regarding this topic during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller read the booklet titled "Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants." Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **GEOLOGIC HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California has experienced earthquakes in the past, and there is always a potential of future earthquakes. Damage caused by an earthquake may not be discoverable by a visual inspection of Buyer(s) or Broker(s). Inspection by a licensed, qualified professional is strongly recommended to determine the structural integrity and safety of all structures and improvements on the Property. If the Property is a condominium, or located in a planned unit development or in a common interest subdivision, Buyer is advised to contact the homeowners association about earthquake repairs and retrofit work and the possibility of an increased or special assessment to defray the costs of earthquake repairs or retrofit work. Buyer is encouraged to obtain and read the booklet entitled, "The Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety." In most cases a questionnaire within the booklet must be completed by Seller and the entire booklet given to the Buyer if the Property was built prior to 1960. If the Property was built before 1975, and contains structures constructed of masonry or precast (tilt up) concrete walls, with wood frame floors or roof, or if the building has unreinforced masonry walls, then Seller must provide Buyer a pamphlet entitled "The Commercial Property Owner's Guide to Earthquake Safety." Many areas have a wide range of geologic problems and numerous studies have been made of these conditions. Some of this information is available for public review at city and county planning departments. Buyer is encouraged to review the public maps and reports and/or obtain a geologist's inspection report. Buyer may be able to obtain earthquake insurance to protect their interest in the Property. Sellers who agree to provide financing should also consider requiring Buyers to obtain such insurance naming Seller(s) as insured lien holder(s). Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **INSPECTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer has the right to obtain various inspections of the Property under most residential purchase agreements. Buyer is advised to have the Property inspected by a professional property inspection service within Buyer's inspection contingency period. A licensed building contractor or other professional may perform these services. The inspector generally does not look behind walls or under carpets, or take equipment apart. Certain items on the Property, such as chimneys and spark arresters, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical wiring, pool and spa, septic system, well, roof, foundation and structural items may need to be inspected by another professional, such as a chimney sweep, plumber, electrician, pool and spa service, septic or well company or roofer. A general physical inspection typically will not test for mold, wood destroying pests, lead-based paint, radon, asbestos and other environmental hazards, geologic conditions, age, remaining useful life or water-tightness of roof, cracks, leaks or operational problems associated with a pool or spa or connection of the Property to a sewer system. If Buyer wants further information on any aspect of the Property, Broker recommends that Buyer have a discussion with the professional property inspector and that Buyer hire an appropriate professional for the area of concern to Buyer. Brokers do not verify the results of any such inspection or guarantee the performance of any such inspector or service. Any election by Buyer to waive the right to a physical inspection of the Property or to rely on somebody other than an appropriate professional is against the advice of Brokers. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Brokers do not have expertise in these areas.
6. **MOLD:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of certain kinds of mold, fungi, mildew and other organisms, sometimes referred to as "toxic mold" (collectively "Mold"), may adversely affect the Property and the health of individuals who live on or work at the Property as well as pets. Mold does not affect all people the same way, and may not affect some people at all. Mold may be caused by water leaks or other sources of moisture such as, but not limited to, flooding, and leaks in windows, pipes and roof. Seller is advised to disclose the existence of any such conditions of which he or she is aware. Buyer should carefully review all of Seller's disclosures for any indication that any of these conditions exist. It is, however, possible that Mold may be hidden and that Seller is completely unaware of its



existence. In addition, Mold is often undetectable from a visual inspection, a professional general property inspection and even a structural pest control inspection. Brokers do not have expertise in this area. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property tested for Mold by an environmental hygienist or other appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 7. PETS AND ANIMALS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the current or previous owner(s) may have had domesticated or other pets and animals at the Property. Odors from animal urine or other contamination may be dormant for long periods of time and then become active because of heat, humidity or other factors and might not be eliminated by cleaning or replacing carpets or other cleaning methods. Pet urine and feces can also damage hardwood floors and other floor coverings. Additionally, an animal may have had fleas, ticks and other pests that remain on the Property after the animal has been removed. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 8. SEPTIC SYSTEMS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that a property may be served by one or more septic systems even though adjoining properties are connected to a sewer line. Buyer and Seller are also advised that some septic tanks and systems may have been abandoned or have leaked into ground water sources. Buyer is advised to contact the appropriate government agency to verify that the Property is connected to a sewer or served by a septic system. If the Property is served by a septic system, it may consist of a septic tank, cesspool, pits, leach lines or a combination of such mechanisms ("collectively, System"). No representation or warranty is made by Seller or Broker concerning the condition, operability, size, capacity or future expansion of a System, nor whether a System is adequate for use by the intended occupants of the Property. A change in the number of occupants or the quantity, composition or methods of depositing waste may affect the efficiency of the System. In addition, the amount of rainfall and ground water table may also affect the efficiency of the System. Many factors including, but not limited to, natural forces, age, deterioration of materials and the load imposed on a System can cause the System to fail at any time. Broker recommends that Buyer obtain an independent evaluation of any System by a qualified sanitation professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Buyer should consult with their sanitation professional to determine if their report includes the tank only, or other additional components of the System such as pits and leach fields. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. In some cases, Buyer's lender as well as local government agencies may require System inspection. System-related maintenance costs may include, but not be limited to, locating, pumping or providing outlets to ground level. Brokers are unable to advise Buyer or Seller regarding System-related issues or associated costs, which may be significant. If Buyer and Seller agree to obtain a System inspection, Buyer and Seller are cautioned that the inspection cost may include, but not be limited to, the costs of locating, pumping or providing outlets to ground level. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 9. SOIL AND GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that real estate in California is subject to settling, slippage, contraction, expansion erosion, subsidence, earthquakes and other land movement. The Property may be constructed on fill or improperly compacted soil and may have inadequate drainage capability. Any of these matters can cause structural problems to improvements on the Property. Civil or geo-technical engineers are best suited to evaluate soil stability, grading, drainage and other soil conditions. Additionally, the Property may contain known or unknown mines, mills, caves or wells. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer hire an appropriate professional. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspections. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 10. SQUARE FOOTAGE, LOT SIZE, BOUNDARIES AND SURVEYS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that only an appraiser or land surveyor, as applicable, can reliably confirm square footage, lot size, Property corners and exact boundaries of the Property. Representations regarding these items that are made in a Multiple Listing Service, advertisements, and from property tax assessor records are often approximations, or based upon inaccurate or incomplete records. Fences, hedges, walls or other barriers may not represent actual boundary lines. Unless otherwise specified by Broker in writing, Brokers have not verified any such boundary lines or any representations made by Seller or others concerning square footage, lot size, Property corners or exact boundaries. Standard title insurance does not insure the boundaries of the Property. If the exact square footage or lot size or location of Property corners or boundaries is an important consideration in Buyer's decision to purchase the Property and/or how much Buyer is willing to pay for the Property, then Buyer must independently conduct Buyer's own investigation through appropriate professionals, appraisers, or licensed surveyors and rely solely on their data, recognizing that all measurements may not be consistent and that different sources may have different size assessments. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 11. WATER INTRUSION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that many homes suffer from water intrusion or leakage. The causes of water intrusion are varied, and can include defective construction, faulty grading, deterioration of building materials and absence of waterproof barriers. Water intrusion can cause serious damage to the Property. This damage can consist of wood rot, mold, mildew and even damage to the structural integrity of the Property. The cost of repairing and remediating water intrusion damage and its causes can be very significant. The existence and cause of water intrusion is often difficult to detect. Because you, your Broker or a general home inspector cannot visually observe any effects of water intrusion, Buyer and Seller should not assume that such intrusion does not exist. Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property inspected for water intrusion by an appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 12. WELL AND WATER SYSTEM(S):** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be served by one or more water wells, springs, or private community or public water systems. Any of these private or public water systems may contain



bacteria, chemicals, minerals and metals, such as chromium. Well(s) may have been abandoned on the Property. Buyer is advised to have both the quality and the quantity of water evaluated, and to obtain an analysis of the quality of any domestic and agricultural water in use, or to be used at the Property, from whatever source. Water quality tests can include not only tests for bacteria, such as coliform, but also tests for organic and inorganic chemicals, metals, mineral content and gross alpha testing for radioactivity. Broker recommends that Buyer consult with a licensed, qualified well and pump company and local government agency to determine whether any well/spring or water system will adequately serve Buyer's intended use and that Buyer have a well consultant perform an extended well output test for this purpose. Water well or spring capacity, quantity output and quality may change at any time. There are no guarantees as to the future water quality, quantity or duration of any well or spring. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer obtain an inspection of the condition, age, adequacy and performance of all components of the well/spring and any water system during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 13. WOOD DESTROYING PESTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of, or conditions likely to lead to the presence of infestation or infection of wood destroying pests and organisms may adversely affect the Property. Inspection reports covering these items can be separated into two sections: Section 1 identifies areas where infestation or infection is evident. Section 2 identifies areas where there are conditions likely to lead to infestation or infection. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised and Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property inspected for the existence of such conditions and organisms, and conditions that may lead to their formation, by a registered structural pest control company during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 14. FIRE HARDENING, DEFENSIBLE SPACE, AND WILDFIRE DISASTERS:** California is subject to wildfires which have resulted in damage and destruction of many properties located in the state. Several recent state laws have mandated disclosures by sellers when selling properties in certain identified zones, such as "high" or "very high" fire severity zones. Additionally, state law mandates that sellers provide buyers with statements of compliance with local mandates if adopted by local agencies. The Property may be located in a high or very high fire severity zone. This may impact the availability of insurance and the ability to build or rebuild structures on the Property. Additionally, there may be requirements that certain fire prevention steps may be mandated. Information on fire hardening, including current building standards and information on minimum annual vegetation management standards to protect homes from wildfires, can be obtained on the internet website <http://www.readyforwildfire.org>. Cal Fire has made available a "Fire Hazard Severity Zone Viewer" where you can input the Property address to determine which fire hazard zone, if any, that the Property is located in. The viewer is available at <https://egis.fire.ca.gov?FHSZ/>. Below is a partial list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer/Lessee investigations and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.
- A. California Department of Insurance "Wildfire Resource" <http://insurance.ca.gov/01-consumers/140-catastrophes/WildfireResources.cfm>; 1-800-927-4357
  - B. Governor's Office of Emergency Services "Cal OES" California Wildfires Statewide Recovery Resources <http://wildfirerecovery.org/>
  - C. California Department of Forestry and Fire "Cal Fire" <http://fire.ca.gov/> and <https://www.readyforwildfire.org/>
  - D. California Department of Transportation <https://calsta.ca.gov/>
  - E. California Attorney General <https://oag.ca.gov/consumers/pricegougingduringdisasters#8C1>

**Brokers do not have expertise in this area.**

## B. Property Use and Ownership

- 1. ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS:** Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) are known by many names: granny flats, in-law units, backyard cottages, secondary units and more. California has passed laws to promote the development of ADUs. Additional information about ADUs can be found at <http://hcd.ca.gov/policy-research/AccessoryDwellingUnits.shtml>. Buyer is advised to check with appropriate government agencies or third party professionals to verify permits and legal requirements and the effect of such requirements on current and future use and rentability of the Property, its development and size. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 2. BUILDING PERMITS, ZONING AND CODE COMPLIANCE:** Buyer and Seller are advised that any structure on the Property, including the original structure and any addition, modification, remodel or improvement may have been built without permits, not according to building codes, or in violation of zoning laws. Further, even if such structure was built according to the then-existing code or zoning requirement, it may not be in compliance with current building standards or local zoning. It is also possible that local law may not permit structures that now exist to be rebuilt in the event of damage or destruction. Certain governmental agencies may require periodic inspections to occur in the future. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 3. BUYER INTENDED FUTURE USE OF, AND MODIFICATIONS TO, THE PROPERTY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Seller's existing use of the property may not be consistent with Buyer's intended use or any future use that Buyer makes of the property, whether or not Buyer has any current plans to change the use. Buyer is advised to check with appropriate government agencies or third party professionals to verify what legal requirements are needed to accommodate any change in use. In addition, neither Seller nor Broker make any representations as to what modifications Buyer can make to the Property after close of escrow as well as any cost factors associated with any such modifications. Buyer is advised to check with his own licensed contractor and other such professionals as well as with the appropriate government agencies to determine what modifications Buyer will be allowed to make after close of escrow. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.



4. **CALIFORNIA FAIR PLAN:** Buyer and Seller are advised that insurance for certain hillside, oceanfront and brush properties may be available only from the California Fair Plan. This may increase the cost of insurance for such properties and coverage may be limited. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult with Buyer's own insurance agent during Buyer's inspection contingency period regarding the availability of coverage under the California Fair Plan and the length of time it may take for processing of a California Fair Plan application. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **FUTURE REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND REMODELS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that replacement or repairs of certain systems or rebuilding or remodeling of all or a portion of the Property may trigger requirements that homeowners comply with laws and regulations that either come into effect after Close of Escrow or are not required to be complied with until the replacement, repair, rebuild or remodel has occurred. Permit or code requirements or building standards may change after Close of Escrow, resulting in increasing costs to repair existing features. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **HEATING VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS:** Changes to state and federal energy efficiency regulations impact the installation, replacement and some repairs of heating and air conditioning units (HVAC): (i) Federal regulations now require manufacturers of HVAC units to produce only units meeting a new higher Seasonal Energy Efficiency Rating (SEER). This will likely impact repairs and replacements of existing HVAC units. State regulations now require that when installing or replacing HVAC units, with some exceptions, duct work must be tested for leaks. Duct work leaking more than 15 percent must be repaired to reduce leaks. The average existing duct work typically leaks 30 percent. More information is available at the California Energy Commission's website <http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/changeout>. Home warranty policies may not cover such inspections or repairs, (ii) the phase out of the use of HCFC-22 (R-22 Freon) will have an impact on repairs and replacement of existing air conditioning units and heat pumps. The production and import of HCFC-22 ended January 1, 2020. Existing systems may continue to be used and HCFC-22 recovered and reclaimed or that was produced prior to 2020 can help meet the needs of existing systems, however, costs may rise. More information is available from the Environmental Protection Agency at [https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2018-08/documents/residential\\_air\\_conditioning\\_and\\_the\\_phaseout\\_of\\_hcfc-22\\_what\\_you\\_need\\_to\\_know.pdf](https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2018-08/documents/residential_air_conditioning_and_the_phaseout_of_hcfc-22_what_you_need_to_know.pdf) and <http://www.epa.gov/ozone/title6/phaseout/22phaseout.html>, and (iii) New efficiency standards are also in place for water heaters. As a consequence, replacement water heaters will generally be larger than existing units and may not fit in the existing space. Additional venting and other modifications may be required as well. More information is available from the U.S. Department of Energy at [http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance\\_standards/product.aspx/productid/27](http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/product.aspx/productid/27). If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **HISTORICAL DESIGNATION, COASTAL COMMISSION, ARCHITECTURAL, LANDSCAPE, AGRICULTURAL OR OPEN SPACE AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS ON BUILDINGS OR IMPROVEMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be: (i) designated as a historical landmark, (ii) protected by a historical conservancy, (iii) subject to an architectural or landscaping review process, (iv) within the jurisdiction of the California Coastal Commission or other government agency, or (v) subject to a contract preserving use of all or part of the Property for agriculture or open space. If the Property is so designated or within the jurisdiction of any such, or similar, government agency, then there may be restrictions or requirements regarding Buyer's ability to develop, remove or trim trees or other landscaping, remodel, make improvements to and build on or rebuild the Property. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer satisfy him/herself during Buyer's inspection contingency period if any of these issues are of concern to Buyer. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **INSURANCE, TITLE INSURANCE AND TITLE INSURANCE AFTER FORECLOSURE:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer may have difficulty obtaining insurance regarding the Property if there has been a prior insurance claim affecting the Property or made by Buyer but unrelated to the Property. Seller is required by C.A.R. Form RPA to disclose known insurance claims made during the past five years (C.A.R. Form SPQ or ESD). Sellers may not be aware of claims prior to their ownership. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that, during Buyer's inspection contingency period, Buyer conduct his or her own investigation for past claims. Buyer may need to obtain Seller's consent in order to have access to certain investigation reports. If the Property is a condominium, or is located in a planned unit development or other common interest subdivision, Buyer and Seller are advised to determine if the individual unit is covered by the Homeowner's Association Insurance and the type of insurance coverage that Buyer may purchase. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult Buyer's insurance agents during Buyer's inspection contingency period to determine the need, availability and possibility of securing any and all forms of other insurance or coverage or any conditions imposed by insurer as a requirement of issuing insurance. If Buyer does any repairs to the property during the escrow period or Buyer takes possession prior to Close of Escrow or Seller remains in possession after Close of Escrow, whether for a limited or extended period of time, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller each consult with their own insurance agent regarding insurance or coverage that could protect them in the transaction (including but not limited to: personal property, flood, earthquake, umbrella and renter's). Buyer and Seller are advised that traditional title insurance generally protects Buyer's title acquired through the sale of the property. While all title insurance policies, as do all insurance policies, contain some exclusions, some title insurance policies contain exclusions for any liability arising from a previous foreclosure. This can occur when a short sale has occurred but the lender mistakenly has also proceeded with a foreclosure. Buyer is strongly advised to consult with a title insurer to satisfy themselves that the policy to be provided adequately protects their title to the property against other possible claimants. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
9. **LAND LEASE:** Buyer and Seller are advised that certain developments are built on leased land. This means that: (i)



Buyer does not own the land, **(ii)** the right to occupy the land will terminate at some point in time, **(iii)** the cost to lease the land may increase at some point in the future, and **(iv)** Buyer may not be able to obtain title insurance or may have to obtain a different type of title insurance. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an attorney or other appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

**10. MARIJUANA, CANNABIS, AND METHAMPHETAMINE LABS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California law permits individual patients to cultivate, possess and use marijuana for medical purposes. Furthermore, California law permits primary caregivers, lawfully organized cooperatives, and collectives to cultivate, distribute and possess marijuana for medicinal purposes. California law also allows recreational use of marijuana for adults, as well as limited rights for individuals to grow and cultivate marijuana, and rights of others, subject to a licensing process, to grow, cultivate and distribute marijuana for recreational use. California's medical and recreational marijuana laws are in direct conflict with federal law which recognizes no lawful use for marijuana and has no exemptions for medical use. Federal criminal penalties, some of which mandate prison time, remain in effect for the possession, cultivation and distribution of marijuana. Buyer and Seller are strongly advised to seek legal counsel as to the legal risks and issues surrounding owning or purchasing a property where medical or any other marijuana activity is taking place. Marijuana storage, cultivation and processing carry the risk of causing mold, fungus or moisture damage to a property, additionally, some properties where marijuana has been cultivated have had alterations to the structure or the electrical system which may not have been done to code or with permits and may affect the safety of the structure or the safe operation of the electrical system. Buyer is strongly advised to retain an environmental hygienist contractor and other appropriate professionals to inspect a property where medical or any other marijuana activity has taken place. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller involved with a property where there is medical marijuana activity or where it may take place review the California Attorney General's Guidelines for the "Security and Non-Diversion of Marijuana Grown for Medical Use" <https://oag.ca.gov/system/files/attachments/press-docs/MEDICINAL%20CANNABIS%20Guidelines.pdf> and the U.S. Department of Justice memo regarding marijuana prosecutions at <https://www.justice.gov/opa/press-release/file/1022196/download>. Brokers do not have expertise in this area. While no state law permits the private production of methamphetamine, some properties have been the site of an illegal methamphetamine laboratory. State law imposes an obligation to notify occupants, a ban on occupying the property and clean up requirements when authorities identify a property as being contaminated by methamphetamine. Buyer is advised that a property where methamphetamine has been produced may pose a very serious health risk to occupants. Buyer is strongly advised to retain an environmental hygienist contractor or other appropriate professionals to inspect the property if methamphetamine production is suspected to have taken place. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

**11. OWNER'S TITLE INSURANCE:** The Truth in Lending/RESPA integrated disclosure (TRID) established by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) requires that lenders must tell borrowers that title insurance is "optional." While obtaining an owner's policy of title insurance may be "optional", it may be a contractual requirement as between Buyer and Seller. Furthermore, California Civil Code § 1057.6 requires that Buyers be provided with the following notice: "IMPORTANT: IN A PURCHASE OR EXCHANGE OF REAL PROPERTY, IT MAY BE ADVISABLE TO OBTAIN TITLE INSURANCE IN CONNECTION WITH THE CLOSE OF ESCROW SINCE THERE MAY BE PRIOR RECORDED LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES WHICH AFFECT YOUR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY BEING ACQUIRED. A NEW POLICY OF TITLE INSURANCE SHOULD BE OBTAINED IN ORDER TO ENSURE YOUR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY THAT YOU ARE ACQUIRING."

Additionally, even the CFPB on its "ask CFPB" "What is owner's title insurance?" page advises "You may want to buy an owner's title insurance policy, which can help protect your financial interest in the home." Moreover, not obtaining an owner's policy may increase the cost of the lender's policy (required by most lenders), possibly require the separate purchase of a preliminary title report, and may have an impact on the sale of the Property in the future.

Buyers who decide to opt out of obtaining an owner's title insurance policy are acting against the advice of Brokers as well as the advice provided in the California Civil Code § 1057.6 and by the CFPB. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

**12. RENT AND EVICTION CONTROL LAWS AND ORDINANCES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California and some cities and counties impose or may impose restrictions that limit the rent that can be charged to a tenant, the maximum number of tenants who can occupy the property, the right of a landlord to terminate a tenancy and the costs to do so. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer investigate the issue with an appropriate government authority or HOA during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

**13. RETROFIT, BUILDING REQUIREMENTS, AND POINT OF SALE REQUIREMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that state and local Law may require **(i)** the installation of operable smoke detectors, **(ii)** bracing or strapping of water heaters, and **(iii)** upon sale completion of a corresponding written statement of compliance that is delivered to Buyer. Although not a point of sale or retrofit obligation, state law may require the property to have operable carbon monoxide detection devices. Additionally, some city and county governments may impose additional retrofit standards at time of sale including, but not limited to, installing or retrofitting low-flow toilets and showerheads, gas shut-off valves, fireplaces, and tempered glass. Further, there may be potential health impacts from air pollution caused from burning wood. Exposure to particulate matter from the smoke may cause short-term and long-term health effects. Buyers should consult with licensed professional to inspect, properly maintain, and operate a wood burning stove or fireplace. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller consult with the appropriate government agencies, inspectors, and other professionals to determine the retrofit standards for the Property, the extent to which the Property complies with such standards, and the costs, if any, of compliance. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

**14. SHORT TERM RENTALS AND RESTRICTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that some cities, counties and Homeowner Associations (HOAs) do impose or may impose restrictions that limit or prohibit the right of the owner or occupant to rent-

out the Property for short periods of time (usually 30 Days or less). In short term rentals, as well as all rentals, Buyer and Seller are advised to seek assistance to ensure compliance with all fair housing laws and regulations. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer investigate the issue with an appropriate government authority or HOA during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 15. VIEWS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that present views from the Property may be affected by future development or growth of trees and vegetation on adjacent properties and any other property within the line of sight of the Property. Brokers make no representation regarding the preservation of existing views. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review covenants, conditions and restrictions, if any, and contact neighboring property owners, government agencies and homeowner associations, if any, during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 16. SWIMMING POOL, SECURITY AND SAFETY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that state and local Law may require the installation of barriers, anti-entrapment grates, access alarms, self-latching mechanisms, pool covers, exit alarms and/or other measures to decrease the risk to children and other persons of existing swimming pools and hot tubs, as well as various fire safety and other measures concerning other features of the Property. Compliance requirements differ from city to city and county to county. Unless specifically agreed, the Property may not be in compliance with these requirements. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact local government agencies about these restrictions and other requirements. State law requires that new pools and spas be equipped with at least two of seven specified drowning prevention safety features. Home inspectors have a statutory obligation to perform a non-invasive physical examination of the pool area to identify which safety features are present. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 17. WATER SHORTAGES AND CONSERVATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be located in an area that could experience water shortages. The policies of local water districts and the city or county in which the Property is located can result in the occurrence of any or all of the following: **(i)** limitations on the amount of water available to the Property, **(ii)** restrictions on the use of water, and **(iii)** an increasingly graduated cost per unit of water use, including, but not limited to, penalties for excess usage. For further information, Broker recommends that Buyer contact the supplier of water to the Property regarding the supplier's current or anticipated policies on water usage and to determine the extent to which those policies may affect Buyer's intended use of the Property. If the Property is serviced by a private well, Buyer is advised that drought conditions and/or a low water table may make it necessary to arrange, through a private supplier, for delivery of water to the Property. Buyers should contact water truck companies for the costs involved. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 18. 1915 IMPROVEMENT BOND MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY DISTRICT, AND OTHER ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be subject to an improvement bond assessment under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915, a levy of a special tax pursuant to a Mello-Roos Community Facilities district, and/or a contractual assessment as provided in § 5898.24 of the Streets And Highways Code or other assessment districts. Seller is generally required to make a good faith effort to obtain a disclosure notice from any local agency collecting such taxes and deliver such notice to Buyers. If there is a question as to whether an existing bond or assessment will be prorated as of the close of escrow, or whether Seller will pay off the bond or assessment at close of escrow, Buyers are advised to discuss the matter with the appropriate entity and address the responsibility for payment in negotiations for the purchase agreement or amendment prior to removing contingencies. Some cities and other localities have begun, or have the intention to begin, the process of requiring the replacement of utility poles by requiring that utility lines be buried underground. These projects can result in special tax assessments and set-up costs that are imposed on individual property owners. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

## C. Off-Site and Neighborhood Conditions

- 1. GOLF COURSE DISCLOSURES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is located adjacent to or near a golf course the following may apply: **(i)** Stray golf balls – Any residence near a golf course may be affected by errant golf balls, resulting in personal injury or destruction to property. Golfers may attempt to trespass on adjacent property to retrieve golf balls even though the project restrictions may expressly prohibit such retrieval. **(ii)** Noise and lighting – The noise of lawn mowers irrigation systems and utility vehicles may create disturbances to homeowners. Maintenance operations may occur in the early morning hours. Residents living near the clubhouse may be affected by extra lighting, noise, and traffic. **(iii)** Pesticides and fertilizer use – A golf course may be heavily fertilized, as well as subjected to other chemicals during certain periods of the year. **(iv)** Irrigation system – Golf course sprinkler systems may cause water overspray upon adjacent property and structures. Also the irrigation system of a golf course may use reclaimed and retreated wastewater. **(v)** Golf carts – Certain lots may be affected more than others by the use of golf carts. Lots adjacent to a tee or putting green may be subject to noise disturbances and loss of privacy. **(vi)** Access to golf course from residences – It is likely that most residences will not have direct access from their lots to the golf course. The project restrictions may disclaim any right of access or other easements from a resident's lot onto the golf course. **(vii)** View obstruction – Residents living near a golf course may have their views over the golf course impacted by maturing trees and landscaping or by changes to the course's configuration. **(viii)** Water restrictions – As some municipalities face water shortages, the continued availability of water to the golf course may be restricted or otherwise reduced by the local water agency. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact the local water agency regarding this matter. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 2. NEIGHBORHOOD, AREA, PERSONAL FACTORS, BUYER INTENDED USE, HIGH SPEED RAILS, AND SMOKING RESTRICTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the following may affect the Property or Buyer's intended use of it:



neighborhood or area conditions, including schools, proximity and adequacy of law enforcement, crime, fire protection, other government services, availability, adequacy and cost of any speed-wired, wireless internet connections or other telecommunications or other technology services and installations, proximity to medical marijuana growing or distribution locations, cell phone towers, manufacturing, commercial, industrial, airport or agricultural activities or military ordnance locations, existing and proposed transportation, construction, and development, any other source that may affect noise, view, traffic, or odor, wild and domestic animals, susceptibility to tsunami and adequacy of tsunami warnings, other nuisances, hazards, or circumstances, protected species, wetland properties, botanical diseases, historic or other governmentally-protected sites or improvements, cemeteries, conditions and influences of significance to certain cultures and/or religions, and personal needs, requirements and preferences of Buyer and FAA requirements for recreational and non-recreational use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) (drones) (see UAS frequently asked questions <http://www.faa.gov/uas/faqs/>). California is potentially moving toward high speed rail service between Northern and Southern California. This rail line could have an impact on the Property if it is located nearby. More information on the timing of the project and routes is available from the California High-Speed Rail Authority at [www.cahighspeedrail.ca.gov/](http://www.cahighspeedrail.ca.gov/). The State of California has long-standing no smoking laws in place restricting smoking in most business and some public spaces. Local jurisdictions may enact laws that are more restrictive than state law. Many California cities have enacted restrictions on smoking in parks, public sidewalks, beaches and shopping areas. Some jurisdictions have restrictions entirely banning smoking inside privately owned apartments and condominiums as well as in the common areas of such structures, or limiting smoking to certain designated areas. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact local government agencies about these restrictions. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

3. **NEIGHBORHOOD NOISE SOURCES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that even if the Property is not in an identified airport noise influence area, the Property may still be subject to noise and air disturbances resulting from airplanes and other aircraft, commercial or military or both, flying overhead. Other common sources of noise include nearby commercial districts, schools, traffic on streets, highways and freeways, trains and general neighborhood noise from people, dogs and other animals. Noise levels and types of noise that bother one person may be acceptable to others. Buyer is advised to satisfy him/herself with regard to any sources of and amounts of noise at different times of day and night. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **SCHOOLS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that children living in the Property may not, for numerous reasons, be permitted to attend the school nearest the Property. Various factors including, but not limited to, open enrollment policies, busing, overcrowding and class size reductions may affect which public school serves the Property. School district boundaries are subject to change. Buyer is advised to verify whether the Property is now, and at the Close of Escrow will be, in the school district Buyer understands it to be in and whether residing in the Property entitles a person to attend any specific school in which that Buyer is interested. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact the local school or school district for additional information during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **UNDERGROUND PIPELINES AND UTILITIES:** Throughout California underground pipelines transport natural gas, liquid fuel and other potentially hazardous materials. These pipelines may or may not provide utility services to the Property. Information about the location of some of the pipelines may be available from a company that also provides disclosures of natural and other hazards or from other sources of public maps or records. Proximity to underground pipelines, in and of itself, does not affirmatively establish the risk or safety of the property. If Buyer wants further information about these underground pipelines and utilities, Buyer is advised to consult with appropriate experts during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **WILDLIFE:** California is the home to many species of wildlife. The location of homes in California continues to expand into areas that are the natural habitat of wildlife and the Property may be in such an area. Wildlife may become a nuisance especially if the availability of their natural sources of food or water is limited. Buyer should investigate the need to implement mitigation measures at the Property including but not limited to the use of animal-resistant garbage containers, and other appropriate measures depending on the species and habitat involved. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **SEA LEVEL RISE/COASTAL PROPERTIES:** Sea level rise has the potential to affect coastal residents, recreation, and development. Coastal communities may or may not have addressed the potential impact. The following is a non-exclusive list of issues that may be impacted by sea level rise: (i) Shoreline, beach and bluff erosion; and sand replacement requirements; (ii) The effectiveness of seawalls and bulkheads, whether built with or without permits; (iii) Seaward construction, development or improvement to existing structures; (iv) The enactment of geological hazard abatement districts and assessments; and (v) The determination of the "mean high tide line" which is used to figure out the property's boundary. Buyer is advised to consult with appropriate professionals, including having a geological inspection, to identify the effect of the listed conditions, if any, on the property. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

Below is a non-exhaustive list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer investigations into sea level rise, and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.

- A. California Coastal Commission contact information: <https://www.coastal.ca.gov/contact/#/>
- B. State Lands Commission contact information: <https://www.slc.ca.gov/contact-us/>
- C. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (sea level rise page): [https://search.usa.gov/search?affiliate=csc\\_search\\_all&query=sea=level=rise&submit=submit](https://search.usa.gov/search?affiliate=csc_search_all&query=sea=level=rise&submit=submit)
- D. California Coastal Commission (sea level rise page): <https://www.coastal.ca.gov/climate/slr/>
- E. Coastal Adaptation Planning Guidance: Residential Development (draft); California Coastal Commission: <https://www.coastal.ca.gov/climate/slr/vulnerability-adaptation/residential/>



## D. Legal Requirements (Federal, State and Local)

- 1. DEATH ON THE PROPERTY:** California Civil Code § 1710.2 protects a seller from: (i) failing to disclose a death on the property that occurred more than 3 years before a buyer has made an offer on a property; and (ii) failing to disclose if an occupant of a property was afflicted with HIV/AIDS, regardless of whether a death occurred or if so, when § 1710.2 does not protect a seller from making a misrepresentation in response to a direct inquiry. If the Buyer has any concerns about whether a death occurred on the Property or the manner, location, details or timing of a death, the buyer should direct any specific questions to the Seller in writing. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 2. EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONES AND SEISMIC HAZARD ZONES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California Public Resources Code §§ 2622 and 2696 require the delineation and mapping of “Earthquake Fault Zones” along known active faults and “Seismic Hazard Zones” in California. Affected cities and counties must regulate certain development projects within these zones. Construction or development on affected properties may be subject to the findings of a geological report prepared by a registered California geologist. Generally, Seller must disclose if the Property is in such a zone and can use a research company to aid in the process. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that, during Buyer’s inspection contingency period, Buyer make independent inquiries with such research companies or with appropriate government agencies concerning the use and improvement of the Property. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for earthquakes and seismic hazards even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 3. EPA’s LEAD-BASED PAINT RENOVATION, REPAIR AND PAINTING RULE:** The new rule requires that contractors and maintenance professionals working in pre-1978 housing, child care facilities, and schools with lead-based paint be certified; that their employees be trained; and that they follow protective work practice standards. The rule applies to renovation, repair, or painting activities affecting more than six square feet of lead-based paint in a room or more than 20 square feet of lead-based paint on the exterior. Enforcement of the rule begins October 1, 2010. See the EPA website at <http://www.epa.gov/lead> for more information. Buyer and Seller are advised to consult an appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 4. FIRE HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that fires annually cause the destruction of thousands of homes. Due to varied climate and topography, certain areas have higher risks of fires than others. Certain types of materials used in home construction create a greater risk of fire than others. If the Property is located within a State Fire Responsibility Area or a Very High Fire Hazard Zone, generally Seller must disclose that fact to Buyer under California Public Resources Code § 4136 and California Government Code §§ 51178 and 51183.5, and may use a research company to aid in the process. Owners of property may be assessed a fire prevention fee on each structure on each parcel in such zones. The fee may be adjusted annually commencing July 1, 2013. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that, during Buyer’s inspection contingency period, Buyer contact the local fire department and Buyer’s insurance agent regarding the risk of fire. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for fires even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 5. FIRPTA/CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING:** Buyer and Seller are advised that: (i) Internal Revenue Code § 1445, as of February 17, 2016, requires a Buyer to withhold and to remit to the Internal Revenue Service 15% of the purchase price of the property if the Seller is a non-resident alien, unless an express exemption applies. Only 10% needs to be withheld if the Buyer acquires the property as Buyer’s residence and the price does not exceed \$1,000,000. Seller may avoid withholding by providing Buyer a statement of non-foreign status. The statement must be signed by Seller under penalty of perjury and must include Seller’s tax identification number. Buyer can also avoid having to withhold Federal taxes from Seller’s Proceeds if the property price is \$300,000 or less, and the Buyer signs an affidavit stating Buyer intends to occupy the property as a principal residence. (ii) California Revenue and Taxation Code § 18662 requires that a Buyer withhold and remit to the California Franchise Tax Board 3 1/3% of the purchase price of the property unless the Seller signs an affidavit that the property was the Seller’s (or the decedent’s, if a trust or probate sale) principal residence or that the sales price is \$100,000 or less or another express exemption applies. Exemptions from withholding also apply to legal entities such as corporations, LLCs, and partnerships. Brokers cannot give tax or legal advice. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller seek advice from a CPA, attorney or taxing authority. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 6. FLOOD HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is located within a Special Flood Hazard Area, as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or an area of Potential Flooding pursuant to California Government Code § 8589.3, generally Seller must disclose this fact to Buyer and may use a research company to aid in the process. The National Flood Insurance Program was established to identify all flood plain areas and establish flood-risk zones within those areas. The program mandates flood insurance for properties within high-risk zones if loans are obtained from a federally-regulated financial institution or are insured by any agency of the United States Government. The extent of coverage and costs may vary. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult his or her lender and/or insurance agent during Buyer’s inspection contingency period. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for flooding even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 7. MEGAN’S LAW DATABASE DISCLOSURE:** Notice: Pursuant to § 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specific registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at <http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov/>. Depending on an offender’s criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides. (Neither Seller nor Brokers, in any, are required to check this website. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer should obtain information directly from this website.) Brokers do not have expertise in this area.





8. **NOTICE OF YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL PROPERTY TAX BILL; ACCURATE SALES PRICE REPORTING:** Buyer and Seller are advised that pursuant to Civil Code § 1102.6(c), Seller, or his or her agent, is required to provide the following notice to the Buyer:

“California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes.

The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. Even if you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bills will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please call your Tax Collector’s Office.”

Although the notice refers to loan closing as a trigger, it is actually the change of ownership which triggers this reassessment of property taxes. Therefore, the Property can be reassessed even if there is no loan involved in the purchase of the Property. The Purchase Agreement may allocate supplemental tax bills received after the Close of Escrow to the Buyer. A change (preliminary change) of ownership form is generally required to be filed by the Buyer with the local taxing agency. The form identifies the sales price of the Property. An assessor may value the Property at its fair market value regardless of the sales price declared by the Buyer. If Buyer wants further information concerning these matters, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with the County Assessor or Tax Collector or their own tax or legal advisor. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

9. **ZONE MAPS MAY CHANGE:** Maps that designate, among other things, Earthquake Fault Zones, Seismic Hazard Zones, State Fire Responsibility Areas, Very High Fire Hazard Zones, Special Flood Hazard Areas, and Potential Flooding Areas are occasionally redrawn by the applicable Government Agency. Properties that are currently designated in a specified zone or area could be removed and properties that are not now designated in a specified zone or area could be placed in one or more such zones or areas in the future. A property owner may dispute a FEMA flood hazard location by submitting an application to FEMA. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

## E. Contract Related Issues and Terms

1. **ARBITRATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that arbitration is a process by which the disputing parties hire a neutral person to render a binding decision. Generally, arbitration is faster and less expensive than resolving disputes by litigating in court. The rules are usually less formal than in court, and it is a private process not a matter of public record. By agreeing to arbitration, the parties give up the right to a jury trial and to appeal the arbitrator’s decision. Arbitration decisions have been upheld even when arbitrators have made a mistake as to the law or the facts. If the parties agree to arbitration, then after first attempting to settle the dispute through mediation, any dispute arising out of their agreement (with a few limited exceptions) must be submitted to binding arbitration. Buyer and Seller must weigh the benefits of a potentially quicker and less expensive arbitration against giving up the right to a jury trial and the right to appeal. Brokers cannot give legal advice regarding these matters. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to arbitration. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
2. **ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES:** The ability to use electronic signatures to sign legal documents is a great convenience, facilitating the ability to send and receive documents and reach agreement in a real estate transaction. However, Buyers and Sellers are cautioned to carefully read each provision. Arrows indicating “sign here” are merely there for the convenience of finding the next signature line. Only sign if you have taken the time necessary to read each document thoroughly, have full knowledge, and consent to the terms provided in the document. Brokers strongly advise Buyers and Sellers to read the entire document before signing even if they have reviewed an earlier draft. Do not just scroll through or skip to the next signature line. You are signing a legally binding agreement. Read it carefully. Ask your Broker, Agent or legal advisor if you have questions or do not understand a provision, and sign only if you agree to be bound by the terms. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **ESCROW FUNDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California Insurance Code § 12413.1 provides that escrow companies cannot disburse funds unless there are sufficient “good funds” to cover the disbursement. “Good funds” are defined as cash, wire transfers and cashiers’ or certified checks drawn on California depositories. Escrow companies vary in their own definitions of “good funds.” Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller ask the escrow company regarding its treatment of “good funds.” All samples and out-of-state checks are subject to waiting periods and do not constitute “good funds” until the money is physically transferred to and received by the escrow holder. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **HOME WARRANTY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer and Seller can purchase home warranty plans covering certain standard systems of the Property both before and after Close of Escrow. Seller can obtain coverage for the Property during the listing period. For an additional premium, an upgraded policy providing additional coverage for air conditioning, pool and spa and other features can be purchased. Home warranties do not cover every aspect of the Property and may not cover inspections or upgrades for repairs required by state or federal laws or pre-existing conditions. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review the policy for details. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **IDENTIFICATION OF NATURAL PERSONS BEHIND SHELL COMPANIES IN ALL-CASH TRANSACTIONS:** The U.S. Treasury Department’s Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) has issued Geographic Targeting Orders (GTOs) targeting alleged money laundering risk in the real estate sector. The GTOs will temporarily require U.S.



title insurance companies to identify the natural persons behind shell companies used to pay “all cash” for high-end residential real estate in certain major metropolitan areas. FinCEN explained that it remains concerned that all-cash purchases (i.e., those without bank financing) may be conducted by individuals attempting to hide their assets and identity by purchasing residential properties through limited liability companies or other similar structures. Since the original issuance, the GTOs have been renewed and may continue to be renewed. The GTOs cover the following areas in California: Los Angeles, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara and San Diego Counties. The monetary thresholds for each county is \$300,000. GTOs have helped law enforcement identify possible illicit activity. FinCEN reported that a significant portion of covered transactions have dictated possible criminal activity associated with the individuals reported to be the beneficial owners behind shell company purchasers. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

6. **LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that a liquidated damages clause is a provision Buyer and Seller can use to agree in advance to the amount of damages that a seller will receive if a buyer breaches the Agreement. The clause usually provides that a seller will retain a buyer's initial deposit paid if a buyer breaches the agreement, and generally must be separately initialed by both parties and meet other statutory requirements to be enforceable. For any additional deposits to be covered by the liquidated damages clause, there generally must be another separately signed or initialed agreement (see C.A.R. Form RID). However, if the Property contains from 1 to 4 units, one of which a buyer intends to occupy, California Civil Code § 1675 limits the amount of the deposit subject to liquidated damages to 3% of the purchase price. Even though both parties have agreed to a liquidated damages clause, an escrow company will usually require either a judge's or arbitrator's decision or instructions signed by both parties in order to release a buyer's deposit to a seller. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to a liquidated damages clause. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **MEDIATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that mediation is a process by which the parties hire a neutral person to facilitate discussion and negotiation between the parties with the goal of helping them reach a settlement of their dispute. The parties generally share in the cost of this confidential, non-binding negotiation. If no agreement is reached, either party can pursue further legal action. Under C.A.R. Form RPA-CA: (i) the parties must mediate any dispute arising out of their agreement (with a few limited exceptions, such as matters within the jurisdiction of a small claims court) before they resort to arbitration or court, and (ii) if a party proceeds to arbitration or court without having first attempted to mediate the dispute, that party risks losing the right to recover attorney fees and costs even if he or she prevails. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **NON CONFIDENTIALITY OF OFFERS:** Buyer is advised that Seller or Listing Agent may disclose the existence, terms, or conditions of Buyer's offer, unless all parties and their agent have signed a written confidentiality agreement (such as C.A.R. Form CND). Whether any such information is actually disclosed depends on many factors, such as current market conditions, the prevailing practice in the real estate community, the Listing Agent's marketing strategy and the instructions of the Seller. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
9. **ONLINE OR WIRE FUNDS TRANSFERS:** Instructions for the online or wire transfer of escrow deposits have been known to be intercepted by hackers who alter them so that Buyer's funds are actually wired to accounts controlled by criminals rather than the escrow company. Buyers should exercise extreme caution in making electronic funds transfers, verifying that the organization they are transferring funds to is, in fact, the escrow company and that their own bank account information is not being exposed. See C.A.R. Form WFA for further information. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

## F. Other Factors Affecting Property

1. **COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT AND PRIVATE TRANSFER FEES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that some areas or communities may have enhancement fees or user-type fees, or private transfer taxes and fees, over and above any stated fees. The Federal Housing Finance Agency has issued a rule that prohibits Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac from purchasing loans made on properties with private transfer fees if those fees were established on or after February 8, 2011. See title 12 Code of Federal Regulations § 1228 for more information and exceptions. Private transfer fees: (i) may last for a fixed period of time or in perpetuity, (ii) are typically calculated as a percentage of the sales price, and (iii) may have private parties, charitable organizations or interest-based groups as their recipients who may use the funds for social issues unrelated to the property. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
2. **GENERAL RECALL/DEFECTIVE PRODUCT/CLASS ACTION INFORMATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that government entities and manufacturers may at any time issue recall notices and/or warnings about products that may be present in the Property, and that these notices or warnings can change. The following nonexclusive, non-exhaustive list contains examples of recalled/defective products/class action information: horizontal furnaces, Whirlpool Microwave Hood Combination; RE-ConBuilding products roof tiles; Central Sprinkler Company Fire Sprinklers; Robert Shaw Water Heater Gas Control Valves; Trex Decking; water heaters; aluminum wiring; galvanized, abs, polybutylene PEX, KITEC® and copper pipe; and dry wall manufactured in China. There is no single, all-inclusive source of information on product recalls, defective products or class actions; however, the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) maintains a website that contains useful information. If Buyer wants further information regarding the items listed above, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review the CPSC website at <http://www.cpsc.gov/> during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Another source affiliated with the CPSC is <http://saferproducts.gov/> which allows a Buyer to search by product type or product name. Buyer may also search using the various search engines on the Internet for the specified product or products in question. Brokers recommend that

Buyer satisfy themselves regarding recalled or defective products. Brokers will not determine if any aspect of the Property is subject to a recall or is affected by a class action lawsuit. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 3. HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATIONS AND COVENANTS, CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS (“CC&Rs”); CHARGING STATIONS; FHA/VA APPROVAL:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is a condominium, or located in a planned unit development, or in a common interest subdivision, there are typically restrictions on use of the Property and rules that must be followed. Restrictions and rules are commonly found in Declarations and other governing documents. Further there is likely to be a homeowner association (HOA) that has the authority to affect the Property and its use. Whether or not there is a HOA, the Property may still be subject to CC&Rs restricting use of the Property. The HOA typically has the authority to enforce the rules of the association, assess monetary payments (both regular monthly dues and special assessments) to provide for the upkeep and maintenance of the common areas, and enforce the rules and assessment obligations. If you fail to abide by the rules or pay monies owed to the HOA, the HOA may put a lien against your Property. Additionally, if an electric vehicle charging station is installed in a common area or an exclusive use common area, each Seller whose parking space is on or near that charging station must disclose its existence and that the Buyer will have the responsibilities set forth in California Civil Code §4745. The law requires the Seller to provide the Buyer with the CC&Rs and other governing documents, as well as a copy of the HOA’s current financial statement and operating budget, among other documents. Effective July 1, 2016, a Common Interest Development (CID) will be required to include in its annual budget report a separate statement describing the status of the CID as a Federal Housing Administration or Department of Veterans Affairs approved Development. While the purchase agreement and the law require that the annual budget be provided by Seller to Buyer, Brokers will not and cannot verify the accuracy of information provided by the CID. Buyer is advised to carefully review all HOA documents provided by Seller and the CC&Rs, if any, and satisfy him/herself regarding the use and restrictions of the Property, the amount of monthly dues and/or assessments, the adequacy of reserves, current and past insurance coverage and claims, and the possibility of any legal action that may be taken by or against the HOA. The HOA may not have insurance or may not cover personal property belonging to the owner of the unit in the condominium, common interest or planned unit development. For more information Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: “Homeowners’ Associations: A Guide for REALTORS®”. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 4. LEGAL ACTION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if Seller or a previous owner was involved in a legal action (litigation or arbitration) affecting the Property, Buyer should obtain and review public and other available records regarding the legal action to determine: **(i)** whether the legal action or any resolution of it affects Buyer and the Property, **(ii)** if any rights against any parties involved in the legal action survive the legal action or have been terminated or waived as a result of the legal action, whether or not involving the same issue as in the legal action, and **(iii)** if any recommendations or requirements resulting from the legal action have been fulfilled and, if so, that Buyer is satisfied with any such action. Buyer should seek legal advice regarding these matters. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 5. MARKETING; INTERNET ADVERTISING; INTERNET BLOGS; SOCIAL MEDIA:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Broker may employ a “staging” company to assist in the presentation of the Property. The furnishings and decorations in the staging are generally not included in the sale unless specifically noted in the Agreement. Statements and inclusion in the MLS entry, flyers, and other marketing materials are NOT part of the Agreement. In addition, Broker may employ a service to provide a “virtual tour” or “virtual staging” or Internet marketing of the Property, permitting potential buyers to view the Property over the Internet. While they are supposed to be an accurate representation of the property, the photos may be enhanced and not fully representative of the actual condition of the property. Further, neither the service provider nor Broker have total control over who will obtain access to materials placed on the internet or what action such persons might take. Additionally, some Internet sites and other social media provide formats for comments or opinions of value of properties that are for sale. Information on the Property, or its owner, neighborhood, or any homeowner association having governance over the Property may be found on the internet on individual or commercial web sites, blogs, Facebook pages, or other social media. Any such information may be accurate, speculative, truthful or lies, and it may or may not reflect the opinions or representations by the Broker. Broker will not investigate any such sites, blogs, social media or other internet sites or the representations contained therein. Buyer is advised to make an independent search of electronic media and online sources prior to removing any investigation contingency. Buyer and Seller are advised that Broker has no control over how long the information or photos concerning the Property will be available on the Internet or through social media, and Broker will not be responsible for removing any such content from the internet or MLS. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 6. PACE LOANS AND LIENS:** The acronym PACE stands for Property Assessed Clean Energy. PACE programs allow property owners to finance energy and water conservation improvements and pay for them through an assessment on the owner’s property. PACE programs are available in most areas for both residential one to four unit properties and commercial properties. PACE programs may be referred to by different names such as HERO or SCEIP, among others. If a PACE project is approved, an assessment lien is placed on a property for the amount owed plus interest. A property owner repays the entity for the improvements as a special tax assessment on the property tax bill over a period of years. A PACE lien is similar to a property tax lien in that it has “super priority.” Sellers are obligated to disclose, pursuant to the C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement (C.A.R. Form RPA), whether any improvement is subject to a lien such as a PACE lien. Properties that are subject to PACE liens made on or after July 6, 2010 may not

be eligible for financing. For more information, Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: "PACE Programs and Solar Leases". Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 7. **RE-KEYING:** All locks should be re-keyed immediately upon close of escrow so as to ensure the Buyer's safety and security of their persons as well as their personal belongings. Alarms, if any, should be serviced by professionals and codes should be changed. Garage door openers and remotes should be re-coded. In the event of a lease back to Seller after the close of escrow, Seller is advised that the Buyer is entitled to the keys as the Owner of the Property even though the Seller stays in possession of the Property as provided in the RPA.
- 8. **SOLAR PANEL LEASES:** Solar panel or power systems may be owned or leased. Although leased systems are probably personal property, they are included in the sale by the C.A.R. purchase agreement which also obligates the Seller to make a disclosure to the Buyer and provide the Buyer with documentation concerning the lease and system. Leasing companies generally secure payments by filing a UCC-1 (a Uniform Commercial Code form giving notice of a creditor's security interest) against the property. Buyers are given a contingency right to investigate the solar related system and documentation and assume any lease. Assumption of the lease may require Buyer to provide financial information to the leasing company who may require a credit report be obtained on the Buyer. Should a solar panel or power system be on the Property, Buyers should determine if the system is leased or owned. Buyers willingness to assume any such lease is a contingency in favor of Seller. For more information, Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: "PACE Programs and Solar Leases". Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 9. **RECORDING DEVICES:** Audio or video recording devices or both may be present on the Property, whether or not notice of any such devices has been posted. Seller may or may not even be aware of the capability of such devices.

## G. Local Disclosures and Advisories

### 1. LOCAL ADVISORIES OR DISCLOSURES (IF CHECKED):


The following disclosures or advisories are attached:

- A.  \_\_\_\_\_
- B.  \_\_\_\_\_
- C.  \_\_\_\_\_
- D.  \_\_\_\_\_

**Buyer and Seller are encouraged to read all 14 pages of this Advisory carefully. By signing below, Buyer and Seller acknowledge that each has read, understands and received a copy of all 14 pages of this Advisory.**

BUYER \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

BUYER \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

SELLER Scott Siegman  \_\_\_\_\_ Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021

SELLER \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Real Estate Broker (Seller's Firm) Compass DRE Lic.# 01991628

Address 680 East Colorado Boulevard #150 City Pasadena State CA Zip 91101

By Douglas Lee  Douglas Lee Tel. (650) 279-1212 E-mail doug.lee@compass.com DRE Lic.# \_\_\_\_\_ Date 11/24/2021

By \_\_\_\_\_ Tel. \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail \_\_\_\_\_ DRE Lic.# \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Two Brokers with different companies are co-listing the Property. Co-listing Broker information is on the attached Additional Broker Acknowledgement (C.A.R. Form ABA)

Real Estate Broker (Buyer's Firm) \_\_\_\_\_ DRE Lic.# \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip \_\_\_\_\_

By \_\_\_\_\_ Tel. \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail \_\_\_\_\_ DRE Lic.# \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

By \_\_\_\_\_ Tel. \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail \_\_\_\_\_ DRE Lic.# \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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**SBSA REVISED 6/21 (PAGE 14 OF 14)**



Douglas Lee | Compass | Generated by Glide 

**STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY (SBSA PAGE 14 OF 14)**



MARKET CONDITIONS ADVISORY
(C.A.R. Form MCA, Revised 11/11)

1. MARKET CONDITIONS: Real estate markets are cyclical and can change over time. It is impossible to predict future market conditions with accuracy. In a competitive or "hot" real estate market, there are generally more Buyers than Sellers. This will often lead to multiple buyers competing for the same property. As a result, in order to make their offers more attractive, some Buyers may offer more than originally planned or eliminate certain contingencies in their offers. In a less competitive or "cool" market there are generally more Sellers than Buyers, often causing real estate prices to level off or drop, sometimes precipitously. The sales price of homes being sold as foreclosures and short sales is difficult to anticipate and can affect the value of other homes in the area. Brokers, appraisers, Sellers and Buyers take these "distressed" property sales and listings into consideration when valuing property. In light of the real estate market's cyclical nature it is important that Buyers understand the potential for little or no appreciation in value, or an actual loss in value, of the property they purchase. This Advisory discusses some of the potential risks inherent in changing market conditions.

2. BUYER CONSIDERATIONS:

A. OFFERING PRICE: AS A BUYER, YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE PRICE YOU WANT TO OFFER FOR A PROPERTY. Although Brokers may provide you with comparable sales data, generally from information published in the local multiple listing service, you should know that the reporting of this data is often delayed and prices may change, up or down, faster than reported sales indicate. All buyers should be sure they are comfortable with the price they are offering or the price they are accepting in a counter offer. You should be aware of and think about the following: (i) If your offer is accepted, the property's value may not increase and may even decrease. (ii) If your offer is accepted, you may have "Buyer's remorse" that you paid too much. (iii) If your offer is rejected there can be no guarantee that you will find a similar property at the same price. (iv) If your offer is rejected, you may not be satisfied that the amount you offered was right for you. Only you can determine that your offer was reasonable and prudent in light of the property and your circumstances.

B. NON-CONTINGENT OFFERS: Most residential purchase agreements contain contingencies allowing a Buyer within a specified period of time to cancel a purchase if: (i) the Buyer cannot obtain a loan; (ii) is dissatisfied with the property's condition after an inspection; or (iii) if the property does not appraise at a certain value. To make their offers more attractive, Buyers will sometimes write offers with few or no contingencies or offer to remove contingencies within a short period of time. In a "hot" market, sellers will sometimes insist that Buyers write offers with no contingencies. Broker recommends that Buyers do not write non-contingent offers and if you do so, you are acting against Broker's advice. However, if you do write a non-contingent offer these are some of the contractual rights you may be giving up:

(1) LOAN CONTINGENCY: If you give up your loan contingency, and you cannot obtain a loan, whether through your fault or the fault of your lender, and as a result, you do not or cannot purchase the property, you may legally be in default under the contract and required to pay damages or forfeit your deposit to the seller.

(2) APPRAISAL CONTINGENCY: If your lender's (or your own) appraiser does not believe the property is worth what you have agreed to pay for it, your lender may not loan the full amount needed for the purchase or may not loan any amount at all because of a low appraisal. As a result, if you do not purchase the property, and you have removed your appraisal contingency, you may legally be in default under the contract and could be required to pay damages to, or forfeit your deposit to, the Seller. The Seller is not obligated to reduce the purchase price to match the appraised value.

(3) INSPECTION CONTINGENCY: If you disapprove of the condition of the property and as a result, you do not purchase the property, you may legally be in default under the contract and required to pay damages to, or forfeit your deposit to, the Seller if you have removed your inspection contingency. However, even if you make an offer without an inspection contingency or you remove that contingency, the Seller may still be obligated to disclose to you material facts about the property. In some cases, once you receive that information the law gives you an independent right to cancel for a limited period of time.

There is inherent risk in writing a non-contingent offer. Only you, after careful consultation and deliberation with your attorney, accountant, or financial advisor can decide how much risk you are willing to take. IT IS YOUR DECISION ALONE AND CANNOT BE MADE BY YOUR BROKER OR REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Buyer's Initials ( ) ( )

Seller's Initials (SS) ( )

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_




**C. BROKER RECOMMENDATIONS.** Broker recommends that you do not write a non-contingent offer, even if you are planning on paying all cash for the property. If you intend to write a non-contingent offer, Broker recommends that, prior to writing the offer, you: **(i)** review all available Seller reports, disclosures, information and documents; **(ii)** have an appropriate professional inspect the property (even if it is being sold “as is” in its present condition); and **(iii)** carefully assess your financial position and risk with your attorney, accountant or financial advisor.

**D. MULTIPLE OFFERS:** At times Buyers may write offers on more than one property even though the Buyer intends to purchase only one. This may occur in a short sale when the approval process can take a considerable amount of time. While it is not illegal to make offers on multiple properties with intent to purchase only one, the Buyer can be obligated to many Sellers if more than one accepts the Buyer’s offers. If the Buyer has not disclosed that the Buyer is writing multiple offers with the intent to purchase only one and the Buyer subsequently cancels without using a contingency, the Seller may claim the Buyer is in breach of contract because the Buyer fraudulently induced the Seller to enter into a contract.

**3. SELLER CONSIDERATIONS:**

As a Seller, you are responsible for determining the asking price for your property. Although Brokers may provide you with comparable sales data, generally from information published in the local multiple listing service, you should know that the reporting of this data is often delayed and prices may change, up or down, faster than reported sales indicate. All Sellers should be sure they are comfortable with the asking price they are setting and the price they are accepting. There is not, and cannot be, any guarantee that the price you decide to ask for your property, or the price at which not you agree to sell your property is the highest available price obtainable for the property. It is solely your decision as to how much to ask for your property and at which price to sell your property.

**Buyer/Seller acknowledges each has read, understands and has received a copy of this Market Conditions Advisory.**

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Seller Scott Siegman  Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021  
 Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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# WATER-CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR NOTICE

(C.A.R. Form WCMD, 12/16)

Property Address: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335

## 1. WATER-CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES

### A. INSTALLATION:

**(1) Requirements:** (a) Single-Family Properties. California law (Civil Code § 1101.4) requires all single-family residences built on or before January 1, 1994 to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures after January 1, 2017. (b) Multifamily and Commercial Properties. Civil Code § 1101.5 requires all multifamily residential and commercial properties built on or before January 1, 1994 to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures after January 1, 2019. Additionally, on and after January 1, 2014, a multifamily residential and commercial property built on or before January 1, 1994 that is altered or improved is required to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures as a condition of final approval if the alteration or improvement increases floor area space by more than 10 percent, or has a cost greater than \$150,000, or for any room in a building which requires a building permit.

**(2) Exceptions:** These requirements do not apply to (i) registered historical sites, (ii) real property for which a licensed plumber certified that, due to the age or configuration of the property or its plumbing, installation of water-conserving plumbing fixtures is not technically feasible, or (iii) a building for which water service is permanently disconnected. Additionally, there is a one-year exemption for any building slated for demolition, and any city or county that has adopted a retrofit requirement prior to 2009 is itself exempt. (Civil Code §§1101.6, 1101.7, and 1101.9.)

**B. Disclosure of Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures:** Although the installation of water-conserving plumbing fixtures is not a point of sale requirement, California Civil Code §§ 1101.4 (single family properties beginning 2017) and 1101.5 (multifamily and commercial properties beginning 2019) require the seller to disclose to the buyer the requirements concerning water-conserving plumbing fixtures and whether the property contains any noncompliant water fixtures.

**C. Noncompliant Water Fixtures:** Noncompliant water fixtures are any of the following: (i) any toilet manufactured to use more than 1.6 gallons of water per flush, (ii) any urinal manufactured to use more than one gallon of water per flush, (iii) any showerhead manufactured to have a flow capacity of more than 2.5 gallons of water per minute, (iv) any interior faucet that emits more than 2.2 gallons of water per minute. (Civil Code § 1101.3.) Buyer and Seller are each advised to consult with their own home inspector or contractor to determine if any water fixture is noncompliant.

## 2. CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS:

### A. INSTALLATION:

**(1). Requirements:** California law (Health and Safety Code §§ 13260 to 13263 and 17296 to 17296.2) requires that as of July 1, 2011, all existing single-family dwellings have carbon monoxide detectors installed and that all other types of dwelling units intended for human occupancy have carbon monoxide detectors installed on or before January 1, 2013. The January 1, 2013 requirement applies to a duplex, lodging house, dormitory, hotel, condominium, time-share and apartment, among others.

**(2). Exceptions:** The law does not apply to a dwelling unit which does not have any of the following: a fossil fuel burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage. The law does not apply to dwelling units owned or leased by the State of California, the Regents of the University of California or local government agencies. Aside from these three owner types, there are **no other owner exemptions** from the installation requirement; it applies to all owners of dwellings, be they individual banks, corporations, or other entities. There is no exemption for REO properties.

**B. DISCLOSURE OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS:** The Health and Safety Code does not require a disclosure regarding the existence of carbon monoxide detectors in a dwelling. However, a seller of residential 1-4 property who is required to complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement, (C.A.R. Form TDS) or a Manufactured Home and Mobilehome Transfer Disclosure Statement (C.A.R. Form MHTDS) must use section II A of that form to disclose whether or not the dwelling unit has a carbon monoxide detector.

Buyer's/Tenant Initials (\_\_\_\_)(\_\_\_\_)

Seller's/Landlord Initials (SS) (\_\_\_\_)



Property Address: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335

**C. COMPLIANCE WITH INSTALLATION REQUIREMENT:** State building code requires at a minimum, placement of carbon monoxide detectors in applicable properties outside of each sleeping area, and on each floor in a multi-level dwelling but additional or different requirements may apply depending on local building standards and manufacturer instructions. An owner who fails to install a carbon monoxide detector when required by law and continues to fail to install the detector after being given notice by a governmental agency could be liable for a fine of up to \$200 for each violation. A transfer of a property where a seller, as an owner, has not installed carbon monoxide detectors, when required to do so by law, will not be invalidated, but the seller/owner could be subject to damages of up to \$100, plus court costs and attorney fees. Buyer and Seller are each advised to consult with their own home inspector, contractor or building department to determine the exact location for installation of carbon monoxide detectors. Buyer is advised to consult with a professional of Buyer's choosing to determine whether the property has carbon monoxide detector(s) installed as required by law, and if not to discuss with their counsel the potential consequences.

**3. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS:** Some localities maintain their own retrofit or point of sale requirements which may include the requirement that water-conserving plumbing fixtures and/or a carbon monoxide detector be installed prior to a transfer of property. Therefore, it is important to check the local city or county building and safety departments regarding point of sale or retrofit requirements when transferring property.

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures and Carbon Monoxide Detector Notice.


**Seller/Landlord** Scott Siegman  **Scott Siegman, Administrator** **Date** 11/24/2021  
(Signature) (Print Name)

**Seller/Landlord** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

**Buyer/Tenant** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

**Buyer/Tenant** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date** \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature) (Print Name)

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Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_







PARKING AND STORAGE DISCLOSURE
(C.A.R. FORM PSD, Revised 12/17)

This disclosure is made in connection with the Purchase Agreement or [ ] other [ ] ("Agreement"), dated [ ], on property known as 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335 ("Property") between [ ] ("Buyer/Tenant") and Scott Siegman, Administrator ("Seller/Landlord")

If applicable, [X] Seller has been using parking space # 24 [ ] Parking is not included with the Property. If applicable, [X] Seller has been using storage space # 24 [ ] Separate storage is not included with the Property. This is a disclosure only. Right to parking or storage, if any, is determined by the Agreement, and if Property is in a planned development or covered by a Home Owner Association, the governing documents.

- 1. Buyer/Tenant is advised to personally inspect the actual size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility of the actual parking space(s) or storage area(s).
2. If the Property is located in a multi-unit building or any other planned development, the governing documents for the Property, such as the deed, the condominium map/plan, the covenants, conditions and restrictions, tenancy-in-common agreement, or equivalent document, should contain a description and drawing of all assigned parking and storage spaces.
3. Seller/Landlord further discloses the following: The parking spot fits two cars parked in tandem. The storage unit is located on the parking spot.

Seller/Landlord Scott Siegman Scott Siegman, Administrator Date: 11/24/2021
Seller/Landlord Date:

- 4. Buyer/Tenant acknowledges that Buyer/Tenant has:
- Reviewed the governing documents and ensured the parking space(s) or storage area(s) are accurately identified;
- Read all disclosures relating to the parking space(s) or storage area(s) provided by Seller/Landlord;
- Personally inspected the size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility of the actual parking space(s) and storage area(s);
- Determined that the parking spaces(s) or storage area(s) are suitable for Buyer's/Tenant's intended use(s).
- Ensured that the governing documents provide for rights of passage to and from the parking space and storage space, if Buyer/Tenant must pass through another owner's assigned space(s) in order to access Buyer's/Tenant's parking space(s) or storage area(s); and
- Has found no discrepancy between the parking space(s) or storage area(s) as shown in the governing documents and the respective actual size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility or, if Buyer/Tenant has found such a discrepancy, Buyer/Tenant acknowledges that such discrepancy is not material to this purchase or lease.

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges Buyer has received, read, and understands this Parking and Storage Disclosure form.

Date Date
BUYER/TENANT BUYER/TENANT

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## BUYERS HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION ADVISORY (C.A.R. Form BHAA, 6/18)

California Civil Code section 4525 requires sellers of condominiums and other common interest or planned unit developments ("CID") to provide buyers with governing, financial, and other documents and information created and maintained by a Homeowners Association ("HOA"). These documents may be quite lengthy, causing buyers not to take the time to make a careful review of all HOA materials. Buyers should not remove their HOA document review contingency prior to making a thorough review of all HOA materials. Before deciding to proceed with the purchase transaction, it is critical that buyers carefully review all HOA documents to determine for themselves if the property they are acquiring meets their current and future needs for use and enjoyment of the property. As part of this review, Buyer should also consider if any of the documentation has not been provided, is incomplete, or missing.

### BUYER:

**YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED BY YOUR BROKER TO REVIEW ALL HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATION DOCUMENTS, WITH APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONALS, IF NECESSARY, TO UNDERSTAND THEIR CONTENTS.**

**THESE DOCUMENTS WILL GOVERN, AFFECT AND, IN SOME CASES, LIMIT YOUR CURRENT AND FUTURE USE AND ENJOYMENT OF THE PROPERTY.**

All HOA documents and disclosures are important, however, the following are often areas of concern for buyers of property located in a CID:

- 1. Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions ("CC&Rs"):** The CC&Rs are the main provisions governing the HOA: how it is run, and basic rights, duties, and obligations of the HOA and individual members. CC&Rs are recorded documents and after the HOA is formed, it is extremely difficult to change the CC&Rs.
- 2. Bylaws, Rules and Regulations:** Bylaws address operation of the HOA. If promulgated by the HOA, the Rules and Regulations usually detail how the HOA will handle routine, day-to-day matters often affecting common area usage, expenses, etc.
- 3. Minutes:** Most HOAs prepare Minutes of Board of Directors' Meetings detailing past, current, and future (proposed) events, issues, and expenses such as existing or planned litigation, repairs, improvements or needed changes in the dues and/or additional assessments. The Minutes are often the best source of information regarding issues related to the common areas, the individual units, special and increased assessments, and the ability to use and enjoy the property after escrow closes.
- 4. Financial Information:** The financial information from the HOA may be contained in numerous documents, including but not limited to: Pro Forma Operating Budget, Assessment and Reserve Funding Disclosure Summary, Financial Statement Review, Assessment Enforcement Policy, Insurance Summary, Regular Assessment, Special Assessments, and Emergency Assessments. The financial status of the HOA could impact the future costs of owning the property.

**Reserves:** Buyers should determine if reserves are properly and adequately funded and if there are many homeowners who are delinquent on payments for dues and assessments.

**Pending and Future Assessments:** The Minutes and the HOA disclosure form itself may contain critical information and comments regarding pending or future assessment.

**Special or Emergency Assessments:** Buyers need to know if special or emergency assessments are currently due in full or whether they are due only in monthly installments. If it is not clear, buyers should request clarification from the HOA. The Purchase Agreement will determine whether the assessment payment will be paid by the seller at Close of Escrow, or whether the payments are prorated, and the buyer will be responsible for the monthly payments after Close of Escrow.

There are independent services available which will review the HOA documentation and give an opinion of the financial status of a HOA for a fee which is typically \$300.00 to \$500.00 depending upon the services to be provided and the extent of the HOA documentation. Real estate licensees are not qualified to assess the financial viability of any HOA.

If you have any questions or concerns about the financial status, strength, or stability of the HOA, contact your accountant who may be able to provide a professional assessment of the HOA's finances.

- 5. Rental Restrictions:** The HOA may have restrictions and/or prohibitions on your ability to rent your unit. These restrictions may be based on the number/percentage of units that are allowed to be rented, and the approval process associated with rentals. The HOA may also put restrictions on the ability to enter into a short term rental. Some HOAs have even gone so far as to completely prohibit rentals for all new owners. In addition to the HOA restrictions, the city may also impose rental control and eviction control ordinances that may impact your decisions to rent the unit. You should investigate these issues with the HOA and the appropriate government authority to determine whether this property meets your needs. These restrictions may affect your decision to purchase the Property.



6. **Lending Considerations:** Lenders may have certain qualifications that are required from the HOA before they provide financing on your purchase. Many lenders will require the HOA to provide a lender certification document, providing information regarding the HOA. They may require a certain percentage of owner occupied units within the HOA. Further, if you are seeking a FHA or VA loan, the lender may require the HOA to be FHA/VA approved prior to making a loan. You should inquire with your lender and the HOA to determine what will be required in order to obtain financing.
7. **Noise:** Due to noise and other factors, HOAs often restrict the type of floor and/or wall material that can be used in certain units and/or the number of pets. You should directly contact the HOA Board to determine whether the property can be used for your intended purposes. You should also determine whether the property meets your subjective personal preferences and needs.
8. **Common Areas:** Those portions of a CID that are not wholly owned by the individual homeowners are designated as "Common Areas." Usually, the CC&Rs and/or the Bylaws will define what constitutes the Common Areas, how they are used, who gets to use them, and who is responsible for maintenance. Some Common Areas may be available for use by all members and their guests, such as a lobby or garden. However, some Common Areas may be "Restricted" or "Exclusive Use" Common Areas with access limited to certain homeowners (this is often true with swimming pools and spas especially when there are multiple HOAs within a CID), or may be restricted to just one homeowner, such as a roof, deck, balcony, or patio. In some instances, the homeowner may be responsible for maintenance of certain Restricted or Exclusive Use Common Areas. You should determine for yourself whether there are any restrictions affecting the Common Areas which could impact your intended use and enjoyment of the property.
9. **Parking and Storage:** You should determine for yourself whether the allotted parking space(s) are adequate to park your vehicle(s) in the assigned spaces by actually parking in those spaces. Parking space(s) and storage space(s), if any, may be described in a Condominium Map or in the Preliminary Report issued by a Title Company. The actual markings, striping and numbering of these space(s) may not accurately reflect the actual spaces and may be in conflict with the space(s) designated in the recorded documents. It is therefore crucial that you personally determine if the parking and storage space(s) that are designated in the recorded documents are actually the space(s) being transferred to you and that those space(s) are acceptable for your needs and intended uses of the property.
10. **Litigation:** Many CIDs have been involved in, or are presently involved in, or may become involved in, litigation regarding the design, construction, maintenance and/or condition of all or a part of the Development. Whether or not these lawsuits are successful, litigation is expensive, and the cost of such legal actions may impact not only the adequacy of the HOA reserves but also the amount of current or future assessments.
11. **Special Needs:** HOA documents may limit the number and size of animals allowed in units. Fair Housing Laws may impact the effect of such rules on "service" and/or "companion" animals. HOAs on their own, or because of local ordinances, may limit or completely ban smoking and/or vaping in common areas or units. The ability for new buyers to rent units and/or to operate any type of business may also be limited or completely forbidden. Therefore, it is important that you review all HOA documents to ascertain whether there are any limitations on your particular needs or planned use of the property.
12. **Brokers:** Real estate licensees who forward HOA documentation to you have not verified and will not verify either the information provided or the completeness or accuracy of the documentation unless they agree to do so in writing.

The undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of this 2-page Advisory.

Buyer: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Buyer: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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**SQUARE FOOTAGE AND LOT SIZE  
ADVISORY AND DISCLOSURE**  
(C.A.R. Form SFLS, 12/20)

Property Address: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335 ("Property")

- 1. DIFFERENT SOURCES OF SQUARE FOOTAGE MEASUREMENTS:** Measurements of structures vary from source to source and that data is often contradictory. There is no one "official" size source or a "standard" method of calculating exterior structural size, interior space or square footage. Buyer should not rely on any advertised or disclosed square footage measurements and should retain their own experts to measure structural size and/or square footage during their contingency period, if any. This is especially important if Buyer is using square footage to determine whether to purchase the Property and/or are using a price per square foot to determine purchase price. Price per square foot calculations are generally broad estimates only, which can vary greatly depending upon property location, type of property and amenities; such calculations should not be relied upon by Buyer and the accuracy of any such figures should be independently verified by Buyer with their own experts including, but not limited to, a licensed appraiser.
- 2. PROPERTY (LOT) SIZE, DIMENSIONS, CONFIGURATIONS, AND BOUNDARIES:** Fences, hedges, walls, retaining walls, and other barriers or markers may not correspond with any legally-defined property boundaries, and existing structures or amenities may not be located within the actual property boundaries or local setback requirements. If lot size, dimensions, property configurations, boundary lines, and locations of improvements are important to Buyer's decision to purchase or the price Buyer is willing to pay, then Buyer should independently investigate by retaining the services of a licensed surveyor, the only professional who can accurately determine lot dimensions, boundary locations and acreage for the Property.
- 3. BROKER OBLIGATIONS:** Brokers and Agents do not have expertise in determining the exact square footage and lot size. Broker has not and will not verify the accuracy of any numerical statements regarding square footage, room dimensions, or lot size, or the location of boundaries.
- 4. DISCLOSURE OF MEASUREMENTS AND SOURCES:** Square footage and/or lot size numbers inserted into the spaces below, if any, were taken from the referenced source and may be approximations only. Other measurement sizes may exist from other sources.

Source of Information	Sq. Footage	Lot Size	Additional Information	If checked, report attached
Public Record	1124			<input type="checkbox"/>
Multiple Listing Service				<input type="checkbox"/>
Seller			Measurement comes from the following source:	
Appraisal #1				<input type="checkbox"/>
Appraisal #2				<input type="checkbox"/>
Condominium Map/Plan				<input type="checkbox"/>
Architectural Drawings				<input type="checkbox"/>
Floor Plan/Drawings				<input type="checkbox"/>
Survey				<input type="checkbox"/>
Other				<input type="checkbox"/>
Other				<input type="checkbox"/>

**By signing below, Seller: (i) represents that Seller is not aware of any other measurements of the Property; and (ii) acknowledges that Seller has read, understands, and received a Copy of this Square Footage and Lot Size Advisory and Disclosure. Seller is encouraged to read it carefully.**

Seller Scott Siegman  Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021

Seller \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**By signing below, Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands, and received a Copy of this Square Footage and Lot Size Advisory and Disclosure. Buyer is encouraged to read it carefully. IF NO INFORMATION IS PROVIDED AND/OR ANY OF THESE MEASUREMENTS ARE MATERIAL TO BUYER, BUYER IS STRONGLY ADVISED TO INVESTIGATE THE VALIDITY, ACCURACY, OR EXISTENCE OF ANY MEASUREMENTS PROVIDED HEREIN OR OTHERWISE. IF BUYER DOES NOT DO SO, BUYER IS ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKERS AND AGENTS.**

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Buyer \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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WILDFIRE DISASTER ADVISORY
(For use with properties in or around areas affected by a wildfire)
(C.A.R. Form WDFa, 6/19)

- 1. WILDFIRE DISASTERS: Buyer/Lessee is aware that as a result of recent wildfire disasters there are current and unresolved health and safety concerns related to the aftermath and clean up of the wildfire disaster areas, as well as unknown and possible future concerns related to the rebuilding of infrastructure in the affected areas of the wildfires.
2. WILDFIRE DISASTER CONCERNS AND ISSUES: The following non-exhaustive list represents concerns and issues that may impact Buyer/Lessee decisions about purchasing or leasing property impacted by a wildfire disaster. It is not intended to nor can it be a check list for all issues that might arise when purchasing or leasing property impacted by a wildfire disaster; concerns and issues include, but are not limited to:
A. Lot clearing costs and requirements; toxic materials analysis, debris removal requirements.
B. Local, state and federal requirements for cleanup and building approvals.
C. Air quality, soil quality, and any other environmental or personal health concerns, even after the wildfire event has ended.
D. Timelines, costs and requirements when obtaining required permits for building and utilities installation.
E. Insurance related issues such as the cost and whether insurance is available, and claims and possible liens attached to properties.
F. The ability to procure insurance.
G. Availability of and access to electricity, gas, sewer and other public or private utility services.
H. Water delivery/potability; septic and/or sewer design; requirements and construction costs.
I. Potential redesign of streets and infrastructure including possible eminent domain, land condemnation and/or acquisition.
J. Inconvenience and delays due to road construction and unavailability of various goods, systems, or services.
K. Impact that federal, state or local disaster declarations may have on materials prices, costs and rents.
3. BUYER/LESSEE ADVISORIES:
A. Buyers/Lessees are advised to investigate to their own satisfaction any and all concerns of Buyer/Lessee about the intended use of the property.
B. Buyer/Lessee is advised that the area of the wildfire disaster will likely be under construction for a protracted period of time, and Buyer/Lessee may be inconvenienced by delays, traffic congestion, noise, dust, intermittent utilities availability.
C. Buyer/Lessee is also advised that due to the extraordinary catastrophe of the wildfire, there may be changes and variations in local, state or federal laws, codes, or requirements throughout the ongoing process of planning and rebuilding in the wildfire disaster area.
D. Buyer/Lessee is advised to check early in your transaction to determine if you are able to obtain insurance on the property.
4. RESOURCES: Below is a non-exhaustive list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer/Lessee investigations and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.
A. California Department of Insurance "WildfireResource" http://insurance.ca.gov/01-consumers/140-catastrophes/WildfireResources.cfm; 1-800-927-4357
B. Governor's Office of Emergency Services "Cal OES" California Wildfires Statewide Recovery Resources https://wildfirerecovery.caloes.ca.gov/
C. California Department of Forestry and Fire "Cal Fire" https://fire.ca.gov/ and https://www.readyforwildfire.org/
D. California Department of Transportation https://calsta.ca.gov/
E. California Attorney General https://oag.ca.gov/consumers/pricegougingduringdisasters#8C1
F. The American Institute of Architects "Wildfire Recovery Resources" https://aia.org/pages/165776-wildfire-recovery-resources
G. County of Los Angeles
H. City of Reseda
I. Town of
5. BUYER/LESSEE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: Buyer/Lessee understands that Real Estate Agents and Real Estate Brokers have no authority or expertise for providing guidance through the process of investigating the concerns described herein. Buyer/Lessee has an affirmative duty to exercise reasonable care in protecting themselves.

Buyer/Lessee has read and understands this Advisory. By signing below, Buyer/Lessee acknowledges receipt of a copy of this Advisory.

Buyer/Lessee \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Buyer/Lessee \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

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## AFFILIATED BUSINESS ARRANGEMENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

We at Compass (“Compass”) know that you have a choice in selecting real estate professionals to guide you and appreciate that you chose to work with us. This document is to give you notice that Compass has an ownership interest in and a business relationship with the companies listed in the table below. Because of these relationships, the referral of a customer (including you) by Compass or the companies listed below to one another may provide the referring company, its affiliates, and/or their employees with a financial or other benefit.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Ownership Percentage</u>
International ProInsurance Solutions LLC (“Pro LLC”)	49.9%
Chartwell Escrow Co.	100%

You are NOT required to use the above listed provider(s) as a condition for purchase, sale, or refinance of the subject property, or to obtain access to any settlement or other transaction services. THERE ARE FREQUENTLY OTHER SETTLEMENT SERVICE PROVIDERS AVAILABLE WITH SIMILAR SERVICES. YOU ARE FREE TO SHOP AROUND TO DETERMINE THAT YOU ARE RECEIVING THE BEST SERVICES AND THE BEST RATE FOR THESE SERVICES. Pro LLC is an insurance broker who works with multiple insurance carriers and is compensated by the carrier you choose to place your insurance with, if any, in varying percentages. Set forth below are the range of estimated charges for the escrow services charged by Compass' affiliated companies.

<b>Sales Price</b>	\$ 350,000 to \$ 500,000	\$ 500,000 to \$ 750,000	\$ 750,000 to \$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000 to \$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000 to \$ 2,000,000	Over \$ 2,000,000
<b>Escrow Fee</b>	\$ 1,000 to \$ 1,350	\$ 1,300 to \$ 1,850	\$ 1,800 to \$ 2,350	\$ 2,300 to \$ 3,350	\$ 3,300 to \$ 4,300	Contact your escrow officer


Please contact your escrow company directly for fees related to your transaction. Both the settlement service fees and the closing statement will be agreed to and approved by the customer (including you) in writing. Other additional fees for services such as courier services, document preparation, processing payoffs, loan tie-in, etc. may be charged and typically range from \$25 to \$1,000 per service, as needed.

### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I/we have read this disclosure form and understand that Compass may refer me/us to purchase the above-described settlement service(s), and that Compass may receive a financial or other benefit as the result of this referral.

Buyer's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Buyer's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Seller's Signature Scott Siegman  Scott Siegman, Administrator Date 11/24/2021

Seller's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

# COMPASS

## Environmental Hazards Advisory, Acknowledgement, and Agreement

Property Address 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335

Buyer is hereby advised that the presence of certain kinds of organisms, toxins and contaminants including, **but not limited to**, mold fungi, mildew, lead-based containments, asbestos, radon, methane and other gases, if present, may adversely affect the occupants of the property.

Broker / Agent recommends and Buyer agrees that appropriate professionals should be engaged by Buyer to inspect for any and all Environmental Hazards during the Investigation of Property period as provided for in the Purchase Agreement and prior to the removal of any related contingencies.

Buyer agrees to fully investigate the Property to satisfy themselves that the property condition is acceptable.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Buyer

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

# COMPASS

## LOCAL AREA DISCLOSURES – GREATER AREA LOS ANGELES

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335 (The "Property")

### 1. CITY REPORTS AND ASSESSMENT LIENS

Buyer acknowledges that numerous cities in Southern California require that Seller pay for and deliver to Buyer, prior to close of escrow, a report concerning the City records regarding the Property. Those cities include, but may not be limited to, Los Angeles, Beverly Hills, Santa Monica and Culver City. Buyer and Seller acknowledge that Broker(s) is not responsible for the timely delivery of these reports. Buyer is advised to check with the Department of Building and Safety in the City where the Property is located to determine the status of building permits, certificates of occupancy and other records.

### 2. INTERSTATE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Buyer is aware that Caltrans consistently plans the construction, expansion, and modification of interstates. Buyer is encouraged to investigate current and planned projects, particularly with regard to a project's potential impact on the Property and traffic in the vicinity of the Property. Buyer is advised to obtain additional information regarding projects from Caltrans.

### 3. MULHOLLAND SCENIC PARKWAY SPECIFIC PLAN

Buyer is aware that all property in the City of Los Angeles that is bounded on the East by the Hollywood Freeway, on the West by the Los Angeles City/County boundary line, and within approximately one-half mile North or South of Mulholland Drive is subject to the Mulholland Scenic Parkway Specific Plan (City of Los Angeles Ordinance #167943). If the Property lies within the Specific Plan area, Buyer is strongly advised to obtain a copy of the ordinance and to investigate thoroughly the impact that the Specific Plan may have on the Property. Buyer may obtain an official and current copy of the ordinance by contacting the Los Angeles City Ordinance Division, 200 N. Spring Street #395, Los Angeles CA 90012 (213) 978-1133.

### 4. LOS ANGELES HILLSIDE ORDINANCE


On February 9, 2011, the City of Los Angeles approved an ordinance amending Sections 12.03, 12.04, 12.21, 12.21.1, 12.23, 12.24, 12.28, 12.32, and 19.01 of, and adding Section 13.14 to, the Los Angeles Municipal Code to establish new regulations for single-family residential zoned properties (R1, RS, RE, and RA) located in the Hillside Area as defined in Section 12.03 of the Code. Buyer to contact Los Angeles Building and Safety Department to determine what, if any, impact the foregoing ordinance may have on Buyer's use of the Property.

### 5. PROTECTED TREE PRESERVATION

Buyer is aware of the existence of a Los Angeles City Ordinance (Ordinance #177404) that regulates and encourages the preservation of oak trees and other "protected trees" within the City of Los Angeles. For more information regarding which trees fall within the category of "protected trees", what restrictions apply to such trees, and before removing, relocating or altering any trees on the Property, Buyer is advised to contact the City of Los Angeles, Urban Forestry Division at (213) 485-5675. A permit is generally required to relocate, remove or alter any protected tree. Buyer is advised to contact the Bureau of Street Services at (800) 996-2489 regarding the issuance of a permit. The Seller and Brokers are not experts in this area and cannot give specific advice to Buyer with regard to this matter. Buyer may also visit [www.cityofla.org](http://www.cityofla.org) for additional information.

### 6. BASELINE MANSIONIZATION ORDINANCE

Buyer is advised that the City of Los Angeles has adopted a Baseline Mansionization (Los Angeles City Planning Case No. 2007-106-CA) which may affect Buyer's intended use of the Property. For those properties subject to the Ordinance, the Ordinance imposes additional restrictions on an owner's ability to develop, remodel and/or make improvements to or rebuild their property, including square footage. For additional information regarding the Ordinance, Buyer is urged to visit the following website: <http://zimas.lacity.org/>. Broker does not have expertise in this Mansionization Ordinance area, and strongly recommends that Buyer verify, prior to removing contingencies, whether the Ordinance will have any effect on the Buyer's intended use of the Property.

Buyer's Initials ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) Seller's Initials ( SS  ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ )



**7. NEIGHBORHOOD CONSERVATION INTERIM CONTROL ORDINANCE(S)**

Buyer is advised that the City of Los Angeles has adopted the Neighborhood Conservation Interim Control Ordinance No. 183496 and No. 183497 which may affect Buyer’s intended use of the Property. These Ordinances limit the size of single family dwellings located in multiple neighborhoods. In addition, these ordinances have placed a temporary, or two-year, moratorium on the issuance of building and demolition permits in a number of proposed Historic Preservation Overlay Zones. For additional information regarding the Ordinance, Buyer is urged to visit the following website: <https://cityclerk.lacity.org/lacityclerkconnect/index.cfm?fa+ccfi.viewrecords&cfnumber+14-0656> or access [www.lacity.org](http://www.lacity.org) to search Council File # 14-0656. Broker(s) do not have expertise with regard to the Neighborhood Conservation Interim Control Ordinances, and strongly recommend that Buyer verify, prior to removing contingencies, whether the Ordinances will have any effect on the Buyer’s intended use of the property now or in the future.

**8. DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROPERTY**

Buyer acknowledges that numerous conditions and classifications may affect or impair the Buyer’s ability to use, re model, and/or develop the Property. These conditions and/or classifications include, but are not limited to, geological hazard abatement districts, including but not limited to Broad Beach, Special Study and/or Seismic Hazard Zones, ancient landslide or community standard districts within the Topanga Area, and the Local Coastal Plan adopted by the California Coastal Commission. Buyer is strongly advised to contact the City of Malibu, the County(s) of Los Angeles or Ventura, the Coastal Commission and/or the State Geologist to determine whether the Property, or Buyer’s ability to develop the Property, is affected by any such condition and/or classification.

**9. HANCOCK PARK – HISTORIC PRESERVATION OVERLAY ZONE**

Buyer is aware that a Historic Preservation Overlay Zone (“HPOZ”) has been approved for the Hancock Park and Windsor Square areas of Los Angeles. As a result, an Interim Control Ordinance (“ICO”) has been passed which prohibits the issuance of any building permit allowing the demolition or alteration of a building in the proposed HPOZ that affects 51% or more of the building’s front façade. Broker hereby recommends that Buyer contact the City of Los Angeles to investigate how the HPOZ and/or ICO will affect the Property, Buyer’s ability to do construction on the Property, and the value of the Property.

**10. HANCOCK PARK STREET LIGHTING ASSESSMENT**

Buyer is advised that properties in Hancock Park and Windsor Square may be subject to an assessment for installation and/or maintenance of special street lighting fixtures. To determine whether the Property is going to be assessed, and the amount of any such assessment, Buyer is advised to contact the Los Angeles County Tax Assessor’s Office at (213) 974-3211.

**11. HANCOCK PARK/BEVERLY CENTER-CITY OF LOS ANGELES - METHANE GAS DISTRICT**

Buyer is aware that the Property may be located in an area designated as either a high risk or potentially high-risk methane gas area and may therefore be subject to the Los Angeles City Methane Gas Ordinance. Buyer may obtain an official copy of the ordinance and a map of the gas district by calling or going to the Los Angeles City Ordinance Division, 200 N. Spring Street #395, Los Angeles, CA 90012, (213) 978-1133.

**12. WESTSIDE/MOUNTAINGATE/BEL-AIR SKYCREST/PLAYA VISTA - METHANE GAS PRESENCE**


Buyer is aware that properties located in the above areas are known to have methane gas, although they may not presently be subject to the Los Angeles Methane Gas Ordinance. Buyer is advised to contact the homeowners’ association of each development for more specific and accurate information regarding this presence.

**13. LOS ANGELES/SANTA MONICA/WEST HOLLYWOOD/BEVERLY HILLS – RENT CONTROL**

Buyer acknowledges that the Property may be subject to a Rent Stabilization Ordinance. Information regarding the impact of such an ordinance on the Property, including but not limited to, relocation fees and ability to evict tenants, registration of units and compliance with the Ordinance may be obtained from the following boards: Los Angeles City Rent Stabilization Board, (866) 557-7368; City of West Hollywood Rent Stabilization Board (323) 848-6450; City of Santa Monica Rent Control Board (310) 458-8751; and Beverly Hills Rent Stabilization Board, (310) 285-1031.

**14. CITY OF MALIBU AND PROPOSED SPHERE OF INFLUENCE**

A portion of Malibu was incorporated as the City of Malibu in March of 1991. The City has imposed new restrictions and standards for construction, remodeling, and land development. Various governmental bodies, such as Site Plan Review Committee, Archaeological Review, Environmental Review Board, City Biologist, and Landscape Control may influence your plans for the Property. The General Plan includes changes in zoning and land use designations. The City of Malibu intends to try to influence development outside its boundaries through a “sphere of influence” in the General Plan. For further information, contact the City of Malibu and/or County(s) of Los Angeles or Ventura Department of Building and Safety.

Buyer’s Initials ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) Seller’s Initials ( SS  ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**15. GEOLOGICAL HAZARD ABATEMENT DISTRICT – MALIBU**

Currently, the City of Malibu has designated certain geological hazard-abatement districts, including, but not limited to, Broad Beach. Buyer is strongly advised to check the City of Malibu’s zoning codes, obtain an independent geological inspection, and consult with City of Malibu geologist. If Buyer’s purchase is based upon the desire/intention for future improvements, additions, or development of the Property, specific issues may be required to be addressed, such as slope stability and/or possible slide waiver, all of which may affect the Buyer’s ability to develop the Property. Full investigation should be performed by Buyer’s licensed professional(s) to confirm feasibility of such actions.

**16. CALIFORNIA COASTAL COMMISSION, MALIBU, LOS ANGELES, OR VENTURA COUNTY**

Buyer acknowledges that development and/or construction on the Property may be subject to the jurisdiction and requirements of the California Coastal Commission, the City of Malibu and/or the County of Los Angeles or Ventura. The development of beachfront property may also be impacted by the determination of “mean high tide lines” in relation to the boundary lines for beachfront property. For Malibu, Calabasas, and Ventura, Buyer should contact the Ventura Office of the Commission at (805) 585-1800. For all other portions of Los Angeles County, Buyer should contact the Commission in Long Beach at (562) 590-5071. Broker also recommends that Buyer contact the State Lands Commission for more information. Furthermore, at several points along the Malibu Coastline, property owners have recorded irrevocable offers to dedicate public access ways, which, if opened in the future, would provide public access to the shoreline through property which was previously private. Buyer is encouraged to consider the location and impact of such dedications or contact the City of Malibu and Commission for further information.

**17. LOS ANGELES AIRPORT EXPANSION AND OTHER AIRPORTS**

Buyer acknowledges that the Los Angeles International Airport (the “Airport”) has a master plan to guide Airport expansion and Buyer further acknowledges that the Airport periodically considers further expansion. The vacant land to the north of the Airport, known as the LAX Northside Property, is awaiting necessary development plan approvals. Buyer is advised to contact the LAX Master Plan Program Management Team at (310) 646-7690 for more information. Further other Los Angeles area airports could expand, restore, or otherwise modify their facilities. Buyer is advised to inquire about any current or planned projects with each respective airport or contact the Federal Aviation Administration at (310) 725-3300.

**18. FLIGHT PATHS**

Buyer is advised that the frequency and hours of aerial traffic, flight paths and altitude, and other factors related to airport use in the area of the Property, are subject to change. Many local airports are currently reviewing, or have approved, proposals to increase permitted air traffic and flight path routes. Such current or future changes may affect the Property. Buyer is advised to investigate all existing and future plans for expansion of, or changes in, air traffic activity. For additional information, Buyer may contact the (a) Santa Monica Airport at (310) 458-8591, (b) Los Angeles International Airport, Noise Management, at (310) 646-9410, (c) Federal Aviation Administration, at (310) 725-3300 or the Federal Aviation Administration – Public Affairs Department, at (310) 725- 3580, and/or (d) Burbank Airport Noise Line, at (800) 441-0409 and the Van Nuys Airport at (818) 785-8838.

**19. STUDIO EXPANSIONS**


Buyer is advised that studios, including but not limited to 20th Century Fox, Universal, and Paramount, periodically expand and increase the density of their office, studio, hotel, commercial, and entertainment spaces, which may or may not adversely affect traffic in the area of the Property. Brokers are unable to advise Buyer regarding the details of current or proposed projects. It is recommended that Buyer thoroughly investigate such projects and satisfy himself or herself as to the effect on the Property, or the traffic in the vicinity of the Property. For further information, please contact 20th Century Fox at (310) 369-2058, Universal Studios at (818) 777-1000, and Paramount at (323) 956-5000.

**20. HOLLYHILLS STORM DRAIN CONSTRUCTION**

Buyer is aware that the Property may be situated in or near an area affected by construction of the Hollyhills Drain project. Implementation of the various phases of construction of this project may result in temporary restrictions to local traffic and emergency services. For additional information regarding the project, contact the Hollyhills Drain Project Manager at (626) 458-5152.

**21. SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS**

Buyer is advised that a number of assessments exist or are proposed that could affect the Property, including, but not limited to, geological hazard abatement, homeowners’ associations, CC&Rs, flood control, water table lowering, fire prevention, undergrounding of utilities, private roads, private development agreements, and sewers. Buyer acknowledges Buyer will be solely responsible for installments that may become due following the close of escrow.

Buyer’s Initials ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) Seller’s Initials ( SS  ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ )

**22. NATURAL AND HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS**

Buyer and Seller are aware that numerous areas in Los Angeles are characterized by certain natural hazards and conditions, including but not limited to fires, flooding, severe winds, landslides, mudslides, high wave action on the beach, road closures, wildlife, earthquakes, and sea air. Buyer is further aware that municipal, state, and federal law protecting wildlife, natural ecosystems and the like may impact the Property. For further information, contact the City of Malibu and/or County(s) of Los Angeles or Ventura.

**23. SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS NATIONAL RECREATION AREA/PARKS**

The Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area (SMMNRA) has designations for all properties within its boundaries (fee acquisition, easement, cooperative planning, etc.). Properties in close proximity to the SMMNRA may have restrictions placed on them that could affect the Buyer’s future development of the Property. Many species of native plants and trees, wildlife, wildlife corridors, creeks and streams are protected from disruption under municipal, state, and federal law.

Additionally, the City of Malibu has proposed a map designating desired parkland acquisitions. The State of California, Los Angeles County, Ventura County, and the Mountains Restoration Trust also have an interest in the future parklands and trails. Buyer is advised to check with the appropriate public agencies to determine the impact on the Property, if any.

**24. SANTA MONICA MOUNTAINS OPEN SPACE PRESERVATION DISTRICTS**

Buyer is aware that pursuant to the Santa Monica Mountains Open Space Initiative, and assessment of \$40 per year for 30 years has been assessed against each single-family household located in the Santa Monica Mountains Open Space Preservation Districts. The funds collected pursuant to the Initiative will be used to protect the remaining open space in the eastern Santa Monica Mountains. Broker recommends that Buyer contact the Mountains Recreation and Conservation Authority at 323-221-9944 or www.mrca.ca.gov, for information on the Initiative and/or Districts, if he/she desires.

**24. BRUSH CLEARANCE**

Property owners are responsible for keeping the brush on their property cleared in accordance with Fire Department regulations. If the property owner does not clear the brush prior to the deadline (usually May or June) the City or County Weed Abatement Department will clear it after the deadline and lien the property. If the property is owned by the Seller after it is cleared by Weed Abatement, the Seller will be held responsible for paying the Weed Abatement lien. Buyers and Sellers should ascertain lien status from the Weed Abatement Department.


25. LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND POWER – OPEN RESERVOIRS Buyer is aware that properties in the areas surrounding an open reservoir may be impacted by existing or future plans to modify open reservoirs in order to comply with Federal and State Clean Water Acts and other laws regarding water use and storage. Buyer is advised to obtain additional information regarding this matter from the (a) Los Angeles Department of Water and Power, 111 N. Hope St., Los Angeles, CA 90012; and (b) Water Quality Hotline - 213-367-3182.

**26. SUBWAY SYSTEM-LIGHT RAIL-METRO RAIL**

Buyer is informed that the Property may be situated in or near one of the areas in which public authorities are contemplating or planning location of a public rail transportation line. Any such rail line could adversely or beneficially affect the value or desirability of the Property. Buyer is advised that areas somewhat distant from the actual rail line may also be impacted. This potential impact includes, but is not limited to, the construction of ventilation units for the subway system, adjustment of traffic patterns due to construction, and construction or implementation of adjacent transportation facilities such as shuttle connections. Buyer is strongly advised to independently investigate the potential impact of any rail line on the Property. Current information on public transportation rail lines may be obtained from the MTA hotline, (213) 922-6235.

**27. HOMELESSNESS**

Buyer is advised that homelessness has been and is currently an issue in many Greater Area Los Angeles communities. Some neighborhoods may experience a higher number of homeless persons in the community than others. Specifically, on September 22, 2015, Mayor Eric Garcetti and members of the Los Angeles City Council declared a state of emergency on homelessness, as it relates to the shelter crisis. Buyer is advised to perform his or her own due diligence concerning this matter as it relates to the Property.

Buyer’s Initials ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) Seller’s Initials ( SS  ) ( \_\_\_\_\_ )


**27. NEW LEASING REQUIREMENTS FOR RENTAL UNITS**

On September 8, 2020 the City Council enacted new leasing requirements that apply to all rental units in Santa Monica. The ordinance is available [here](#). The new rules went into effect on October 9, 2020 and require that all rental units adhere to the following rules:

- Units must be rented only to natural persons
- Units must be rented only to tenants intending the unit to be their primary residence
- Units must be rented for an initial term of not less than 1 year
- Units must be rented unfurnished

These new regulations are intended to preserve Santa Monica’s rental housing stock for permanent residents in response to concern regarding loss of rental housing stock to corporations and persons who do not wish to make Santa Monica their primary residence.

On October 12, 2020, in response to community input, the City Council adopted amendments to the new leasing requirements. These include permitting an owner who occupies a rental housing unit as their primary residence to lease that unit for more than 30 days and less than a year no more than twice a year for a total period of less than six months. Also, leases necessitated for temporary tenant relocation would not need to comply with any of the four main aspects of the leasing requirements listed above. Council adopted other amendments as well. For more information on leasing requirements, read the [staff report](#) or visit the [City Planning webpage](#).

Buyer:	Seller: <i>Scott Siegman</i>  <a href="#">Scott Siegman, Administrator</a>
Date:	Date: 11/24/2021
Buyer:	Seller:
Date:	Date:

# COMPASS

## Receipt for Links to Booklets


Property Address: 19009 Sherman Way #53, Reseda, CA 91335

You will need Adobe Reader to view the files listed below:

<p><u>Residential Environmental Hazards - (2011)</u> <a href="https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/environment.pdf">https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/environment.pdf</a></p> <p><u>Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home (2020)</u> <a href="https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/lead.pdf">https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/lead.pdf</a></p> <p><u>Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety (2020)</u> <a href="https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/earthquake.pdf">https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/earthquake.pdf</a></p> <p><u>Home Energy Rating System (HERS) Program Booklet (2011)</u> <a href="https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/HomeEnergyRating.pdf">https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/HomeEnergyRating.pdf</a></p>
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The undersigned hereby acknowledge that they have received the required booklets from the Broker(s) in this transaction, via the links provided in the box above. If they wish, the undersigned may ask that Broker(s) provide printed copies.

Buyer/Tenant: \_\_\_\_\_ Buyer/Tenant: \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: \_\_\_\_\_

Seller/Landlord: Scott Siegman  Seller/Landlord: \_\_\_\_\_ Dated: \_\_\_\_\_  
*Scott Siegman, Administrator*