



DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY

(FOR SELLERS)

(C.A.R. Form DIA, Revised 6/23)

- 1. INTRODUCTION:** All sellers in California are required to provide various disclosures in real property transactions. Among the disclosure requirements, sellers have an affirmative duty to disclose to buyers all material conditions, defects and/or issues known to them that might impact the value or desirability of the Property. Failing to provide those disclosures may lead to a claim or a lawsuit against you which can be very costly and time consuming. As a seller, you may be required to fill out one or more of the following: Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement ("TDS"); Seller Property Questionnaire ("SPQ"); Exempt Seller Disclosure ("ESD"). (Collectively, or individually, "Disclosure Forms"). Please read this document carefully and, if you have any questions, ask your broker or appropriate legal or tax advisor for help.
- 2. PREPARING TO COMPLETE YOUR DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS:**
 - A.** Read and carefully review all questions in the Disclosure Form(s) to make sure that you understand the full extent of the information that is being requested in each question.
 - B.** While a seller does not have the duty to investigate or discover unknown issues, you may have been given disclosures either from the previous owner at the time of purchase or from a previous buyer who cancelled. Information about the Property may have been revealed if you may have posted or recorded information and material facts about the Property online (social media, blogs, personal websites, Facebook, advertisements, etc.) or received documents or correspondence from an Homeowners' Association ("HOA").
 - C.** Use any known and available documentation to refresh your memory of past and current issues, condition and/or problems and then provide a copy of that paperwork with your fully completed Disclosure Forms. A seller does not have to find lost documents or to speculate about what was in the documents that they cannot remember, but if the documents are known and available to you, they should be used to assist you in completing the Disclosures forms.
 - D.** Allow plenty of time to fully complete the Disclosure Forms.
 - E.** Your knowledge may be based upon what you have been told orally (e.g., in a conversation with a neighbor) or received in writing (such as a repair estimate, report, invoice, an appraisal, or sources as informal as neighborhood or HOA newsletters). Keep in mind that if a neighbor told you something, they are likely to tell the new owner the same information after the transaction.
 - F.** If you are unsure about whether something is important enough to be disclosed, you should probably disclose it. If you don't want to disclose a piece of information about the Property, think about your reasoning for why you do not want to disclose this information. If the answer is because you think a buyer will not want to buy the Property or will want to purchase at a lower price, that is exactly the reason why the fact ought to be disclosed; it materially affects the value or desirability of the Property.
- 3. INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING ALL DISCLOSURE FORMS:**
 - A. DO NOT** leave any questions blank or unanswered unless the section is not applicable. Answer all questions and provide all documents, information and explanations to every "Yes" response in the blank lines or in an addendum to the Disclosure Form.
 - B.** Many questions on the Disclosure Forms ask if you "are aware" of a particular condition, fact or item. If you do not know the answer to any question, then you are "not aware" and should answer that question "No."
 - C.** The Disclosure Forms are designed to get sellers to provide buyers with as much information as possible, and thus many of the questions on these forms may list multiple issues, conditions or problems and/or have subparts. It is important to address each aspect of each question and provide precise details so that Buyers will understand the "who, what, where, when and how."
 - D.** The Disclosure Forms are written using very broad language. You should not limit the information, documents, and/or explanations that you provide Buyers.
 - E.** Be specific and provide facts for each response; you should not let subjective beliefs limit, qualify or downplay your disclosures. Avoid words such as "never," "minor," "insignificant," "small" or "infrequent" as these terms may reflect your opinion but that opinion may not be shared by Buyers, professionals or others. Do not speculate as to what you guess the issue is, or assume something is true without actual knowledge. State your disclosures only to the extent of what you actually know.
 - F.** Consider all issues, conditions or problems that impact your Property, even those that are not necessarily on your Property but are related to a neighbor's property (such as shared fences, lot-line debates) or exist in the neighborhood (such as noise, smells, disputes with neighbors, or other nuisances).

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DIA REVISED 6/23 (PAGE 1 OF 3)



DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY (DIA PAGE 1 OF 3)

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Sara & Scott

- G. Even if you have learned to live with an issue, condition or problem, disclose it.
- H. Even if you believe that an issue, condition or problem has been repaired, resolved or stopped, disclose the issue and what has been done, but do not speculate, predict or guarantee the quality or effectiveness of the repair or resolution.
- I. If there is conflicting information, data, and/or documents regarding any issue, condition or problem, disclose and identify everything.
- J. Do not assume that you know the answer to all questions; for example, unless you personally obtained or received copies of permits do not assume that anyone who did work on the Property obtained permits.
- K. If you are relying on written or oral information you received from someone else, even if you disagree with that information or are unsure as to its truth, disclose and identify the source of that information.

4. COMPLETING SPECIFIC TYPES OF DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS:

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ("TDS") (Civil Code Section 1102.6)

Section I allows sellers to incorporate and provide reports and disclosures that relate to the information requested in that Disclosure Form. Providing those "Substituted Disclosures" does not eliminate your responsibility to fully and completely disclose all information known by you that is requested in the TDS. **For the TDS to be complete, one of the three boxes provided in Section I must be checked. If no Substituted Disclosures are being provided, Seller should check the box that indicates "No substituted disclosures for this transfer."**

Section II A asks you to check a series of boxes to indicate what appliances, fixtures and other items exist on the property and asks whether any of those existing items are "not in operating condition", a term which is not defined. Consider whether the checked appliances, fixtures and items fully function as if they were new and if not, disclose any issues, limitations or problems. The TDS is not a contract and it does not control which items must remain with the property after close of escrow; the purchase agreement determines which items must remain. However, you should be careful not to represent an amenity that the property does not have, so do not assume that feature is there (i.e. sewer or central air conditioning), and only check the box if you know it is a part of the property.

Section II B asks if you are aware of any significant defects/malfunctions in certain identified areas of the property. There is no definition for "significant defects/malfunctions"; do not assume this terminology places any limits on what you need to disclose. If you check any of the boxes, please provide as much information as possible regarding the issues, conditions or problems that you know about the checked areas.

Section II C asks sixteen questions regarding the Property and the surrounding areas. These questions are written very broadly and contain multiple issues, conditions and/or problems. Make sure that you respond as to each issue, condition or problem. If you respond "Yes" to any question, you should provide as much information as possible about the issue. If you are answering any of these questions "No" because you lack familiarity with the Property or the topic of any question, then you can explain the reasons, such as that you have not seen the Property in a long time or at all. This may help the buyers to understand that your "No" answer reflects the lack of awareness of the item, not that you are representing that the problem, condition or issue does not exist.

Question 16 in section II C refers to various code sections which part of a law are concerning construction defects that is widely known as SB 800 or Title 7. This law (Civil Code Sections 895-945.5) applies to residential real property built by a "Builder" and sold for the first time on or after January 1, 2003. If you have any questions about the applicability to the Property of any of the laws referenced in Question 16, or how you should answer this question, your Listing Agent recommends that you consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Agent cannot and will not give you legal advice on these matters.

SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE

The C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement requires Sellers to complete an SPQ for any transaction that requires a TDS because the **TDS** does not include questions regarding everything that sellers need to disclose to buyers. One example of a question not covered in the TDS but that is on the SPQ is whether there has been a death on the Property within the last 3 years (Civil Code Section 1710.2). Another example is the requirement that sellers of single family residences built prior to January 1, 1994 (and other properties built before that date) must disclose if the Property has any noncompliant plumbing fixtures (Civil Code Sections 1101.4 and 1101.5). This includes: 1. Any toilet that uses more than 1.6 GPF; 2. Any showerhead that has a flow capacity of more than 2.5 GPM and 3. Any interior faucet that emits more than 2.2 GPM. The SPQ should be used in conjunction with the TDS to help the seller carry out the obligation to disclose known material facts and defects affecting the value or desirability of the Property. One of the questions on the SPQ (and ESD, see next section) addresses the seller's obligation to provide to the buyer any relevant documents, including reports, whether past or current, in the seller's possession.



EXEMPT SELLER DISCLOSURE ("ESD")


Some sellers of real property may be legally exempt from completing the TDS. For example, probate and bankruptcy court sales and sales by governmental entities are exempt from the obligation to provide a TDS. Some property that is owned by a trust which has trustee(s) acting in the capacity of a seller may also be exempt; but not all trustee(s) are exempt. If a qualified California real estate attorney has advised you that you are exempt from completing the TDS, then you may choose not to complete that form or any supplement to the TDS, but you may still be required to complete the ESD. Being exempt from completing certain Disclosure Forms does not completely eliminate those disclosure obligations that apply to all sellers under federal, state or local laws, ordinances or regulations and/or by contractual agreement with the buyer. The seller is still obligated to disclose all known material facts that may affect the value of the property. Further, the C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement requires those sellers who are exempt from the TDS to fill out the ESD. Pay particular attention to the "catch all" question, which asks you to disclose your awareness of any other material facts or defects affecting the property.


5. FINAL RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is important that you fully complete any legally or contractually required Disclosure Forms. To that end, the real estate Broker, and, if different, the real estate licensee, who listed the property for sale ("Listing Broker") strongly recommend that you consider the following points when completing your Disclosure Forms:

- If you are aware of any planned or possible changes to your neighbor's property (such as an addition), changes in the neighborhood (such as new construction or road changes) that may affect traffic, views, noise levels or other issues, conditions or problems, disclose those plans or proposed changes even if you are not certain whether the change(s) will ever occur.
- Disclose any lawsuits, whether filed in the past, presently filed or that will be filed regarding the property or the neighborhood (such as an HOA dispute) even if you believe that the case has been resolved. Provide as much detail as possible about any lawsuit, including the name of the case and the County where the case was filed.
- If any disclosure that you have made becomes inadequate, incomplete, inaccurate or changes over time, including right up until the close of escrow, you should update and correct your Disclosure Forms in a timely fashion.
- **If you have any questions about the applicability of any law to the Property, your Listing Broker recommends that you consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Broker cannot and will not tell you if any law is applicable to the Property.**
- **If you need help regarding what to disclose, how to disclose it or what changes need to be made to your Disclosure Forms, the best advice is to consult with a qualified California real estate attorney for advice. Your Listing Broker cannot and will not tell you what to disclose, how to disclose it or what changes need to be made to your answers.**
- While limited exceptions may exist, such as questions that may impact fair housing and discrimination laws, generally speaking, **when in doubt, the best answer to the question: "Do I need to disclose ...?" is almost always "YES, disclose it."**

Seller has read and understands this Advisory. By signing below, Seller acknowledges receipt of a copy of this Advisory.

Seller  Sara C. Wilson, Trustee Date 06/05/2025
Sara C. Wilson, Trustee

Seller  Scott C. Wilson, Trustee Date 06/05/2025
Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

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DIA REVISED 6/23 (PAGE 3 OF 3)

DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY (DIA PAGE 3 OF 3)

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Sara & Scott



SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE

(C.A.R. Form SPQ, Revised 12/24)

This form is not a substitute for the Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (TDS). It is used by the Seller to provide additional information when a TDS is completed. If Seller is exempt from completing a TDS, Seller should complete an Exempt Seller Disclosure (C.A.R. Form ESD) or may use this form instead:

NOTE TO SELLER: YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO CAREFULLY REVIEW THE DISCLOSURE INFORMATION ADVISORY (C.A.R. Form DIA) BEFORE YOU COMPLETE THIS SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE. ALL SELLERS OF CALIFORNIA REAL PROPERTY ARE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE VARIOUS DISCLOSURES, EITHER BY CONTRACT, OR BY STATUTE OR CASE LAW. MANY DISCLOSURES MUST BE MADE WITHIN CERTAIN TIME LIMITS. TIMELY AND THOROUGH DISCLOSURES HELP TO REDUCE DISPUTES AND FACILITATE A SMOOTH SALES TRANSACTION.

Seller makes the following disclosures with regard to the real property or manufactured home described as 2117 Voorhees Avenue, Assessor's Parcel No. 4155-015-081, situated in Redondo Beach, County of Los Angeles, California ("Property").

☐ This property is a duplex, triplex or fourplex. A SPQ is required for all units. This SPQ is for ALL units (or ☐ only unit(s) _____).

1. **Disclosure Limitation:** The following are representations made by the Seller and are not the representations of the Agent(s), if any. This disclosure statement is not a warranty of any kind by the Seller or any agents(s) and is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties the principal(s) may wish to obtain. This disclosure is not intended to be part of the contract between Buyer and Seller. Unless otherwise specified in writing, Broker and any real estate licensee or other person working with or through Broker has not verified information provided by Seller. A real estate broker is qualified to advise on real estate transactions. If Seller or Buyer desires legal advice, they should consult an attorney.

2. **Note to Seller, PURPOSE:** To tell the Buyer about known material or significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property and help to eliminate misunderstandings about the condition of the Property.

- Answer based on actual knowledge and recollection at this time.
- Something that you do not consider material or significant may be perceived differently by a Buyer.
- Think about what you would want to know if you were buying the Property today.
- Read the questions carefully and take your time.
- If you do not understand how to answer a question, or what to disclose or how to make a disclosure in response to a question, whether on this form or a TDS, you should consult a real estate attorney in California of your choosing. A broker cannot answer the questions for you or advise you on the legal sufficiency of any answers or disclosures you provide.

3. **Note to Buyer, PURPOSE:** To give you more information about known material or significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property and help to eliminate misunderstandings about the condition of the Property.

- Something that may be material or significant to you may not be perceived the same way by the Seller.
- If something is important to you, be sure to put your concerns and questions in writing (C.A.R. form BMI).
- Sellers can only disclose what they actually know. Seller may not know about all material or significant items.
- Seller's disclosures are not a substitute for your own investigations, personal judgments or common sense.

4. **SELLER AWARENESS:** For each statement below, answer the question "Are you (Seller) aware of..." by checking either "Yes" or "No." A "Yes" answer is appropriate no matter how long ago the item being asked about happened or was documented unless otherwise specified. Explain any "Yes" answers in the space provided or attach additional comments and check paragraph 19.

5. **DOCUMENTS:** ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

Reports, inspections, disclosures, warranties, maintenance recommendations, estimates, studies, surveys or other documents (whether prepared in the past or present, including any previous transaction, and whether or not Seller acted upon the item), pertaining to (i) the condition or repair of the Property or any improvement on this Property in the past, now or proposed; or (ii) easements, encroachments or boundary disputes affecting the Property whether oral or in writing and whether or not provided to the Seller ☒ Yes ☐ No

Note: If yes, provide any such documents in your possession to Buyer.

Explanation: At time of purchase in 2022, Seller provided disclosures and, as Buyers, we did our inspection(s). All builder warranties expired after 1 year.

6. **STATUTORILY OR CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED OR RELATED:** ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Within the last 3 years, the death of an occupant of the Property upon the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
(Note to seller: The manner of death may be a material fact to the Buyer, and should be disclosed, except for a death by HIV/AIDS.)
- B. An Order from a government health official identifying the Property as being contaminated by methamphetamine. (If yes, attach a copy of the Order.) ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. The release of an illegal controlled substance on or beneath the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Whether the Property is located in or adjacent to an "industrial use" zone ☐ Yes ☒ No
(In general, a zone or district allowing manufacturing, commercial or airport uses.)
- E. Whether the Property is affected by a nuisance created by an "industrial use" zone ☐ Yes ☒ No
- F. Whether the Property is located within 1 mile of a former federal or state ordnance location (In general, an area once used for military training purposes that may contain potentially explosive munitions.) ☐ Yes ☒ No
- G. Whether the Property is a condominium or located in a planned unit development or other common interest subdivision ☒ Yes ☐ No
- H. Insurance claims affecting the Property within the past 5 years ☐ Yes ☒ No
- I. Matters affecting title of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- J. Plumbing fixtures on the Property that are non-compliant plumbing fixtures as defined by Civil Code § 1101.3 ☐ Yes ☒ No
- K. Any inspection reports on any exterior balconies, stairways or other "Elevated Elements" on buildings with 3 or more units on the Property prepared within the last 6 years, or 9 years for condominiums ☐ Yes ☒ No
(See C.A.R. Form WBSA for more information)



Property Address: **2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278**

L. Material facts or defects affecting the Property not otherwise disclosed to Buyer ☒ Yes ☐ No
 Explanation, or ☐ (if checked) see attached; Dent in downspout on NE corner, cosmetic crack on dishwasher external panel, chipped paint on shelf in laundry ro.

7. REPAIRS AND ALTERATIONS:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Any alterations, modifications, replacements, improvements, remodeling or material repairs on the Property (including those resulting from Home Warranty claims) ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Any alterations, modifications, replacements, improvements, remodeling, or material repairs to the Property done for the purpose of energy or water efficiency improvement or renewable energy? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Ongoing or recurring maintenance on the Property (for example, drain or sewer clean-out, tree or pest control service) ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Any part of the Property being painted within the past 12 months ☒ Yes ☐ No
- E. Whether the Property was built before 1978 (if No, leave (1) and (2) blank)..... ☐ Yes ☒ No
- (1) If yes, whether any renovations (i.e., sanding, cutting, demolition) of lead-based paint surfaces started or completed (if No, leave (2) blank) ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (2) If yes to (1), whether such renovations done in compliance with the Environmental Protection Agency Lead-Based Paint Renovation Rule ☐ Yes ☐ No
- F. Whether you purchased the property within 18 months of accepting an offer to sell it..... ☐ Yes ☒ No
- (1) If yes, have any room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs (collectively "Improvements") been performed by a contractor while you have owned the Property..... ☐ Yes ☐ No
- Note 1:** If yes to F(1), Seller shall provide in the Explanation below: (i) a list of such Improvements and (ii) the name and contact information for each contractor who performed services of \$1,000 or more.
- Note 2:** If yes to F(1), Seller shall provide in the Explanation below (i) a list of those Improvements for which seller has obtained permits and Seller shall attach copies of those permits to this SPQ and (ii) for those Improvements for which Seller does not have a permit, Seller shall include a statement identifying those Improvements and that Seller was not provided permits by the third party making the Improvement and the contact information for such third parties from whom the buyer may obtain those permits.

Explanation, or ☐ (if checked) see attached: _____

8. STRUCTURAL, SYSTEMS AND APPLIANCES:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Defects in any of the following (including past defects that have been repaired): heating, air conditioning, electrical, plumbing (including the presence of polybutylene pipes), water, sewer, waste disposal or septic system, sump pumps, well, roof, gutters, chimney, fireplace foundation, crawl space, attic, soil, grading, drainage, retaining walls, interior or exterior doors, windows, walls, ceilings, floors or appliances ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. The existence of a solar power system (if yes, Seller to provide C.A.R. Form SOLAR)..... ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. The leasing of any of the following on or serving the Property: solar power system, water softener system, water purifier system, alarm system, or propane tank(s) ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. An alternative septic system on or serving the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- E. Whether any structure on the Property other than the main improvement is used as a dwelling ☐ Yes ☒ No
- (1) If Yes to E, whether there are separate utilities and meters for the dwelling..... ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (2) If Yes to E, whether the dwelling received a permit or other government approval as an Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU) ☐ Yes ☐ No

Explanation: _____

9. DISASTER RELIEF, INSURANCE OR CIVIL SETTLEMENT:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Financial relief or assistance, insurance or settlement, sought or received, from any federal, state, local or private agency, insurer or private party, by past or present owners of the Property, due to any actual or alleged damage to the Property arising from a flood, earthquake, fire, other disaster, or occurrence or defect, whether or not any money received was actually used to make repairs ☐ Yes ☒ No
- If yes, was federal flood disaster assistance conditioned upon obtaining and maintain flood insurance on the Property ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (NOTE: If the assistance was conditioned upon maintaining flood insurance, Buyer is informed that federal law, 42 USC 5154a requires Buyer to maintain such insurance on the Property and if it is not, and the Property is damaged by a flood disaster, Buyer may be required to reimburse the federal government for the disaster relief provided.)
- B. Receiving domestic water storage tank assistance pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code or whether the real property ever received such assistance and the real property currently still has the domestic storage tank..... ☐ Yes ☒ No
- If yes, the following disclosure is made: (1) This property has a domestic water storage tank provided by a county, community water system, local public agency, or nonprofit organization, pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code. (2) The domestic water storage tank was made available to households that had a private water well that had gone dry, or had been destroyed due to drought, wildfire, other natural disasters, or was otherwise nonfunctioning. (3) The domestic water storage tank provided pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code might not convey with the real property. (4) Due to the water well issues that led to this property obtaining assistance pursuant to § 13194 of the Water Code, the buyer is advised to have an inspection of the water well and to have a professional evaluate the availability of water to the property to ensure it suits the purposes for which the buyer is purchasing the property.

Explanation: _____

10. WATER-RELATED AND MOLD ISSUES:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Water intrusion, whether past or present, into any part of any physical structure on the Property; leaks from or in any appliance, pipe, slab or roof; standing water, drainage, flooding, underground water, moisture, water-related soil settling or slippage, on or affecting the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Any problem with or infestation of mold, mildew, fungus or spores, past or present, on or affecting the Property.. ☐ Yes ☒ No

SPQ REVISED 12/24 (PAGE 2 OF 4)

Buyer's Initials _____

Seller's Initials _____

SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE (SPQ PAGE 2 OF 4)

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Property Address: **2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278**

- C. Rivers, streams, flood channels, underground springs, high watertable, floods, or tides, on or affecting the Property or neighborhood ☐ Yes ☒ No
 Explanation: _____

11. PETS, ANIMALS AND PESTS:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Past or present pets on or in the Property ☒ Yes ☐ No
 B. Past or present problems with livestock, wildlife, insects or pests on or in the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. Past or present odors, urine, feces, discoloration, stains, spots or damage in the Property, due to any of the above ☐ Yes ☒ No
 D. Past or present treatment or eradication of pests or odors, or repair of damage due to any of the above ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If so, when and by whom _____

Explanation: _____

12. BOUNDARIES, ACCESS AND PROPERTY USE BY OTHERS:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Surveys, easements, encroachments or boundary disputes ☐ Yes ☒ No
 B. Use or access to the Property, or any part of it, by anyone other than you, with or without permission, for any purpose, including but not limited to, using or maintaining roads, driveways or other forms of ingress or egress or other travel or drainage..... ☒ Yes ☐ No
 C. Use of any neighboring property by you ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation: _____

13. LANDSCAPING, POOL AND SPA:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Diseases or infestations affecting trees, plants or vegetation on or near the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 B. Operational sprinklers on the Property ☒ Yes ☐ No
 (1) If yes, are they ☒ automatic or ☐ manually operated.
 (2) If yes, are there any areas with trees, plants or vegetation not covered by the sprinkler system ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. A pool heater on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, is it operational? ☐ Yes ☐ No
 D. A spa heater on the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 If yes, is it operational? ☐ Yes ☐ No
 E. Past or present defects, leaks, cracks, repairs or other problems with the sprinklers, pool, spa, waterfall, pond, stream, drainage or other water-related decor including any ancillary equipment, including pumps, filters, heaters and cleaning systems, even if repaired ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation: _____

14. CONDOMINIUMS, COMMON INTEREST DEVELOPMENTS AND OTHER SUBDIVISIONS: (IF APPLICABLE)

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Property being a condominium or located in a planned unit development or other common interest subdivision.... ☒ Yes ☐ No
 B. Any Homeowners' Association (HOA) which has any authority over the subject property..... ☒ Yes ☐ No
 C. Any "common area" (facilities such as pools, fitness centers, walkways, conference rooms, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☒ Yes ☐ No
 D. CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations ☒ Yes ☐ No
 E. Any pending or proposed dues increases, special assessments, rules changes, insurance availability issues, or litigation by or against or fines or violations issued by a Homeowner Association or Architectural Committee affecting the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 F. CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations or any HOA Committee that has authority over improvements made on or to the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 (1) If Yes to F, any improvements made on or to the Property inconsistent with any declaration of restrictions or HOA Committee requirement ☐ Yes ☐ No
 (2) If Yes to F, any improvements made on or to the Property without the required approval of an HOA Committee ☐ Yes ☐ No

Explanation: _____

15. TITLE, OWNERSHIP, LIENS, AND LEGAL CLAIMS:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Other than the Seller signing this form, any other person or entity with an ownership interest ☐ Yes ☒ No
 B. Leases, options or claims affecting or relating to title or use of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 C. Past, present, pending or threatened lawsuits, settlements, mediations, arbitrations, tax liens, mechanics' liens, notice of default, bankruptcy or other court filings, or government hearings affecting or relating to the Property, Homeowner Association or neighborhood ☐ Yes ☒ No
 D. Features of the property shared in common with adjoining landowners, such as walls, fences and driveways, whose use or responsibility for maintenance may have an effect on the subject property..... ☒ Yes ☐ No
 E. Any encroachments, easements, boundary disputes, or similar matters that may affect your interest in the subject property, whether in writing or not ☐ Yes ☒ No
 F. Any private transfer fees, triggered by a sale of the Property, in favor of private parties, charitable organizations, interest based groups or any other person or entity. ☐ Yes ☒ No
 G. Any PACE lien (such as HERO or SCEIP) or other lien on your Property securing a loan to pay for an alteration, modification, replacement, improvement, remodel or material repair of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 H. The cost of any alteration, modification, replacement, improvement, remodel or material repair of the Property being paid by an assessment on the Property tax bill ☐ Yes ☒ No

Property Address: **2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278**

Explanation: _____

16. NEIGHBORS/NEIGHBORHOOD:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Neighborhood noise, nuisance or other problems from sources such as, but not limited to, the following: Neighbors, traffic, parking congestion, airplanes, trains, light rail, subway, trucks, freeways, buses, schools, parks, refuse storage or landfill processing, agricultural operations, business, odor, recreational facilities, restaurants, entertainment complexes or facilities, parades, sporting events, fairs, neighborhood parties, litter, construction, air conditioning equipment, air compressors, generators, pool equipment or appliances, underground gas pipelines, cell phone towers, high voltage transmission lines, or wildlife ☒ Yes ☐ No
- B. Any past or present disputes or issues with a neighbor which might impact the use, development and enjoyment of the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation: Occasional construction noise during improvement activity in the neighborhood.

17. GOVERNMENTAL:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Ongoing or contemplated eminent domain, condemnation, annexation or change in zoning or general plan that applies to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Existence or pendency of any rent control, occupancy restrictions, improvement restrictions or retrofit requirements that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Existing or contemplated building or use moratoria that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Current or proposed bonds, assessments, or fees that do not appear on the Property tax bill that apply to or could affect the Property ☐ Yes ☒ No
- E. Proposed construction, reconfiguration, or closure of nearby Government facilities or amenities such as schools, parks, roadways and traffic signals ☐ Yes ☒ No
- F. Existing or proposed Government requirements affecting the Property (i) that tall grass, brush or other vegetation be cleared; (ii) that restrict tree (or other landscaping) planting, removal or cutting or (iii) that flammable materials be removed ☐ Yes ☒ No
- G. Any protected habitat for plants, trees, animals or insects that apply to or could affect the Property..... ☐ Yes ☒ No
- H. Whether the Property is historically designated or falls within an existing or proposed Historic District ☐ Yes ☒ No
- I. Any water surcharges or penalties being imposed by a public or private water supplier, agency or utility; or restrictions or prohibitions on wells or other ground water supplies ☐ Yes ☒ No
- J. Any differences between the name of the city in the postal/mailling address and the city which has jurisdiction over the property ☐ Yes ☒ No

Explanation: _____

18. OTHER:

ARE YOU (SELLER) AWARE OF...

- A. Any occupant of the Property smoking or vaping any substance on or in the Property, whether past or present ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. Any use of the Property for, or any alterations, modifications, improvements, remodeling or material change to the Property due to, cannabis cultivation or growth ☐ Yes ☒ No
- C. Whether the Property was originally constructed as a Manufactured or Mobile home ☐ Yes ☒ No
- D. Whether the property is tenant occupied ☐ Yes ☒ No
- E. Whether the Property was previously tenant occupied even if vacant now ☐ Yes ☒ No

If yes, disclose if you know the method or manner of how the tenancy ended.



Explanation: _____

19. MATERIAL FACTS:

- A. Any past or present known material facts or other significant items affecting the value or desirability of the Property not otherwise disclosed to Buyer ☐ Yes ☒ No
- B. ☐ (IF CHECKED) **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:** The attached addendum contains an explanation or additional comments in response to specific questions answered "yes" above. Refer to line and question number in explanation.

Explanation: _____

Seller represents that Seller has provided the answers and, if any, explanations and comments on this form and any attached addenda and that such information is true and correct to the best of Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by Seller. Seller acknowledges (i) Seller's obligation to disclose information requested by this form is independent from any duty of disclosure that a real estate licensee may have in this transaction; and (ii) nothing that any such real estate licensee does or says to Seller relieves Seller from his/her own duty of disclosure.

Seller  **Sara C. Wilson, Trustee** Date 06/05/2025
 Seller  **Scott C. Wilson, Trustee** Date 06/05/2025

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands and has received a copy of this Seller Property Questionnaire form.

Buyer _____ Date _____
 Buyer _____ Date _____

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SPQ REVISED 12/24 (PAGE 4 OF 4)

SELLER PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE (SPQ PAGE 4 OF 4)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

Sara & Scott





REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

(CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE §1102, ET SEQ.)
(C.A.R. Form TDS, Revised 6/24)

☐ This property is a duplex, triplex or fourplex. A TDS is required for all units. This TDS is for ALL units (or ☐ only unit(s) ____).

THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONCERNS THE REAL PROPERTY SITUATED IN THE CITY OF Redondo Beach, COUNTY OF Los Angeles, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, DESCRIBED AS 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278.

THIS STATEMENT IS A DISCLOSURE OF THE CONDITION OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED PROPERTY IN COMPLIANCE WITH § 1102 OF THE CIVIL CODE AS OF (DATE) 06/05/25. IT IS NOT A WARRANTY OF ANY KIND BY THE SELLER(S) OR ANY AGENT(S) REPRESENTING ANY PRINCIPAL(S) IN THIS TRANSACTION, AND IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY INSPECTIONS OR WARRANTIES THE PRINCIPAL(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN.

I. COORDINATION WITH OTHER DISCLOSURE FORMS

This Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement is made pursuant to § 1102 of the Civil Code. Other statutes require disclosures, depending upon the details of the particular real estate transaction (for example: special study zone and purchase-money liens on residential property).

Substituted Disclosures: The following disclosures and other disclosures required by law, including the Natural Hazard Disclosure Report/Statement that may include airport annoyances, earthquake, fire, flood, or special assessment information, have or will be made in connection with this real estate transfer, and are intended to satisfy the disclosure obligations on this form, where the subject matter is the same:

- ☐ Inspection reports completed pursuant to the contract of sale or receipt for deposit.
☐ Additional inspection reports or disclosures: _____

☒ No substituted disclosures for this transfer.

II. SELLER'S INFORMATION

The Seller discloses the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, prospective Buyers may rely on this information in deciding whether and on what terms to purchase the subject property. Seller hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this transaction to provide a copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the property.

THE FOLLOWING ARE REPRESENTATIONS MADE BY THE SELLER(S) AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF THE AGENT(S), IF ANY. THIS INFORMATION IS A DISCLOSURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE PART OF ANY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE BUYER AND SELLER.

Seller ☒ is ☐ is not occupying the property.

A. The subject property has the items checked below:*

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Range	<input type="checkbox"/> Wall/Window Air Conditioning	<input type="checkbox"/> Pool:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oven	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sprinklers	<input type="checkbox"/> Child Resistant Barrier
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Microwave	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public Sewer System	<input type="checkbox"/> Pool/Spa Heater:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dishwasher	<input type="checkbox"/> Septic Tank	<input type="checkbox"/> Gas <input type="checkbox"/> Solar <input type="checkbox"/> Electric
<input type="checkbox"/> Trash Compactor	<input type="checkbox"/> Sump Pump	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Heater:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Garbage Disposal	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Softener	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas <input type="checkbox"/> Solar <input type="checkbox"/> Electric
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Washer/Dryer Hookups	<input type="checkbox"/> Patio/Decking	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Supply:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Rain Gutters	<input type="checkbox"/> Built-in Barbecue	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> City <input type="checkbox"/> Well
<input type="checkbox"/> Burglar Alarms	<input type="checkbox"/> Gazebo	<input type="checkbox"/> Private Utility or Other _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Carbon Monoxide Device(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Security Gate(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas Supply:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Smoke Detector(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Garage:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Utility <input type="checkbox"/> Bottled (Tank)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fire Alarm	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attached <input type="checkbox"/> Not Attached	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Window Screens
<input type="checkbox"/> TV Antenna	<input type="checkbox"/> Carport	<input type="checkbox"/> Window Security Bars
<input type="checkbox"/> Satellite Dish	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Automatic Garage Door Opener(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Quick Release Mechanism on Bedroom Windows
<input type="checkbox"/> Intercom	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Number Remote Controls <u>2</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Central Heating	<input type="checkbox"/> Sauna	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Central Air Conditioning	<input type="checkbox"/> Hot Tub/Spa:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Evaporator Cooler(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Locking Safety Cover	
Exhaust Fan(s) in Each bathroom, mstr bath, stove	220 Volt Wiring in _____	Fireplace(s) in mstr bedroom and family room
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas Starter <u>Gas fireplace</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Roof(s): Type: <u>shingle</u>	Age: <u>2022</u> (approx.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____		

Are there, to the best of your (Seller's) knowledge, any of the above that are not in operating condition? ☐ Yes ☒ No. If yes, then describe. (Attach additional sheets if necessary): _____

(*see note on page 2)

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TDS REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 3)

Buyer's Initials _____ / _____

Seller's Initials SC / SC



REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (TDS PAGE 1 OF 3)

Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties, 225 Avenue I, Ste 110 Redondo Beach CA 90277
Marie Morgenstern

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201

Phone: (310)890-7808

Fax: (310) 918-2182

www.lwolf.com

Sara & Scott

6/5/2025

Property Address: **2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278**

- B.** Are you (Seller) aware of any significant defects/malfunctions in any of the following? ☐ Yes ☒ No. If yes, check appropriate space(s) below.
- ☐ Interior Walls ☐ Ceilings ☐ Floors ☐ Exterior Walls ☐ Insulation ☐ Roof(s) ☐ Windows ☐ Doors ☐ Foundation ☐ Slab(s)
- ☐ Driveways ☐ Sidewalks ☐ Walls/Fences ☐ Electrical Systems ☐ Plumbing/Sewers/Septics ☐ Other Structural Components
- (Describe: _____)

If any of the above is checked, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.): _____


*Installation of a listed appliance, device, or amenity is not a precondition of sale or transfer of the dwelling. The carbon monoxide device, garage door opener, or child-resistant pool barrier may not be in compliance with the safety standards relating to, respectively, carbon monoxide device standards of Chapter 8 (commencing with § 13260) of Part 2 of Division 12 of, automatic reversing device standards of Chapter 12.5 (commencing with § 19890) of Part 3 of Division 13 of, or the pool safety standards of Article 2.5 (commencing with § 115920) of Chapter 5 of Part 10 of Division 104 of, the Health and Safety Code. Window security bars may not have quick-release mechanisms in compliance with the 1995 edition of the California Building Standards Code. § 1101.4 of the Civil Code requires all single-family residences built on or before January 1, 1994, to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures after January 1, 2017. Additionally, on and after January 1, 2014, a single-family residence built on or before January 1, 1994, that is altered or improved is required to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures as a condition of final approval. Fixtures in this dwelling may not comply with § 1101.4 of the Civil Code.


- C.** Are you (Seller) aware of any of the following:
- Substances, materials, or products which may be an environmental hazard such as, but not limited to, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon gas, lead-based paint, mold, fuel or chemical storage tanks, and contaminated soil or water on the subject property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Features of the property shared in common with adjoining landowners, such as walls, fences, and driveways, whose use or responsibility for maintenance may have an effect on the subject property ☒ Yes ☐ No
 - Any encroachments, easements or similar matters that may affect your interest in the subject property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits. ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs not in compliance with building codes ☐ Yes ☒ No
- (Note to C4 and C5: If transferor acquired the property within 18 months of accepting an offer to sell it, transferor shall make additional disclosures regarding the room additions, structural modifications, or other alterations or repairs on a Seller Property Questionnaire (C.A.R. Form SPQ).)
- Fill (compacted or otherwise) on the property or any portion thereof ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Any settling from any cause, or slippage, sliding, or other soil problems ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Flooding, drainage or grading problems ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Major damage to the property or any of the structures from fire, earthquake, floods, or landslides ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Any zoning violations, nonconforming uses, violations of "setback" requirements ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Neighborhood noise problems or other nuisances ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - CC&R's or other deed restrictions or obligations ☒ Yes ☐ No
 - Homeowners' Association which has any authority over the subject property ☒ Yes ☐ No
 - Any "common area" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☒ Yes ☐ No
 - Any notices of abatement or citations against the property ☐ Yes ☒ No
 - Any lawsuits by or against the Seller threatening to or affecting this real property, claims for damages by the Seller pursuant to § 910 or 914 threatening to or affecting this real property, claims for breach of warranty pursuant to § 900 threatening to or affecting this real property, or claims for breach of an enhanced protection agreement pursuant to § 903 threatening to or affecting this real property, including any lawsuits or claims for damages pursuant to § 910 or 914 alleging a defect or deficiency in this real property or "common areas" (facilities such as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others) ☐ Yes ☒ No

If the answer to any of these is yes, explain. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.): Home is front of 2-unit condo with shared fence, drive, and guest parking spot. Common sewer line.

- D.** 1. The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with § 13113.8 of the Health and Safety Code by having operable smoke detector(s) which are approved, listed, and installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations and applicable local standards.
2. The Seller certifies that the property, as of the close of escrow, will be in compliance with § 19211 of the Health and Safety Code by having the water heater tank(s) braced, anchored, or strapped in place in accordance with applicable law.

Seller certifies that the information herein is true and correct to the best of the Seller's knowledge as of the date signed by the Seller.

Seller  Date 06/05/2025

Seller  Date 06/05/2025

Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

TDS REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 2 OF 3)

Buyer's Initials _____ / _____

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (TDS PAGE 2 OF 3)

Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201 www.lwolf.com

Sara & Scott



06/05/2025
Date: _____

Property Address: **2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278**

III. AGENT'S INSPECTION DISCLOSURE

(To be completed only if the Seller is represented by an agent in this transaction.)

THE UNDERSIGNED, BASED ON THE ABOVE INQUIRY OF THE SELLER(S) AS TO THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY AND BASED ON A REASONABLY COMPETENT AND DILIGENT VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE ACCESSIBLE AREAS OF THE PROPERTY IN CONJUNCTION WITH THAT INQUIRY, STATES THE FOLLOWING:

☒ See attached Agent Visual Inspection Disclosure (AVID Form)

☐ Agent notes no items for disclosure.

☐ Agent notes the following items: _____

Agent (Broker Representing Seller) **Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties** (Please Print)
By *Marie Morgenstern* Date 06/05/25
(Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

IV. AGENT'S INSPECTION DISCLOSURE

(To be completed only if the agent who has obtained the offer is other than the agent above.)

THE UNDERSIGNED, BASED ON A REASONABLY COMPETENT AND DILIGENT VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE ACCESSIBLE AREAS OF THE PROPERTY, STATES THE FOLLOWING:

☐ See attached Agent Visual Inspection Disclosure (AVID Form)

☐ Agent notes no items for disclosure.

☐ Agent notes the following items: _____

Agent (Broker Obtaining the Offer) _____ (Please Print)
By _____ Date _____
(Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

V. BUYER(S) AND SELLER(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE AND/OR INSPECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY AND TO PROVIDE FOR APPROPRIATE PROVISIONS IN A CONTRACT BETWEEN BUYER AND SELLER(S) WITH RESPECT TO ANY ADVICE/INSPECTIONS/DEFECTS.

I/WE ACKNOWLEDGE RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS STATEMENT.

Seller _____ Date _____
Sara C. Wilson, Trustee

Seller _____ Date _____
Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

Agent (Broker Representing Seller) **Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties** (Please Print)
By _____ Date _____
(Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

Agent (Broker Obtaining the Offer) _____ (Please Print)
By _____ Date _____
(Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

§ 1102.3 OF THE CIVIL CODE PROVIDES A BUYER WITH THE RIGHT TO RESCIND A PURCHASE CONTRACT FOR AT LEAST THREE DAYS AFTER THE DELIVERY OF THIS DISCLOSURE IF DELIVERY OCCURS AFTER THE SIGNING OF AN OFFER TO PURCHASE. IF YOU WISH TO RESCIND THE CONTRACT, YOU MUST ACT WITHIN THE PRESCRIBED PERIOD.

A REAL ESTATE BROKER IS QUALIFIED TO ADVISE ON REAL ESTATE. IF YOU DESIRE LEGAL ADVICE, CONSULT YOUR ATTORNEY.

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REAL ESTATE TRANSFER DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (TDS PAGE 3 OF 3)

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Sara & Scott





CALIFORNIA
ASSOCIATION
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AGENT VISUAL INSPECTION DISCLOSURE

(CALIFORNIA CIVIL CODE § 2079 ET SEQ.)

For use by an agent when a transfer disclosure statement is
required or when a seller is exempt from completing a TDS

(C.A.R. Form AVID, Revised 6/24)

This inspection disclosure concerns the residential property situated in the City of Redondo Beach,
County of Los Angeles, State of California, described as 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A
("Property").

☐ This Property is a duplex, triplex, or fourplex. An AVID is required for all units. This AVID form is for ALL units (or ☐ only unit(s) _____).

Inspection Performed By (Real Estate Broker Firm Name) Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties
California law requires, with limited exceptions, that a real estate broker or salesperson (collectively, "Agent") conduct a reasonably competent and diligent **visual** inspection of reasonably and normally accessible areas of certain properties offered for sale and then disclose to the prospective purchaser material facts affecting the value or desirability of that property that the inspection reveals. The duty applies regardless of whom that Agent represents. The duty applies to residential real properties containing one-to-four dwelling units, and manufactured homes (mobilehomes). The duty applies to a stand-alone detached dwelling (whether or not located in a subdivision or a planned development) or to an attached dwelling such as a condominium. The duty also applies to a lease with an option to purchase, a ground lease or a real property sales contract of one of those properties.

California law does not require the Agent to inspect the following:

- Areas that are not reasonably and normally accessible
- Areas off site of the property
- Public records or permits
- Common areas of planned developments, condominiums, stock cooperatives and the like.

Agent Inspection Limitations: Because the Agent's duty is limited to conducting a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of reasonably and normally accessible areas of only the Property being offered for sale, there are several things that the Agent will not do. What follows is a non-exclusive list of examples of limitations on the scope of the Agent's duty.

Roof and Attic: Agent will not climb onto a roof or into an attic.

Interior: Agent will not move or look under or behind furniture, pictures, wall hangings or floor coverings. Agent will not look up chimneys or into cabinets, or open locked doors.

Exterior: Agent will not inspect beneath a house or other structure on the Property, climb up or down a hillside, move or look behind plants, bushes, shrubbery and other vegetation or fences, walls or other barriers.

Appliances and Systems: Agent will not operate appliances or systems (such as, but not limited to, electrical, plumbing, pool or spa, heating, cooling, septic, sprinkler, communication, entertainment, well or water) to determine their functionality.

Size of Property or Improvements: Agent will not measure square footage of lot or improvements, or identify or locate boundary lines, easements or encroachments.

Environmental Hazards: Agent will not determine if the Property has mold, asbestos, lead or lead-based paint, radon, formaldehyde or any other hazardous substance or analyze soil or geologic condition.

Off-Property Conditions: By statute, Agent is not obligated to pull permits or inspect public records. Agent will not guarantee views or zoning, identify proposed construction or development or changes or proximity to transportation, schools, or law enforcement.

Analysis of Agent Disclosures: For any items disclosed as a result of Agent's visual inspection, or by others, Agent will not provide an analysis of or determine the cause or source of the disclosed matter, nor determine the cost of any possible repair.

What this means to you: An Agent's inspection is not intended to take the place of any other type of inspection, nor is it a substitute for a full and complete disclosure by a seller. Regardless of what the Agent's inspection reveals, or what disclosures are made by sellers, California Law specifies that a buyer has a duty to exercise reasonable care to protect himself or herself. This duty encompasses facts which are known to or within the diligent attention and observation of the buyer. Therefore, in order to determine for themselves whether or not the Property meets their needs and intended uses, as well as the cost to remedy any disclosed or discovered defect, **BUYER SHOULD: (1) REVIEW ANY DISCLOSURES OBTAINED FROM SELLER; (2) OBTAIN ADVICE ABOUT, AND INSPECTIONS OF, THE PROPERTY FROM OTHER APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONALS; AND (3) REVIEW ANY FINDINGS OF THOSE PROFESSIONALS WITH THE PERSONS WHO PREPARED THEM. IF BUYER FAILS TO DO SO, BUYER IS ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKER.**

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AVID REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 3)

Buyer's Initials _____ / _____



AGENT VISUAL INSPECTION DISCLOSURE (AVID PAGE 1 OF 3)

Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties, 225 Avenue I, Ste 110 Redondo Beach CA 90277
Marie Morgenstern

Phone: (310)890-7808
Produced with Lone Wolf Transactions (zipForm Edition) 717 N Harwood St, Suite 2200, Dallas, TX 75201

Fax: (310) 918-2182
www.lwolf.com

Sara & Scott

If this Property is a duplex, triplex, or fourplex, this AVID is for unit # _____.

THE UNDERSIGNED, BASED ON A REASONABLY COMPETENT AND DILIGENT VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE REASONABLY AND NORMALLY ACCESSIBLE AREAS OF THE PROPERTY, STATES THE FOLLOWING:

Entry (excluding common areas): Nothing observed

Living Room: Nothing observed

Dining Room: Nothing observed

Kitchen: Observed a minor crack on dishwasher

Other Room: Laundry : observed paint peeled off shelf due to detergent

Hall/Stairs (excluding common areas): Nothing observed

Bedroom # 1 : Master / nothing observed

Bedroom # 2 : Guest bedroom/Office observed paint drip on east wall under window

Bedroom # 3 : Guest room south east corner nothing observed

Bedroom # 4 : Guest room south west corner nothing observed

Bath # 1 : Downstairs half bath nothing observed

Bath # 2 : Master bathroom nothing observed

Bath # 3 : Upstairs hall full bath, nothing observed

Bath # 4 : Guestroom bathroom observed scuff on wall near shower



If this Property is a duplex, triplex, or fourplex, this AVID is for unit # _____ .

Other: Master bedroom patio observed discoloration on concrete flooring

Other: Upstairs lounge area, nothing observed

Other: NA

☐ See Addendum for additional rooms/structures: _____

Garage/Parking (excluding common areas): Observed discoloration on epoxy flooring

Exterior Building and Yard - Front/Sides/Back: Observed discoloration on concrete floor patio, gutter on East side of the home smashed in. Discoloration on East stucco wall

Other Observed or Known Conditions Not Specified Above: _____

This disclosure is based on a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of reasonably and normally accessible areas of the Property on the date specified above.

Real Estate Broker (Name of Firm that performed the inspection): Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties

Inspection Performed By (Name of individual agent or broker): Marie Morgenstern

Inspection Date/Time: 06/03/2025 2:15pm Weather conditions: Mostly cloudy/overcast

Other persons present: Scott Wilson & photographer

By Marie Morgenstern Date 06/05/25
(Signature of Associate Licensee or Broker who performed the inspection)

Reminder: Not all defects are observable by a real estate licensee conducting an inspection. The inspection does not include testing of any system or component. Real Estate Licensees are not home inspectors or contractors. BUYER SHOULD OBTAIN ADVICE ABOUT AND INSPECTIONS OF THE PROPERTY FROM OTHER APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONALS. IF BUYER FAILS TO DO SO, BUYER IS ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKER.

I/we acknowledge that I/we have read, understand and received a copy of this disclosure.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

I/we acknowledge that I/we have received a copy of this disclosure.

(The initials below and Broker signature are not required but can be used as evidence that the initialing or signing party has received the completed form.)

Seller SC / SC

Real Estate Broker (that did NOT fill out this AVID) _____

By _____ Date _____

(Associate Licensee or Broker Signature)

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AVID REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 3 OF 3)

AGENT VISUAL INSPECTION DISCLOSURE (AVID PAGE 3 OF 3)

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Sara & Scott





STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY
(This Form Does Not Replace Local Condition Disclosures.
Additional Advisories or Disclosures May Be Attached)
(C.A.R. Form SBSA, Revised 6/24)

BUYER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

- The physical condition of the land and improvements being purchased are not guaranteed by Seller or Brokers.
- You should conduct thorough investigations of the Property both personally and with appropriate professionals.
- If professionals recommend further inspections, you should contact qualified experts to conduct such inspections.
- You should retain your own professional even if Seller or Broker has provided you with existing reports.
- You should read all written reports given to you and discuss those reports with the persons who prepared them. It is possible that different reports provided to you contain conflicting information. If there are discrepancies between reports, disclosures or other information, you are responsible for contacting appropriate professionals to confirm the accuracy of correctness of the reports, disclosures or information.
- You have the right to request that the Seller make repairs or corrections or take other actions based on inspections or disclosures, but the Seller is not obligated to respond to you or make any such repairs, corrections or other requested actions.
- If the Seller is unwilling or unable to satisfy your requests, and you act within certain time periods, you may have the right to cancel the Agreement (the Purchase Agreement and any Counter Offer and Addenda together are the "Agreement"). If you cancel outside of these periods, you may be in breach of the Agreement and your deposit might be at risk.

YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED TO INVESTIGATE THE CONDITION AND SUITABILITY OF ALL ASPECTS OF THE PROPERTY. IF YOU DO NOT DO SO, YOU ARE ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKERS.

SELLER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

- You have a duty to disclose material facts known to you that affect the value or desirability of the Property.
- You are obligated to make the Property available to the Buyer and have utilities on for inspections as allowed by the Agreement.
- This form is not a substitute for completing a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement, if required, and any other property-specific questionnaires or disclosures.

BROKER RIGHTS AND DUTIES:

- Brokers do not have expertise in all areas and matters affecting the Property or your evaluation of it.
- For most sales of residential properties with no more than four units, Brokers have a duty to make a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of the accessible areas of the Property and disclose to you material facts or defects that the inspection reveals.
- Many defects and conditions may not be discoverable by a Broker's visual inspection.
- If Brokers give a referral to another professional, Brokers do not guarantee that person's performance. You may select any professional of your own choosing.
- If a Broker gives you reports or other documents, unless otherwise specified, it is possible that different reports provided to you contain conflicting information. Broker has not and will not verify or otherwise investigate the information contained therein.
- Any written agreement between a Broker and either Buyer or Seller or both establishes the rights and responsibilities of those parties.

LEGAL, TAX AND CONTRACT CONSIDERATIONS FOR BOTH BUYER AND SELLER:

- You are advised to seek legal, tax, and other assistance from appropriate professionals in order to fully understand the implications of any documents or actions during the transaction. You should contact a CPA or tax attorney to determine (i) the basis of the property for income tax purposes; and (ii) any calculations necessary to determine if a sale, and what price, would result in any capital gains taxes that may need to be reported to State and Federal taxing agencies. In addition, you should consult with the CPA or tax attorney regarding what factors affect how the property tax basis is determined. If you are doing a 1031 exchange, you are advised to contact an exchange accommodator to discuss the proper method and timing of the exchange.
- The terms of the Agreement and any counter offers and addenda establish your rights and responsibilities to each other.

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SBSA REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 15)



STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY (SBSA PAGE 1 OF 15)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SBSA CATEGORIES AND ALPHABETICAL INDEX						
A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Investigation of Physical Condition	Property Use and Ownership	Off-Site and Neighborhood Conditions	Legal Requirements (Federal, State and Local)	Contract Related Issues and Terms	Other Factors Affecting Property	Local Disclosures and Advisories
Pages 2-5	Pages 5-8	Pages 9-10	Pages 10-11	Pages 11-12	Pages 13-14	Page 15

	Page		Page
1. Accessory Dwelling Units	5	35. Marketing; Internet Advertising; Internet Blogs; Social Media	14
2. Arbitration	12	36. Mediation	12
3. Building Permits, Zoning and Code Compliance.....	5	37. Megan's Law Database Disclosure	11
4. Buyer Intended Future Use	6	38. Mold	3
5. California Fair Plan	6	39. Neighborhood, Area, Personal Factors, Buyer Intended Use, High Speed Rails, and Smoking Restrictions	9
6. Community Enhancement and Private Transfer Fees	13	40. Neighborhood Noise Sources	9
7. Death on the Property	10	41. 1915 Improvement Bond Mello-Roos Community District, and Other Assessment Districts	8
8. Earthquake Fault Zones and Seismic Hazard Zones	10	42. Non-Confidentiality of Offers	12
9. Easements, Access and Encroachments	2	43. Notice of Your Supplemental Property Tax Bill	11
10. Electrification of Energy Source	11	44. Online or Wire Funds Transfers	12
11. Electronic Signatures	11	45. Owner's Title Insurance	7
12. Environmental Hazards	3	46. PACE Loans and Liens	14
13. EPA's Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair and Painting Rule	10	47. Pets and Animals	4
14. Escrow Funds	12	48. Preliminary Title Report	5
15. Fire Hardening, Defensible Space, and Wildfire Disasters ..	5	49. Property Tax Bill Supplemental Notice; Accurate Sales Price Reporting	10
16. Fire Hazards	10	50. Recording Devices	14
17. FIRPTA/California Withholding	10	51. Re-Keying	14
18. Flood Hazards	11	52. Rent and Eviction Control Laws and Ordinances	8
19. Formaldehyde	3	53. Retrofit, Building Requirements, and Point of Sale Requirements	8
20. Future Repairs, Replacements and Remodels	6	54. Schools	9
21. General Recall/Defective Product/Class Action Information	13	55. Sea Level Rise	10
22. Geologic Hazards	3	56. Septic Systems	4
23. Golf Course Disclosures	9	57. Short Term Rentals and Restrictions	8
24. Heating Ventilating and Air Conditioning Systems	6	58. Signing Documents Electronically	11
25. Historical Designation, Coastal Commission, Architectural, Landscape, Agricultural or Open Space and other Restrictions on Buildings or Improvement	6	59. Soil and Geologic Conditions	4
26. Homeowner Associations and Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions ("CC&Rs"); Charging Stations; FHA/VA Approval	13	60. Solar Panels and Net Energy Metering	14
27. Home Warranty	12	61. Square Footage, Lot Size, Boundaries and Surveys	4
28. Identification of Natural Persons Behind Shell Companies in All-Cash Transactions	12	62. Swimming Pool, Security and Safety	8
29. Inspections	3	63. Underground Pipelines and Utilities	9
30. Insurance, Title Insurance and Title Insurance After Foreclosure	6	64. Views	8
31. Land Lease	7	65. Water Intrusion	4
32. Legal Action	13	66. Water Shortages and Conservation	8
33. Liquidated Damages	12	67. Well and Water System(s)	5
34. Marijuana and Methamphetamine Labs	7	68. Wildlife	9
		69. Wood Balconies, Stairs, and Other Structures	14
		70. Wood Destroying Pests	5
		71. Zone Maps May Change	11

A. Investigation of Physical Conditions

- EASEMENTS, ACCESS AND ENCROACHMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that confirming the exact location of easements, shared or private driveways or roadways, and encroachments on or to the Property may be possible only by conducting a survey. There may be unrecorded easements, access rights, encroachments and other agreements affecting the Property that may not be disclosed by a survey. Representations regarding these items that are made in a Multiple Listing Service or advertisements, or plotted by a title company are often approximations, or based upon inaccurate or incomplete records. Unless otherwise specified by Broker in writing, Brokers have not verified any such matters or any representations made by Seller(s) or others. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised and Broker(s) recommend that Buyer hire a licensed surveyor during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.



2. **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of certain kinds of organisms, toxins and contaminants, including, but not limited to, mold (airborne, toxic or otherwise), fungi, mildew, lead-based paint and other lead contamination, asbestos, formaldehyde, radon, pcb's, methane, other gases, fuel oil or chemical storage tanks, contaminated soil or water, hazardous waste, waste disposal sites, electromagnetic fields, nuclear sources, urea formaldehyde, or other materials may adversely affect the Property and the health of individuals who live on or work at the property as well as pets. Some municipalities may impose additional requirements regarding underground storage tanks, which may be more common in certain areas and cities throughout the State, especially where there are larger, older homes built before 1935. It is possible that these tanks, either now or in the future, may require inspections or abatement. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised, and Broker(s) recommends, that Buyer have the Property inspected for the existence of such conditions and organisms, and conditions that may lead to their formation. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Buyer is also advised to consult with appropriate experts regarding this topic during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller read the booklets titled, "Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants," and "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home." Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **FORMALDEHYDE:** Formaldehyde is a substance known to the State of California to cause cancer. Exposure to formaldehyde may be caused by materials used in the construction of homes. The United States Environmental Protection Agency, the California Air Resources Board, and other agencies have measured the presence of formaldehyde in the indoor air of select homes in California. Levels of formaldehyde that present a significant cancer risk have been measured in most homes that were tested. Formaldehyde is present in the air because it is emitted by a variety of building materials and home products used in construction. The materials include carpeting, pressed wood products, insulation, plastics, and glues. Most homes that have been tested elsewhere do contain formaldehyde, although the concentrations vary from home to home with no obvious explanation for the differences. One of the problems is that many suppliers of building materials and home products do not provide information on chemical ingredients to builders. Buyers may have further questions about these issues. Buyer is advised to consult with appropriate experts regarding this topic during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller read the booklet titled "Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants." Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **GEOLOGIC HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California has experienced earthquakes in the past, and there is always a potential of future earthquakes. Damage caused by an earthquake may not be discoverable by a visual inspection of Buyer(s) or Broker(s). Inspection by a licensed, qualified professional is strongly recommended to determine the structural integrity and safety of all structures and improvements on the Property. If the Property is a condominium, or located in a planned unit development or in a common interest subdivision, Buyer is advised to contact the homeowners association about earthquake repairs and retrofit work and the possibility of an increased or special assessment to defray the costs of earthquake repairs or retrofit work. Buyer is encouraged to obtain and read the booklet entitled, "The Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety." In most cases a questionnaire within the booklet must be completed by Seller and the entire booklet given to the Buyer if the Property was built prior to 1960. If the Property was built before 1975, and contains structures constructed of masonry or precast (tilt up) concrete walls, with wood frame floors or roof, or if the building has unreinforced masonry walls, then Seller must provide Buyer a pamphlet entitled "The Commercial Property Owner's Guide to Earthquake Safety." Many areas have a wide range of geologic problems and numerous studies have been made of these conditions. Some of this information is available for public review at city and county planning departments. Buyer is encouraged to review the public maps and reports and/or obtain a geologist's inspection report. Buyer may be able to obtain earthquake insurance to protect their interest in the Property. Sellers who agree to provide financing should also consider requiring Buyers to obtain such insurance naming Seller(s) as insured lien holder(s). Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **INSPECTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer has the right to obtain various inspections of the Property under most residential purchase agreements. Buyer is advised to have the Property inspected by a professional property inspection service within Buyer's inspection contingency period. A licensed building contractor or other professional may perform these services. The inspector generally does not look behind walls or under carpets, or take equipment apart. Certain items on the Property, such as chimneys and spark arresters, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical wiring, pool and spa, septic system, well, roof, foundation and structural items may need to be inspected by another professional, such as a chimney sweep, plumber, electrician, pool and spa service, septic or well company or roofer. A general physical inspection typically will not test for mold, wood destroying pests, lead-based paint, radon, asbestos and other environmental hazards, geologic conditions, age, remaining useful life or water-tightness of roof, cracks, leaks or operational problems associated with a pool or spa or connection of the Property to a sewer system. If Buyer wants further information on any aspect of the Property, Broker recommends that Buyer have a discussion with the professional property inspector and that Buyer hire an appropriate professional for the area of concern to Buyer. Brokers do not verify the results of any such inspection or guarantee the performance of any such inspector or service. Any election by Buyer to waive the right to a physical inspection of the Property or to rely on somebody other than an appropriate professional is against the advice of Brokers. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Brokers do not have expertise in these area.
6. **MOLD:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of certain kinds of mold, fungi, mildew and other organisms, sometimes referred to as "toxic mold" (collectively "Mold"), may adversely affect the Property and the health of individuals who live on or work at the Property as well as pets. Mold does not affect all people the same way, and may not affect some people at all. Mold may be caused by water leaks or other sources of moisture such as, but not limited



to, flooding, and leaks in windows, pipes and roof. Seller is advised to disclose the existence of any such conditions of which he or she is aware. Buyer should carefully review all of Seller's disclosures for any indication that any of these conditions exist. It is, however, possible that Mold may be hidden and that Seller is completely unaware of its existence. In addition, Mold is often undetectable from a visual inspection, a professional general property inspection and even a structural pest control inspection. Brokers do not have expertise in this area. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property tested for Mold by an environmental hygienist or other appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 7. PETS AND ANIMALS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the current or previous owner(s) may have had domesticated or other pets and animals at the Property. Odors from animal urine or other contamination may be dormant for long periods of time and then become active because of heat, humidity or other factors and might not be eliminated by cleaning or replacing carpets or other cleaning methods. Pet urine and feces can also damage hardwood floors and other floor coverings. Additionally, an animal may have had fleas, ticks and other pests that remain on the Property after the animal has been removed. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 8. SEPTIC SYSTEMS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that a property may be served by one or more septic systems even though adjoining properties are connected to a sewer line. Buyer and Seller are also advised that some septic tanks and systems may have been abandoned or have leaked into ground water sources. Buyer is advised to contact the appropriate government agency to verify that the Property is connected to a sewer or served by a septic system. If the Property is served by a septic system, it may consist of a septic tank, cesspool, pits, leach lines or a combination of such mechanisms ("collectively, System"). No representation or warranty is made by Seller or Broker concerning the condition, operability, size, capacity or future expansion of a System, nor whether a System is adequate for use by the intended occupants of the Property. A change in the number of occupants or the quantity, composition or methods of depositing waste may affect the efficiency of the System. In addition, the amount of rainfall and ground water table may also affect the efficiency of the System. Many factors including, but not limited to, natural forces, age, deterioration of materials and the load imposed on a System can cause the System to fail at any time. Broker recommends that Buyer obtain an independent evaluation of any System by a qualified sanitation professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Buyer should consult with their sanitation professional to determine if their report includes the tank only, or other additional components of the System such as pits and leach fields. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspection activities. In some cases, Buyer's lender as well as local government agencies may require System inspection. System-related maintenance costs may include, but not be limited to, locating, pumping or providing outlets to ground level. Brokers are unable to advise Buyer or Seller regarding System-related issues or associated costs, which may be significant. If Buyer and Seller agree to obtain a System inspection, Buyer and Seller are cautioned that the inspection cost may include, but not be limited to, the costs of locating, pumping or providing outlets to ground level. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 9. SOIL AND GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that real estate in California is subject to settling, slippage, contraction, expansion erosion, subsidence, earthquakes and other land movement. The Property may be constructed on fill or improperly compacted soil and may have inadequate drainage capability. Any of these matters can cause structural problems to improvements on the Property. Civil or geo-technical engineers are best suited to evaluate soil stability, grading, drainage and other soil conditions. Additionally, the Property may contain known or unknown mines, mills, caves or wells. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer hire an appropriate professional. Not all inspectors are licensed and licenses are not available for all types of inspections. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 10. SQUARE FOOTAGE, LOT SIZE, BOUNDARIES AND SURVEYS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that only an appraiser or land surveyor, as applicable, can reliably confirm square footage, lot size, Property corners and exact boundaries of the Property. Representations regarding these items that are made in a Multiple Listing Service, advertisements, and from property tax assessor records are often approximations, or based upon inaccurate or incomplete records. Fences, hedges, walls or other barriers may not represent actual boundary lines. Unless otherwise specified by Broker in writing, Brokers have not verified any such boundary lines or any representations made by Seller or others concerning square footage, lot size, Property corners or exact boundaries. Standard title insurance does not insure the boundaries of the Property. If the exact square footage or lot size or location of Property corners or boundaries is an important consideration in Buyer's decision to purchase the Property and/or how much Buyer is willing to pay for the Property, then Buyer must independently conduct Buyer's own investigation through appropriate professionals, appraisers, or licensed surveyors and rely solely on their data, recognizing that all measurements may not be consistent and that different sources may have different size assessments. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 11. WATER INTRUSION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that many homes suffer from water intrusion or leakage. The causes of water intrusion are varied, and can include defective construction, faulty grading, deterioration of building materials and absence of waterproof barriers. Water intrusion can cause serious damage to the Property. This damage can consist of wood rot, mold, mildew and even damage to the structural integrity of the Property. The cost of repairing and remediating water intrusion damage and its causes can be very significant. The existence and cause of water intrusion is often difficult to detect. Because you, your Broker or a general home inspector cannot visually observe any effects of water intrusion, Buyer and Seller should not assume that such intrusion does not exist. Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property inspected for water intrusion by an appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.



- 12. WELL AND WATER SYSTEM(S):** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be served by one or more water wells, springs, or private community or public water systems. Any of these private or public water systems may contain bacteria, chemicals, minerals and metals, such as chromium. Well(s) may have been abandoned on the Property. Buyer is advised to have both the quality and the quantity of water evaluated, and to obtain an analysis of the quality of any domestic and agricultural water in use, or to be used at the Property, from whatever source. Water quality tests can include not only tests for bacteria, such as coliform, but also tests for organic and inorganic chemicals, metals, mineral content and gross alpha testing for radioactivity. Broker recommends that Buyer consult with a licensed, qualified well and pump company and local government agency to determine whether any well/spring or water system will adequately serve Buyer's intended use and that Buyer have a well consultant perform an extended well output test for this purpose. Water well or spring capacity, quantity output and quality may change at any time. There are no guarantees as to the future water quality, quantity or duration of any well or spring. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer obtain an inspection of the condition, age, adequacy and performance of all components of the well/spring and any water system during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 13. WOOD DESTROYING PESTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the presence of, or conditions likely to lead to the presence of infestation or infection of wood destroying pests and organisms may adversely affect the Property. Inspection reports covering these items can be separated into two sections: Section 1 identifies areas where infestation or infection is evident. Section 2 identifies areas where there are conditions likely to lead to infestation or infection. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer is advised and Broker recommends that Buyer have the Property inspected for the existence of such conditions and organisms, and conditions that may lead to their formation, by a registered structural pest control company during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 14. FIRE HARDENING, DEFENSIBLE SPACE, AND WILDFIRE DISASTERS:** California is subject to wildfires which have resulted in damage and destruction of many properties located in the state. Several recent state laws have mandated disclosures by sellers when selling properties in certain identified zones, such as "high" or "very high" fire severity zones. Additionally, state law mandates that sellers provide buyers with statements of compliance with local mandates if adopted by local agencies. The Property may be located in a high or very high fire severity zone. This may impact the availability of insurance and the ability to build or rebuild structures on the Property. Additionally, there may be requirements that certain fire prevention steps may be mandated. Information on fire hardening, including current building standards and information on minimum annual vegetation management standards to protect homes from wildfires, can be obtained on the internet website <http://www.readyforwildfire.org>. Cal Fire has made available a "Fire Hazard Severity Zone Viewer" where you can input the Property address to determine which fire hazard zone, if any, that the Property is located in. The viewer is available at <https://egis.fire.ca.gov/FHSZ/>. Below is a partial list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer/Lessee investigations and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.
- A. California Department of Insurance ("Wildfire Resource") <http://insurance.ca.gov/01-consumers/140-catastrophes/WildfireResources.cfm>; 1-800-927-4357
 - B. Governor's Office of Emergency Services ("Cal OES") California Wildfires Statewide Recovery Resources <http://wildfirerecovery.org/>
 - C. California Department of Forestry and Fire ("Cal Fire") <http://fire.ca.gov/> and <https://www.readyforwildfire.org/>
 - D. California Department of Transportation <https://calsta.ca.gov/>
 - E. California Attorney General <https://oag.ca.gov/consumers/pricegougingduringdisasters#8C1>

Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

- 15. PRELIMINARY (TITLE) REPORT:** A preliminary report is a document prepared by a title company which shows the conditions upon which the title company is willing to offer a policy of title insurance. However, a preliminary report is not an "abstract of title;" the title company does not conduct an exhaustive search of the title record and does not guarantee the condition of title. Nevertheless, the preliminary report documents many matters that have been recorded that can impact an owner's use of the property such as known easements, access rights, and encroachments and, if applicable, governing documents and restrictions for a homeowners' association (HOA). Among many other restrictions that may appear in the HOA documents are restrictions on the number and weight of pets that are allowed. A preliminary report may contain links to important documents referred to in the report. Broker recommends that Buyer reviews the preliminary report and any documents referenced by links and keep a printed or electronic copy of the preliminary report and documents referenced by link. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

B. Property Use and Ownership

- 1. ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS:** Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs) are known by many names: granny flats, in-law units, backyard cottages, secondary units and more. California has passed laws to promote the development of ADUs. Additional information about ADUs can be found at <http://hcd.ca.gov/policy-research/AccessoryDwellingUnits.shtml>. Buyer is advised to check with appropriate government agencies or third party professionals to verify permits and legal requirements and the effect of such requirements on current and future use and rentability of the Property, its development and size. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 2. BUILDING PERMITS, ZONING AND CODE COMPLIANCE:** Buyer and Seller are advised that any structure on the Property, including the original structure and any addition, modification, remodel or improvement may have been built without permits, not according to building codes, or in violation of zoning laws. Further, even if such structure was built according to the then-existing code or zoning requirement, it may not be in compliance with current building standards



or local zoning. It is also possible that local law may not permit structures that now exist to be rebuilt in the event of damage or destruction. Certain governmental agencies may require periodic inspections to occur in the future. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

3. **BUYER INTENDED FUTURE USE OF, AND MODIFICATIONS TO, THE PROPERTY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Seller's existing use of the property may not be consistent with Buyer's intended use or any future use that Buyer makes of the property, whether or not Buyer has any current plans to change the use. Buyer is advised to check with appropriate government agencies or third party professionals to verify what legal requirements are needed to accommodate any change in use. In addition, neither Seller nor Broker make any representations as to what modifications Buyer can make to the Property after close of escrow as well as any cost factors associated with any such modifications. Buyer is advised to check with his own licensed contractor and other such professionals as well as with the appropriate government agencies to determine what modifications Buyer will be allowed to make after close of escrow. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **CALIFORNIA FAIR PLAN:** Buyer and Seller are advised that insurance for certain hillside, oceanfront and brush properties may be available only from the California Fair Plan. This may increase the cost of insurance for such properties and coverage may be limited. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult with Buyer's own insurance agent during Buyer's inspection contingency period regarding the availability of coverage under the California Fair Plan and the length of time it may take for processing of a California Fair Plan application. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **FUTURE REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND REMODELS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that replacement or repairs of certain systems or rebuilding or remodeling of all or a portion of the Property may trigger requirements that homeowners comply with laws and regulations that either come into effect after Close of Escrow or are not required to be complied with until the replacement, repair, rebuild or remodel has occurred. Permit or code requirements or building standards may change after Close of Escrow, resulting in increasing costs to repair existing features. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **HEATING VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS:** Changes to state and federal energy efficiency regulations impact the installation, replacement and some repairs of heating and air conditioning units (HVAC): (i) Federal regulations now require manufacturers of HVAC units to produce only units meeting a new higher Seasonal Energy Efficiency Rating (SEER). This will likely impact repairs and replacements of existing HVAC units. State regulations now require that when installing or replacing HVAC units, with some exceptions, duct work must be tested for leaks. Duct work leaking more than 15 percent must be repaired to reduce leaks. The average existing duct work typically leaks 30 percent. More information is available at the California Energy Commission's website <https://www.energy.ca.gov/programs-and-topics/programs/home-energy-rating-system-hers-program>. Home warranty policies may not cover such inspections or repairs, (ii) the phase out of the use of HCFC-22 (R-22 Freon) will have an impact on repairs and replacement of existing air conditioning units and heat pumps. The production and import of HCFC-22 ended January 1, 2020. Existing systems may continue to be used and HCFC-22 recovered and reclaimed or that was produced prior to 2020 can help meet the needs of existing systems, however, costs may rise. More information is available from the Environmental Protection Agency at https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2018-08/documents/residential_air_conditioning_and_the_phaseout_of_hcfc-22_what_you_need_to_know.pdf and <http://www.epa.gov/ozone/title6/phaseout/22phaseout.html>, and (iii) New efficiency standards are also in place for water heaters. As a consequence, replacement water heaters will generally be larger than existing units and may not fit in the existing space. Additional venting and other modifications may be required as well. More information is available from the U.S. Department of Energy at http://www.eere.energy.gov/buildings/appliance_standards/product.aspx/productid/27. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **HISTORICAL DESIGNATION, COASTAL COMMISSION, ARCHITECTURAL, LANDSCAPE, AGRICULTURAL OR OPEN SPACE AND OTHER RESTRICTIONS ON BUILDINGS OR IMPROVEMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be: (i) designated as a historical landmark, (ii) protected by a historical conservancy, (iii) subject to an architectural or landscaping review process, (iv) within the jurisdiction of the California Coastal Commission or other government agency, or (v) subject to a contract preserving use of all or part of the Property for agriculture or open space. If the Property is so designated or within the jurisdiction of any such, or similar, government agency, then there may be restrictions or requirements regarding Buyer's ability to develop, remove or trim trees or other landscaping, remodel, make improvements to and build on or rebuild the Property. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer satisfy him/herself during Buyer's inspection contingency period if any of these issues are of concern to Buyer. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **INSURANCE, TITLE INSURANCE AND TITLE INSURANCE AFTER FORECLOSURE:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer may have difficulty obtaining insurance regarding the Property if there has been a prior insurance claim affecting the Property or made by Buyer but unrelated to the Property. Seller is required by C.A.R. Form RPA to disclose known insurance claims made during the past five years (C.A.R. Form SPQ or ESD). Sellers may not be aware of claims prior to their ownership. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that, during Buyer's inspection contingency period, Buyer conduct his or her own investigation for past claims. Buyer may need to obtain Seller's consent in order to have access to certain investigation reports. If the Property is a condominium, or is located in a planned unit development or other common interest subdivision, Buyer and Seller are advised to determine if the individual unit is covered by the Homeowner's Association Insurance and the type of insurance coverage that Buyer may purchase. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult Buyer's insurance agents during Buyer's inspection contingency period to determine the need, availability and possibility of securing any and all forms of other insurance or coverage



or any conditions imposed by insurer as a requirement of issuing insurance. If Buyer does any repairs to the property during the escrow period or Buyer takes possession prior to Close of Escrow or Seller remains in possession after Close of Escrow, whether for a limited or extended period of time, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller each consult with their own insurance agent regarding insurance or coverage that could protect them in the transaction (including but not limited to: personal property, flood, earthquake, umbrella and renter's). Buyer and Seller are advised that traditional title insurance generally protects Buyer's title acquired through the sale of the property. While all title insurance policies, as do all insurance policies, contain some exclusions, some title insurance policies contain exclusions for any liability arising from a previous foreclosure. This can occur when a short sale has occurred but the lender mistakenly has also proceeded with a foreclosure. Buyer is strongly advised to consult with a title insurer to satisfy themselves that the policy to be provided adequately protects their title to the property against other possible claimants. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

9. LAND LEASE: Buyer and Seller are advised that certain developments are built on leased land. This means that: **(i)** Buyer does not own the land, **(ii)** the right to occupy the land will terminate at some point in time, **(iii)** the cost to lease the land may increase at some point in the future, and **(iv)** Buyer may not be able to obtain title insurance or may have to obtain a different type of title insurance. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an attorney or other appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

10. MARIJUANA, CANNABIS, AND METHAMPHETAMINE LABS: Buyer and Seller are advised that California law permits individual patients to cultivate, possess and use marijuana for medical purposes. Furthermore, California law permits primary caregivers, lawfully organized cooperatives, and collectives to cultivate, distribute and possess marijuana for medicinal purposes. California law also allows recreational use of marijuana for adults, as well as limited rights for individuals to grow and cultivate marijuana, and rights of others, subject to a licensing process, to grow, cultivate and distribute marijuana for recreational use. California's medical and recreational marijuana laws are in direct conflict with federal law which recognizes no lawful use for marijuana and has no exemptions for medical use. Federal criminal penalties, some of which mandate prison time, remain in effect for the possession, cultivation and distribution of marijuana. Buyer and Seller are strongly advised to seek legal counsel as to the legal risks and issues surrounding owning or purchasing a property where medical or any other marijuana activity is taking place. Marijuana storage, cultivation and processing carry the risk of causing mold, fungus or moisture damage to a property, additionally, some properties where marijuana has been cultivated have had alterations to the structure or the electrical system which may not have been done to code or with permits and may affect the safety of the structure or the safe operation of the electrical system. Buyer is strongly advised to retain an environmental hygienist contractor and other appropriate professionals to inspect a property where medical or any other marijuana activity has taken place. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller involved with a property where there is medical marijuana activity or where it may take place review the California Attorney General's Guidelines for the "Security and Non-Diversion of Marijuana Grown for Medical Use" <https://oag.ca.gov/system/files/attachments/press-docs/MEDICINAL%20CANNABIS%20Guidelines.pdf> and the U.S. Department of Justice memo regarding marijuana prosecutions at <https://www.justice.gov/opa/press-release/file/1022196/download>. Brokers do not have expertise in this area. While no state law permits the private production of methamphetamine, some properties have been the site of an illegal methamphetamine laboratory. State law imposes an obligation to notify occupants, a ban on occupying the property and clean up requirements when authorities identify a property as being contaminated by methamphetamine. Buyer is advised that a property where methamphetamine has been produced may pose a very serious health risk to occupants. Buyer is strongly advised to retain an environmental hygienist contractor or other appropriate professionals to inspect the property if methamphetamine production is suspected to have taken place. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

11. OWNER'S TITLE INSURANCE: The Truth in Lending/RESPA integrated disclosure (TRID) established by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) requires that lenders must tell borrowers that title insurance is "optional." While obtaining an owner's policy of title insurance may be "optional", it may be a contractual requirement as between Buyer and Seller. Furthermore, California Civil Code § 1057.6 requires that Buyers be provided with the following notice: "IMPORTANT: IN A PURCHASE OR EXCHANGE OF REAL PROPERTY, IT MAY BE ADVISABLE TO OBTAIN TITLE INSURANCE IN CONNECTION WITH THE CLOSE OF ESCROW SINCE THERE MAY BE PRIOR RECORDED LIENS AND ENCUMBRANCES WHICH AFFECT YOUR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY BEING ACQUIRED. A NEW POLICY OF TITLE INSURANCE SHOULD BE OBTAINED IN ORDER TO ENSURE YOUR INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY THAT YOU ARE ACQUIRING."

Additionally, even the CFPB on its "ask CFPB" "What is owner's title insurance?" page advises "You may want to buy an owner's title insurance policy, which can help protect your financial interest in the home." Moreover, not obtaining an owner's policy may increase the cost of the lender's policy (required by most lenders), possibly require the separate purchase of a preliminary title report, and may have an impact on the sale of the Property in the future.

Buyers who decide to opt out of obtaining an owner's title insurance policy are acting against the advice of Brokers as well as the advice provided in the California Civil Code § 1057.6 and by the CFPB. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.



- 12. RENT AND EVICTION CONTROL LAWS AND ORDINANCES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California and some cities and counties impose or may impose restrictions that limit the rent that can be charged to a tenant, the maximum number of tenants who can occupy the property, the right of a landlord to terminate a tenancy and the costs to do so, and the consequences of terminating a tenancy unlawfully. Even if property that is currently vacant was previously tenant occupied, the termination of that previous tenancy may affect a buyer's rights such as the legal use of the property and who may occupy the property in the future. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer investigate the issue with an appropriate government authority or a qualified California real estate attorney during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 13. RETROFIT, BUILDING REQUIREMENTS, AND POINT OF SALE REQUIREMENTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that state and local Law may require (i) the installation of operable smoke detectors, (ii) bracing or strapping of water heaters, and (iii) upon sale completion of a corresponding written statement of compliance that is delivered to Buyer. Although not a point of sale or retrofit obligation, state law may require the property to have operable carbon monoxide detection devices. Additionally, some city and county governments may impose additional retrofit standards at time of sale including, but not limited to, installing or retrofitting low-flow toilets and showerheads, gas shut-off valves, fireplaces, and tempered glass. Further, there may be potential health impacts from air pollution caused from burning wood. Exposure to particulate matter from the smoke may cause short-term and long-term health effects. Buyers should consult with licensed professional to inspect, properly maintain, and operate a wood burning stove or fireplace. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller consult with the appropriate government agencies, inspectors, and other professionals to determine the retrofit standards for the Property, the extent to which the Property complies with such standards, and the costs, if any, of compliance. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 14. SHORT TERM RENTALS AND RESTRICTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that some cities, counties and Homeowner Associations (HOAs) do impose or may impose restrictions that limit or prohibit the right of the owner or occupant to rent-out the Property for short periods of time (usually 30 Days or less). In short term rentals, as well as all rentals, Buyer and Seller are advised to seek assistance to ensure compliance with all fair housing laws and regulations. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer investigate the issue with an appropriate government authority or HOA during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 15. VIEWS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that present views from the Property may be affected by future development or growth of trees and vegetation on adjacent properties and any other property within the line of sight of the Property. Brokers make no representation regarding the preservation of existing views. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review covenants, conditions and restrictions, if any, and contact neighboring property owners, government agencies and homeowner associations, if any, during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 16. SWIMMING POOL, SECURITY AND SAFETY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that state and local Law may require the installation of barriers, anti-entrapment grates, access alarms, self-latching mechanisms, pool covers, exit alarms and/or other measures to decrease the risk to children and other persons of existing swimming pools and hot tubs, as well as various fire safety and other measures concerning other features of the Property. Compliance requirements differ from city to city and county to county. Unless specifically agreed, the Property may not be in compliance with these requirements. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact local government agencies about these restrictions and other requirements. State law requires that new pools and spas be equipped with at least two of seven specified drowning prevention safety features. Home inspectors have a statutory obligation to perform a non-invasive physical examination of the pool area to identify which safety features are present. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 17. WATER SHORTAGES AND CONSERVATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be located in an area that could experience water shortages. The policies of local water districts and the city or county in which the Property is located can result in the occurrence of any or all of the following: (i) limitations on the amount of water available to the Property, (ii) restrictions on the use of water, and (iii) an increasingly graduated cost per unit of water use, including, but not limited to, penalties for excess usage. For further information, Broker recommends that Buyer contact the supplier of water to the Property regarding the supplier's current or anticipated policies on water usage and to determine the extent to which those policies may affect Buyer's intended use of the Property. If the Property is serviced by a private well, Buyer is advised that drought conditions and/or a low water table may make it necessary to arrange, through a private supplier, for delivery of water to the Property. Buyers should contact water truck companies for the costs involved. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
- 18. 1915 IMPROVEMENT BOND MELLO-ROOS COMMUNITY DISTRICT, AND OTHER ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the Property may be subject to an improvement bond assessment under the Improvement Bond Act of 1915, a levy of a special tax pursuant to a Mello-Roos Community Facilities district, and/or a contractual assessment as provided in § 5898.24 of the Streets And Highways Code or other assessment districts. Seller is generally required to make a good faith effort to obtain a disclosure notice from any local agency collecting such taxes and deliver such notice to Buyers. If there is a question as to whether an existing bond or assessment will be prorated as of the close of escrow, or whether Seller will pay off the bond or assessment at close of escrow, Buyers are advised to discuss the matter with the appropriate entity and address the responsibility for payment in negotiations for the purchase agreement or amendment prior to removing contingencies. Some cities and other localities have begun, or have the intention to begin, the process of requiring the replacement of utility poles by requiring that utility lines be buried underground. These projects can result in special tax assessments and set-up costs that are imposed on individual property owners. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.



C. Off-Site and Neighborhood Conditions

1. **GOLF COURSE DISCLOSURES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is located adjacent to or near a golf course the following may apply: (i) Stray golf balls – Any residence near a golf course may be affected by errant golf balls, resulting in personal injury or destruction to property. Golfers may attempt to trespass on adjacent property to retrieve golf balls even though the project restrictions may expressly prohibit such retrieval. (ii) Noise and lighting – The noise of lawn mowers irrigation systems and utility vehicles may create disturbances to homeowners. Maintenance operations may occur in the early morning hours. Residents living near the clubhouse may be affected by extra lighting, noise, and traffic. (iii) Pesticides and fertilizer use – A golf course may be heavily fertilized, as well as subjected to other chemicals during certain periods of the year. (iv) Irrigation system – Golf course sprinkler systems may cause water overspray upon adjacent property and structures. Also the irrigation system of a golf course may use reclaimed and retreated wastewater. (v) Golf carts – Certain lots may be affected more than others by the use of golf carts. Lots adjacent to a tee or putting green may be subject to noise disturbances and loss of privacy. (vi) Access to golf course from residences – It is likely that most residences will not have direct access from their lots to the golf course. The project restrictions may disclaim any right of access or other easements from a resident's lot onto the golf course. (vii) View obstruction – Residents living near a golf course may have their views over the golf course impacted by maturing trees and landscaping or by changes to the course's configuration. (viii) Water restrictions – As some municipalities face water shortages, the continued availability of water to the golf course may be restricted or otherwise reduced by the local water agency. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact the local water agency regarding this matter. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
2. **NEIGHBORHOOD, AREA, PERSONAL FACTORS, BUYER INTENDED USE, HIGH SPEED RAILS, AND SMOKING RESTRICTIONS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that the following may affect the Property or Buyer's intended use of it: neighborhood or area conditions, including schools, proximity and adequacy of law enforcement, crime, fire protection, other government services, availability, adequacy and cost of any speed-wired, wireless internet connections or other telecommunications or other technology services and installations, proximity to medical marijuana growing or distribution locations, cell phone towers, manufacturing, commercial, industrial, airport or agricultural activities or military ordnance locations, existing and proposed transportation, construction, and development, any other source that may affect noise, view, traffic, or odor, wild and domestic animals, susceptibility to tsunami and adequacy of tsunami warnings, other nuisances, hazards, or circumstances, protected species, wetland properties, botanical diseases, historic or other governmentally-protected sites or improvements, cemeteries, conditions and influences of significance to certain cultures and/or religions, and personal needs, requirements and preferences of Buyer and FAA requirements for recreational and non-recreational use of Unmanned Aircraft Systems (UAS) (drones) (see UAS frequently asked questions <http://www.faa.gov/uas/faqs/>). California is potentially moving toward high speed rail service between Northern and Southern California. This rail line could have an impact on the Property if it is located nearby. More information on the timing of the project and routes is available from the California High-Speed Rail Authority at www.cahighspeedrail.ca.gov/. The State of California has long-standing no smoking laws in place restricting smoking in most business and some public spaces. Local jurisdictions may enact laws that are more restrictive than state law. Many California cities have enacted restrictions on smoking in parks, public sidewalks, beaches and shopping areas. Some jurisdictions have restrictions entirely banning smoking inside privately owned apartments and condominiums as well as in the common areas of such structures, or limiting smoking to certain designated areas. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact local government agencies about these restrictions. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **NEIGHBORHOOD NOISE SOURCES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that even if the Property is not in an identified airport noise influence area, the Property may still be subject to noise and air disturbances resulting from airplanes and other aircraft, commercial or military or both, flying overhead. Other common sources of noise include nearby commercial districts, schools, traffic on streets, highways and freeways, trains and general neighborhood noise from people, dogs and other animals. Noise levels and types of noise that bother one person may be acceptable to others. Buyer is advised to satisfy him/herself with regard to any sources of and amounts of noise at different times of day and night. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **SCHOOLS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that children living in the Property may not, for numerous reasons, be permitted to attend the school nearest the Property. Various factors including, but not limited to, open enrollment policies, busing, overcrowding and class size reductions may affect which public school serves the Property. School district boundaries are subject to change. Buyer is advised to verify whether the Property is now, and at the Close of Escrow will be, in the school district Buyer understands it to be in and whether residing in the Property entitles a person to attend any specific school in which that Buyer is interested. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer contact the local school or school district for additional information during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **UNDERGROUND PIPELINES AND UTILITIES:** Throughout California underground pipelines transport natural gas, liquid fuel and other potentially hazardous materials. These pipelines may or may not provide utility services to the Property. Information about the location of some of the pipelines may be available from a company that also provides disclosures of natural and other hazards or from other sources of public maps or records. Proximity to underground pipelines, in and of itself, does not affirmatively establish the risk or safety of the property. If Buyer wants further information about these underground pipelines and utilities, Buyer is advised to consult with appropriate experts during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **WILDLIFE:** California is the home to many species of wildlife. The location of homes in California continues to expand into areas that are the natural habitat of wildlife and the Property may be in such an area. Wildlife may become a nuisance especially if the availability of their natural sources of food or water is limited. Buyer should investigate the need to



implement mitigation measures at the Property including but not limited to the use of animal-resistant garbage containers, and other appropriate measures depending on the species and habitat involved. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

7. **SEA LEVEL RISE/COASTAL PROPERTIES:** Sea level rise has the potential to affect coastal residents, recreation, and development. Coastal communities may or may not have addressed the potential impact. The following is a non-exclusive list of issues that may be impacted by sea level rise: (i) Shoreline, beach and bluff erosion, and flooding; (ii) The effectiveness of seawalls and bulkheads, whether built with or without permits; (iii) Seaward construction, development or improvement to existing structures; (iv) The enactment of geological hazard abatement districts and assessments; and (v) The location of the "mean high tide line" which is used to delineate shoreline boundaries for some coastal properties.

Below is a non-exhaustive list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer investigations into sea level rise, and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.

- A. California Coastal Commission contact information: <https://www.coastal.ca.gov/contact/#/>
- B. State Lands Commission contact information: <https://www.slc.ca.gov/contact-us/>
- C. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (sea level rise page): <https://coast.noaa.gov/slr/>
- D. California Coastal Commission (sea level rise page): <https://www.coastal.ca.gov/climate/slr/>
- E. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA): <https://www.fema.gov/flood-maps>; <https://msc.fema.gov>

If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that Buyer discuss the issue with an appropriate professional during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

D. Legal Requirements (Federal, State and Local)

1. **DEATH ON THE PROPERTY:** California Civil Code § 1710.2 protects a seller from: (i) failing to disclose a death on the property that occurred more than 3 years before a buyer has made an offer on a property; and (ii) failing to disclose if an occupant of a property was afflicted with HIV/AIDS, regardless of whether a death occurred or if so, when § 1710.2 does not protect a seller from making a misrepresentation in response to a direct inquiry. If the Buyer has any concerns about whether a death occurred on the Property or the manner, location, details or timing of a death, the buyer should direct any specific questions to the Seller in writing. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
2. **EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONES AND SEISMIC HAZARD ZONES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California Public Resources Code §§ 2622 and 2696 require the delineation and mapping of "Earthquake Fault Zones" along known active faults and "Seismic Hazard Zones" in California. Affected cities and counties must regulate certain development projects within these zones. Construction or development on affected properties may be subject to the findings of a geological report prepared by a registered California geologist. Generally, Seller must disclose if the Property is in such a zone and can use a research company to aid in the process. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that, during Buyer's inspection contingency period, Buyer make independent inquiries with such research companies or with appropriate government agencies concerning the use and improvement of the Property. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for earthquakes and seismic hazards even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **EPA's LEAD-BASED PAINT RENOVATION, REPAIR AND PAINTING RULE:** The new rule requires that contractors and maintenance professionals working in pre-1978 housing, child care facilities, and schools with lead-based paint be certified; that their employees be trained; and that they follow protective work practice standards. The rule applies to renovation, repair, or painting activities affecting more than six square feet of lead-based paint in a room or more than 20 square feet of lead-based paint on the exterior. Enforcement of the rule begins October 1, 2010. See the EPA website at <http://www.epa.gov/lead> for more information. Buyer and Seller are advised to consult an appropriate professional. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **FIRE HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that fires annually cause the destruction of thousands of homes. Due to varied climate and topography, certain areas have higher risks of fires than others. Certain types of materials used in home construction create a greater risk of fire than others. If the Property is located within a State Fire Responsibility Area or a Very High Fire Hazard Zone, generally Seller must disclose that fact to Buyer under California Public Resources Code § 4136 and California Government Code §§ 51178 and 51183.5, and may use a research company to aid in the process. Owners of property may be assessed a fire prevention fee on each structure on each parcel in such zones. The fee may be adjusted annually commencing July 1, 2013. If Buyer wants further information, Broker recommends that, during Buyer's inspection contingency period, Buyer contact the local fire department and Buyer's insurance agent regarding the risk of fire. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for fires even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **FIRPTA/CALIFORNIA WITHHOLDING:** Buyer and Seller are advised that: (i) Internal Revenue Code § 1445, as of February 17, 2016, requires a Buyer to withhold and to remit to the Internal Revenue Service 15% of the purchase price of the property if the Seller is a non-resident alien, unless an express exemption applies. Only 10% needs to be withheld if the Buyer acquires the property as Buyer's residence and the price does not exceed \$1,000,000. Seller may avoid withholding by providing Buyer a statement of non-foreign status. The statement must be signed by Seller under penalty of perjury and must include Seller's tax identification number. Buyer can also avoid having to withhold Federal taxes from Seller's Proceeds if the property price is \$300,000 or less, and the Buyer signs an affidavit stating Buyer intends to occupy the property as a principal residence. (ii) California Revenue and Taxation Code § 18662 requires that a Buyer withhold and remit to the California Franchise Tax Board 3 1/3% of the purchase price of the property unless the Seller



signs an affidavit that the property was the Seller's (or the decedent's, if a trust or probate sale) principal residence or that the sales price is \$100,000 or less or another express exemption applies. Exemptions from withholding also apply to legal entities such as corporations, LLCs, and partnerships. Brokers cannot give tax or legal advice. Broker recommends that Buyer and Seller seek advice from a CPA, attorney or taxing authority. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

6. **FLOOD HAZARDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is located within a Special Flood Hazard Area, as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or an area of Potential Flooding pursuant to California Government Code § 8589.3, generally Seller must disclose this fact to Buyer and may use a research company to aid in the process. The National Flood Insurance Program was established to identify all flood plain areas and establish flood-risk zones within those areas. The program mandates flood insurance for properties within high-risk zones if loans are obtained from a federally-regulated financial institution or are insured by any agency of the United States Government. The extent of coverage and costs may vary. If Buyer wants further information, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer consult his or her lender and/or insurance agent during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Buyer is advised that there is a potential for flooding even outside designated zones. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **MEGAN'S LAW DATABASE DISCLOSURE:** Notice: Pursuant to § 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specific registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at <http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov/>. Depending on an offender's criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides. (Neither Seller nor Brokers, in any, are required to check this website. If Buyer wants further information, Buyer should obtain information directly from this website.) Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **NOTICE OF YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL PROPERTY TAX BILL; ACCURATE SALES PRICE REPORTING:** Buyer and Seller are advised that pursuant to Civil Code § 1102.6(c), Seller, or his or her agent, is required to provide the following notice to the Buyer:

"California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes.

The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. Even if you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bills will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector. If you have any questions concerning this matter, please call your Tax Collector's Office."

Although the notice refers to loan closing as a trigger, it is actually the change of ownership which triggers this reassessment of property taxes. Therefore, the Property can be reassessed even if there is no loan involved in the purchase of the Property. The Purchase Agreement may allocate supplemental tax bills received after the Close of Escrow to the Buyer. A change (preliminary change) of ownership form is generally required to be filed by the Buyer with the local taxing agency. The form identifies the sales price of the Property. An assessor may value the Property at its fair market value regardless of the sales price declared by the Buyer. If Buyer wants further information concerning these matters, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer discuss the issue with the County Assessor or Tax Collector or their own tax or legal advisor. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

9. **ZONE MAPS MAY CHANGE:** Maps that designate, among other things, Earthquake Fault Zones, Seismic Hazard Zones, State Fire Responsibility Areas, Very High Fire Hazard Zones, Special Flood Hazard Areas, and Potential Flooding Areas are occasionally redrawn by the applicable Government Agency. Properties that are currently designated in a specified zone or area could be removed and properties that are not now designated in a specified zone or area could be placed in one or more such zones or areas in the future. A property owner may dispute a FEMA flood hazard location by submitting an application to FEMA. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
10. **ELECTRIFICATION OF ENERGY SOURCE:** Several local jurisdictions in California have enacted laws which prohibit the use of natural gas appliances in new construction. Other local jurisdictions, and State of California, are considering bans, and may even prohibit the replacement, sale or installation of appliances that use any fuel source other than electricity. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

E. Contract Related Issues and Terms

1. **SIGNING DOCUMENTS ELECTRONICALLY:** The ability to use electronic signatures to sign legal documents is a great convenience, however Buyers and Sellers should understand they are signing a legally binding agreement. Read it carefully. Although electronic signature programs make it easy to skip from one signature or initial line to another, Buyers and Sellers are cautioned to only sign if they have taken the time necessary to read each document thoroughly, understand the entire document, and agree to all of its terms. Do not just scroll through or skip to the next signature or initial line, even if you have reviewed an earlier draft of the document. If you have questions or do not understand a provision, before you sign ask your Broker, Agent or legal advisor about the contract term and sign only if you agree to be bound by it. Some signature or initial lines are optional, such as for the liquidated damages and arbitration clauses. Consider your decision before signing or initialing. See below for more information on the liquidated damages and arbitration clauses. If there are more than one buyer or seller, each must sign or initial on their own. Do not sign or initial for anyone else unless you have a power of attorney for that person or are otherwise legally authorized, in writing, to



sign or initial for another. Print or electronically store a copy of the document for your own records. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

2. **LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that a liquidated damages clause is a provision Buyer and Seller can use to agree in advance to the amount of damages that a seller will receive if a buyer breaches the Agreement. The clause usually provides that a seller will retain a buyer's initial deposit paid if a buyer breaches the agreement, and generally must be separately initiated by both parties and meet other statutory requirements to be enforceable. For any additional deposits to be covered by the liquidated damages clause, there generally must be another separately signed or initialed agreement (see C.A.R. Form DID). However, if the Property contains from 1 to 4 units, one of which a buyer intends to occupy, California Civil Code Section 1675 limits the amount of the deposit subject to liquidated damages to 3% of the purchase price. Even though both parties have agreed to a liquidated damages clause, an escrow company will usually require either a judge's or arbitrator's decision or instructions signed by both parties in order to release a buyer's deposit to a seller. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to a liquidated damages clause. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **MEDIATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that mediation is a process by which the parties hire a neutral person to facilitate discussion and negotiation between the parties with the goal of helping them reach a settlement of their dispute. The parties generally share in the cost of this confidential, non-binding negotiation. If no agreement is reached, either party can pursue further legal action. Under C.A.R. Form RPA: (i) the parties must mediate any dispute arising out of their agreement (with a few limited exceptions, such as matters within the jurisdiction of a small claims court) before they resort to arbitration or court, and (ii) if a party proceeds to arbitration or court without having first attempted to mediate the dispute, that party risks losing the right to recover attorney fees and costs even if he or she prevails. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
4. **ARBITRATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that arbitration is a process by which the disputing parties hire a neutral person to render a binding decision. Generally, arbitration is faster and less expensive than resolving disputes by litigating in court. The rules are usually less formal than in court, and it is a private process not a matter of public record. By agreeing to arbitration, the parties give up the right to a jury trial and to appeal the arbitrator's decision. Arbitration decisions have been upheld even when arbitrators have made a mistake as to the law or the facts. If the parties agree to arbitration, then after first attempting to settle the dispute through mediation, any dispute arising out of their agreement (with a few limited exceptions) must be submitted to binding arbitration. Buyer and Seller must weigh the benefits of a potentially quicker and less expensive arbitration against giving up the right to a jury trial and the right to appeal. Brokers cannot give legal advice regarding these matters. Buyers and Sellers must decide on their own, or with the advice of legal counsel, whether to agree to arbitration. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
5. **ESCROW FUNDS:** Buyer and Seller are advised that California Insurance Code § 12413.1 provides that escrow companies cannot disburse funds unless there are sufficient "good funds" to cover the disbursement. "Good funds" are defined as cash, wire transfers and cashiers' or certified checks drawn on California depositories. Escrow companies vary in their own definitions of "good funds." Broker(s) recommend that Buyer and Seller ask the escrow company regarding its treatment of "good funds." All samples and out-of-state checks are subject to waiting periods and do not constitute "good funds" until the money is physically transferred to and received by the escrow holder. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **HOME WARRANTY:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Buyer and Seller can purchase home warranty plans covering certain standard systems of the Property both before and after Close of Escrow. Seller can obtain coverage for the Property during the listing period. For an additional premium, an upgraded policy providing additional coverage for air conditioning, pool and spa and other features can be purchased. Home warranties do not cover every aspect of the Property and may not cover inspections or upgrades for repairs required by state or federal laws or pre-existing conditions. Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review the policy for details. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **IDENTIFICATION OF NATURAL PERSONS BEHIND SHELL COMPANIES IN ALL-CASH TRANSACTIONS:**
The U.S. Treasury Department's Financial Crimes Enforcement Network (FinCEN) has issued Geographic Targeting Orders (GTOs) targeting alleged money laundering risk in the real estate sector. The GTOs will temporarily require U.S. title insurance companies to identify the natural persons behind shell companies used to pay "all cash" for high- end residential real estate in certain major metropolitan areas. FinCEN explained that it remains concerned that all- cash purchases (i.e., those without bank financing) may be conducted by individuals attempting to hide their assets and identity by purchasing residential properties through limited liability companies or other similar structures. Since the original issuance, the GTOs have been renewed and may continue to be renewed. The GTOs cover the following areas in California: Los Angeles, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara and San Diego Counties. The monetary thresholds for each county is \$300,000. GTOs have helped law enforcement identify possible illicit activity. FinCEN reported that a significant portion of covered transactions have dictated possible criminal activity associated with the individuals reported to be the beneficial owners behind shell company purchasers. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **NON CONFIDENTIALITY OF OFFERS:** Buyer is advised that Seller or Listing Agent may disclose the existence, terms, or conditions of Buyer's offer, unless all parties and their agent have signed a written confidentiality agreement (such as C.A.R. Form CND). Whether any such information is actually disclosed depends on many factors, such as current market conditions, the prevailing practice in the real estate community, the Listing Agent's marketing strategy and the instructions of the Seller. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
9. **ONLINE OR WIRE FUNDS TRANSFERS:** Instructions for the online or wire transfer of escrow deposits have been known to be intercepted by hackers who alter them so that Buyer's funds are actually wired to accounts controlled by criminals rather than the escrow company. Buyers should exercise extreme caution in making electronic funds transfers,



verifying that the organization they are transferring funds to is, in fact, the escrow company and that their own bank account information is not being exposed. See C.A.R. Form WFA for further information. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

F. Other Factors Affecting Property

1. **COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT AND PRIVATE TRANSFER FEES:** Buyer and Seller are advised that some areas or communities may have enhancement fees or user-type fees, or private transfer taxes and fees, over and above any stated fees. The Federal Housing Finance Agency has issued a rule that prohibits Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac from purchasing loans made on properties with private transfer fees if those fees were established on or after February 8, 2011. See title 12 Code of Federal Regulations § 1228 for more information and exceptions. Private transfer fees: (i) may last for a fixed period of time or in perpetuity, (ii) are typically calculated as a percentage of the sales price, and (iii) may have private parties, charitable organizations or interest-based groups as their recipients who may use the funds for social issues unrelated to the property. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
2. **GENERAL RECALL/DEFECTIVE PRODUCT/CLASS ACTION INFORMATION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that government entities and manufacturers may at any time issue recall notices and/or warnings about products that may be present in the Property, and that these notices or warnings can change. The following nonexclusive, non-exhaustive list contains examples of recalled/defective products/class action information: horizontal furnaces, Whirlpool Microwave Hood Combination; RE-ConBuilding products roof tiles; Central Sprinkler Company Fire Sprinklers; Robert Shaw Water Heater Gas Control Valves; Trex Decking; water heaters; aluminum wiring; galvanized, abs, polybutylene PEX, KITEC® and copper pipe; and dry wall manufactured in China. There is no single, all-inclusive source of information on product recalls, defective products or class actions; however, the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) maintains a website that contains useful information. If Buyer wants further information regarding the items listed above, Broker(s) recommend that Buyer review the CPSC website at <http://www.cpsc.gov/> during Buyer's inspection contingency period. Another source affiliated with the CPSC is <http://saferproducts.gov/> which allows a Buyer to search by product type or product name. Buyer may also search using the various search engines on the Internet for the specified product or products in question. Brokers recommend that Buyer satisfy themselves regarding recalled or defective products. Brokers will not determine if any aspect of the Property is subject to a recall or is affected by a class action lawsuit. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
3. **HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATIONS AND COVENANTS, CONDITIONS AND RESTRICTIONS ("CC&Rs"); CHARGING STATIONS; FHA/VA APPROVAL:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if the Property is a condominium, or located in a planned unit development, or in a common interest subdivision, there are typically restrictions on use of the Property and rules that must be followed. Restrictions and rules are commonly found in Declarations and other governing documents. Further there is likely to be a homeowner association (HOA) that has the authority to affect the Property and its use. Whether or not there is a HOA, the Property may still be subject to CC&Rs restricting use of the Property. The HOA typically has the authority to enforce the rules of the association, assess monetary payments (both regular monthly dues and special assessments) to provide for the upkeep and maintenance of the common areas, and enforce the rules and assessment obligations. If you fail to abide by the rules or pay monies owed to the HOA, the HOA may put a lien against your Property. Additionally, if an electric vehicle charging station is installed in a common area or an exclusive use common area, each Seller whose parking space is on or near that charging station must disclose its existence and that the Buyer will have the responsibilities set forth in California Civil Code §4745. The law requires the Seller to provide the Buyer with the CC&Rs and other governing documents, as well as a copy of the HOA's current financial statement and operating budget, among other documents. Effective July 1, 2016, a Common Interest Development (CID) will be required to include in its annual budget report a separate statement describing the status of the CID as a Federal Housing Administration or Department of Veterans Affairs approved Development. While the purchase agreement and the law require that the annual budget be provided by Seller to Buyer, Brokers will not and cannot verify the accuracy of information provided by the CID. Buyer is advised to carefully review all HOA documents provided by Seller and the CC&Rs, if any, and satisfy him/herself regarding the use and restrictions of the Property, the amount of monthly dues and/or assessments, the adequacy of reserves, current and past insurance coverage and claims, and the possibility of any legal action that may be taken by or against the HOA. The HOA may not have insurance or may not cover personal property belonging to the owner of the unit in the condominium, common interest or planned unit development. For more information Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: "Homeowners' Associations: A Guide for REALTORS®". Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

Although unenforceable, it is possible the CC&Rs, deed or other document on title may contain a covenant which at one time may have purported to discriminate against persons based on race, religion or other protected class or characteristics. You have the right to request the assistance of the title or escrow company to help you prepare a form which will be provided to the County and may result in the discriminatory language being removed from the public record. You may also get a notice informing you of these rights from the Broker or title or escrow company. For more information Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Quick Guide titled: "Agent Disclosure of Discriminatory Covenants Based on Actual Knowledge."
4. **LEGAL ACTION:** Buyer and Seller are advised that if Seller or a previous owner was involved in a legal action (litigation or arbitration) affecting the Property, Buyer should obtain and review public and other available records regarding the



legal action to determine: (i) whether the legal action or any resolution of it affects Buyer and the Property, (ii) if any rights against any parties involved in the legal action survive the legal action or have been terminated or waived as a result of the legal action, whether or not involving the same issue as in the legal action, and (iii) if any recommendations or requirements resulting from the legal action have been fulfilled and, if so, that Buyer is satisfied with any such action. Buyer should seek legal advice regarding these matters. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.

5. **MARKETING; INTERNET ADVERTISING; INTERNET BLOGS; SOCIAL MEDIA:** Buyer and Seller are advised that Broker may employ a "staging" company to assist in the presentation of the Property. The furnishings and decorations in the staging are generally not included in the sale unless specifically noted in the Agreement. Statements and inclusion in the MLS entry, flyers, and other marketing materials are NOT part of the Agreement. In addition, Broker may employ a service to provide a "virtual tour" or "virtual staging" or Internet marketing of the Property, permitting potential buyers to view the Property over the Internet. While they are supposed to be an accurate representation of the property, the photos may be enhanced and not fully representative of the actual condition of the property. Further, neither the service provider nor Broker have total control over who will obtain access to materials placed on the internet or what action such persons might take. Additionally, some Internet sites and other social media provide formats for comments or opinions of value of properties that are for sale. Information on the Property, or its owner, neighborhood, or any homeowner association having governance over the Property may be found on the internet on individual or commercial web sites, blogs, Facebook pages, or other social media. Any such information may be accurate, speculative, truthful or lies, and it may or may not reflect the opinions or representations by the Broker. Broker will not investigate any such sites, blogs, social media or other internet sites or the representations contained therein. Buyer is advised to make an independent search of electronic media and online sources prior to removing any investigation contingency. Buyer and Seller are advised that Broker has no control over how long the information or photos concerning the Property will be available on the Internet or through social media, and Broker will not be responsible for removing any such content from the internet or MLS. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
6. **PACE LOANS AND LIENS:** The acronym PACE stands for Property Assessed Clean Energy. PACE programs allow property owners to finance energy and water conservation improvements and pay for them through an assessment on the owner's property. PACE programs are available in most areas for both residential one to four unit properties and commercial properties. PACE programs may be referred to by different names such as HERO or SCEIP, among others. If a PACE project is approved, an assessment lien is placed on a property for the amount owed plus interest. A property owner repays the entity for the improvements as a special tax assessment on the property tax bill over a period of years. A PACE lien is similar to a property tax lien in that it has "super priority." Sellers are obligated to disclose, pursuant to the C.A.R. Residential Purchase Agreement (C.A.R. Form RPA), whether any improvement is subject to a lien such as a PACE lien. Properties that are subject to PACE liens made on or after July 6, 2010 may not be eligible for financing. For more information, Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: "PACE Programs and Solar Leases". Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
7. **RE-KEYING:** All locks should be re-keyed immediately upon close of escrow so as to ensure the Buyer's safety and security of their persons as well as their personal belongings. Alarms, if any, should be serviced by professionals and codes should be changed. Garage door openers and remotes should be re-coded. In the event of a lease back to Seller after the close of escrow, Seller is advised that the Buyer is entitled to the keys as the Owner of the Property even though the Seller stays in possession of the Property as provided in the RPA. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
8. **SOLAR PANELS AND NET ENERGY METERING:** Solar panel or power systems may be owned or leased. Although leased systems are probably personal property, they are included in the sale by the C.A.R. purchase agreement which also obligates the Seller to make a disclosure to the Buyer and provide the Buyer with documentation concerning the lease and system. Leasing companies generally secure payments by filing a UCC-1 (a Uniform Commercial Code form giving notice of a creditor's security interest) against the property. Sellers are required to provide material information about solar panels (C.A.R. form SOLAR may be used). Buyers are given a contingency right to investigate the solar related system and documentation and assume any lease. Assumption of the lease may require Buyer to provide financial information to the leasing company who may require a credit report be obtained on the Buyer. Should a solar panel or power system be on the Property, Buyers should determine if the system is leased or owned. Buyers willingness to assume any such lease is a contingency in favor of Seller. For more information, Buyer may request from Broker the C.A.R. Legal Q&A titled: "PACE Programs and Solar Leases". Solar panel systems may have net energy metering. Payback rates from utilities to property owners with their own source of energy (such as rooftop solar panels) who contribute electricity back to the grid may change from those currently in place and may differ upon change of ownership in the property. Fees for new solar installation may be added or changed. Buyers should discuss with the applicable utility if applicable to the property. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
9. **RECORDING DEVICES:** Audio or video recording devices or both may be present on the Property, whether or not notice of any such devices has been posted. Seller may or may not even be aware of the capability of such devices. Brokers do not have expertise in this area.
10. **WOOD BALCONIES, STAIRS AND OTHER STRUCTURES:** Prior to January 1, 2025, and periodically thereafter, buildings with three units or more, may be required to obtain an inspection of exterior balconies, stairways, walkways, or decks that are supported



in whole or in substantial part by a wood or wood-based materials. For condos, the HOA will be responsible for the inspections per its governing documents. For other buildings, it is the owner's responsibility. An inspection report must be incorporated into a condo HOA's study of reserve account requirements. This could in turn affect lender certification requirements as well as future dues and assessments. A balcony report that identifies an immediate threat to the safety of the occupants will require the condo HOA or owner to prevent access to the balcony further impacting a property's marketability.

G. Local Disclosures and Advisories

LOCAL ADVISORIES OR DISCLOSURES (IF CHECKED):

The following disclosures or advisories are attached:

- A. ☐ _____
- B. ☐ _____
- C. ☐ _____
- D. ☐ _____

Buyer and Seller are encouraged to read all 15 pages of this Advisory carefully. By signing below, Buyer and Seller acknowledge that each has read, understands and received a copy of all 15 pages of this Advisory.

BUYER _____ Date _____

BUYER _____ Date _____

SELLER  _____ **Sara C. Wilson, Trustee** Date 06/05/2025

SELLER  _____ **Scott C. Wilson, Trustee** Date 06/05/2025

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SBSA REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 15 OF 15)

STATEWIDE BUYER AND SELLER ADVISORY (SBSA PAGE 15 OF 15)

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Sara & Scott





FIRE HARDENING AND DEFENSIBLE SPACE DISCLOSURE AND ADDENDUM

(C.A.R. Form FHDS, Revised 6/22)

This is a disclosure and addendum to the Purchase Agreement, OR ☐ Other _____ ("Agreement"), dated _____, on property known as 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278 ("Property"), in which _____ is referred to as Buyer, and Sara C. Wilson, Trustee, Scott C. Wilson, Trustee is referred to as Seller.

1. LAW APPLICABILITY: If this property does not meet the conditions stated in **paragraph 1A** or **1B**, there is no requirement to complete the subsequent applicable paragraphs.

A. Home Fire Hardening Disclosure: The Notice and disclosure of vulnerabilities in **paragraph 2** are only required for sellers of residential properties if: (i) the Property contains one to four units; (ii) the seller is required to complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (C.A.R. Form TDS); (iii) the Property is located in either a **high or very high** fire hazard severity zone; and (iv) the improvement(s) on the Property were constructed before January 1, 2010. IF ANY OF THESE FOUR CONDITIONS IS NOT MET, SELLER DOES NOT HAVE TO ANSWER THE QUESTIONS IN **PARAGRAPH 2B**.

B. Defensible Space Compliance: The disclosures and requirements specified in **paragraph 3** are only required for sellers of residential properties if (i) the Property contains one to four units; (ii) the seller is required to complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (C.A.R. Form TDS); and (iii) the Property is located in either a **high or very high** fire hazard severity zone. IF ANY OF THESE THREE CONDITIONS IS NOT MET, **PARAGRAPH 3** DOES NOT HAVE TO BE COMPLETED.

C. Fire Hazard Severity Zone Status: It may be possible to determine if a property is in a **high or very high** fire hazard severity zone by consulting with a natural hazard zone disclosure company or reviewing the company's report. This information may also be available through a local agency where this information should have been filed. Cal Fire has a "Fire Hazard Severity Zone Viewer" where you can input the Property address to determine which fire hazard zone, if any, that the Property is located in. A link to the viewer can be found on CalFire's website at <https://www.fire.ca.gov/dspace/>.

2. FIRE HARDENING DISCLOSURE (Paragraph 2B is only required to be completed if all four conditions in paragraph 1A are met):

A. FIRE HARDENING STATUTORY NOTICE: "THIS HOME IS LOCATED IN A HIGH OR VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE AND THIS HOME WAS BUILT BEFORE THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE WILDFIRE URBAN INTERFACE BUILDING CODES WHICH HELP TO FIRE HARDEN A HOME. TO BETTER PROTECT YOUR HOME FROM WILDFIRE, YOU MIGHT NEED TO CONSIDER IMPROVEMENTS. INFORMATION ON FIRE HARDENING, INCLUDING CURRENT BUILDING STANDARDS AND INFORMATION ON MINIMUM ANNUAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT STANDARDS TO PROTECT HOMES FROM WILDFIRES, CAN BE OBTAINED ON THE INTERNET WEBSITE [HTTP://WWW.READYFORWILDFIRE.ORG](http://www.READYFORWILDFIRE.ORG)".

B. FIRE HARDENING VULNERABILITIES: Are you (Seller) aware of the following features that may make the home vulnerable to wildfire and flying embers...

- | | |
|--|--|
| (1) Eave, soffit, and roof ventilation where the vents have openings in excess of one-eighth of an inch or are not flame and ember resistant | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| (2) Roof coverings made of untreated wood shingles or shakes. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| (3) Combustible landscaping or other materials within five feet of the home and under the footprint of any attached deck. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| (4) Single pane or non-tempered glass windows. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| (5) Loose or missing bird stopping or roof flashing. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |
| (6) Rain gutters without metal or noncombustible gutter covers. | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No |

3. DEFENSIBLE SPACE DISCLOSURE AND ADDENDUM: (Paragraph 3 is only required to be completed if all three conditions in paragraph 1B are met) (The Defensible Space Decision Tree (C.A.R. Form DSDT) may be consulted for additional information on how to complete this paragraph):

A. LOCAL COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS: The Property (☐ IS, ☐ is NOT) subject to a local vegetation management ordinance requiring defensible space around an improvement on the Property. (**Paragraphs 3B** and **3C** must be completed regardless of the answer to **paragraph 3A** if the conditions in **paragraph 1B** are met.)

B. SELLER REPRESENTATION OF PROPERTY COMPLIANCE with the applicable State defensible space requirement or local vegetation management ordinance (hereafter, State or local defensible space law) at the time of Seller signature:

(1) Seller is UNAWARE of whether the Property is in compliance with the applicable State or local defensible space law. Seller does NOT have a report prepared by an Authorized Defensible Space Inspector.

OR (2) ☐ Property IS in compliance with State or local defensible space law, whichever is applicable. If ONLY State law applies, Seller must have obtained compliance within the last 6 months. Seller shall Deliver to Buyer documentation of compliance within **3 (or _____) Days** after Seller's execution of this FHDS form or the time specified in **paragraph 3N(1)** of the Agreement, whichever occurs last. If this paragraph is checked, also check **paragraph 3C(5)** below.

OR (3) ☐ Property is NOT in compliance with State or local defensible space law, whichever is applicable. If Seller has, or agrees to obtain, a report prepared by an Authorized Defensible Space Inspector, Seller shall Deliver such report to Buyer within **3 (or _____) Days** after Seller's execution of this FHDS form or the time specified in **paragraph 3N(1)** of the Agreement, whichever occurs last.

C. BUYER AND SELLER AGREEMENT REGARDING WHICH PARTY SHALL OBTAIN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE STATE OR LOCAL DEFENSIBLE SPACE REQUIREMENTS:

(1) **BUYER RESPONSIBILITY – NO LOCAL ORDINANCE.** Buyer shall obtain documentation of compliance with the State defensible space law within one year of Close Of Escrow.*





- OR (2) ☐ **BUYER RESPONSIBILITY – LOCAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE IN EFFECT** which requires compliance as a result of a sale of the Property. The local ordinance allows either Seller or Buyer to obtain documentation of compliance. Buyer shall comply with the requirements of the ordinance after Close Of Escrow.
- OR (3) ☐ **BUYER RESPONSIBILITY – LOCAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE IN EFFECT** which does NOT require compliance as a result of a sale of the Property. Buyer shall obtain documentation of compliance with the State defensible space law within one year of Close Of Escrow,* or if applicable comply with the local requirement after Close Of Escrow.
- OR (4) ☐ **SELLER RESPONSIBILITY – LOCAL VEGETATION MANAGEMENT ORDINANCE IN EFFECT** which requires compliance as a result of a sale of the Property. The local ordinance requires Seller to obtain documentation of compliance prior to Close of Escrow. Seller shall obtain document of compliance prior to the time for Buyer's final verification of condition.
- OR (5) ☐ **SELLER RESPONSIBILITY – STATE OR LOCAL COMPLIANCE ALREADY COMPLETE.** If ONLY state law applies, Seller has obtained documentation of compliance with State defensible space requirement within the last 6 months. For either State or local law, Seller shall Deliver documentation of compliance to Buyer;
- OR (6) ☐ **SELLER RESPONSIBILITY – AGREEMENT TO OBTAIN COMPLIANCE.** Seller shall obtain documentation of compliance and Deliver to Buyer prior to the time for Buyer's final verification of condition.
- D. The local agency from which a copy of the documentation in **paragraph 3B(2), 3B(3), 3C(4), 3C(5), or 3C(6)**, as applicable, may be obtained is _____, which may be contacted at _____.

* The requirement to provide documentation of compliance with State defensible space requirements only applies if there is a state or local agency, or other governmental entity, or qualified non-profit entity in the jurisdiction where the Property is located that is authorized to inspect the Property and provide documentation of compliance ("Authorized Defensible Space Inspector").

4. ☐ **FINAL INSPECTION REPORT DISCLOSURE:** Seller has obtained a final inspection report addressing compliance with home fire hardening or defensible space requirements as described in Government Code § 51182. Seller has a copy of the report, and it is attached, or ☐ Seller does not have a copy of the report and buyer may obtain a copy at _____.

Seller represents that Seller has provided the answers on paragraphs 2B and 3B of this form based on Seller's awareness on the date of Seller's signature. Seller acknowledges receipt of this Fire Hardening and Defensible Space Disclosure and Addendum and agrees to the applicable terms in paragraph 3C.

Seller  Date 06/05/2025
Sara C. Wilson, Trustee


Seller  Date 06/05/2025
Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

Buyer acknowledges receipt of this Fire Hardening and Defensible Space Disclosure and Addendum and agrees to the applicable terms in paragraph 3C.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

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FHDS REVISED 6/22 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

FIRE HARDENING AND DEFENSIBLE SPACE DISCLOSURE AND ADDENDUM (FHDS PAGE 2 OF 2)



DEFENSIBLE SPACE DECISION TREE

(C.A.R. Form DSDT, 6/22)

The purpose of this form is to help a seller complete Paragraph 3 of the C.A.R. Form FHDS.

Paragraph 3 of the FHDS is only required if: (1) The Property contains one to four units; (2) The seller is required to complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement (C.A.R. Form TDS); and (3) The Property is located in either a **high or very high** fire hazard severity zone. IF ANY OF THESE THREE CONDITIONS IS NOT MET, PARAGRAPH 3 of the FHDS DOES NOT HAVE TO BE COMPLETED.

If any step of the DSDT below instructs the Seller to "THEN SIGN FORM" no further questions should be answered.

	Question	Direction	Additional Information
Step 1	Is property located in an area where a local (city or county) vegetation management ordinance requiring defensible space around the property applies (hereafter, defensible space law)?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, check the "IS" box in 3A and then go to step 2. <input type="checkbox"/> If No, check the "is NOT" box in 3A and then go to step 4. If seller does not know, see the next column and find out. 	<p>How do you find out if your property is subject to a local defensible space law? The following sources can be helpful but may not know for sure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Contact your local fire marshal; Contact CalFire @ https://www.fire.ca.gov/dspace/ Contact your Natural Hazard Disclosure Company rep;
Step 2	(If Yes to step 1) Does seller have a report prepared by a Authorized Defensible Space Inspector?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, and the report documents the property is in compliance, effective on the date of sale, check paragraphs 3B(2) and 3C(5) and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, and the report documents the property is NOT in compliance or the compliance status will no longer be effective as of the date of sale, check paragraph 3B(3) and go to step 3. <input type="checkbox"/> If No, paragraph 3B(1) applies and go to step 3. 	
Step 3	(Skip if No to step 1) Does the local law require compliance with the law as a result of a sale of the property?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If No, and seller does not know if the property is in compliance with the local law, and seller will not pay to bring the property into compliance with local law, 3B(1) applies and check 3C(3) and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If No and seller knows the property is not in compliance with the local law and seller will not pay to bring the property into compliance with local law, check 3B(3) and 3C(3) and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM <input type="checkbox"/> If No and seller does not know if the property is in compliance with the local law, and seller agrees to bring the property into compliance with local law, 3B(1) applies and check 3C(6) and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If No and seller knows the property is not in compliance with the local law, and seller agrees to bring the property into compliance with local law, check 3B(3) and 3C(6) and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. If Yes, go to step 3.1. 	<p>If 3C(3) is checked, before buyer agrees and signs the FHDS, buyer is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p> <p>If 3C(6) is checked, seller is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p>

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DSDT 6/22 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

DEFENSIBLE SPACE DECISION TREE (DSDT PAGE 1 OF 2)

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	Question	Direction	Additional Information
Step 3.1	(A local law applies and requires compliance as a result of the sale of the property) Does the law require seller to obtain documentation of compliance?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, check 3B(3) and 3C(4), and complete 3D and 4, if applicable, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If No, and seller will not bring property into compliance before close of escrow, check 3B(3) and 3C(2), and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. 	<p>If 3C(4) is checked, seller is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p> <p>If 3C(2) is checked, before buyer agrees and signs the FHDS, buyer is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p>
Step 4	(No local law applies) Does seller have a report prepared by a Authorized Defensible Space Inspector within 6 months prior to the contract for sale?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If No, and seller will not pay to bring the property into compliance with the State law, 3B(1) and 3C(1) apply, and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If No, and seller will agree to bring the property into compliance with the State law, 3B(1) applies and check 3C(6), and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, and the report documents the property is in compliance with the State law, check paragraphs 3B(2) and 3C(5), complete 3D, and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, and the report documents the property is NOT in compliance with the State law, check paragraph 3B(3) and go to step 4.1. 	<p>If 3C(6) is checked, seller is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p> <p>If 3C(1) applies, before buyer agrees and signs the FHDS, buyer is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p>
Step 4.1	(No local law applies and property not in compliance with State defensible space requirements) Will seller pay to bring the property into compliance?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> If No, 3C(1) applies, and, if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. <input type="checkbox"/> If Yes, check 3C(6), if applicable, complete 4, THEN SIGN FORM. 	<p>If 3C(1) applies, before buyer agrees and signs the FHDS, buyer is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p> <p>If 3C(6) is checked, seller is advised to find out how much it will cost to bring the property into compliance with defensible space laws. [See notes below the chart to find out how.]</p>

How to find out if seller has obtained documentation of compliance?

- Buyer can ask seller for a copy of a report and certificate of compliance from an Authorized Defensible Space Inspector, such as CalFire.
- Seller who obtained a report but did not keep a copy can contact Authorized Inspector who prepared the report and certification of compliance, such as CalFire.

How to find out if property is in compliance with State or local law and how much it will cost to bring a property into compliance?

- Buyer or seller can review the report prepared for the seller;
- Buyer or seller can hire a non-governmental Authorized Defensible Space inspector to prepare a report;
- Buyer can, with seller's consent, hire a government Authorized Defensible Space Inspector (see <https://www.fire.ca.gov/dspace/>)
- Seller can hire a government Authorized Defensible Space Inspector (see <https://www.fire.ca.gov/dspace/>)

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DSDT 6/22 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

DEFENSIBLE SPACE DECISION TREE (DSDT PAGE 2 OF 2)

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Sara & Scott





WILDFIRE DISASTER ADVISORY

(For use with properties in or around areas affected by a wildfire)
(C.A.R. Form WFDA, Revised 6/22)

1. **WILDFIRE DISASTERS:** Buyer/Lessee is aware that as a result of recent wildfire disasters there are current and unresolved health and safety concerns related to the aftermath and clean-up of the wildfire disaster areas, as well as unknown and possible future concerns related to the rebuilding of infrastructure in the affected areas of the wildfires. Unfortunately, the impact of wildfires has not been limited to the fire areas themselves. Many areas have had air quality impacted by smoke and air particulates from distant fires. Additionally, fires continue to occur in previously unaffected areas. Fires may be an issue throughout the state of California.
2. **WILDFIRE DISASTER CONCERNS AND ISSUES:** The following non-exhaustive list represents concerns and issues that may impact Buyer/Lessee decisions about purchasing or leasing property impacted by a wildfire disaster, both currently and in the future. It is not intended to be, nor can it be, a check list for all issues that might arise when purchasing or leasing property impacted by a wildfire disaster; **concerns and issues include, but are not limited to:**
 - A. Insurance related issues such as past claims, the importance of identifying the insurability of the property, and the availability and the cost of insurance as early in the process as possible;
 - B. Lot clearing costs and requirements; toxic materials analysis, debris removal requirements;
 - C. Whether the home has been fire hardened, and if so to what extent, to help reduce the risk of the structure catching fire;
 - D. Local, state and federal requirements for cleanup and building approvals;
 - E. Air quality, soil quality, and any other environmental or personal health concerns, even after the wildfire event has ended;
 - F. Timelines, costs and requirements when obtaining required permits for building and utilities installation;
 - G. Availability of and access to electricity, gas, sewer and other public or private utility services;
 - H. Water delivery/potability; septic and/or sewer design; requirements and construction costs;
 - I. Potential redesign of streets and infrastructure including possible eminent domain, land condemnation and/or acquisition;
 - J. Inconvenience and delays due to road construction and unavailability of various goods, systems, or services; and
 - K. Impact that federal, state or local disaster declarations may have on materials prices, costs and rents.
3. **BUYER/LESSEE ADVISORIES: Buyer/Lessee is advised:**
 - A. To check early in your transaction to determine if you are able to obtain insurance on the property.
 - B. To investigate to their own satisfaction any and all concerns of Buyer/Lessee about the intended use of the property.
 - C. That the area of the wildfire disaster will likely be under construction for a protracted period of time after a fire, and Buyer/Lessee may be inconvenienced by delays, traffic congestion, noise, dust, intermittent utilities availability.
 - D. That due to the extraordinary catastrophe of a wildfire, there may be changes and variations in local, state or federal laws, codes, or requirements throughout the ongoing process of planning and rebuilding in the wildfire disaster area.
 - E. That some insurers have reduced or cancelled offerings for fire insurance or increased costs that impact a Buyer/Lessee's ability to afford or qualify for loans or meet income ratios for rentals.
 - F. That if you are not able to obtain fire insurance and have removed property investigation or loan contingencies you may be in breach of the purchase or rental agreement.
4. **RESOURCES:** Below is a non-exhaustive list of potential resources provided as a starting point for Buyer/Lessee investigations and not as an endorsement or guarantee that any federal, state, county, city or other resource will provide complete advice.
 - A. California Department of Insurance "WildfireResource" <http://insurance.ca.gov/01-consumers/140-catastrophes/WildfireResources.cfm>; 1-800-927-4357
 - B. Governor's Office of Emergency Services "Cal OES" California Wildfires Statewide Recovery Resources <https://wildfirerecovery.caloes.ca.gov/>
 - C. California Department of Forestry and Fire ("Cal Fire") <https://calfire.ca.gov/> and <https://www.readyforwildfire.org/>
 - D. California Department of Transportation <https://calsta.ca.gov/>
 - E. California Attorney General <https://oag.ca.gov/consumers/pricegougingduringdisasters#8C1>
 - F. The American Institute of Architects "Wildfire Recovery Resources" <https://aia.org/pages/165776-wildfire-recovery-resources>
 - G. Buyer/Lessee is advised to check all local municipalities (County, City, and/or Town where the property is located) for additional resources.
5. **FIRE HARDENING AND DEFENSIBLE SPACE ADVISORY:**
 - A. California law requires certain disclosures be made concerning a property's compliance with safeguards that may minimize the risk of a structure on the property catching fire (fire hardening) and that an agreement be reached concerning compliance with requirements that the area surrounding structures be maintained to minimize the risk of the spread of wildfires (defensible space). The fire hardening and defensible space laws only apply if, among other requirements, the property is located in either a **high or very high fire** hazard severity zone. If there exists a final inspection report covering fire hardening or defensible space compliance, such a report may need to be provided to the buyer. C.A.R. Form FHDS may be used to satisfy the legal requirements.
 - B. **WHERE TO LOCATE INFORMATION:** Seller has the obligation to determine if compliance with the fire hardening and defensible space requirements are applicable to Seller and the property. It may be possible to determine if a property is in a **high or very high** fire hazard severity zone by consulting with a natural hazard zone disclosure company or reviewing the company's report. This information may also be available through a local agency where this information should have been filed.



- C. Even if the Property is not in either of the zones specified above, or if the Seller is unable to determine whether the Property is in either of those zones, if the Property is in or near a mountainous area, forest-covered lands, brush covered lands, grass-covered lands or land that is covered with flammable material, a Seller may choose to make the disclosures because a Buyer might consider the information material. Reports in the Seller's possession that materially affect the value and desirability of the property shall be Delivered as provided by the agreement.

6. **BUYER/LESSEE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:** Buyer/Lessee understands that Real Estate Agents and Real Estate Brokers have no authority or expertise for providing guidance through the process of investigating the concerns described herein. Buyer/Lessee has an affirmative duty to exercise reasonable care in protecting themselves.

Buyer/Lessee has read and understands this Advisory. By signing below, Buyer/Lessee acknowledges receipt of a copy of this Advisory.

Buyer/Lessee _____ Date _____

Buyer/Lessee _____ Date _____

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WILDFIRE DISASTER ADVISORY (WFDA PAGE 2 OF 2)

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Sara & Scott



MARKET CONDITIONS ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form MCA, Revised 6/24)

1. **MARKET CONDITIONS:** Real estate markets are cyclical and can change over time. It is impossible to predict future market conditions with accuracy. In a competitive or "hot" real estate market, there are generally more Buyers than Sellers. This will often lead to multiple buyers competing for the same property. As a result, in order to make their offers more attractive, some Buyers may offer more than originally planned or eliminate certain contingencies in their offers. In a less competitive or "cool" market there are generally more Sellers than Buyers, often causing real estate prices to level off or drop, sometimes precipitously. The sales price of homes being sold as foreclosures and short sales is difficult to anticipate and can affect the value of other homes in the area. Brokers, appraisers, Sellers and Buyers take these "distressed" property sales and listings into consideration when valuing property. In light of the real estate market's cyclical nature it is important that Buyers understand the potential for little or no appreciation in value, or an actual loss in value, of the property they purchase. This Advisory discusses some of the potential risks inherent in changing market conditions.
2. **BUYER CONSIDERATIONS:**
 - A. **OFFERING PRICE:** AS A BUYER, YOU ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE PRICE YOU WANT TO OFFER FOR A PROPERTY. Although Brokers may provide you with comparable sales data, generally from information published in the local multiple listing service, you should know that the reporting of this data is often delayed and prices may change, up or down, faster than reported sales indicate. All buyers should be sure they are comfortable with the price they are offering or the price they are accepting in a counter offer. You should be aware of and think about the following: (i) If your offer is accepted, the property's value may not increase and may even decrease. (ii) If your offer is accepted, you may have "Buyer's remorse" that you paid too much. (iii) If your offer is rejected there can be no guarantee that you will find a similar property at the same price. (iv) If your offer is rejected, you may not be satisfied that the amount you offered was right for you. Only you can determine that your offer was reasonable and prudent in light of the property and your circumstances.
 - B. **NON-CONTINGENT OFFERS:** Most residential purchase agreements contain contingencies allowing a Buyer within a specified period of time to cancel a purchase if: (i) the Buyer cannot obtain a loan; (ii) if the property does not appraise at a certain value ; (iii) if the Buyer is dissatisfied with the property's condition after an inspection; (iv) if an insurance policy cannot be obtained for an acceptable cost; or (v) for any other contingency within the purchase agreement. To make their offers more attractive, Buyers will sometimes write offers with few or no contingencies or offer to remove contingencies within a short period of time. In a "hot" market, sellers will sometimes insist that Buyers write offers with no contingencies. Broker recommends that Buyers do not write non-contingent offers and if you do so, you are acting against Broker's advice. However, if you do write a non-contingent offer these are some of the contractual rights you may be giving up:
 - (1) **LOAN CONTINGENCY:** If you give up your loan contingency, and you cannot obtain a loan, whether through your fault or the fault of your lender, and as a result, you do not or cannot purchase the property, you may legally be in default under the contract and required to pay damages or forfeit your deposit to the seller.
 - (2) **APPRAISAL CONTINGENCY:** If your lender's (or your own) appraiser does not believe the property is worth what you have agreed to pay for it, your lender may not loan the full amount needed for the purchase or may not loan any amount at all because of a low appraisal. As a result, if you do not purchase the property, and you have removed your appraisal contingency, you may legally be in default under the contract and could be required to pay damages to, or forfeit your deposit to, the Seller. The Seller is not obligated to reduce the purchase price to match the appraised value.
 - (3) **INVESTIGATION CONTINGENCY:** If you disapprove of the condition of the property and as a result, you do not purchase the property, you may legally be in default under the contract and required to pay damages to, or forfeit your deposit to, the Seller if you have removed your investigation contingency. However, even if you make an offer without an investigation contingency or you remove that contingency, the Seller may still be obligated to disclose to you material facts about the property. In some cases, once you receive that information the law gives you an independent right to cancel for a limited period of time.



- (4) **INSURANCE CONTINGENCY:** If you cannot obtain insurance or disapprove of the cost, and you do not purchase the property, you may legally be in default under the contract and required to pay damages to, or forfeit your deposit to, the Seller if you have removed your insurance contingency.

There is inherent risk in writing a non-contingent offer. Only you, after careful consultation and deliberation with your attorney, accountant, or financial advisor can decide how much risk you are willing to take. IT IS YOUR DECISION ALONE AND CANNOT BE MADE BY YOUR BROKER OR REAL ESTATE AGENT.

C. BROKER RECOMMENDATIONS. Broker recommends that you do not write a non-contingent offer, even if you are planning on paying all cash for the property. If you intend to write a non-contingent offer, Broker recommends that, prior to writing the offer, you: (i) review all available Seller reports, disclosures, information and documents; (ii) have an appropriate professional inspect the property (even if it is being sold "as is" in its present condition); and (iii) carefully assess your financial position and risk with your attorney, accountant or financial advisor.

D. MULTIPLE OFFERS: At times Buyers may write offers on more than one property even though the Buyer intends to purchase only one. This may occur in a short sale when the approval process can take a considerable amount of time, or it could also occur in a hot market when the Buyer is having difficulty getting an offer accepted. While it is not illegal to make offers on multiple properties with intent to purchase only one, the Buyer can be obligated to many Sellers if more than one accepts the Buyer's offers. Additionally, if any offer is accepted without contingencies, and the buyer does not perform, there can be a breach. If the Buyer has not disclosed that the Buyer is writing multiple offers with the intent to purchase only one and the Buyer subsequently cancels without using a contingency created for this purpose, the Seller may claim the Buyer is in breach of contract because the Buyer fraudulently induced the Seller to enter into a contract. This claim may even be possible when the Buyer has all the standard contingencies remaining in the contract, as the Seller could argue that a cancellation for this reason would not fall under the good faith exercise of any of those contingencies.



3. SELLER CONSIDERATIONS: As a Seller, you are responsible for determining the asking price for your property. Although Brokers may provide you with comparable sales data, generally from information published in the local multiple listing service, you should know that the reporting of this data is often delayed and prices may change, up or down, faster than reported sales indicate. All Sellers should be sure they are comfortable with the asking price they are setting and the price they are accepting. There is not, and cannot be, any guarantee that the price you decide to ask for your property, or the price at which you agree to sell your property is the highest available price obtainable for the property. It is solely your decision as to how much to ask for your property and at which price to sell your property.

Buyer/Seller acknowledges each has read, understands and has received a copy of this Market Conditions Advisory.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

Seller  Sara C. Wilson, Trustee _____ Date 06/05/2025

Seller  Sara C. Wilson, Trustee
 Scott C. Wilson, Trustee _____ Date 06/05/2025
Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

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MARKET CONDITIONS ADVISORY (MCA PAGE 2 OF 2)

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Sara & Scott



WATER HEATER AND SMOKE ALARM STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

(C.A.R. Form WHSD, Revised 12/23)

Property Address: 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278

NOTE: For use only for REO sales with Exempt Seller Disclosure (ESD). A seller who is not required to provide one of the following statements of compliance is not necessarily exempt from the obligation to provide the other statement of compliance.

WATER HEATER STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- STATE LAW:** California Law requires that all new and replacement water heaters and existing residential water heaters be braced, anchored or strapped to resist falling or horizontal displacement due to earthquake motion. "Water heater" means any standard water heater with a capacity of no more than 120 gallons for which a pre-engineered strapping kit is readily available. (Health and Safety Code § 19211d). Although not specifically stated, the statute requiring a statement of compliance does not appear to apply to a properly installed and bolted tankless water heater for the following reasons: There is no tank that can overturn; Pre-engineered strapping kits for such devices are not readily available; and Bolting already exists that would help avoid displacement or breakage in the event of an earthquake.
- LOCAL REQUIREMENTS:** Some local ordinances impose more stringent water heater bracing, anchoring or strapping requirements than does California Law. Therefore, it is important to check with local city or county building and safety departments regarding the applicable water heater bracing, anchoring or strapping requirements for your property.
- TRANSFEROR'S WRITTEN STATEMENT:** California Health and Safety Code § 19211 requires the seller of any real property containing a water heater to certify, in writing, that the seller is in compliance with California State Law. If the Property is a manufactured or mobile home, Seller shall also file a required Statement with the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- CERTIFICATION:** Seller represents that the Property, as of the Close Of Escrow, will be in compliance with Health and Safety Code § 19211 by having the water heater(s) braced, anchored or strapped in place, in accordance with those requirements.

Seller	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>
Seller	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this document.

Buyer		Date	
Buyer		Date	

SMOKE ALARM STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- STATE LAW:** California Law requires that (i) every single-family dwelling and factory built housing unit sold on or after January 1, 1986, must have an operable smoke alarm, approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal, installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations (Health and Safety Code § 13113.8) and (ii) all used manufactured or mobilehomes have an operable smoke alarm in each sleeping room.
- LOCAL REQUIREMENTS:** Some local ordinances impose more stringent smoke alarm requirements than does California Law. Therefore, it is important to check with local city or county building and safety departments regarding the applicable smoke alarm requirements for your property.
- TRANSFEROR'S WRITTEN STATEMENT:** California Health and Safety Code § 13113.8(b) requires every transferor of any real property containing a single-family dwelling, whether the transfer is made by sale, exchange, or real property sales contract (installment sales contract), to deliver to the transferee a written statement indicating that the transferor is in compliance with California State Law concerning smoke alarms. If the Property is a manufactured or mobile home, Seller shall also file a required Statement with the Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD).
- EXCEPTIONS:** Generally, a written statement of smoke alarm compliance is not required for transactions for which the Seller is exempt from providing a transfer disclosure statement.
- CERTIFICATION:** Seller represents that the Property, as of the Close Of Escrow, will be in compliance with the law by having operable smoke alarm(s) (i) approved and listed by the State Fire Marshal installed in accordance with the State Fire Marshal's regulations Health and Safety Code § 13113.8 or (ii) in compliance with Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Act (Health and Safety Code § 18029.6) located in each sleeping room for used manufactured or mobilehomes as required by HCD and (iii) in accordance with applicable local ordinance(s).

Seller	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>
Seller	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>

The undersigned hereby acknowledge(s) receipt of a copy of this Water Heater and Smoke Alarm Statement of Compliance.

Buyer		Date	
Buyer		Date	

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WATER HEATER AND SMOKE ALARM STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE (WHSD PAGE 1 OF 1)



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WATER-CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form WCMD, Revised 6/24)

1. WATER-CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES

A. INSTALLATION:

- (1) **Requirements:** California law (Civil Code §§ 1101.4 and 1101.5) requires all single-family residences, multi-family and commercial property built on or before January 1, 1994 to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures. Additionally, a residential and commercial property built on or before January 1, 1994 that is altered or improved is required to be equipped with water-conserving plumbing fixtures as a condition of final approval if the alteration or improvement increases floor area space by more than 10 percent, or has a cost greater than \$150,000, or for any room in a building which requires a building permit.
- (2) **Exceptions:** These requirements do not apply to (i) registered historical sites, (ii) real property for which a licensed plumber certified that, due to the age or configuration of the property or its plumbing, installation of water-conserving plumbing fixtures is not technically feasible, or (iii) a building for which water service is permanently disconnected. Additionally, there is a one-year exemption for any building slated for demolition, and any city or county that has adopted a retrofit requirement prior to 2009 is itself exempt. (Civil Code §§1101.6, 1101.7, and 1101.9.)

B. Disclosure of Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures: Although the installation of water-conserving plumbing fixtures is not a point-of-sale requirement, California Civil Code §§ 1101.4 (single family properties beginning 2017) and 1101.5 (multifamily and commercial properties beginning 2019) require the seller to disclose to the buyer the requirements concerning water-conserving plumbing fixtures and whether the property contains any noncompliant water fixtures.

C. Noncompliant Water Fixtures: Noncompliant water fixtures are any of the following: (i) any toilet manufactured to use more than 1.6 gallons of water per flush, (ii) any urinal manufactured to use more than one gallon of water per flush, (iii) any showerhead manufactured to have a flow capacity of more than 2.5 gallons of water per minute, (iv) any interior faucet that emits more than 2.2 gallons of water per minute. (Civil Code § 1101.3.) Buyer and Seller are each advised to consult with their own home inspector or contractor to determine if any water fixture is noncompliant. Buyer is advised to investigate the cost to bring any noncompliant water fixtures into compliance before removing the investigation contingency.

2. CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS:

A. INSTALLATION:

- (1) **Requirements:** As of January 1, 2013, California law (Health and Safety Code §§ 13260 to 13263 and 17926 to 17926.2) has required the following types of dwelling units intended for human occupancy have carbon monoxide detectors installed: single-family dwellings, duplex, lodging house, dormitory, hotel, condominium, time-share and apartment, among others.
- (2) **Exceptions:** The law does not apply to a dwelling unit which does not have any of the following: a fossil fuel burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage. The law does not apply to dwelling units owned or leased by the State of California, the Regents of the University of California or local government agencies. Aside from these three owner types, there are **no other owner exemptions** from the installation requirement; it applies to all owners of dwellings, be they individual banks, corporations, or other entities. There is no exemption for REO properties.

B. DISCLOSURE OF CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTORS: The Health and Safety Code does not require a disclosure regarding the existence of carbon monoxide detectors in a dwelling. However, a seller of residential 1-4 property who is required to complete a Real Estate Transfer Disclosure Statement, (C.A.R. Form TDS) or a Manufactured Home and Mobilehome Transfer Disclosure Statement (C.A.R. Form MHTDS) must use section II A of that form to disclose whether or not the dwelling unit has a carbon monoxide detector.

C. COMPLIANCE WITH INSTALLATION REQUIREMENT: State building code requires at a minimum, placement of carbon monoxide detectors in applicable properties outside of each sleeping area, and on each floor in a multi-level dwelling but additional or different requirements may apply depending on local building standards and manufacturer instructions. An owner who fails to install a carbon monoxide detector when required by law and continues to fail to install the detector after being given notice by a governmental agency could be liable for a fine for each violation. A transfer of a property where a seller, as an owner, has not installed carbon monoxide detectors, when required to do so by law, will not be invalidated, but the seller/owner could be subject to damages, plus court costs and attorney fees. Buyer and Seller are each advised to consult with their own home inspector, contractor or building department to determine the exact location for installation of carbon monoxide detectors. Buyer is advised to consult with a professional of Buyer's choosing to determine whether the property has carbon monoxide detector(s) installed as required by law, and if not to discuss with their counsel the potential consequences.

3. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS: Some localities maintain their own retrofit or point of sale requirements which may include the requirement that water-conserving plumbing fixtures and/or a carbon monoxide detector be installed prior to a transfer of property. Therefore, it is important to check the local city or county building and safety departments regarding point of sale or retrofit requirements when transferring property.

By signing below, Buyer and Seller each acknowledge that they have read, understand, and have received a copy of this Water-Conserving Plumbing Fixtures and Carbon Monoxide Detector Advisory

Seller	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>
Seller	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	<u>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</u>	Date	<u>06/05/2025</u>
Buyer	_____	_____	Date	_____
Buyer	_____	_____	Date	_____

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WCMD REVISED 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 1)

WATER-CONSERVING PLUMBING FIXTURES AND CARBON MONOXIDE DETECTOR ADVISORY (WCMD PAGE 1 OF 1)

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Sara & Scott



BROKER COMPENSATION ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form BCA, 7/24)

1. WHEN SELLERS LIST THEIR PROPERTY FOR SALE THROUGH A REAL ESTATE BROKER THEY AGREE TO PAY THE SELLER'S BROKER WHEN ESCROW CLOSES.

- A. LISTING AGREEMENT COMPENSATION IS FULLY NEGOTIABLE:** When a seller enters into a listing agreement with a broker, the seller authorizes the broker to find a buyer for the seller's property and agrees to pay the seller's broker if a buyer is found who purchases the property. Compensation amounts are not fixed by law and are fully negotiable between the seller and the seller's broker. When negotiating compensation, the parties may discuss factors such as the broker's expertise and experience, the type of broker services to be performed, and the broker's time and expenses, among other considerations.
- B. OPTIONAL ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION IF BUYER IS UNREPRESENTED:** A listing agreement may include optional additional compensation amounts owed to the seller's broker for situations where the broker takes on additional responsibilities or workload. Sometimes a buyer may not be working with nor want to be represented by a real estate broker. When that happens, the seller's broker is not required to represent the buyer, and the seller and seller's broker may decide that they do not want to create such a relationship. In those situations, the seller's broker is advised to use a Buyer Non-Agency (C.A.R. Form BNA) to inform the buyer that the seller's broker will be acting on behalf of the seller only, and not act as the buyer's agent, throughout the transaction. However, because the buyer is unrepresented, the seller's agent will inevitably have to do more work to facilitate the transaction. A seller may agree to compensate their broker for the additional work in such cases.
- C. BROKER MAY REPRESENT BOTH BUYER AND SELLER; DUAL AGENCY:** California law allows a brokerage company to represent both seller and buyer in a real estate transaction. At the time the agent, on behalf of a brokerage, obtains the signature of a seller on a listing agreement, the agent will not, in most cases, know who the eventual buyer will be for a seller's property. Similarly, at the time an agent, on behalf of a brokerage, obtains the signature of a buyer on a buyer representation agreement, the agent will not, in most cases, know who the eventual seller will be for a property the buyer wants to buy. Because many individual licensees may work through one brokerage company, and some individual licensees work with many buyers and sellers, there is a possibility that the same brokerage company will represent both buyer and seller in a transaction. If licensees working through broker represent both seller and buyer, broker is allowed to receive compensation from each, provided the seller and buyer are advised of the relationship and the total amount of compensation the broker will receive.

2. BROKER AGREEMENTS WITH BUYERS:

- A. BUYER REPRESENTATION COMPENSATION IS FULLY NEGOTIABLE:** When a buyer enters into a representation agreement with a broker, the buyer authorizes the broker to locate properties for the buyer to buy and agrees to pay the buyer's broker if a transaction is completed. Compensation amounts are not fixed by law and are fully negotiable. When negotiating compensation, the parties may discuss factors such as the broker's expertise and experience, the type of broker services to be performed, and the broker's time and expenses, among other considerations.
- B. REQUIREMENT FOR WRITTEN AGREEMENTS:** Pursuant to a nationwide class action settlement reached by the National Association of REALTORS® (NAR), participants in Multiple Listing Services are required to have a written agreement with a buyer prior to showing a buyer a residential property or giving a buyer a tour of such a property. The agreement must identify the amount of compensation to be paid to the broker for services provided and require that the broker cannot receive any compensation in excess of the amount specified in the agreement. Pursuant to legislation expected to become law in California on January 1, 2025, all licensees showing a buyer any type of property will be required to have a written agreement with that buyer prior to the showing.



C. ADVANTAGES OF WRITTEN AGREEMENTS: Buyers and their brokers benefit when the terms of their relationship and respective duties are in writing. A written agreement establishes clear, mutual expectations and helps avoid misunderstandings over the buyer and broker's duties and the amount of compensation the buyer's agent is to be paid.

3. WHEN ENLISTING A REAL ESTATE BROKER TO REPRESENT THEM, BUYERS AGREE TO PAY THE BUYER'S BROKER WHEN ESCROW CLOSES, BUT THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYMENT MAY BE NEGOTIATED IN THE TRANSACTION:

A. BUYER PAYS THE COMPENSATION PURSUANT TO A BUYER REPRESENTATION AGREEMENT:

A buyer's broker may negotiate the amount of compensation directly with the Buyer and then document that agreement in a buyer representation agreement (C.A.R. Form BRBC or PSRA). The buyer then becomes contractually obligated to pay the broker by providing funds to escrow prior to the closing of a transaction.

B. SELLER PAYS THE COMPENSATION:

(1) **Buyer negotiates for Seller to Compensate Buyer's Broker:** A buyer may make a conditional offer to the seller by including a term in the purchase offer asking the seller to pay the buyer's broker if the buyer has already agreed to pay their own broker pursuant to a buyer representation agreement. If such a term is included in the purchase offer, the request will become one term among many that a seller may accept, reject, or negotiate by way of a counter offer. The possibility of asking the seller to pay the buyer's contractual compensation obligation option should be discussed when creating a buyer representation agreement and prior to an offer being made.

(2) **Buyer's Agent negotiates an agreement directly with Seller:** If a seller is unrepresented or does not have an exclusive agency relationship with another broker, a buyer's broker may approach that seller asking the seller to sign an agreement (C.A.R. Form SP, Single Party Compensation Agreement) to pay the buyer's broker. In this situation, the seller agrees to pay the buyer's broker compensation without necessarily creating an agency relationship with the broker. When that happens, the buyer's broker is advised to use a Seller Non-Agency (C.A.R. Form SNA) to inform the seller that the buyer's broker will be acting on behalf of the buyer only, and not act as the seller's agent, throughout the transaction. However, because the seller is unrepresented, the buyer's agent will inevitably have to do more work to facilitate the transaction, which may be factored into the negotiation of the single party compensation agreement.

C. CHANGING PRACTICE RELATED TO A SELLER'S BROKER'S OFFER OF COMPENSATION:

Historically, in California, many seller's brokers used a Multiple Listing Service (MLS) to make a unilateral offer to compensate a buyer's broker who procured a buyer for the seller's property. However, the nationwide NAR settlement prohibits the seller's broker from using an MLS to make such an offer of compensation. The California Association REALTORS® (C.A.R.) listing agreement forms no longer provide for such offers of cooperating broker compensation nor does C.A.R. include other forms in its library of forms that might facilitate such offers. Buyers and sellers must separately negotiate compensation with their respective brokers, as specified above.

By signing below, Seller or Buyer acknowledges that they have read, understand, and have received a Copy of this Broker Compensation Advisory. Seller or Buyer acknowledges they have been advised of their various options regarding compensation to be paid to real estate brokers and that any written agreement they have signed with a seller's or buyer's broker reflects a mutual understanding.

Seller/Buyer  Sara C. Wilson, Trustee 06/05/25  Scott C. Wilson, Trustee Date 06/05/25
 Seller/Buyer _____ Date _____

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BCA 7/24 (PAGE 2 OF 2)

BROKER COMPENSATION ADVISORY (BCA PAGE 2 OF 2)

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Sara & Scott





BUYERS HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION ADVISORY

(C.A.R. Form BHAA, 6/24)

California Civil Code section 4525 requires sellers of condominiums and other common interest or planned unit developments ("CID") to provide buyers with governing, financial, and other documents and information created and maintained by a Homeowners Association ("HOA"). These documents may be quite lengthy, causing buyers not to take the time to make a careful review of all HOA materials. Before deciding to proceed with the purchase transaction, it is critical that buyers carefully review all HOA documents to determine for themselves if the property they are acquiring meets their current and future needs for use and enjoyment of the property. As part of this review, Buyer should also consider if any of the documentation has not been provided, is incomplete, or missing.

BUYER:

YOU ARE STRONGLY ADVISED BY YOUR BROKER TO REVIEW ALL HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATION DOCUMENTS WITH APPROPRIATE PROFESSIONALS, IF NECESSARY, TO UNDERSTAND THEIR CONTENTS. YOU ARE FURTHER ADVISED TO CAREFULLY REVIEW THE PRELIMINARY TITLE REPORT TO DETERMINE ALL THE RECORDED DOCUMENTS RELATED TO HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATIONS, WHICH COULD INCLUDE, BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO, DEED RESTRICTIONS AND THE EXISTENCE OF MULTIPLE HOAs AFFECTING THE PROPERTY.

THESE DOCUMENTS WILL GOVERN, AFFECT AND, IN SOME CASES, LIMIT YOUR CURRENT AND FUTURE USE AND ENJOYMENT OF THE PROPERTY.

All HOA documents and disclosures are important, however, the following are often areas of concern for buyers of property located in a CID.

- 1. Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions ("CC&Rs"):** The CC&Rs are the main governing document of the HOA. Generally, the CC&Rs describe the property rights, duties, and obligations of the HOA and the individual members. CC&Rs are formal documents recorded with the County Recorder and are extremely difficult to amend or change.
- 2. Bylaws, Rules and Regulations:** Bylaws address the governance and operation of the HOA, including voting and election requirements, the number of directors and their term length, how and when meetings are held, and the meeting procedures. If promulgated by the HOA, the Rules and Regulations usually detail how the HOA will handle routine, day-to-day matters often affecting common area usage, expenses, etc.
- 3. Minutes:** HOAs are required to prepare Minutes of Board of Directors' Meetings detailing past, current, and future (proposed) events, issues, and expenses such as existing or planned litigation, repairs, improvements or needed change in the dues and/or additional assessments. They reflect the decisions and reasons for those decisions, but are not a transcript of the meetings. The Minutes are often the best source of information regarding issues related to the common areas, the individual units, special and increased assessments, and the ability to use and enjoy the property after escrow closes.
- 4. Financial Information:** The financial information from the HOA may be contained in numerous documents, including but not limited to: Pro Forma Operating Budget, Assessment and Reserve Funding Disclosure Summary, Financial Statement Review, Assessment Enforcement Policy, Insurance Summary, Regular Assessment, Special Assessments, and Emergency Assessments. The financial status of HOA could impact the future costs of owning the property.

Reserves: Buyers should determine if reserves are properly and adequately funded and if there are many homeowners who are delinquent on payments for dues and assessments. Generally, associations are required to prepare a reserve study, and, at least every three years, cause to be conducted a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection.

Wood Balconies, Stairs and Other Structures; Reserve Requirements: Prior to January 1, 2025, buildings with three units or more, may be required to obtain an inspection of exterior balconies, stairways, walkways, or decks that are supported in whole or in substantial part by a wood or wood-based materials. For condos, the HOA will be responsible for the inspections per its governing documents. An inspection report must be incorporated into a condo HOA's study of reserve account requirements. This could in turn affect lender certification requirements as well as future dues and assessments. A balcony report that identifies an immediate threat to the safety of the occupants will require the condo HOA or owner to prevent access to the balcony further impacting a property's marketability.

Pending and Future Assessments: The Minutes and the HOA disclosure form itself may contain critical information and comments regarding pending or future assessment.

Special or Emergency Assessments: Buyers need to know if special or emergency assessments are currently due in full or whether they are due only in monthly installments. If it is not clear, buyer should request clarification from the HOA. The Purchase Agreement will determine whether the assessment payment will be paid by the seller at Close of Escrow, or whether the payments are prorated, and the buyer will be responsible for the monthly payments after Close of Escrow.

There are independent services available which will review the HOA documentation and give an opinion of the financial status of a HOA for a fee which is typically \$300.00 to \$500.00 depending upon the services to be provided and the extent of the HOA documentation. Real estate licensees are not qualified to assess the financial viability of any HOA.

If you have any questions or concerns about the financial status, strength, or stability of the HOA, contact your accountant who may be able to provide a professional assessment of the HOA's finances.

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BHAA 6/24 (PAGE 1 OF 2)

Buyer's Initials _____ / _____



BUYERS HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION ADVISORY (BHAA PAGE 1 OF 2)

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Sara & Scott

- 5. Rental Restrictions:** The HOA may have restrictions and/or prohibitions on your ability to rent your unit. These restrictions may be based on the number/percentage of units that are allowed to be rented, and the approval process associated with rentals. The HOA may also put restrictions on the ability to enter into a short term rental. Some HOAs have even gone so far as to completely prohibit rentals for all new owners; however, a 2021 law requires HOAs to allow at least 25% of the units to be rented or leased regardless of what the HOA governing documents state. In addition to the HOA restrictions, the city may also impose rental control and eviction control ordinances that may impact your decisions to rent the unit. You should investigate these issues with the HOA and the appropriate government authority to determine whether this property meets your needs. These restrictions may affect your decision to purchase the Property.
- 6. Lending Considerations:** Lenders may have certain qualifications that are required from the HOA before they provide financing on your purchase. Many lenders will require the HOA to provide a lender certification document, providing information regarding the HOA. Additionally, lenders will generally require the HOA to have a general insurance policy covering the HOA, which has become less available and more costly in California due to rising replacement costs and an increase in natural disasters. They may require a certain percentage of owner occupied units within the HOA. Further, if you are seeking a FHA or VA loan, the lender may require the HOA to FHA/VA approved prior to making a loan. You should inquire with your lender and the HOA to determine what will be required in order to obtain financing.
- 7. Noise:** Due to noise and other factors, HOAs often restrict the type of floor and/or wall material that can be used in certain units and/or the number of pets. You should directly contact the HOA Board to determine whether the property can be used for your intended purposes. You should also determine whether the property meets your subjective personal preferences and needs.
- 8. Common Areas:** Those portions of a CID that are not wholly owned by the individual homeowners are designated as "Common Areas". Usually, the CC&Rs and/or the Bylaws will define what constitutes the Common Areas, how they are used, who gets to use them, and who is responsible for maintenance. Some Common Areas may be available for use by all members and their guests, such as a lobby or garden. However, some Common Areas may be "Restricted" or "Exclusive Use" Common Areas with access limited to certain homeowners (this is often true with swimming pools and spas especially when there are multiple HOAs within a CID), or may be restricted to just one homeowner, such as a roof, deck, balcony, or patio. In some instances, the homeowner may be responsible for maintenance of certain Restricted or Exclusive Use Common Areas. You should determine for yourself whether there are any restrictions affecting the Common Areas which could impact your intended use and enjoyment of the property.
- 9. Parking and Storage:** You should determine for yourself whether the allotted parking space(s) are adequate to park your vehicle(s) in the assigned spaces by actually parking in those spaces. Parking space(s) and storage space(s), if any, may be described in a Condominium Map or in the Preliminary Report issued by a Title Company. The actual markings, striping and numbering of these space(s) may not accurately reflect the actual spaces and may be in conflict with the space(s) designated in the recorded documents. It is therefore crucial that you personally determine if the parking and storage space(s) that are designated in the recorded documents are actually the space(s) being transferred to you and that those space(s) are acceptable for your needs and intended uses of the property.
- 10. Litigation:** Many CIDs have been involved in, or are presently involved in, or may become involved in, litigation regarding the design, construction, maintenance and/or condition of all or a part of the Development. Whether or not these lawsuits are successful, litigation is expensive, and the cost of such legal actions may impact not only the adequacy of the HOA reserves but also the amount of current or future assessments. Such litigation may also impact the willingness of lenders to make a loan secured by the property, and buyer's ability to obtain a loan to purchase the property.
- 11. Special Needs:** HOA documents may limit the number and size of animals allowed in units. Fair Housing Laws may impact the effect of such rules on "service" and/or "companion" animals. HOAs on their own, or because of local ordinances, may limit or completely ban smoking and/or vaping in common areas or units. The ability for new buyers to rent units and/or to operate any type of business may also be limited or completely forbidden. Therefore, it is important that you review all HOA documents to ascertain whether there are any limitations on your particular needs or planned use of the property.
- 12. Brokers:** Real estate licensees who forward HOA documentation to you have not verified and will not verify either the information provided or the completeness or accuracy of the documentation unless they agree to do so in writing.

The undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of this 2-page Advisory.

Buyer: _____ Date: _____

Buyer: _____ Date: _____

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BHAA 6/24 (PAGE 2 OF 2)





SQUARE FOOTAGE AND LOT SIZE ADVISORY AND DISCLOSURE

(C.A.R. Form SFLS, Revised 12/24)

Property Address: 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278 ("Property")

- DIFFERENT SOURCES OF SQUARE FOOTAGE MEASUREMENTS:** Measurements of structures vary from source to source and that data is often contradictory. There is no one "official" size source or a "standard" method of calculating exterior structural size, interior space or square footage. Buyer should not rely on any advertised or disclosed square footage measurements and should retain their own experts to measure, as applicable, structure size and square footage during their investigation period, if any. This is especially important if Buyer is using square footage to determine whether to purchase the Property or are using a price per square foot to determine purchase price. Price per square foot calculations are generally broad estimates only, which can vary greatly depending upon property location, type of property and amenities. Such calculations should not be relied upon by Buyer and the accuracy of any such figures should be independently verified by Buyer with their own experts including, but not limited to, a licensed appraiser.
- PROPERTY (LOT) SIZE, DIMENSIONS, CONFIGURATIONS, AND BOUNDARIES:** Fences, hedges, walls, retaining walls, and other barriers or markers may not correspond with any legally-defined property boundaries. Existing structures or amenities may not be located within the actual property boundaries or local setback requirements. If lot size, dimensions, property configurations, boundary lines, and locations of improvements are important to Buyer's decision to purchase or the price Buyer is willing to pay, then Buyer should independently investigate by retaining the services of a licensed surveyor, the only professional who can accurately determine lot dimensions, boundary locations and acreage for the Property.
- BROKER OBLIGATIONS:** Brokers and Agents do not have expertise in determining the exact square footage and lot size. Broker has not and will not verify the accuracy of any numerical statements regarding square footage, room dimensions, or lot size, or the location of boundaries.
- DISCLOSURE OF MEASUREMENTS AND SOURCES:** Square footage and/or lot size numbers inserted into the spaces below, if any, were taken from the referenced source and may be approximations only. Other measurement sizes may exist from other sources.

Source of Information	Sq. Footage	Lot Size	Additional Information	If checked, report attached
Public Record	2,380	6,184		<input type="checkbox"/>
Multiple Listing Service	2,498	6,184	Previous MLS from builder	<input type="checkbox"/>
Seller			Measurement comes from the following source:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Appraisal #1				<input type="checkbox"/>
Appraisal #2				<input type="checkbox"/>
Condominium Map/Plan				<input type="checkbox"/>
Architectural Drawings				<input type="checkbox"/>
Floor Plan/Drawings				<input type="checkbox"/>
Survey				<input type="checkbox"/>
Other				<input type="checkbox"/>
Other				<input type="checkbox"/>

By signing below, Seller: (i) represents that Seller is not aware of any other measurements of the Property; and (ii) acknowledges that Seller has read, understands, and received a Copy of this Square Footage and Lot Size Advisory and Disclosure. Seller is encouraged to read it carefully.

Seller Sara C. Wilson, Trustee

Authentisign
Sara C. Wilson, Trustee
Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

Date 06/05/2025

Seller Scott C. Wilson, Trustee

Date 06/05/2025

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges that Buyer has read, understands, and received a Copy of this Square Footage and Lot Size Advisory and Disclosure. Buyer is encouraged to read it carefully. IF NO INFORMATION IS PROVIDED AND/OR ANY OF THESE MEASUREMENTS ARE MATERIAL TO BUYER, BUYER IS STRONGLY ADVISED TO INVESTIGATE THE VALIDITY, ACCURACY, OR EXISTENCE OF ANY MEASUREMENTS PROVIDED HEREIN OR OTHERWISE. IF BUYER DOES NOT DO SO, BUYER IS ACTING AGAINST THE ADVICE OF BROKERS AND AGENTS.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____

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SFLS REVISED 12/24 (PAGE 1 OF 1)

SQUARE FOOTAGE AND LOT SIZE ADVISORY AND DISCLOSURE (SFLS PAGE 1 OF 1)

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BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY
HomeServices
California Properties

DISCLOSURE REGARDING DEFECTIVE FURNACES

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission has issued a warning regarding certain gas-fired horizontal forced-air furnaces that present a substantial risk of fire. The furnaces in question were manufactured from 1983 through 1994 by Consolidated Industries (formerly Premier Furnace company) and were marketed under at least 20 different brand names. Homes built before 1983 or after 1994 could still have the furnaces in question due to replacements or remodeling.

It is highly recommended that you have this issue investigated by a qualified professional to determine if the furnace in any property you are selling or buying is defective and/or dangerous. If the furnace presently installed at the property is a horizontal furnace and/or falls within the category identified by the CPSC, then a professional with expertise regarding gas furnaces should be retained to make a specific determination.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AGENTS ARE NOT QUALIFIED TO INSPECT FURNACES OR TO MAKE ANY RECOMMENDATIONS OR DETERMINATIONS CONCERNING POSSIBLE DEFECTS OR HEALTH AND SAFETY ISSUES. THE PURPOSE OF THIS DISCLOSURE IS TO PUT SELLERS AND BUYERS ON NOTICE TO CONDUCT THEIR OWN DUE DILIGENCE REGARDING THIS MATTER USING APPROPRIATE QUALIFIED EXPERTS.

For more information, all parties are encouraged to investigate the Torrance Fire Dept. Web site at <http://www.ci.torrance.ca.us/TFD/108.htm> and CPSC's web site at: www.cpsc.gov.

Property address 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, City Redondo Beach, CA 90278

Furnace Make and Model (if known by Seller):

Make _____ Model _____ (OR) ☒ Not Known

✗  Sara C. Wilson, Trustee 06/05/25
Seller Sara C. Wilson, Trustee Date

 Scott C. Wilson, Trustee 06/05/25
Seller Scott C. Wilson, Trustee Date

Buyers Acknowledgement of Receipt:

The undersigned parties acknowledge receipt of a copy of this disclosure, a copy of the 4 page CPSC warning dated 9/27/00, last revised 3/6/02, and a copy of the 4 page CPSC Recall notice dated 7/9/01, last revised 7/10/02.

Buyer _____ Date _____

Buyer _____ Date _____



BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY
HomeServices
California Properties

MOLD RECOMMENDATIONS AND DISCLOSURE

Buyer is advised to have Subject Property inspected for the presence of mold, moisture and dry rot. It is possible that mold could be hidden, and the Seller completely unaware of its existence.

Other than the obvious structural problems that can occur as a result of moisture and dry rot, some types of mold can produce airborne toxins which can cause serious health problems.

Brokers and agents are not trained to identify these conditions, nor do they have the education, expertise, or licensing to identify and evaluate any such conditions. Any and all presence of moisture, water stains, mildew odors, condensation, and of course obvious mold growth, are all possible indicator of a mold condition, which may or may not be toxic. Toxic mold may exist in the absence of these possible indicators. In many cases, a general physical inspection by a third party inspection company fails to detect the presence of mold and related toxins. Buyer is therefore advised to consult with a bio hazard engineer, or other such expert. Buyer is therefore strongly encouraged to pay for, and obtain all tests that such an expert would recommend. These tests include testing actual discovered mold, testing for airborne spores in the interior and exterior of the dwelling/structures, as well as carpet and other floor covering tests.

Just as in all other inspections requested by Buyer, buyer must make this mold/airborne spore inspection within the time frames provided for in the Purchase Agreement.

In the event Buyer fails to obtain such a mold/airborne spore inspection, Buyer is acting contrary to the advice of the brokers and agents involved in this transaction.

Property Address: 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278

Buyer Date

Buyer Date

BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY HomeServices California Properties:

By: Marie Morgenstern 5/30/2025
Associate Licensee Date

CONSUMER INFORMATION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, the undersigned, acknowledge receipt of the "Homeowner's Combined Information Guides" booklet which includes the following publications:

1) Homeowner's Guide to Earthquake Safety

State of California Seismic Safety Commission
(<https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/earthquake.pdf>)

2) Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home

United States Environmental Protection Agency
(<https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/lead.pdf>)

3) Residential Environmental Hazards - A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants

California Environmental Protection Agency
(<https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/environment.pdf>)

4) What is Your Home Energy Rating?

California Energy Commission
(<https://www.disclosuresource.com/downloads/HomeEnergyRating.pdf>)

Property Address: 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A, Redondo Beach, CA 90278

Buyer's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Buyer's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Selling Agent's Signature: _____ Date: _____

Seller's Signature: _____ Date: 06/05/25

Seller's Signature: _____ Date: 06/05/25

Listing Agent's Signature: _____ Date: 06/05/25



BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY
HomeServices
California Properties

AFFILIATED BUSINESS ARRANGEMENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Thank you for contacting Berkshire Hathaway HomeServices California Properties (hereinafter Broker), in connection with the purchase or sale of a home or other property. This is to give you notice that Broker has a business relationship with the companies listed in this Statement, in that each of the companies is wholly or partially owned either directly or indirectly by Broker. Because of these relationships, the referral of business to these companies may provide us, our employees, or other related parties noted herein, a financial or other benefit. We will not be paid a referral fee as a result of any referral to the non-real estate brokerage companies.

In connection with providing real estate brokerage services, Broker may receive a commission or a cooperative brokerage referral fee for a referral to another real estate company (which is typical in the real estate brokerage industry); however, this will not affect the amount you pay to purchase or sell property.

Set forth below are the full range of services that these companies provide, along with an estimate of the range of charges generally made for these services. You are NOT required to use the listed companies as a condition of the purchase or sale of your property. THERE ARE FREQUENTLY OTHER SETTLEMENT SERVICE PROVIDERS AVAILABLE WITH SIMILAR SERVICES. YOU ARE FREE TO SHOP AROUND TO DETERMINE THAT YOU ARE RECEIVING THE BEST SERVICES AND THE BEST RATE FOR THESE SERVICES.

Companies	HUD-1 Description/ Line Designation	Estimate of Range of Charges Generally Made by Provider ¹
Neighborhood Escrow Provides expert handling of all details in transferring the property in accordance with the real estate contract.	Settlement/Escrow (1101) on: \$100,000 home \$250,000 home \$500,000 home Document preparation/processing fees (05)	\$600 \$700 \$1200 \$0-\$300

¹ Actual charges may vary according to the particular circumstances underlying the transaction, including the home value, coverage and limits, other requested terms and services, unusual market conditions, government regulations, property location and features, and other similar factors. Rates may not be the lowest available and are subject to change. For a free, no obligations quote, please contact the company directly. Where required by state law, current rates for insurance are filed with the applicable state agency, and depending upon the circumstances, may vary from the rates shown above.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RECEIPT OF DISCLOSURE

I/We have received the Affiliated Business Arrangement Disclosure Statement from Broker and understand that Broker may refer me/us to the settlement service providers listed in this Statement. Broker, its employees or its affiliate(s) may receive a financial or other benefit as the result of that referral.

_____ Buyer	_____ Date	<div style="text-align: center;"> <i>Sara C. Wilson, Trustee</i> _____ Seller </div>	06/05/25 _____ Date
_____ Buyer	_____ Date	<div style="text-align: center;"> <i>Scott C. Wilson, Trustee</i> _____ Seller </div>	06/05/25 _____ Date



PARKING AND STORAGE DISCLOSURE

(C.A.R. Form PSD, Revised 6/23)

This disclosure is made in connection with the Purchase Agreement or ☐ other _____ ("Agreement"), dated _____, on property known as 2117 Voorhees Avenue #A ("Property") between _____ ("Buyer/Tenant") and Sara C. Wilson, Trustee, Scott C. Wilson, Trustee ("Seller/Housing Provider")

If applicable, ☒ Seller has been using parking space # See 3 ☐ Parking is **not** intended to be included with the Property.
If applicable, ☐ Seller has been using storage space # _____ ☒ Separate storage is **not** intended to be included with the Property.

This is a disclosure only. Right to parking or storage, if any, is determined by the Agreement, and if Property is in a planned development or covered by a Home Owner Association, the governing documents.

1. Buyer/Tenant is advised to personally inspect the actual size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility of the actual parking space(s) or storage area(s). As vehicle sizes and shapes vary greatly, the actual size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility of the actual parking space(s) may not accommodate Buyer's/Tenant's needs. Seller/Housing Provider and Broker(s) do not warrant that such space(s) or storage areas are suitable for Buyer/Tenant's intended use or meet any minimum requirements.
2. If the Property is located in a multi-unit building or any other planned development, the governing documents for the Property, such as the deed, the condominium map/plan, the covenants, conditions and restrictions, tenancy-in-common agreement, or equivalent document, should contain a description and drawing of all assigned parking and storage spaces. However, the size, shape, numbering, location and accessibility of the designated parking and storage area(s) shown within the governing documents are not always accurate, even if drawn by a licensed surveyor. There may be differences between the descriptions in the governing documents and the actual size, shape, numbering, location and accessibility of the parking spaces and storage areas and between what is assigned and what is being used.
3. Seller/Housing Provider further discloses the following: **Parking permitted in garage and in front of garage as long as it does not block the driveway. Guest spot is intended for guests or short term use. Refer to HOA Rules**

Seller/Housing Provider Sara C. Wilson, Trustee Sara C. Wilson, Trustee Date: 06/05/2025
Seller/Housing Provider Scott C. Wilson, Trustee Scott C. Wilson, Trustee Date: 06/05/2025

4. **Buyer/Tenant acknowledges that Buyer/Tenant has:**
- Reviewed the governing documents and ensured the parking space(s) or storage area(s) are accurately identified;
 - Read all disclosures relating to the parking space(s) or storage area(s) provided by Seller/Housing Provider;
 - Personally inspected the size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility of the actual parking space(s) and storage area(s);
 - Determined that the parking spaces(s) or storage area(s) are suitable for Buyer's/Tenant's intended use(s). If it is a parking space, Buyer/Tenant has inspected the parking space to ensure that it can accommodate the vehicle(s) that Buyer/Tenant intends to park in the parking space;
 - Ensured that the governing documents provide for rights of passage to and from the parking space and storage space, if Buyer/Tenant must pass through another owner's assigned space(s) in order to access Buyer's/Tenant's parking space(s) or storage area(s); and
 - Has found no discrepancy between the parking space(s) or storage area(s) as shown in the governing documents and the respective actual size, shape, numbering, location, and accessibility or, if Buyer/Tenant has found such a discrepancy, Buyer/Tenant acknowledges that such discrepancy is not material to this purchase or lease.

By signing below, Buyer acknowledges Buyer has received, read, and understands this Parking and Storage Disclosure form.

Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____
Buyer/Tenant _____ Date _____

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PSD REVISED 6/23 (PAGE 1 OF 1)

PARKING AND STORAGE DISCLOSURE (PSD PAGE 1 OF 1)