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Natural Hazard Disclosures™

# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

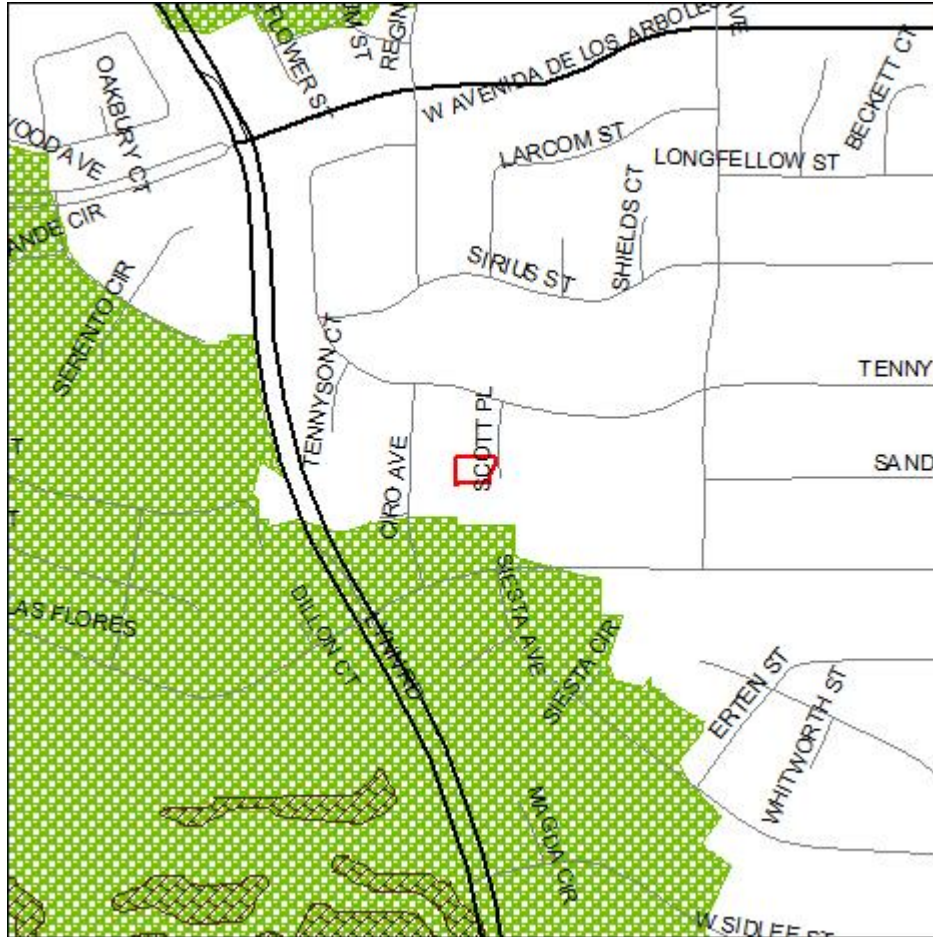
## Map of Statutory Natural Hazards

### For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## Map of Statutory Natural Hazard Zones



□ Subject Property

	Special Flood Hazard Area
	Area of Potential Flooding, Dam Failure
	Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone
	Wildland Area, Substantial Forest Fire Risk
	Earthquake Fault Zone
	Seismic Hazard Zone, Landslide
	Seismic Hazard Zone, Liquefaction



**This map is provided for convenience only to show the approximate location of the Property and is not based on a field survey.**



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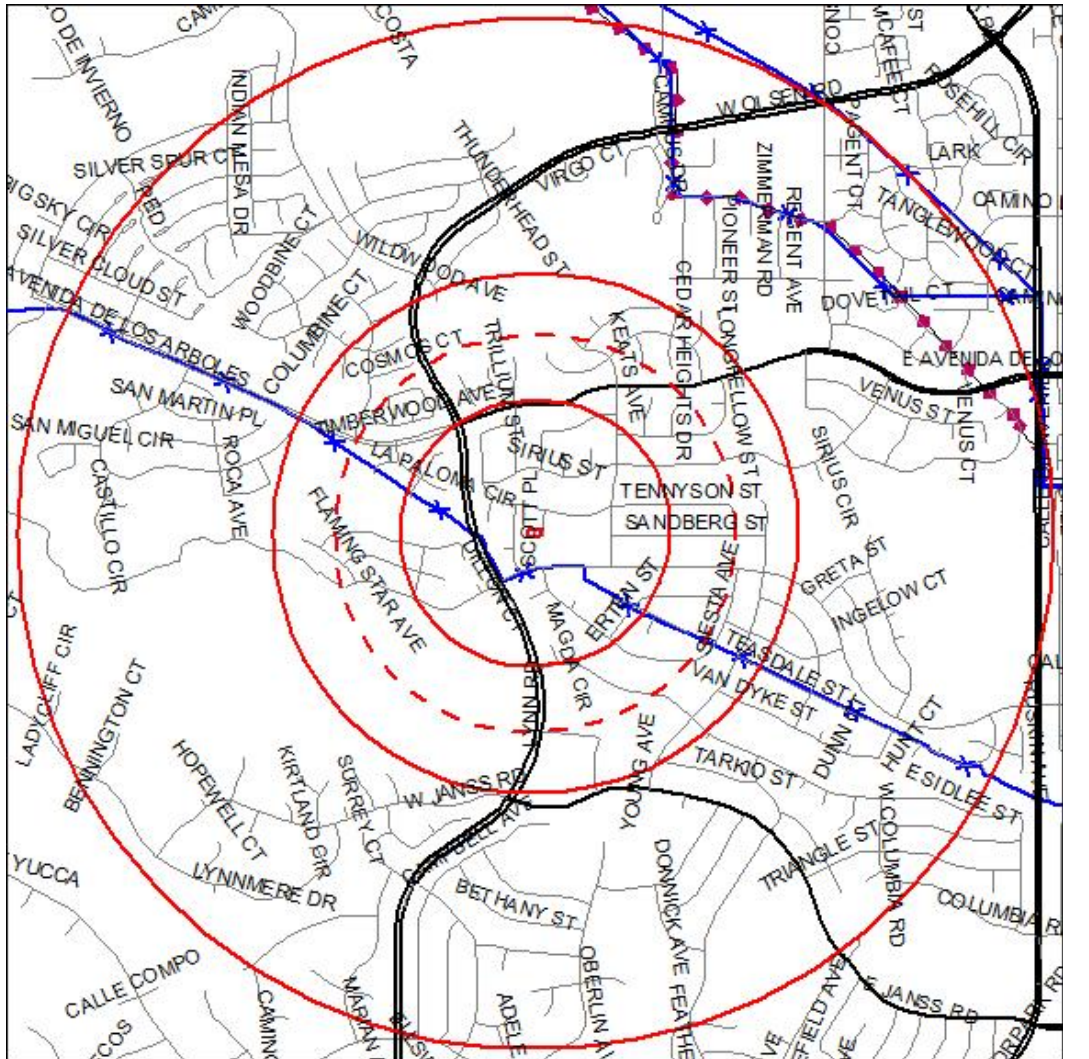
# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Map of Environmental Hazard Sites For VENTURA County

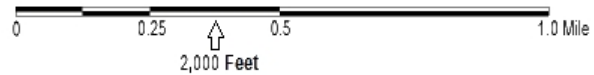
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### Map of Environmental Hazard Sites



□ Subject Property



NOTE: The foregoing map may show more sites than are reported in the listing below. The map shows all sites found within the square coverage area. The listing below reports only those sites found within the standard radius search distance for the database listed, which covers a smaller area. Sites outside of that standard radius search distance are not listed below. The standard radius search distances for point sources are defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's "All Appropriate Inquiries" (AAI) guidelines. The AAI standard search distance differs between database categories, depending upon degree of potential hazard. Pipeline search distance (2,000 feet, red dashed circle on map) complies with U.S. bill H.R. 22 (Speier). See section called "Explanation of Databases Used" for the actual standard search distance used for each database category.

	(NPL) Federal National Priorities List or "Superfund" Sites		(SWIS) Solid Waste Landfill Facilities
	(RCRA COR) Corrective Action Sites		(SLIC) Spills, Leaks, Investig. & Cleanup
	(LUST) Leaking Underground Storage Tanks		California EnviroStor State Response Sites
	Oil or Gas Well		Gas Transmission Pipelines (Approximate)
	Hazardous Liquid Pipelines (Approximate)		



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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## Statutory Natural Hazard Disclosure ("NHD") Statement and Acknowledgment of Receipt

The transferor and his or her agent(s) or a third-party consultant disclose the following information with the knowledge that even though this is not a warranty, prospective transferees may rely on this information in deciding whether and on what terms to purchase the Property. Transferor hereby authorizes any agent(s) representing any principal(s) in this action to provide a copy of this statement to any person or entity in connection with any actual or anticipated sale of the Property.

The following are representations made by the transferor and his or her agent(s) based on their knowledge and maps drawn by the State. This information is a disclosure and is not intended to be part of any contract between the transferee and the transferor. THIS REAL PROPERTY LIES WITHIN THE FOLLOWING HAZARDOUS AREA(S):

**A SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA** (Any type Zone "A" or "V") designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency

Yes \_\_\_ No  Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction \_\_\_

**AN AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING** shown on a dam failure inundation map pursuant to Section 8589.5 of the Government Code.

Yes \_\_\_ No  Do not know and information not available from local jurisdiction \_\_\_

**A VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE** pursuant to Section 51178 or 51179 of the Government Code. The owner of this Property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 51182 of the Government Code.

Yes \_\_\_ No

**A WILDLAND AREA THAT MAY CONTAIN SUBSTANTIAL FOREST FIRE RISK AND HAZARDS** pursuant to Section 4125 of the Public Resources Code. The owner of this Property is subject to the maintenance requirements of Section 4291 of the Public Resources Code. Additionally, it is not the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within the wildlands unless the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency for those purposes pursuant to Section 4142 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes \_\_\_ No

**AN EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE** pursuant to Section 2622 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes \_\_\_ No

**A SEISMIC HAZARD ZONE** pursuant to Section 2696 of the Public Resources Code.

Yes (Landslide Zone) \_\_\_ Yes (Liquefaction Zone) \_\_\_

No  Map not yet released by state \_\_\_

THESE HAZARDS MAY LIMIT YOUR ABILITY TO DEVELOP THE REAL PROPERTY, TO OBTAIN INSURANCE, OR TO RECEIVE ASSISTANCE AFTER A DISASTER. THE MAPS ON WHICH THESE DISCLOSURES ARE BASED ESTIMATE WHERE NATURAL HAZARDS EXIST. THEY ARE NOT DEFINITIVE INDICATORS OF WHETHER OR NOT A PROPERTY WILL BE AFFECTED BY A NATURAL DISASTER. TRANSFEREE(S) AND TRANSFEROR(S) MAY WISH TO OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE REGARDING THOSE HAZARDS AND OTHER HAZARDS THAT MAY AFFECT THE PROPERTY.

Signature of Transferor(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Transferor(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Agent \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Agent \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Transferor(s) and their agent(s) represent that the information herein is true and correct to the best of their knowledge as of the date signed by the transferor(s) and agent(s).

Transferor(s) and their agent(s) acknowledge that they have exercised good faith in the selection of a third-party report provider as required in Civil Code Section 1103.7, and that the representations made in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement are based upon information provided by the independent third-party disclosure provider as a substituted disclosure pursuant to Civil Code Section 1103.4. Neither transferor(s) nor their agent(s) (1) has independently verified the information contained in this statement and Report or (2) is personally aware of any errors or inaccuracies in the information contained on the statement. This statement was prepared by the provider below:

Third-Party Disclosure Provider(s) FIRST AMERICAN PROFESSIONAL REAL ESTATE SERVICES, INC. OPERATING THROUGH ITS FANHD DIVISION.  
Date 14 February 2017

Transferee represents that he or she has read and understands this document. Pursuant to Civil Code Section 1103.8, the representations in this Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement do not constitute all of the transferor's or agent's disclosure obligations in this transaction.

Signature of Transferee(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_ Signature of Transferee(s) \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**TRANSFEREE(S) REPRESENTS ABOVE HE/SHE HAS RECEIVED, READ AND UNDERSTANDS THE COMPLETE FANHD DISCLOSURE REPORT DELIVERED WITH THIS SUMMARY:**

- A. Additional Property-specific Statutory Disclosures: Former Military Ordnance Site, Commercial/Industrial Use Zone, Airport Influence Area, Airport Noise, San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development District Jurisdiction (in S.F. Bay counties only), California Energy Commission Duct Sealing Requirement, Notice of Statewide Right to Farm, Notice of Mining Operations, Sex Offender Database (Megan's Law), Gas and Hazardous Liquid Transmission Pipeline Database.
- B. Additional County and City Regulatory Determinations as applicable: Airports, Avalanche, Blow Sand, Coastal Zone, Dam/Levee Failure Inundation, Debris Flow, Erosion, Flood, Fault Zone, Fire, Groundwater, Landslide, Liquefaction, Methane Gas, Mines, Naturally Occurring Asbestos, Redevelopment Area, Right to Farm, Runoff Area, Seiche, Seismic Shaking, Seismic Ground Failure, Slope Stability, Soil Stability, Subsidence, TRPA, Tsunami.
- C. General advisories: Methamphetamine Contamination, Mold, Radon, Endangered Species Act, Abandoned Mines, Oil & Gas Wells, Tsunami Maps (coastal only).
- D. Additional Reports - Enclosed if ordered: (1) PROPERTY TAX REPORT (includes state-required Notices of Mello-Roos and 1915 Bond Act Assessments, and Notice of Supplemental Property Tax Bill, (2) ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING REPORT (discloses Transmission Pipelines, Contaminated Sites, and Oil & Gas Wells). Enclosed if applicable: Local Addenda.
- E. Government Guides in Combined Booklet with Report. Refer to Booklet: (1) ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: "A Guide for Homeowners, Buyers, Landlords and Tenants"; (2) EARTHQUAKE SAFETY: "The Homeowners Guide To Earthquake Safety" and included "RESIDENTIAL EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS REPORT FORM"; (3) LEAD-BASED PAINT: "Protect Your Family From Lead In Your Home"; (4) BRIEF GUIDE TO MOLD, MOISTURE AND YOUR HOME; (5) WHAT IS YOUR HOME ENERGY RATING? Government Guides are also available on the Company's "Electronic Bookshelf" at <http://www.fanhd.com/>.



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Contents For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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### Table of Contents

Map of Statutory Natural Hazards.....	<a href="#">1</a>
Environmental Hazard Map.....	<a href="#">2</a>
Statutory NHD Statement and Acknowledgment of Receipt.....	<a href="#">3</a>
Table of Contents.....	<a href="#">4</a>
Summary of Disclosure Determinations.....	<a href="#">5-6</a>
NHD Report.....	<a href="#">7-28</a>
Tax Report.....	<a href="#">29-36</a>
Environmental Report.....	<a href="#">37-43</a>
Terms and Conditions.....	<a href="#">44-45</a>



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Summary of Disclosure Determinations For VENTURA County

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## PROPERTY DISCLOSURE SUMMARY - READ FULL REPORT

Statutory NHD Determinations	IN	NOT IN	Map N/A*	Property is:	NHD Report page:
Flood		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a Special Flood Hazard Area. The Property is IN a FEMA-designated Flood Zone(s) X.	<a href="#">7</a>
Dam		<b>X</b>		NOT IN an area of potential dam inundation.	<a href="#">7</a>
Very High Fire Hazard Severity		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a very high fire hazard severity zone.	<a href="#">8</a>
Wildland Fire Area		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a state responsibility area.	<a href="#">8</a>
Fault		<b>X</b>		NOT IN an earthquake fault zone designated pursuant to the Alquist-Priolo Act.	<a href="#">9</a>
Landslide		<b>X</b>		NOT IN an area of earthquake-induced land sliding designated pursuant to the Seismic Hazard Mapping Act.	<a href="#">9</a>
Liquefaction		<b>X</b>		NOT IN an area of potential liquefaction designated pursuant to the Seismic Hazard Mapping Act.	<a href="#">9</a>

County-level NHD Determinations	IN	NOT IN	Map N/A*	Property is:	NHD Report page:
Fault		<b>X</b>		NOT WITHIN one-eighth of one mile of a "positively identified" earthquake fault	<a href="#">11</a>
Landslide		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a mapped landslide	<a href="#">11</a>
Liquefaction		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a liquefaction area	<a href="#">11</a>
Tsunami		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a tsunami inundation hazard area	<a href="#">11</a>
Probable Subsidence		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a probable subsidence zone	<a href="#">11</a>
Dam Inundation		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a dam inundation area	<a href="#">11</a>

City-level NHD Determinations	IN	NOT IN	Map N/A*	Property is:	NHD Report page:
Seepage Area		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a mapped Groundwater Seepage Area.	<a href="#">13</a>
Dam Inundation		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a mapped Dam Inundation Area.	<a href="#">12</a>
Expansive Soils	<b>X</b>			IN a mapped area of High Expansive Soils.	<a href="#">12</a>
Fire		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a mapped Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone.	<a href="#">12</a>
Ground Shaking	<b>X</b>			IN a mapped area of the second highest Groundshaking potential (0.65 Proportion of Gravity).	<a href="#">12</a>

Additional Statutory Disclosures	IN	NOT IN	Map N/A*	Property is:	NHD Report page:
Former Military Ordnance		<b>X</b>		NOT WITHIN one mile of a formerly used ordnance site.	<a href="#">16</a>
Commercial or Industrial	<b>X</b>			WITHIN one mile of a property zoned to allow commercial or industrial use.	<a href="#">16</a>
Airport Influence Area		<b>X</b>		NOT IN an airport influence area.	<a href="#">17</a>
Airport Noise Area for 65 Decibel		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a delineated 65 dB CNEL or greater aviation noise zone.	<a href="#">18</a>
California Energy Commission	<b>X</b>			IN a climate zone where properties are usually subject to duct sealing and testing requirements	<a href="#">19</a>
Right to Farm Act		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a one mile radius of designated Important Farmland.	<a href="#">20</a>
Notice of Mining Operations		<b>X</b>		NOT IN a one mile radius of a mapped mining operation that requires a statutory "Notice of Mining Operation" be provided in this Report:	<a href="#">21</a>



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## Summary of Disclosure Determinations

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General Advisories	Description	NHD Report page:
Registered Sex Offender Data Base (Megan's Law) Notice	Provides an advisory required pursuant to Section 290.46 of the Penal Code. Information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public.	<a href="#">22</a>
Gas and Hazardous Liquid Transmission Pipeline Database Notice	Provides a notice required pursuant to Section 2079.10.5(a) of the Civil Code. Information about transmission pipeline location maps is made available to the public.	<a href="#">23</a>
Methamphetamine Contamination	Provides an advisory that a disclosure may be required pursuant to the "Methamphetamine Contaminated Property Cleanup Act of 2005".	<a href="#">24</a>
Mold	Provides an advisory that all prospective purchasers of residential and commercial property should thoroughly inspect the subject property for mold and sources for additional information on the origins of and the damage caused by mold.	<a href="#">25</a>
Radon	Provides an advisory on the risk associated with Radon gas concentrations.	<a href="#">26</a>
Endangered Species	Provides an advisory on resources to educate the public on locales of endangered or threatened species.	<a href="#">26</a>
Abandoned Mines	Provides an advisory on resources to educate the public on the hazards posed by, and some of the general locales of, abandoned mines.	<a href="#">27</a>
Oil and Gas Wells	Provides an advisory on the potential existence of oil and gas wells and sources for additional general and/or specific information.	<a href="#">27</a>
Tsunami Map Advisory	Provides an advisory about maximum tsunami inundation maps issued for jurisdictional emergency planning.	<a href="#">28</a>

Property Tax Determinations	IS	IS NOT	Property is:	Tax Report page:
Mello-Roos Districts		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO a Mello-Roos Community Facilities District.	<a href="#">30</a>
1915 Bond Act Districts		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO a 1915 Bond Act District.	<a href="#">30</a>
Other Direct Assessments	<b>X</b>		SUBJECT TO one or more other direct assessments.	<a href="#">31</a>
SRA Fire Prevention Fee		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO the State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fee (see State-level SRA Zone Disclosure).	<a href="#">35</a>

Environmental Screening	IS	IS NOT	Property is:	Environmental Report page:
Leaking Underground Storage Tanks		<b>X</b>	NOT WITHIN one-quarter mile of a known leaking underground storage tank.	<a href="#">42</a>
Superfund or RCRA Corrective Action Site		<b>X</b>	NOT WITHIN one mile of a Superfund or RCRA Corrective Action site.	<a href="#">41</a>
Other sites in databases screened		<b>X</b>	NOT WITHIN one-half mile of sites other than those above that are listed in the databases searched.	<a href="#">41</a>
Oil and Gas Wells		<b>X</b>	NOT WITHIN one-quarter mile of a mapped oil or gas well(s).	<a href="#">39</a>
Underground Transmission Pipelines	<b>X</b>		WITHIN 2,000 feet of a gas transmission or hazardous liquid pipeline(s) depicted in the National Pipeline Mapping System.	<a href="#">40</a>

Determined by First American Professional Real Estate Services, Inc.

**For more detailed information as to the foregoing determinations, please read this entire Report.**



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

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## Natural Hazard Disclosure Report

### Part 1. State Defined Natural Hazard Zones

#### Statutory Natural Hazard Disclosures

Section 1103 of the California Civil Code mandates the disclosure of six (6) natural hazard zones if the Property is located within any such zone. Those six "statutory" hazard zones, disclosed on the **Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement** ("NHDS") on Page one of this Report, are explained below. Note that the NHDS does not provide for informing buyers if a property is only partially within any of the delineated zones or provide additional flood zone information which could be very important to the process. The following summary is intended to give buyers additional information they may need to help them in the decision-making process and to place the information in perspective.

#### SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA

**DISCUSSION:** Property in a Special Flood Hazard Area (any type of Zone "A" or "V" as designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA")) is subject to flooding in a "100-year rainstorm." Federally connected lenders are required to have homeowners maintain flood insurance in these zones. A 100-year flood occurs on average once every 100 years, but may not occur in 1,000 years or may occur in successive years. According to FEMA, a home located within a SFHA has a 26% chance of suffering flood damage during the term of a 30-year mortgage. Other types of flooding, such as dam failure, are not considered in developing these zones. Flood insurance for properties in Zones B, C, D, X, X500, and X500\_Levee is available but is not required.

**Zones A, AO, AE, AH, AR, A1-A30:** Area of "100-year" flooding - a 1% or greater chance of annual flooding.

**Zones V, V1-V30:** Area of "100-year" flooding in coastal (shore front) areas subject to wave action.

**Zone B:** Area of moderate flood risk. These are areas between the "100" and "500" year flood-risk levels.

**Zones C, D:** NOT IN an area of "100-year" flooding. Area of minimal (Zone C) or undetermined (Zone D) flood hazard.

**Zones X:** An area of minimal flood risk. These are areas outside the "500" year flood-risk level.

**Zone X500:** An area of moderate flood risk. These are areas between the "100" and "500" year flood-risk levels.

**Zone X500\_LEVEE:** An area of moderate flood risk that is protected from "100-year flood" by levee and that is subject to revision to high risk (Zone A) if levee is decertified by FEMA.

**Zone N:** Area Not Included, no flood zone designation has been assigned or not participating in the National Flood Insurance Program.

**Notice:** The Company is not always able to determine if the Property is subject to a FEMA Letter of Map Revision ("LOMR") or other FEMA letters of map change. If Seller is aware that the Property is subject to a LOMR or other letters of map change, the Seller shall disclose the map change and attach a copy of the FEMA letter(s) to the Report. Contact FEMA at <http://msc.fema.gov> for additional information.

For more information about flood zones, visit:

[http://www.floodsmart.gov/floodsmart/pages/flooding\\_flood\\_risks/defining\\_flood\\_risks.jsp](http://www.floodsmart.gov/floodsmart/pages/flooding_flood_risks/defining_flood_risks.jsp)

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Official Flood Insurance Rate Maps ("FIRM") compiled and issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") pursuant to 42 United States Code §4001, et seq.

#### AREA OF POTENTIAL FLOODING (DAM FAILURE)

**DISCUSSION:** Local governmental agencies, utilities, and owners of certain dams are required to prepare and submit inundation maps for review and approval by the California Office of Emergency Services ("OES"). A property within an Area of Potential Flooding Caused by Dam Failure is subject to potential flooding in the event of a sudden and total dam failure with a full reservoir. Such a failure could result in property damage and/or personal injury. However, dams rarely fail instantaneously and reservoirs are not always filled to capacity. Please note that not all dams (such as federally controlled dams) located within the state have been included within these dam inundation zones. Also these maps do not identify areas of potential flooding resulting from storms or other causes.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Official dam inundation maps or digital data thereof made publicly available by the State of California Office of Emergency Services ("OES") pursuant to California Government Code §8589.5.



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### VERY HIGH FIRE HAZARD SEVERITY ZONE (VHFHSZ)

**DISCUSSION:** VHFHSZs can be defined by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection ("Calfire") as well as by local fire authorities within "Local Responsibility Areas" where fire suppression is the responsibility of a local fire department. Properties located within VHFHS Zones may have a higher risk for fire damage and, therefore, may be subject to (i) additional construction requirements such as a "Class A" roof for new construction or replacement of existing roofs; and (ii) additional maintenance responsibilities such as adequate vegetation clearance near the structure, spark screens on chimneys and stovepipes, leaf removal from roofs, and other basic fire-safety practices. Contact the local fire department for a complete list of requirements and exceptions.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Maps issued by Calfire pursuant to California Government Code § 51178 recommending VHFHSZs to be adopted by the local jurisdiction within its Local Responsibility Area, or VHFHSZs adopted by the local jurisdiction within the statutory 120-day period defined in California Government Code § 51179.

### WILDLAND FIRE AREA (STATE RESPONSIBILITY AREA)

**DISCUSSION:** The State Board of Forestry classifies all lands within the State of California based on various factors such as ground cover, beneficial use of water from watersheds, probable damage from erosion, and fire risks. Fire prevention and suppression in all areas which are not within a Wildland - State Responsibility Area ("WSRA") is primarily the responsibility of the local or federal agencies, as applicable.

For property located within a WSRA, please note that (1) there may be substantial forest fire risks and hazards; (2) except for property located within a county which has assumed responsibility for prevention and suppression of all fires, it is NOT the state's responsibility to provide fire protection services to any building or structure located within a WSRA unless the Department has entered into a cooperative agreement with a local agency; and (3) the property owner may be is subject to (i) additional construction requirements such as a "Class A" roof for new construction or replacement of existing roofs; and (ii) additional maintenance responsibilities such as adequate vegetation clearance near the structure, spark screens on chimneys and stovepipes, leaf removal from roofs, and other basic fire-safety practices.

The existence of local agreements for fire service is not available in the Public Record and, therefore, is not included in this disclosure. For very isolated properties with no local fire services or only seasonal fire services there may be significant fire risk. If the Property is located within a WSRA, please contact the local fire department for more detailed information.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Official maps issued by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection ("Calfire") pursuant to California Public Resources Code § 4125.

### SRA Fire Prevention Benefit Fee Advisory

On January 23, 2012, the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection ("Board") adopted an emergency regulation that implements a Fire Prevention Benefit Fee ("Benefit Fee") imposed annually on property owners in wildland areas where the state has responsibility for providing fire protection. According to the adopted regulation, the Benefit Fee is one hundred fifty-two dollars and thirty-three cents (\$152.33) per habitable structure in the State Responsibility Area ("SRA"), including single-family homes, multi-dwelling structures, mobile and manufactured homes, and condominiums. The Board regulation is pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 4210) to Part 2 of Division 4 of the Public Resources Code (also known as Assembly Bill X1 29). The regulation allows a fee reduction of thirty-five dollars (\$35.00) per habitable structure located in the SRA and within the boundaries of a local agency that provides fire protection services. For more information, please refer to "Part 6. State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fee" in the FANHD Property Tax Report.





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## EARTHQUAKE FAULT ZONE

**DISCUSSION:** Earthquake Fault Zones are delineated and adopted by California as part of the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone Act of 1972. Property in an Earthquake Fault Zone ("EF Zone") does not necessarily have a fault trace existing on the site. EF Zones are areas or bands delineated on both sides of known active earthquake faults. EF Zones vary in width but average one-quarter (1/4) mile in width with the "typical" zone boundaries set back approximately 660 feet on either side of the fault trace. The potential for "fault rupture" damage (ground cracking along the fault trace) is relatively high only if a structure is located directly on a fault trace. If a structure is not on a fault trace, shaking will be the primary effect of an earthquake. During a major earthquake, shaking will be strong in the vicinity of the fault and may be strong at some distance from the fault depending on soil and bedrock conditions. It is generally accepted that properly constructed wood-frame houses are resistant to shaking damage.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Official earthquake fault zone or special study zone maps approved by the State Geologist and issued by the California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey pursuant to California Public Resources Code §2622.

## SEISMIC HAZARD MAPPING ACT ZONE

**DISCUSSION:** Official Seismic Hazard Zone ("SH Zone") maps delineate Areas of Potential Liquefaction and Areas of Earthquake-Induced Landsliding. A property that lies partially or entirely within a designated SH Zone may be subject to requirements for site-specific geologic studies and mitigation before any new or additional construction may take place.

**Earthquake-Induced Landslide Hazard Zones** are areas where the potential for earthquake-induced landslides is relatively high. Areas most susceptible to these landslides are steep slopes in poorly cemented or highly fractured rocks, areas underlain by loose, weak soils, and areas on or adjacent to existing landslide deposits. The CGS cautions these maps do not capture all potential earthquake-induced landslide hazards and that earthquake-induced ground failures are not addressed by these maps. Furthermore, no effort has been made to map potential run-out areas of triggered landslides. It is possible that such run-out areas may extend beyond the zone boundaries. An earthquake capable of causing liquefaction or triggering a landslide may not uniformly affect all areas within a SH Zone.

**Liquefaction Hazard Zones** are areas where there is a potential for, or an historic occurrence of liquefaction. Liquefaction is a soil phenomenon that can occur when loose, water saturated granular sediment within 40 feet of the ground surface, are shaken in a significant earthquake. The soil temporarily becomes liquid-like and structures may settle unevenly. The Public Record is intended to identify areas with a relatively high potential for liquefaction but not to predict the amount or direction of liquefaction-related ground displacement, nor the amount of damage caused by liquefaction. The many factors that control ground failure resulting from liquefaction must be evaluated on a site specific basis.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Official seismic hazard maps or digital data thereof approved by the State Geologist and issued by the California Department of Conservation, California Geological Survey pursuant to California Public Resources Code §2696.

**STATUTORY NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE REPORTING STANDARD:** "IN" shall be reported if any portion of the Property is located within any of the above zones as delineated in the Public Record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is located within any of the above zones as delineated in the Public Record. Map Not Available shall be reported in areas not yet evaluated by the governing agency according to the Public Record. Please note that "MAP NOT AVAILABLE" will be applicable to most portions of the state. Official Seismic Hazard Zone ("SH Zone") maps delineate Areas of Potential Liquefaction and Areas of Earthquake-Induced Landsliding.

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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## Part 2. County and City Defined Natural Hazard Zones

### HAZARD MAPS IN THE LOCAL GENERAL PLAN

**General Plan regulates property development.** There are currently over 530 incorporated cities and counties in California. The state Government Code (Sections 65000 et seq.) requires each of those jurisdictions to adopt a comprehensive, long-term "General Plan" for its physical development. That General Plan regulates land uses within the local jurisdiction in order to protect the public from hazards in the environment and conserve local natural resources. The General Plan is the official city or county policy regarding the location of housing, business, industry, roads, parks, and other land uses.

**Municipal hazard zones can affect the cost of ownership.** Each county and city adopts its own distinct General Plan according to that jurisdiction's unique vegetation, landscape, terrain, and other geographic and geologic conditions. The "Safety Element" (or Seismic Safety Element) of that General Plan identifies the constraints of earthquake fault, landslide, flood, fire and other natural hazards on local land use, and it delineates hazard zones within which private property improvements may be regulated through the building-permit approval process, which can affect the future cost of ownership. Those locally regulated hazard zones are in addition to the federal and state defined hazard zones associated with statutory disclosures in the preceding section.

**City and/or County natural hazard zones explained below.** Unless otherwise specified, only those officially adopted Safety Element or Seismic Safety Element maps (or digital data thereof) which are publicly available, are of a scale, resolution, and quality that readily enable parcel-specific hazard determinations, and are consistent in character with those statutory federal or state disclosures will be considered for eligible for use as the basis for county- or city-level disclosures set forth in this Report. Please also note:

- If an officially adopted Safety Element or Seismic Safety Element map relies on data which is redundant of that used for state-level disclosures, this Report will indicate so and advise Report recipients to refer to the state-level hazard discussion section for more information.
- If an officially adopted Safety Element or Seismic Safety Element cites underlying maps created by another agency, those maps may be regarded as incorporated by reference and may be used as the basis for parcel-specific determinations if those maps meet the criteria set forth in this section.
- Because county- and city-level maps are developed independently and do not necessarily define or delineate a given hazard the same way, the boundaries for the "same" hazard may be different.

If one or more maps contained in the Safety Element and/or Seismic Safety Element of an officially adopted General Plan are used as the basis for local disclosure, those maps will appear under the "Public Record(s) Searched" for that county or city.

#### REPORTING STANDARDS

A good faith effort has been made to disclose all hazard features on pertinent Safety Element and Seismic Safety Element maps with well-defined boundaries; however, those hazards with boundaries that are not delineated will be deemed not suitable for parcel-specific hazard determinations. Some map features, such as lines drawn to represent the location of a fault trace, may be buffered to create a zone to facilitate disclosure. Those map features which can not be readily distinguished from those representing hazards may be included to prevent an omission of a hazard feature. If the width of a hazard zone boundary is in question, "IN" will be reported if that boundary impacts any portion of a property. Further explanations concerning specific map features peculiar to a given county or city will appear under the "Reporting Standards" for that jurisdiction.

#### PUBLIC RECORDS VS. ON-SITE EVALUATIONS

Mapped hazard zones represent evaluations of generalized hazard information. Any specific site within a mapped zone could be at less or more relative risk than is indicated by the zone designation. A site-specific evaluation conducted by a geotechnical consultant or other qualified professional may provide more detailed and definitive information about the Property and any conditions which may or do affect it.

#### PROPERTY USE AND PERMITTING

No maps beyond those identified as "Public Record(s)" have been consulted for the purpose of these local disclosures. These disclosures are intended solely to make Report recipient(s) aware of the presence of mapped hazards. For this reason -- and because local authorities may use on these or additional maps or data differently to determine property-specific land use and permitting approvals -- Report recipients are advised to contact the appropriate local agency, usually Community Development, Planning, and/or Building, prior to the transaction to ascertain if these or any other conditions or related regulations may impact the Property use or improvement.



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## VENTURA COUNTY GEOLOGIC ZONES DISCUSSION

**PUBLIC RECORD(S) SEARCHED:** Digital data of the following Public Records, contained in the Hazards Appendix of the General Plan as adopted by the County Board of Supervisors in 2004, are utilized for those county-level disclosures below: "Earthquake Faults," "Liquefaction Areas," "Tsunami Inundation Hazard Areas," "Mapped Landslides," and "Probable Subsidence Zone."

### **FAULT**

According to the Hazards Appendix the term "fault hazard zones" is used to define a boundary where active or potentially active faults are believed to be located. Whereas those designated "active" by the State of California are those Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zones, other faults and extensions of the active faults are shown in the Public Record. In many places these zones have been tentatively extended beyond the mapped limits of faults, such as occurs westerly of Camarillo and westerly of Saticoy. These zone extensions are considered necessary because, even though faults have not been mapped in these areas, it is considered likely that extensions of known faults or branches of faults do extend into these areas. Future investigation or studies would be required for confirmation of any fault extensions. The earthquake fault hazard zone designates areas that are believed to contain active faults. The potentially active fault hazard zones include those faults for which less evidence is available concerning their potential for activity, however, their approximate surface trace has been mapped. No degree of relative potential for future surface displacement or degree of hazard is implied for the faults shown.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within one-eighth of one mile (660 feet) of a fault trace as delineated in the Public Record, "WITHIN" shall be reported.

### **LANDSLIDE**

Landslide is a general term for the dislodging and fall of a mass of soil or rocks along a sloped surface, or the dislodged mass itself. A mudslide is a flow of very wet rock and soil. Landsliding can be considered a major hazard in any hillside area, although under certain soil and ground moisture conditions landsliding can occur in areas of nearly level ground. The known or mapped landslide areas within the County were detected mainly by aerial photographic interpretation. The information is considered to be fairly accurate for planning purposes to require additional detailed studies.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within a "Mapped Landslide" as designated in the Public Record, "IN" shall be reported.

### **LIQUEFACTION**

Liquefaction is a liquid-like condition of soil which sometimes occurs during strong earthquake shaking where the groundwater is shallow and soils are loose and granular (sands for example). The hazard exists wherever there are certain soils, particularly loose sands that are constantly or seasonally saturated with water, this might include river valleys and the low-lying plains areas that have poor drainage. Since subsurface soil properties are not precisely known, it is necessary to assume that all alluvial areas having high groundwater may be subject to liquefaction during strong ground shaking. If general surface liquefaction were to occur, most structures in the hazard zone could be affected to a greater or lesser degree.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within a "Liquefaction Area" as delineated in the Public Record, "IN" shall be reported.

### **TSUNAMI**

A tsunami is a series of waves generated by an undersea disturbance such as an earthquake. From the area of disturbance, the waves will travel outward in all directions, much like the ripples caused by throwing a rock in a pond. The time between wave crests may be from 5 to 90 minutes, and the wave speed in the open ocean will average 450 miles per hour. The historic record indicates that there is a small probability of occurrence of a major tsunami in Ventura County. Statistically it has been over 170 years since the last major tsunami, but many smaller, unrecorded tsunamis have occurred.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within a "Tsunami Inundation Hazard Area" as delineated in the Public Record, "IN" shall be reported.

### **DAM INUNDATION**

The Ventura County Office of Emergency Services has identified 20 dams with inundation potential affecting the county. Of those, 7 have been exempted by the California Office of Emergency Service ("OES") from preparation of dam inundation plans or inundation maps. Although the County notes that the "Areas Subject to Potential Inundation" depicted are generalized, there is a high degree of correspondence between these inundation areas and those identified on OES dam inundation maps. One of the more notable areas of variance is in the Santa Paula area.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within an "Area Subject to Potential Inundation" as designated in the Public Record, "IN" shall be reported.

### **PROBABLE SUBSIDENCE**

Subsidence is any settling or sinking of the ground surface over a regional area arising from surface or subsurface causes, such as earthquakes or groundwater and/or oil extraction.

**Reporting Standards:** If any portion of the Property is located within the "Estimated Subsidence Boundary" as delineated in the Public Record, "IN" shall be reported.



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## CITY OF THOUSAND OAKS GEOLOGIC DISCUSSION

**PUBLIC RECORD(S) SEARCHED:** The following Public Record(s), contained the Safety Element of the City of Thousand Oaks General Plan as officially adopted by the City Council in 2014, are used for the city-level disclosure(s) below: "Figure 3: Ground Shaking Potential"; "Figure 6: Expansive Soils"; "Figure 7: Groundwater Seepage Areas"; "Figure 9: Dam Inundation Areas"; and "Figure 10: Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone".

### **GROUND SHAKING**

Earthquake-generated ground shaking is the greatest cause of widespread damage in an earthquake. The California Seismic Safety Commission (1993, 1994) estimates that ground shaking causes 99% of the earthquake damage to residences and other structures in California. Local conditions can greatly influence the intensity of ground shaking. Types of soil, depth to bedrock, depth to groundwater, and orientation of the fault movement all influence the intensity of ground shaking. Ground shaking is the shock wave produced when there is a sudden movement created by an earthquake rupture. Seismic energy is lost and the intensity of the wave diminishes as the shock wave travels away from the point of rupture (epicenter). In general, ground shaking diminishes as the distance from the earthquake epicenter increases. This attenuation relationship has been studied by numerous scientists, resulting in several attenuation models. Distance from the epicenter also affects the form of the ground shaking. Near (within about 10 miles) the epicenter, one may feel a sharp, high frequency shock wave. This type of shock wave tends to affect short (one to two story) structures. At greater distances, the high frequency shock wave is attenuated and one feels a rolling motion. This rolling motion tends to affect higher structures (multi-story structures, towers, large tanks). In 2003, California Geological Survey developed an updated map of earthquake shaking potential for California. The Public Record indicates the level of earthquake hazard based on the 2003 California Geological Survey data (Source: City of Thousand Oaks, Local Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2004). Regions near major, active faults experience stronger and more frequent shaking. Regions that are far from active faults experience weaker and less frequent shaking.

**Reporting Standards:** The Public Record expresses Ground Shaking potential in terms of "Peak Acceleration for Soft Rock Conditions, 10% Probability of Exceedance within 50 Years." Measured as a "Proportion of Gravity", the four mapped levels of potential groundshaking within the City Planning Area, from highest to least high, are 0.75, 0.65, 0.55, and 0.45. For reporting purposes, "IN" shall be reported as will the highest of these levels affecting any portion of the Property.

### **EXPANSIVE SOILS**

Expansive soils are characterized as having a high shrink-swell potential (U.S. Soil Conservation Service, 1970). The shrink-swell potential of a soil refers to the change in volume resulting from a change in moisture content. Soils with high shrink-swell potential generally have a high clay content and shrink when dry and swell when wet. Shrink-swell properties also vary with the type of clay in the soil. Expansive soils can cause considerable damage to building foundations, roads, and other structures. In the early 1960's, many homes in Thousand Oaks were damaged due to soil expansion and other factors. Soil expansion cracked concrete slabs in the area west of Route 23 in the vicinity of Avenida de las Flores and Avenida de los Arboles. By 1965, State law (Health and Safety Code 17953-18955) was amended to require soil reports and construction techniques to prevent damage due to expansive soils for every subdivision where a tentative and final map is required. In addition, the Thousand Oaks Municipal Code (Sec. 801.16) requires all building foundations to be designed to account for the soil expansion. Detailed studies of soil properties, including shrink-swell potential, were conducted in the soil survey of Ventura County (U.S. Soil Conservation Service, 1970). The Public Record depicts areas with potentially highly expansive soils as described in the Soil Survey of Ventura County (U.S. Soil Conservation Service, 1970). However, due to the variability within each soil type, the map should be used for planning purposes only. Detailed site specific investigations are required to fully evaluate the shrink-swell characteristics of the soils at a given site.

**Reporting Standards:** "IN" shall be reported as will the highest severity rating ("High", "Moderate", or "Low") for Expansive Soils affecting any portion of the Property as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record.

### **DAM INUNDATION**

Five dams in the Thousand Oaks Area have the potential to result in inundation (in the event of a dam failure) to the City or in a serious disruption of water supply. These include dams at Lake Sherwood and Lake Eleanor. Failure of any of these dams during a catastrophic event such as an earthquake is considered possible, though unlikely. Failure of Lake Sherwood Dam would cause significant flooding between Lake Sherwood and Westlake Lake, and would cause the level of Westlake Lake to rise several feet. Failure of Lake Eleanor Dam would impact the Westlake Boulevard area to Westlake Lake. Even so, according to the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), Division of Safety of Dams (letter dated September 28, 1995), Lake Sherwood Dam and Westlake Reservoir Dam are believed to be stable under seismic loading from a maximum credible earthquake of Magnitude 7.0 occurring on the Malibu Coast Fault, located about seven miles from these structures. According to the DWR, Wood Ranch Dam is believed to be stable under seismic loading from a maximum credible earthquake of Magnitude 7.0 occurring on the Santa Rosa-Simi Fault located two miles from the dam.

**Reporting Standards:** "IN" shall be reported if any portion of the Property is located within a mapped "Dam Inundation Area" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is located within a mapped "Dam Inundation Area" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record.

### **FIRE**



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According to the Public Record, brush fire problems can be traced to three factors: vegetation, climate, and people (Leighton and Associates, 1974). The major types of vegetation found in the Thousand Oaks area (coastal sage scrub and chaparral, etc.) provide a natural source of fire fuel. These vegetative associations contain many species of plants considered pyrophytic, plants which need the heat of the fire to germinate their seeds for reproduction. When these vegetation systems are burned over by a brush fire, the existing ground cover is destroyed, but in many cases the plant association survives and is regenerated by this means of natural selection. The climate of the region is one of the critical factors influencing the occurrence and severity of our brush fires. The hot dry summers leave the area hillsides susceptible to a major fire. During the early fall, periods of "Santa Ana" winds occur, caused by a local weather phenomenon of a low pressure system developing off the coast while a high pressure system settles over the inland desert areas. The result is the hot dry winds which pour over the mountain areas into the Conejo Valley and other southern California subregions, aggravating the potential fire threat in the high brush areas, already dried out by the summer heat. Nearly 90 percent of the large southern California fires documented over the years have occurred between September and December - during the Santa Ana season (Crosby, 1992). Wildland fires generate burning embers that are blown ahead of the main fire. These embers can spread a fire and catch buildings on fire when they encounter combustible materials. Most wildland fires are ignited by man, through arson or careless action, or through accidents such as sparks from engine exhaust and falling power lines. Natural causes are now relatively minor causes of brush fires. The principal effects of brush fires include loss of vegetative ground cover, increased erosion, loss of man-made improvements, and loss of life (Leighton and Associates, 1974). Loss of the vegetative ground cover results in damage to valuable recreational and open space areas. Many of the plant and animal associations in the natural communities have adapted themselves to a fire-climax cycle, and will naturally generate themselves through fire. Hence, they themselves may not be permanently impacted. Loss of vegetative cover results in secondary erosional impacts, especially in areas that are sloped. When a slope is burned over by a fire of intense heat, a chemical reaction in the soil takes place which makes it less porous. As the rains of winter come, rain water runs off and causes mudslides and mudflows. Properties not affected directly by the fire may be damaged or destroyed by the effects of increased runoff due to brush fire. It is up to the homeowners living on the urban/wildland interface to establish defensible space. Defensible space describes a band of managed vegetation around a home which stops the movement of fire by denying fuel. The Fire Department does not recommend indiscriminate clearing of native chaparral and other vegetation. Natural vegetation plays an important role in erosion control. The goal is to obtain a balance between fire hazard reduction and erosion control. Defensible space also provides a place where fire fighters can do their jobs without unnecessary risk to themselves. According to Cal Fire, as many as 80 percent of the homes lost to wildfires in the past could have been saved if the owners had followed a few simple fire safe practices including the use of fire resistant landscaping, landscape irrigation and maintenance, and installation of a Class A or another fire-retardant roof. The Public Record depicts Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones ("VHFHSZ") for the Thousand Oaks Planning Area based on computer modeling by CalFire (Sources: Ventura County Fire Hazard Severity Zones in SRA, adopted November 7, 2007; and Thousand Oaks Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones in LRA, as recommended by CalFire, dated October 6, 2010). Buildings within VHFHSZs are required to maintain defensible space (vegetation clearance and management) around the perimeter of the buildings. The California Building Code, Chapter 7A requires special fire-resistive construction in these areas. It requires building products and construction methods for ignition-resistant roofing, attic vents, eaves, decks and exterior siding, doors and windows. All of these measures reduce the chance that a wildland fire will ignite buildings directly or through intrusion by burning embers.

**Reporting Standards:** "IN" shall be reported if any portion of the Property is located within any of the mapped "Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is located within any of the mapped "Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zones" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record.

#### **GROUNDWATER SEEPAGE**

The ground water basin beneath the City of Thousand Oaks closely corresponds with the surface watershed basin of the Arroyo Conejo (French, 1980; Kennedy/Jenks, 1992). The ground water is unconfined and flows northward from the Santa Monica Mountains, westward from the Simi Hills, and eastward from the western ridges of the basin. Ground water exits the basin through base flow of the Arroyo Conejo. No problems have been reported due to groundwater seepage from the main aquifers in the floor of the Conejo Valley. The 1996 Safety Element identified surfacing ground water problems in two locations (Leighton and Associates, 1974). One location was at the intersection of Lynn Road and Avenida De Las Flores. A second location was identified at the intersection of Gainsborough Road and Shadow Lake Drive (east of Lynn Road). These are no longer problem areas. Groundwater seepage in these areas affects building foundations, landscaping and sidewalks. Surfacing groundwater in these areas creates wet soil and nuisance water that adversely affects building foundations, landscaping, streets and sidewalks. Residents have installed drains around their homes and the City has installed sidewalk interceptor drains to alleviate problems in selected areas. The potential for seepage problems should be addressed during geotechnical studies and appropriately minimized or corrected, as necessary, during construction. The groundwater seepage areas shown in the Public Record are based on the February 10, 2005, report "Geotechnical Evaluation of Shallow Groundwater, Kevin Street and Surrounding Area, Thousand Oaks, California" (Prentice. L.E., 2005). Subsurface tests were not performed to confirm that every property within the mapped areas is subject to groundwater seepage or that properties outside of the mapped areas are not affected. Therefore, the Public Record does not meet disclosure requirements for real estate transactions or for regulatory purposes.



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

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**Reporting Standards:** "IN" shall be reported if any portion of the Property is located within a mapped "Groundwater Seepage Area" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is located within a mapped "Groundwater Seepage Area" as delineated within the City Planning Area as depicted in the Public Record.

#### **OTHER HAZARDS**

The "Faults" identified in "Figure 1: Local Faults" are among those identified by Ventura County and subject to County-Level Disclosure. For more information on the potential impact of these particular faults in the City of Thousand Oaks as well as faults in the region depicted in "Figure 2: Regional Faults", please refer to the Fault discussion below. The "Liquifaction Area" depicted in "Figure 4: Liquifaction Areas" and "Landslide Hazard Areas" depicted in "Figure 5: Landslide Hazard Areas" are redundant of, respectively, those "Areas of Potential Liquefaction" and "Earthquake-Induced Landsliding", that are already subject to statutory disclosure. For more information on these hazards, please refer to the state-level Seismic Hazard discussion in the preceding section of this Report. The "100-Year Flood Zone" depicted in "Figure 8: Flood Zones" relies on outdated FEMA data which was effective prior to January 2010. For the most current FEMA Flood Zone information subject to statutory disclosure please refer to the state-level Special Flood Hazard Areas discussion in the preceding section of this Report.

**The following natural hazards are discussed at length but not mapped in the Safety Element of the City General Plan:**

#### **FAULT**

Although no active faults have been mapped within the city limits, two potentially active faults (Boney Mountain and Sycamore Canyon faults) do traverse parts of the City. These two faults are also recognized by Ventura County. According to the General Plan Safety Element a setback from the mapped potentially active faults should be considered for all development, and especially for critical facilities. Setback distances should be determined through engineering geologic investigation. Beyond the Thousand Oaks City Limits the closest and most significant regional faults, from nearest to most distant, include: The Simi-Santa Rosa Fault, the Chatsworth Fault, the Malibu Coast Fault, the Oak Ridge Fault, the Santa Monica Mountains Thrust, the Santa Susana Fault, the Northridge Hills Fault, the San Fernando Fault, the San Gabriel Fault, and the San Andreas Fault. Of these, those with the shortest recurrence interval (approximately 300 years) are the Oak Ridge Fault and the San Andreas Fault. The most recent modeling efforts of seismic experts (probabilistic modeling) have attempted to evaluate earthquake potential for a given area by factoring all available potential fault sources. Jackson et al (1995) have estimated that by 2025, there is about a 40% chance of peak ground accelerations exceeding 0.2 g for the Thousand Oaks area. This corresponds to a measurement of VIII or greater on the Modified Mercalli Intensity ("MMI") Scale. VIII on the MMI Scale is described as follows in the Public Record: Steering of motor cars affected. Damage to masonry C; partial collapse. Some damage to masonry B; none to masonry A. Fall of stucco and some masonry walls. Twisting, fall of chimneys, factory stacks, monuments, towers, elevated tanks. Frame houses moved on foundations if not bolted down; loose panel walls thrown out. Decayed piling broken off. Branches broken from trees. Changes in flow or temperature of springs and wells. Cracks in wet ground and on steep slopes.

**Reporting Standards:** For more information on the location of mapped faults in Thousand Oaks and the region, please refer to "Figure 1: Local Faults" and "Figure 2: Regional Faults" contained in the Safety Element of the City General Plan.

#### **SLOPE STABILITY, DEBRIS-MUD FLOW, AND ROCKFALL**

Much of the City of Thousand Oaks is comprised of topographically pronounced areas. These hill slopes and mountains consist of sedimentary and volcanic rock outcrops that are locally covered with soil. Slope instability is of greatest concern in these topographically pronounced areas. The majority of landslide and slope wash problems in the Thousand Oaks area occur in geologic terrains involving folded sequences of clay shale, siltstone, and very fine-grained sandstone of the Monterey (Modelo) and Topanga Formations - especially in north facing slopes. These fine-grained units are easily eroded, resulting in the undermining of slopes which then tend to fail. If the slopes are unstabilized, seismically induced ground shaking can trigger the landslide movement. Several landslides are depicted on geologic maps of the Thousand Oaks area (Weber, 1984; Diblee, 1990 and 1993; Yerkes, 1991). The largest ancient landslide mapped in the planning area is in the vicinity of Lang Ranch and is commonly referred to as the Erbes Road landslide. This bedrock landslide encompasses about 230 acres and involves slightly folded and contorted but mostly gently dipping shale bedrock of the Monterey (Modelo) Formation (Weber, 1984). Debris and mud flows often occur after periods of precipitation. Water soaked soil and rock are destabilized by the weight of the water. Often compounding the added weight is erosion of the base of a hill slope. Once this slope becomes destabilized, the water, soil, and mud mass is driven downhill by gravity. Numerous mud and debris flows occurred during the very heavy rains of January 1969. One death was attributed to these incidents. Rockfalls occur in virtually all types of rocks and especially on slopes steeper than 40 degrees. Areas of primary risk from rockfalls are those located at the base of steep, high slopes where rock outcroppings (usually Conejo Volcanics) are susceptible to dislodgment of large boulders. These conditions are locally present along the northwest, west and south margins of the planning area. Rockfalls are usually triggered by seismically induced ground shaking or by erosional destabilization of a hill slope.

**Reporting Standards:** No determination is reported because the Public Record does not include a map which delineates the boundaries for this hazard within the City of Thousand Oaks Planning Area.



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#### **SETTLEMENT**

Settlement is the downward movement of a soil or of the structure which it supports, resulting from a reduction in the voids in the underlying strata. Inadequately emplaced fill material, if not compacted properly, can subside when a structure is built on the fill. It is important that fills be engineered so that the density of the material can be controlled. This will result in a lesser chance that the material will compact following development on the fill. Natural soils that are potentially susceptible to settlement can be found in the alluvial valley areas and where old pits or gullies have been filled in with trash and loose soil (Leighton and Associates, 1974). Settlement hazards can occur in areas with alluvial deposits. Large-scale settlement problems have generally not been an issue in the study area provided that adequate soils and foundation studies are performed prior to construction and that CBC guidelines are followed. Areas of poorly consolidated sediments should be engineered to support the weight of a structure that is to be built on the site. In areas of fill, the fill should be compacted to adequately support the proposed development.

**Reporting Standards:** No determination is reported because the Public Record does not include a map which delineates the boundaries for this hazard within the City of Thousand Oaks Planning Area.

#### **SUBSIDENCE**

Subsidence is the decrease in volume of a material as the result of an increase in the density of a material. It is generally related to the withdrawal of fluids such as water, oil, and gas from the subsurface. When fluids are removed from the subsurface, the overburden weight, which the water had previously help support through buoyant forces, is transferred to the soil structure. Subsidence typically occurs over a long period of time and results in a number of structural impacts. Facilities most impacted by subsidence are long, surface infrastructure facilities - such canals, sewers and pipelines. No recognized subsidence has occurred within the study area even during periods of heavy ground water pumping (see ground water conditions section) in the 1950s and 1960s. Accordingly, the potential for subsidence in the study area is considered to be minimal. If present, these hazards would be manifested in areas of unconsolidated alluvium.

**Reporting Standards:** No determination is reported because the Public Record does not include a map which delineates the boundaries for this hazard within the City of Thousand Oaks Planning Area.

#### **HYDROCOMPACTION**

Hydrocompaction occurs in relatively loose, open textured soils above the groundwater table. Once water is introduced, whether by heavy irrigation or a rise in the water table, the soil loses strength and consolidates under its own weight. Hydroconsolidation typically occurs in desert environments and has been noted in some semi-arid regions of southern California. Areas of hydrocompaction have not been identified within the City of Thousand Oaks. If, during the preparation of a foundation study, soils susceptible to hydrocompaction are encountered, the condition should be mitigated prior to development. Mitigation measures should be designed by a civil or geotechnical engineer. Hydrocompaction could potentially occur in areas of unconsolidated soils.

**Reporting Standards:** No determination is reported because the Public Record does not include a map which delineates the boundaries for this hazard within the City of Thousand Oaks Planning Area.

### **END OF LOCAL AREA DISCLOSURES AND DISCUSSIONS SECTION**



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## Part 3. Additional Property Specific Disclosures

### FORMER MILITARY ORDNANCE SITE DISCLOSURE

**DISCUSSION:** Former Military Ordnance (FUD) sites can include sites with common industrial waste (such as fuels), ordnance or other warfare materiel, unsafe structures to be demolished, or debris for removal. California Civil Code Section 1102 requires disclosure of those sites containing unexploded ordnance. "Military ordnance" is any kind of munitions, explosive device/material or chemical agent used in military weapons. Unexploded ordnance are munitions that did not detonate. NOTE: **MOST** FUD sites do not contain unexploded ordnance. Only those FUD sites that the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) has identified to contain Military Ordnance or have mitigation projects planned for them are disclosed in this Report. Additional sites may be added as military installations are released under the Federal Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Act. Active military sites are NOT included on the FUD site list.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Data contained in Inventory Project Reports, Archives Search Reports, and related materials produced for, and made publicly available in conjunction with, the Defense Environmental Restoration Program for Formerly Used Defense Sites by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Sites for which no map has been made publicly available shall not be disclosed.

**REPORTING STANDARD:** If one or more facility identified in the Public Record is situated within a one (1) mile radius of the Property, "**WITHIN**" shall be reported. The name of that facility or facilities shall also be reported.

### COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL ZONING DISCLOSURE

**DISCUSSION:** The seller of real property who has actual knowledge that the property is affected by or zoned to allow commercial or industrial use described in Section 731a of the Code of Civil Procedure shall give written notice of that knowledge to purchasers as soon as practicable before transfer of title (California Civil Code Section 1102.17). The Code of Civil Procedure Section 731a defines industrial use as areas in which a city and/or county has established zones or districts under authority of law wherein certain manufacturing or commercial or airport uses are expressly permitted. The "Zoning Disclosure" made in this Report DOES NOT purport to determine whether the subject property is or is not affected by a commercial or industrial zone. As stated above, that determination is based solely upon ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE of the seller of the subject property.

In an effort to help determine areas where this may be applicable, this disclosure identifies if a property exists within one mile of the seller's property that is zoned to allow for commercial or industrial use. Very commonly, a home will have in its vicinity one or more properties that are zoned for commercial or industrial use such as restaurants, gasoline stations, convenience stores, golf courses, country club etc.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Based on publicly-available hardcopy and/or digital zoning and land use records for California cities and counties.

**REPORTING STANDARD:** If one or more property identified in the Public Record as "commercial," "industrial," or "mixed use" is situated within a one (1) mile radius of the Property, "**WITHIN**" shall be reported. Please note that an airport facility that may be classified as public use facility in the Public Record will be reported as "commercial/industrial" in this disclosure.





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("Property")

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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## AIRPORT INFLUENCE AREA DISCLOSURE

### **DISCUSSION:**

**Certain airports are not disclosed in this Report.** FANHD has made a good faith effort to identify the airports covered under Section 1102.6a. Sources consulted include official land use maps and/or digital data made available by a governing Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) or other designated government body. Most facilities for which an Airport Influence Area has been designated are included on the "California Airports List" maintained by the California Department of Transportation's Division of Aeronautics. Not disclosed in this Report are public use airports that are not in the "California Airports List", airports that are physically located outside California, heliports and seaplane bases that do not have regularly scheduled commercial service, and private airports or military air facilities unless specifically identified in the "California Airports List". **If the seller has actual knowledge of an airport in the vicinity of the subject property that is not disclosed in this Report, and that is material to the transaction, the seller should disclose this actual knowledge in writing to the buyer.**

Most facilities for which an Airport Influence Area has been designated are included on the "California Airports List" maintained by the California Department of Transportation's Division of Aeronautics. The inclusion of military and private airports varies by County, and heliports and seaplane bases are not included, therefore, airports in these categories may or may not be included in this disclosure.

**NOTE:** Proximity to an airport does not necessarily mean that the property is exposed to significant aviation noise levels. Alternatively, there may be properties exposed to aviation noise that are greater than two miles from an airport. Factors that affect the level of aviation noise include weather, aircraft type and size, frequency of aircraft operations, airport layout, flight patterns or nighttime operations. Buyer should be aware that aviation noise levels can vary seasonally or change if airport usage changes.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Based on officially adopted land use maps and/or digital data made publicly available by the governing ALUC or other designated government body. If the ALUC or other designated government body has not made publicly available a current officially adopted airport influence area map, then California law states that "a written disclosure of an airport within two (2) statute miles shall be deemed to satisfy any city or county requirements for the disclosure of airports in connection with transfers of real property."

**REPORTING STANDARD:** "IN" shall be reported along with the facility name(s) and the "Notice of Airport in Vicinity" if any portion of the Property is situated within either (a) an Airport Influence Area as designated on officially adopted maps or digital data or (b) a two (2) mile radius of a qualifying facility for which an official Airport Influence Area map or digital data has not been made publicly available by the ALUC or other designated governing body. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is within either area.



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**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## AIRPORT NOISE DISCLOSURE

**DISCUSSION:** California Civil Code §1102.17 requires the seller(s) of residential real property who has/have actual knowledge that the property in the transaction is affected by airport use must give written notice of that knowledge, as soon as practicable, before transfer of title.

Under the Federal Aviation Administration's *Airport Noise Compatibility Planning Program Part 150*, certain 65 decibel (dB) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) contour maps have been produced for some airports. Not all airports have produced noise exposure maps. A property may be near or at some distance from an airport and not be within a delineated noise exposure area, but still experience aviation noise. Unless 65dB CNEL contour maps are published, helipads and military sites are not included in this section of the Report.

The *Airport Noise Compatibility Planning Program* is voluntary and not all airports have elected to participate. Furthermore, not all property in the vicinity of an airport is exposed to 65dB CNEL or greater average aviation noise levels. Conversely a property may be at some distance from an airport and still experience aviation noise. Buyer should be aware that aviation noise levels can vary seasonally or change if airport usage changes after a map is published or after the Report Date. FANHD uses the most seasonally conservative noise exposures provided.

Federal funding may be available to help airports implement noise reduction programs. Such programs vary and may include purchasing properties, rezoning, and insulating homes for sound within 65dB areas delineated on CNEL maps. Airport owners have also cooperated by imposing airport use restrictions that include curfews, modifying flight paths, and aircraft limitations.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Certain 65 decibel (dB) Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) contour maps produced under the Federal Aviation Administration's *Airport Noise Compatibility Planning Program Part 150*.

**REPORTING STANDARD:** "IN" shall be reported if any portion of the Property is situated within a 65 decibel Community Noise Equivalent Level contour identified in the Public Record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is situated within a 65 decibel Community Noise Equivalent Level contour identified in the Public Record.



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report

### For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

### CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION DUCT SEALING & TESTING REQUIREMENT

**DISCUSSION:** According to the California Energy Commission ("CEC") most California homes have improperly sealed central air conditioning and heating system ducts such that approximately 30 percent of the conditioned air actually leaks outside the home.

Effective July 1, 2014, in order to combat this waste of energy and money, the CEC updated its residential duct sealing and testing requirements in the 2013 Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24). Previously, such duct sealing and testing was required only in certain CEC-designated climate zones when a central air conditioner or furnace is installed or replaced. **The revised standards now make duct sealing and testing mandatory in all California climate zones when such a system is installed or replaced.** Ducts found to leak more than 15 percent or more must be repaired. Once a contractor tests and fixes these ducts, you must have an approved third-party verifier determine that the ducts have been properly sealed. The CEC cautions homeowners that a contractor who fails to obtain a required building permit and fails to test and repair your ducts "is violating the law and exposing you to additional costs and liability." If you do not obtain a permit, you may be required to bring your home into compliance with code requirements for that work and may incur additional penalties and fines that have to be paid prior to selling your home. Remember that you have a duty to disclose whether you obtained required permits for work performed to prospective Buyers and appraisers. Local governments may mandate more stringent requirements.

Please note there are specific alternatives that allow high efficiency equipment and added duct insulation to be installed instead of fixing duct leaks. Please also be advised that there are separate regulations which govern duct insulation levels required by climate zone and HVAC system.

For more information please contact the California Energy Commission or visit the official CEC "2013 Building Energy Efficiency Standards" portal at: <http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2013standards/index.html>

**PUBLIC RECORD:** 2013 Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24).

**REPORTING STANDARD:** "WITHIN" shall be reported regardless of CEC-designated climate zone pursuant to the revised Title 24 Standards.

### COOLING AND HEATING ENERGY-EFFICIENCY ADVISORY

Effective January 1, 2015, new federal energy-efficiency standards apply to the repair and replacement of residential heating, ventilation and air conditioning ("HVAC") systems. The new standards raise the minimum efficiency requirements for air conditioning systems and certain types of heating systems. Energy efficiency is measured by the Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio ("SEER"), which compares the amount of cooling (or heating) output by an HVAC system to the amount of energy (electricity or gas) input over its operating season. The higher the system's SEER value, the more energy-efficient it is and the lower the unit cost of cooling (or heating) a home.

For the first time, federal minimum-efficiency standards will vary by region. Prior to 2015 one standard, called SEER 13, applied nationwide. Now, in California, Nevada, Arizona and New Mexico (the Southwestern Region), SEER 13 has been replaced by the more efficient SEER 14 standard. In the Southwestern Region the new rule allows repairs to existing SEER 13-compliant systems. However, in many cases a full system replacement (both the indoor and outdoor unit) will be necessary to make the system compatible, and replacement is allowed only with a SEER 14-compliant unit. The higher standard may increase the replacement cost to the property owner because the SEER 14 efficiency improvements require increased complexity of the new equipment, and the SEER 14 units may not fit in the existing space, requiring structural modifications at the owner's expense. In some cases the SEER 14 standard could double the cost of replacement over the earlier replacement cost. For applicable details and codes, see the California Energy Commission web page at: [http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2013standards/residential\\_manual.html](http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2013standards/residential_manual.html) (The new federal standards go into effect on January 1, 2015, which is six months after the July 1, 2014, effective date of the 2013 Standards.)



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## STATEWIDE RIGHT TO FARM DISCLOSURE

### **DISCUSSION:**

California has a "Right to Farm Act" (Civil Code Section 3482.5) to protect farming operations. When agricultural land within the State's agricultural areas is bought and sold, the purchasers are often not made aware of the fact that there are right-to-farm laws. This has led to confusion and a misunderstanding of the actual uses of the land or uses of the surrounding agricultural lands.

In 2008 the State of California enacted Assembly Bill 2881 to limit the exposure of farmers to nuisance lawsuits by homeowners in neighboring developments. The mechanism of this bill is a formal notification of the Buyer, through a "Notice of Right to Farm" in an expert disclosure report that advises the Buyer if the subject property is within one mile of farmland as defined in the bill.

**If the seller has actual knowledge of an agricultural operation in the vicinity of the subject property that is not disclosed in this Report, and that is material to the transaction, the seller should disclose this actual knowledge in writing to the Buyer.**

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Based on the most current available version of the "Important Farmland Map" issued by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection, utilizing solely the county-level GIS map data, if any, available on the Division's Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program website, pursuant to Section 11010 of the Business and Professions Code, and Section 1103.4 of the California Civil Code.

**REPORTING STANDARD:** "IN" shall be reported and the "Notice of Right to Farm" provided if any portion of the Property is situated within, or within one mile of, a parcel of real property designated as "Prime Farmland," "Farmland of Statewide Importance," "Unique Farmland," "Farmland of Local Importance," or "Grazing Land" in the public record. "NOT IN" shall be reported if no portion of the Property is within that area.

Some counties, or parts thereof, are not included in the Public Record because they have not been mapped for farmland parcels under this State program. Typically, this is because the county area is public land and not planned for incorporation, or, in the case of San Francisco, the county is entirely incorporated. In those instances, we report "Map Not Available" above, or "Map N/A" in the table of summary determinations at the beginning of this Report.



# FANHHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## NOTICE OF MINING OPERATIONS DISCLOSURE

If the Property has been determined to be located within one (1) mile of a reported mining operation(s), the following notice is provided as mandated by California law:

### NOTICE OF MINING OPERATIONS

**This property is located within one mile of a mine operation for which the mine owner or operator has reported mine location data to the Department of Conservation pursuant to Section 2207 of the Public Resources Code. Accordingly, the property may be subject to inconveniences resulting from mining operations. You may wish to consider the impacts of these practices before you complete your transaction.**

**DISCUSSION:** Historically mining operations have been located in remote areas. However, increasing urbanization has resulted in some residential projects being developed near existing mining operations.

California Public Resources Code §2207 requires owners and operators of mining operations to provide annually specific information to the California Department of Conservation ("DOC"), including but not limited to, (i) ownership and contact information, and (ii) the latitude, longitude, and approximate boundaries of the mining operation marked on a specific United States Geological Survey map. The Office of Mining Reclamation ("OMR") is a division of the DOC. Using the mandatory data specified above, OMR provides map coordinate data that can be used by GIS systems to create points representing mine locations ("OMR Maps"). For more information please visit OMR's Mines OnLine Map Viewer (<http://maps.conservation.ca.gov/mol/index.html>).

Effective January 1, 2012, California Civil Code §1103.4 requires the seller of residential property to disclose to a Buyer if the residential property is located with one (1) mile of mining operations as specified on OMR Maps.

#### **Special Notes:**

1. This statutory disclosure does not rely on the OMR's "AB 3098 List," a list of mines regulated under the Surface Mining and Reclamation Act of 1975 ("SMARA") that meet provisions set forth under California Public Resources Code §2717(b). The AB 3098 List does not include map coordinate data as required under California Public Resources Code §2207 and may not include all mining operations subject to the "Notice of Mining Operations" disclosure.

2. This "Notice of Mining Operations" disclosure is not satisfied by disclosing abandoned mines. An abandoned mine is NOT an operating mine. California Civil Code §1103.4 is satisfied only by disclosing based on OMR Maps.

**PUBLIC RECORD:** Mining operations as provided on OMR Maps made publicly available by DOC pursuant to California law.

**REPORTING STANDARD:** "IN" is reported if any portion of the Property is located within a one (1) mile radius of one or more mining operation(s) identified in the Public Record for which map coordinate data is provided. If "IN", the name of the mining operation(s) as it appears in the Public Record is also reported. "NOT IN" is reported if no portion of the Property is located within a one (1) mile radius of a mining operation specified on OMR Maps.



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## Part 4. General Advisories

### REGISTERED SEX OFFENDER DATABASE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT ("MEGAN'S LAW")

**Notice:** Pursuant to Section 290.46 of the Penal Code, information about specified registered sex offenders is made available to the public via an Internet Web site maintained by the Department of Justice at [www.meganslaw.ca.gov](http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov). Depending on an offender's criminal history, this information will include either the address at which the offender resides or the community of residence and ZIP Code in which he or she resides.

**DISCUSSION:** California law (AB 488), signed by the Governor on September 24, 2004, provides the public with Internet access to detailed information on registered sex offenders. The Sex Offender Tracking Program of the California Department of Justice (DOJ) maintains the database of the locations of persons required to register pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 290.46 of the Penal Code. The online database is updated with data provided by local sheriff and police agencies on an ongoing basis. It presents offender information in 13 languages; may be searched by a sex offender's specific name, zip code, or city/county; provides access to detailed personal profile information on each registrant; and includes a map of your neighborhood.

**California Department of Justice Information Sources:**

Megan's Law Sex Offender Locator Web Site: <http://www.meganslaw.ca.gov>

California Department of Justice Megan's Law Email Address: [meganslaw@doj.ca.gov](mailto:meganslaw@doj.ca.gov)

**Local Information Locations For The Property:**

All sheriffs departments and every police department in jurisdictions with a population of 200,000 or more are required to make a CD-ROM available free to the public for viewing. Although not required, many other law enforcement departments in smaller jurisdictions make the CD-ROM available as well. Please call the local law enforcement department to investigate availability.

**The following are the law enforcement departments in your county that are REQUIRED to make information available:**

**Ventura County Sheriff's Department**

(805) 654-2336

**Explanation and How to Obtain Information**

For over 50 years, California has required certain sex offenders to register with their local law enforcement agencies. However, information on the whereabouts of the sex offenders was not available to the public until implementation of the Child Molester Identification Line in July 1995. The available information was expanded by California's "Megan's Law" in 1996 (Chapter 908, Stats. of 1996). Megan's Law provides certain information on the whereabouts of "serious" and "high-risk" sex offenders. The law specifically prohibits using the information to harass or commit any crime against the offender. The information on a registered sex offender includes: name and known aliases; age and sex; physical description, including scars, marks and tattoos; photograph, if available; crimes resulting in registration; county of residence; and zip code (from last registration). Accessing the online database requires agreement to the DOJ's terms of use on the web page.



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**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
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## **GAS AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID TRANSMISSION PIPELINE DATABASE DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT**

**DISCUSSION:** Following a number of pipeline disasters in the U.S., such as the 2010 San Bruno explosion in Northern California, there is an increased awareness of the potential dangers associated with underground transmission pipelines. As a result, the California Legislature unanimously passed Assembly Bill 1511 (Bradford), signed by Governor Jerry Brown on July 13, 2012. This law, which becomes effective January 1, 2013, is chaptered as California Civil Code Section 2079.10.5 and mandates the disclosure of the following notice to Buyers:

### **NOTICE REGARDING GAS AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID TRANSMISSION PIPELINES**

This notice is being provided simply to inform you that information about the general location of gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines is available to the public via the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) Internet Web site maintained by the United States Department of Transportation at <http://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/>. To seek further information about possible transmission pipelines near the property, you may contact your local gas utility or other pipeline operators in the area. Contact information for pipeline operators is searchable by ZIP Code and county on the NPMS Internet Web site. (California Civil Code Section 2079.10.5(a))

*Civil Code Section 2079.10.5(c) adds, "Nothing in this section shall alter any existing duty under any other statute or decisional law imposed upon the seller or broker, including, but not limited to, the duties of a seller or broker under this article, or the duties of a seller or broker under Article 1.5 (commencing with Section 1102) of Chapter 2 of Title 4 of Part 4 of Division 2."*

Such "existing duties" include the disclosure of actual knowledge about a potential hazard, such as may be created by the delivery of a letter from the local utility company informing the seller that a gas transmission pipeline exists within 2,000 feet of the Property.

**Beginning on the law's January 1, 2013, effective date,** except where such "existing duties" apply, "Upon delivery of the notice to the transferee of the real property, the seller or broker is not required to provide information in addition to that contained in the notice regarding gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines in subdivision (a). The information in the notice shall be deemed to be adequate to inform the transferee about the existence of a statewide database of the locations of gas and hazardous liquid transmission pipelines and information from the database regarding those locations." (California Civil Code Section 2079.10.5(b))

The disclosure of underground transmission pipelines helps the parties in a real estate transaction make an informed decision and is in the best interest of the public. Buyer should be aware that, according to the NPMS Internet Web site, gas and/or hazardous liquid transmission pipelines are known to exist in 49 of California's 58 counties, the exceptions being in rural mountainous parts of the state. Every home that utilizes natural gas is connected to a gas "distribution" pipeline, which is generally of smaller size and lower pressure than a transmission pipeline.

#### **For More Information**

To investigate whether any pipeline easement (right-of-way) exists on the Property, Buyer should review the Preliminary Title Report. **Buyer should consult an attorney for interpretation of any law. This notice is for information purposes only and should not be construed as legal advice.**



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**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## **METHAMPHETAMINE CONTAMINATED PROPERTY DISCLOSURE ADVISORY**

**DISCUSSION:** According to the "Methamphetamine Contaminated Property Cleanup Act of 2005" a property owner must disclose in writing to a prospective buyer if local health officials have issued an order prohibiting the use or occupancy of a property contaminated by meth lab activity. The owner must also give a copy of the pending order to the buyer to acknowledge receipt in writing. Failure to comply with these requirements may subject an owner to, among other things, a civil penalty up to \$5,000. Aside from disclosure requirements, this new law also sets forth procedures for local authorities to deal with meth-contaminated properties, including the filing of a lien against a property until the owner cleans up the contamination or pays for the cleanup costs.





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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## MOLD ADVISORY

**DISCUSSION:** The Buyer is hereby advised that naturally occurring molds may exist both inside and outside of any home and may not be visible to casual inspection. Persons exposed to extensive mold levels can become sensitized and develop allergies to the mold or other health problems. Extensive mold growth can damage a structure and its contents. All prospective purchasers of residential and commercial property are advised to thoroughly inspect the Property for mold. Be sure to inspect the Property inside and out for sources of excess moisture, current water leaks and evidence of past water damage.

As part of a buyer's physical inspection of the condition of a property, the buyer should consider engaging an appropriate and qualified professional to inspect and test for the presence of harmful molds and to advise the buyer of any potential risk and options available. This advisory is not a disclosure of whether harmful mold conditions exist at a property or not. No testing or inspections of any kind have been performed by The Company. Any use of this form is acknowledgement and acceptance that The Company does not disclose, warrant or indemnify mold conditions at a property in any way and is not responsible in any way for mold conditions that may exist. Information is available from the California Department of Health Services Indoor Air Quality Section fact sheet entitled, "Mold in My Home: What Do I Do?" The fact sheet is available at [www.cal-iaq.org](http://www.cal-iaq.org) or by calling (510) 620-3620.

The Toxic Mold Protection Act of 2001 requires that information be developed regarding the potential issues surrounding naturally occurring molds within a home. Information was written by environmental authorities for inclusion in the *Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Buyers, Landlords and Tenants* booklet developed by the California Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Health Services. It is found in Chapter VII of that booklet, and includes references to sources for additional information.

**For local assistance, contact your county or city Department of Health, Housing, or Environmental Health.**



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report

### For VENTURA County

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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

### RADON ADVISORY

**DISCUSSION:** For its Radon Advisory, FANHD uses the updated assessment of radon exposure published in 1999 by the Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL) and Columbia University, under support from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the National Science Foundation, and the US Department of Energy (published online at <http://energy.lbl.gov/ie/high-radon/USgm.htm>). Based on this recent assessment, FANHD radon advisory is as follows:

**All of California's 58 counties have a predicted median annual-average living-area concentration of radon below 2.0 pCi/L (picocuries per liter of indoor air) -- which is well below the EPA's guideline level of 4 pCi/L and equivalent to the lowest hazard zone (Zone 3) on the 1993 EPA Map of Radon Zones.**

The "median concentration" means that half of the homes in a county are expected to be below this value and half to be above it. All houses contain some radon, and a few houses will contain much more than the median concentration. **The only way to accurately assess long-term exposure to radon in a specific house is through long-term testing (sampling the indoor air for a year or more). The EPA recommends that all homes be tested for radon.** Columbia University's "Radon Project" website offers help to homeowners in assessing the cost vs. benefit of testing a specific house for radon or modifying it for radon reduction (see <http://www.stat.columbia.edu/~radon/>).

**NOTE:** FANHD does not use the EPA's 1993 map for advisory purposes because that map shows "short-term" radon exposure averaged by county. It was based on "screening measurements" that were intentionally designed to sample the worst-case conditions for indoor air in US homes--using spot checks (sampling for just a few days), in the poorest air quality (with sealed doors and windows), at the worst time of the year (winter), in the worst part of the house (the basement, if one was available). These short-term, winter, basement measurements are both biased and variable compared to long-term radon concentrations (averaged over a year) in the living area of a house. Long-term concentrations are a more accurate way to judge the long-term health risk from radon. For the above reasons, the EPA expressly disclaims the use of its 1993 map for determining whether any house should be tested for radon, and authorizes no other use of its map for property-specific purposes. For additional information about EPA guidelines and radon testing, see "Chapter VII--Radon", in the California Department of Real Estate's *Residential Environmental Hazards: A Guide for Homeowners, Homebuyers, Landlords and Tenants*.

### ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT ADVISORY

**DISCUSSION:** The Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973 ("ESA"), as amended, requires that plant and animal species identified and classified ("listed") by the Federal government as "threatened" or "endangered" be protected under U.S. law. Areas of habitat considered essential to the conservation of a listed species may be designated as "critical habitat" and may require special management considerations or protection. All threatened and endangered species -- even if critical habitat is not designated for them -- are equally afforded the full range of protections available under the ESA.

In California alone, over 300 species of plants and animals have been designated under the ESA as threatened or endangered, and over 80 species have critical habitats designated for them. Most California counties are host to a dozen or more protected species and, in many cases, 10 or more species have designated critical habitats within a county.

**ADVISORY:** An awareness of threatened and endangered species and/or critical habitats is not reasonably expected to be within the actual knowledge of a seller.

No federal or state law or regulation requires a seller or seller's agent to disclose threatened or endangered species or critical habitats, or to otherwise investigate their possible existence on real property. Therefore, Buyer is advised that, prior to purchasing a vacant land parcel or other real property, Buyer should consider investigating the existence of threatened or endangered species, or designated critical habitats, on or in the vicinity of the Property which could affect the use of the Property or the success of any proposed (re)development.

**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Complete and current information about the threatened and endangered species in California that are Federally listed in each county -- including all critical habitats designated there -- is available on the website of the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service, the Federal authority which has enforcement responsibility for the ESA.

**U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Endangered Species Database (TESS)**  
[http://ecos.fws.gov/tess\\_public/](http://ecos.fws.gov/tess_public/)



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## ABANDONED MINES ADVISORY

**DISCUSSION:** According to the California Department of Conservation, Office of Mine Reclamation, since the Gold Rush of 1849, tens of thousands of mines have been dug in California. Many were abandoned when they became unproductive or unprofitable. The result is that California's landscape contains many thousands of abandoned mines, which can pose health, safety, or environmental hazards on and around the mine property. Mines can present serious physical safety hazards, such as open shafts or adits (mine tunnel), and they may create the potential to contaminate surface water, groundwater, or air quality. Some abandoned mines are such massive problems as to earn a spot on the Federal Superfund environmental hazard list.

No California law requires the disclosure of abandoned mines in a real estate transaction, unless the existence of an abandoned mine is within the actual knowledge of the Seller and is deemed to be a fact material to the transaction.

The Office of Mine Reclamation (OMR) and the U.S. Geological Survey maintain a database of abandoned mines -- however, it is known to be incomplete and based on maps that are often decades out of date. Many mines are not mapped because they are on private land. The OMR warns that, **"Many old and abandoned mines are not recorded in electronic databases, and when they are, the information may not be detailed enough to accurately define, differentiate or locate the mine feature, such as a potentially hazardous vertical shaft or horizontal adit or mine waste."** (See reference below.)

**Accordingly, this Report does not contain an abandoned mines disclosure from any government database or map or any other source, in order to protect the seller from liability for non-disclosure of unrecorded abandoned mines.**

Parties concerned about the possible existence or impact of abandoned mines in the vicinity of the Property are advised to retain a State-licensed geotechnical consultant to study the site and issue a report. Other sources of information include, but are not limited to, the State Office of Mine Reclamation at (916) 323-9198 (website: <http://www.conservation.ca.gov/OMR>), and the Engineering, Planning or Building Departments in the subject City and County.

**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** For more information visit the State Office of Mine Reclamation's website at: [http://www.conservation.ca.gov/omr/abandoned\\_mine\\_lands/Pages/index.aspx](http://www.conservation.ca.gov/omr/abandoned_mine_lands/Pages/index.aspx)

## OIL & GAS WELL ADVISORY

California is currently ranked fourth in the nation among oil producing states. Surface oil production is concentrated mainly in the Los Angeles Basin and Kern County, and in districts elsewhere in the state. In recent decades, real estate development has rapidly encroached into areas where oil production has occurred. Because the state's oil production has been in decline since the 1980's, thousands of oil and gas wells have been shut down or abandoned, and many of those wells are in areas where residential neighborhoods now exist.

According to the California Department of Conservation ("DOC"), to date, about 230,000 oil and gas wells have been drilled in California and around 105,000 are still in use. The majority of remaining wells have been sealed ("capped") under the supervision of the DOC's Division of Oil, Gas and Geothermal Resources. A smaller number have been abandoned and have no known responsible operator -- these are called "orphan" wells. The state has a special fund that pays the cost of safely capping orphan wells, however, that program is limited in its scope and progress.

**Buyer should be aware that, while the DOC database is the most comprehensive source available for California oil and gas well information, the DOC makes no warranties that the database is absolutely complete, or that reported well locations are known with absolute accuracy.**

### For More Information

For a search of the state's databases of oil and gas wells and sites of known environmental contamination on or near the Property, please obtain the FANHD Residential Environmental Report. For general information, visit the California Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources at <http://www.consrv.ca.gov/dog>.



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Natural Hazard Disclosure (NHD) Report For VENTURA County

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## TSUNAMI MAP ADVISORY

**DISCUSSION:** The California Emergency Management Agency (CalEMA), the University of Southern California Tsunami Research Center (USC), and the California Geological Survey (CGS) have prepared maps that depict areas of maximum tsunami inundation for all populated areas at risk to tsunamis in California (20 coastal counties). The maps were publicly released in December 2009 with the stated purpose that the maps are to assist cities and counties in identifying their tsunami hazard and developing their coastal evacuation routes and emergency response plans only.

These maps specifically contain the following disclaimer:

**Map Disclaimer:** This tsunami inundation map was prepared to assist cities and counties in identifying their tsunami hazard. It is intended for local jurisdictional, coastal evacuation planning uses only. This map, and the information presented herein, **is not a legal document and does not meet disclosure requirements for real estate transactions nor for any other regulatory purpose.** The California Emergency Management Agency (CalEMA), the University of Southern California (USC), and the California Geological Survey (CGS) make no representation or warranties regarding the accuracy of this inundation map nor the data from which the map was derived. Neither the State of California nor USC shall be liable under any circumstances for any direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages with respect to any claim by any user or any third party on account of or arising from the use of this map.

A tsunami is a series of ocean waves or surges most commonly caused by an earthquake beneath the sea floor. These maps show the maximum tsunami inundation line for each area expected from tsunamis generated by undersea earthquakes and landslides in the Pacific Ocean. Because tsunamis are rare events in the historical record, the maps provide no information about the probability of any tsunami affecting any area within a specific period of time.

Although these maps may not be used as a legal basis for real estate disclosure or any other regulatory purpose, the CGS has, however, provided diagrams of the maps online which the public can view. To see a maximum tsunami inundation map for a specific coastal community, or for additional information about the construction and/or intended use of the tsunami inundation maps, visit the websites below:

State of California Emergency Management Agency, Earthquake and Tsunami Program:  
<http://myhazards.calema.ca.gov/>

University of Southern California -- Tsunami Research Center:  
<http://www.usc.edu/dept/tsunamis/2005/index.php>

State of California Geological Survey Tsunami Information:  
[http://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/geologic\\_hazards/Tsunami/index.htm](http://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/geologic_hazards/Tsunami/index.htm)

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Agency Center for Tsunami Research (MOST model):  
<http://nctr.pmel.noaa.gov/time/background/models.html>

**END OF NATURAL HAZARD DISCLOSURE REPORT SECTION**  
**See Terms and Conditions at end of this Report.**



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Property Tax Disclosure Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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("Property")

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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## California Property Tax Disclosure Report

The parties for whom this Report was prepared are the owner ("Seller") of the Residential Property ("Property") on the Report Date, the buyer ("Buyer") of the Residential Property from Seller as of the Report Date, and their respective licensed real estate agents ("Agents"). Seller, Buyer and the Agents are sometimes referred to herein as "Party" or "Parties."

### Part 1. Introduction and Summary

This Tax Report section discusses the results of an electronic search of specified government lists ("Databases") containing real property tax information and geographic data concerning the Residential Property. To understand the information provided, please read this entire Report.

#### Summary of Property Tax Determinations

The Residential Property:	IS	IS NOT	
A.		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO a Mello-Roos Community Facilities District. <a href="#">30</a>
B.		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO a 1915 Bond Act District. <a href="#">30</a>
C.	<b>X</b>		SUBJECT TO one or more other direct assessments. <a href="#">31</a>
D.		<b>X</b>	NOT SUBJECT TO the State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fee (see State-level SRA Zone Disclosure). <a href="#">35</a>

Determined by First American Professional Real Estate Services, Inc.

**THIS IS A DATABASE REPORT ONLY:** The tax information in this Report only provides data derived from County Tax Assessor's Databases ("Databases") identified in this Report. While FANHD has made good faith efforts to report from the Databases as accurately as possible, the quality, accuracy, and currency ("Database Date") of the information contained in these Databases can vary greatly. For more information regarding a specific Database, please read Part 2 of this Report. By use of this Report, transferee agrees this is a Report product and not an insurance policy and is subject to the Terms and Conditions attached hereto and incorporated herein.

***This Report satisfies Seller's obligations to disclose (a) Mello-Roos and 1915 Act Bond Assessments applicable to the Residential Property as required by California Civil Code Section 1102.6b, and (b) Supplemental Taxes as required by California Civil Code Section 1102.6c.***



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Property Tax Disclosure Report

### For VENTURA County

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## Part 2. NOTICE OF SPECIAL TAX/ASSESSMENT

Special assessments, also referred to as direct or fixed assessments, are charges that are not based on the value of the property. These charges are levied to provide funding for services or improvements that directly benefit the property. Mello Roos Community Facility Districts and 1915 Bond Districts are also classified as special assessments. Certain special assessments may be subject to accelerated foreclosure if allowed to go delinquent.

**TO THE PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER OF THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY AT THE ADDRESS REFERENCED ABOVE: THIS IS A NOTIFICATION TO BUYER PRIOR TO PURCHASING THE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.**

### A. Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts

**This Residential Property is NOT SUBJECT to Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts.**

**Database Date:** 2016-2017

### B. 1915 Bond Act Assessment Districts

**This Residential Property is NOT SUBJECT to 1915 Bond Assessment Districts.**

**Database Date:** 2016-2017

### C. Accelerated Foreclosure Information

Certain assessment or bond issues may contain accelerated foreclosure liens which have priority over other real property taxes and are a legal right included as part of the security for the obligation. The issuers of such bonds are often contractually required to monitor and collect delinquent assessments quickly. Accordingly these assessments are not subject to the five (5) year waiting period applicable to ad valorem real property taxes. If the real property is subject to such an assessment and the taxes are not paid promptly, the real property may be foreclosed upon and sold at public auction on an expedited basis. **Therefore, it is extremely important that the real property tax bill be paid on time to prevent the accelerated foreclosure.**

### D. Notice of Property Assessed Clean Energy (PACE) Program

Property assessed clean energy (PACE) programs allow property owners to finance energy efficiency, water efficiency and renewable energy projects on residential and commercial structures through a voluntary special tax assessment on the property. PACE programs are offered by many city, county and regional planning agencies, and have repayment periods ranging from 5 to 20 years however some may be longer.

**WHAT THIS MEANS:** If a property owner voluntarily enters into a PACE program, a contractual assessment lien is placed on the property. The lien is repaid through installments collected on the property owner's secured county property tax bill. In certain situations the program administrator may bill the property owner directly. If the property is sold and the contractual assessment is not repaid in full, the new owner may be responsible for future assessments contributing towards repayment of the PACE contract.

**DISCLOSURES AT RESALE:** A PACE lien runs with the land. This means that the responsibility to repay the PACE lien may fall to the new owner upon transfer of the property unless the lien is paid off before closing. This fact may be material to a buyer's decision to purchase or price offered for the property. In addition, the buyer's lender may require the lien to be paid in full before closing (for certain federally backed mortgages, for example). Therefore, the property seller and his or her real estate agent may have a duty to disclose the existence of a PACE lien on the sale property.

**DISCLAIMER:** This Property Tax Report only discloses PACE special taxes documented in the county's 2016-2017 property tax roll. The Report does not include PACE special taxes first assessed or recorded after FANHD obtained this tax roll information. To discover a PACE lien on the Property executed more recently, the buyer should read the preliminary title report and obtain and read all exceptions listed therein. Note that, in the title report, lien exceptions are named as recorded with the county; therefore, a PACE lien may be listed under a name that is not obvious.

### E. Approved Assessment Districts Which Have Been Formed and Authorized But Are Not Yet Funded

Certain assessment districts may have been formed and authorized but have not yet been funded. Accordingly no assessment lien will appear in the County Assessor records. However, the information regarding such districts may appear on your preliminary report issued by a title company. If the assessment district has not been formed or funded, the improvements have also not been constructed. If the district is subsequently formed, the assessments may then appear on the property tax bill.



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## FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

# Property Tax Disclosure Report For VENTURA County

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## Part 3. Current Property Tax Bill Summary

### A. Summary of 2016-2017 Property Tax Bill

The following is a summary of Database information obtained from the VENTURA COUNTY Secured Property Tax Roll for Tax Year 2016-2017 ("Database Date"). This summary is provided for informational purposes only. The summary includes Ad Valorem taxes which are based on the property's Assessed Value as well as other Non- Ad Valorem Direct or Special Assessments. Upon transfer of ownership, the Assessed Value may be reset to the Current Market Value or Sale Price which may result in a substantial change in the Ad Valorem taxes assessed. Please see Parts 4 and 5 of this Report for more information regarding Ad Valorem taxes and Supplemental taxes.

Total Assessed Value:	\$432,238.00
1st Installment Due 11/01/2016	\$2,323.87
2nd Installment Due 02/01/2017	\$2,323.87
Total Annual Tax Liability	\$4,647.74

### General Ad Valorem Taxes

AGENCY	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	CONTACT PHONE
VENTURA COUNTY	GENERAL AD VALOREM TAX AND VOTER APPROVED BONDS	\$4,542.82	805-654-2181
VENTURA COUNTY	LAND AND IMPROVEMENT TAX	\$0.00	805-654-2181
	<b>TOTAL AD VALOREM TAXES</b>	<b>\$4,542.82</b>	

### Direct and/or Special Assessments

AGENCY	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	CONTACT PHONE
CALLEGUAS STANDBY	CALLEGUAS MWD STANDBY	\$5.00	(805) 579-7129
CRPD DISTRICTWIDE 62-1	MAINTENANCE DISTRICT	\$35.36	(800) 273-5167
METRO DISTRICT - STANDBY	WATER STANDBY FEE	\$9.58	(866) 807-6864
MOSQUITO CONTROL	PEST CONTROL	\$5.12	(805) 654-2816
THOUSAND OAKS LNDSCP AND LGTING MAINT DIST 79-2	LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DISTRICT	\$14.36	(866) 807-6864
VENTURA COUNTY FLOOD CTRL DIST.	FLOOD ZN 3 BENEFIT ASMNT	\$26.00	(805) 650-4073
VENTURA COUNTY FLOOD CTRL DIST.	NPDES T.O. ZN 3	\$5.14	(805) 650-4073
VENTURA COUNTY WATERSHED PROTECTION DIST.	VCWPD NPDES T.O. ZN 3	\$4.36	(805) 650-4073
	<b>TOTAL DIRECT ASSESSMENTS</b>	<b>\$104.92</b>	

### B. Available Senior Citizen Exemptions

Certain districts that levy special taxes or assessments may offer exemptions to Senior Citizens. These exemptions can result in substantial savings to qualified tax payers. The filing of an application along with annual renewal may be required. Below is the contact information for requesting details on filing exemptions for districts that may offer a Senior Citizen Exemption. Additional Direct Assessment Districts may offer exemptions. Therefore you may want to contact the districts to determine their policy on Senior Citizen Exemptions.

No Senior Citizen Exemptions listed as of the most recent update from the County.  
See Part 4B for additional information on other exemptions that may be available to Buyer.



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

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### Part 4. Estimating Property Taxes After the Sale

Instantly calculate estimated property taxes and supplemental taxes on our website (or manually calculate them below):

<https://orderform.fanhd.com/TaxCalcForm.aspx?guid=B10700D3C0B449C58DE3A0D2613DA334>

#### A. Calculating Property Taxes After Sale (ESTIMATE ONLY)

##### PROPERTY TAX ESTIMATOR

The following calculation method is provided to assist Buyer in estimating the approximate amount of property tax charges that the Residential Property may be subject to for the upcoming tax year based on the assessed valuation being equal to the sales price. The amount derived is only an estimate and is not a substitute for a tax bill from the County, nor does it anticipate new property tax charges, fees or other changes in the property tax rates for future tax years.

1	Estimated Sales Price.....	• 1	\$	_____
2	Estimated Ad Valorem Tax Rate.....	• 2		<b>0.01051</b>
3	Multiply line 1 by line 2. This is your Estimated Ad Valorem Tax.....	• 3	\$	_____
4	Direct Assessments including Mello Roos Special Taxes and 1915 Bond Act Assessments if applicable.....	• 4	\$	<b>104.92</b>
5	Add lines 3 and 4. Total Estimated Annual Tax Amount After Sale.....	• 5	\$	_____

The information in this subparagraph A is an estimate only. The purpose of this "ESTIMATOR" is to assist Buyer in planning for property taxes which will be applicable after the Sale Date. This "ESTIMATOR" requires the Buyer's projection of the purchase price of the Residential Property. Please note that potential exemptions and exclusions are not reflected in this estimate. Additionally, undeveloped or recently developed properties may be subject to additional Direct Assessments not included in this estimate FANHD is not responsible or liable for any losses, liabilities or damages resulting from use of this Property Tax Estimator.

#### B. Exemptions & Exclusions to Ad Valorem Taxes

California law provides certain exemptions from reassessments. The following is a list of common exemptions which may be available:

- Homeowner exemption (California Constitution Art XIII, §3 & R&T Code §218)
- Honorably discharged veterans (California Constitution Art XIII, §3 & R&T Code §205)
- Disabled veterans (California Constitution Art XIII, §4 & R&T Code §205)

California law also provides certain exclusions from reassessment. The following is a list of common exclusions which may be available:

- Persons over 55 years of age (R&T Code § 69.5)
- Severely and permanently disable persons (R&T Code § 69.5(a))
- Transfers between parents and children and grandparents and grandchildren (R&T Code § 63.1)
- Transfers into revocable trusts (R&T Code § 62)
- Interspousal transfers (R&T Code § 63)
- Improvements for seismic retrofitting (R&T Code § 74.5)
- Improvements for disabled access (R&T Code § 74.3)
- Replacement of property damaged or destroyed by disaster (R&T Code § 69)

In order to determine if Buyer may qualify for any exemptions or exclusions or to obtain a comprehensive list of available exemptions and exclusions, please contact the county tax assessor's office (805-654-2181) or visit the county website at <http://assessor.countyofventura.org/>. Additional information is also available on the website for the California Board of Equalization at [www.boe.ca.gov](http://www.boe.ca.gov)





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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Property Tax Disclosure Report

### For VENTURA County

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## Part 5. Supplemental Property Tax Information

### A. General Information Regarding Supplemental Taxes

California law mandates the county assessor to reappraise real property upon a change in ownership or completion of new construction. The assessor's office issues a supplemental assessment which reflects the difference between the prior assessed value and the new assessment. This value is prorated based on the number of months remaining in the fiscal tax year which ends June 30.

Notices of the supplemental assessment are mailed out to the property owners prior to the issuance of the supplemental tax bill or refund if the value is reduced. The taxes or refund based on the supplemental assessment are in addition to the regular annual tax bill.

The supplemental tax will be due from the current owner in addition to the regular tax assessment. Accordingly for the first year of ownership, Buyer should plan for this additional payment.

### B. Supplemental Property Tax Disclosure

The following notice is mandated by California Civil Code Section 1102.6c:

#### **NOTICE OF YOUR "SUPPLEMENTAL" PROPERTY TAX BILL**

**"California property tax law requires the Assessor to revalue real property at the time the ownership of the property changes. Because of this law, you may receive one or two supplemental tax bills, depending on when your loan closes.**

**The supplemental tax bills are not mailed to your lender. If you have arranged for your property tax payments to be paid through an impound account, the supplemental tax bills will not be paid by your lender. It is your responsibility to pay these supplemental bills directly to the Tax Collector.**

**If you have any question concerning this matter, please call your local Tax Assessor or Collector's Office."**

VENTURA County Assessor

Phone: 805-654-2181

Website: <http://assessor.countyofventura.org/>



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Property Tax Disclosure Report For VENTURA County

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### C. Calculating Supplemental Taxes After Sale (ESTIMATE ONLY)

Instantly calculate estimated property taxes and supplemental taxes on our website (or manually calculate them below):  
<https://orderform.fanhd.com/TaxCalcForm.aspx?guid=B10700D3C0B449C58DE3A0D2613DA334>.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL TAX ESTIMATOR

The following schedule is provided to estimate the potential amount of the supplemental taxes on a given property and does NOT include the amount of the regular annual ad valorem property tax. The following calculation provides an estimate of the supplemental property taxes that can be expected during the first year of ownership, and should be used for planning purposes only.

1	Estimated Sales Price.....	• 1	\$	_____
2	Estimated Current Assessed Value.....	• 2	\$	432,238.00
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1. Estimated Supplemental Assessed Value.....	• 3	\$	_____
4	Multiply line 3 by 0.01051 (the Estimated Ad Valorem Tax Rate for the Residential Property). Estimated Full-Year <b>Supplemental</b> Tax Obligation.....	• 4	\$	_____

**If the Sale Date for the Residential Property falls during the months of January through May, Buyer will receive TWO supplemental tax bills: (a) one for the current partial tax year; and (b) one for the next full tax year. The supplemental taxes can be estimated by completing lines 5 through 8 below:**

5	Enter the Month-of-Sale Factor from <b>TABLE 1</b> below.....	• 5	_____
6	Multiply line 4 by line 5. Estimated Supplemental Tax Bill # 1.....	• 6	\$ _____
7	Enter the amount on line 4. Estimated Supplemental Tax Bill # 2.....	• 7	\$ _____
8	Add lines 6 and 7. Total estimated Supplemental Tax Bill.....	• 8	\$ _____

**If the Sale Date for the Residential Property falls during the months of June through December, Buyer will receive ONE supplemental tax bill. The supplemental tax can be estimated by completing lines 9 and 10 below:**

9	Enter the Month-of-Sale Factor from <b>TABLE 2</b> below.....	• 9	_____
10	Multiply line 4 by line 9. Total estimated Supplemental Tax Bill.....	• 10	\$ _____

**TABLE 1. Month-of-Sale Factor**

<b>Jan</b>	0.4167
<b>Feb</b>	0.3333
<b>Mar</b>	0.2500
<b>Apr</b>	0.1667
<b>May</b>	0.0833

**TABLE 2. Month-of-Sale Factor**

<b>Jun</b>	1.0000
<b>Jul</b>	0.9167
<b>Aug</b>	0.8333
<b>Sept</b>	0.7500
<b>Oct</b>	0.6667
<b>Nov</b>	0.5833
<b>Dec</b>	0.5000

The information in this subparagraph C is an estimate only. The purpose of this "ESTIMATOR" is to assist Buyer in planning for the supplemental taxes. The estimated supplemental tax is not a substitute for the supplemental bill and may not be relied upon as such. This "ESTIMATOR" requires the Buyer's projection of the purchase price of the Residential Property as well as month in which the transaction will be consummated. Please note that potential exemptions and exclusions are not reflected in these estimations FANHD is not responsible or liable for any losses, liabilities or damages resulting from use of this Supplemental Tax Estimator.



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## FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

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## Part 6. State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fee

Pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 4210) to Part 2 of Division 4 of the Public Resources Code, the State of California shall charge an annual "Fire Prevention Benefit Fee" ("Benefit Fee") on each eligible habitable structure on a parcel that is within a State Responsibility Area ("SRA") as defined in Section 4102 of the Public Resources Code, commencing with the 2011-2012 fiscal year. For an explanation of the SRA, refer to [page 8](#) of the Natural Hazard Disclosure Report, under "Wildland Fire Area (State Responsibility Area)". The Fee Amount and a Fee Exemption (explained below) were implemented in an emergency regulation adopted January 23, 2012 by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection ("Board").

**Fee Amount:** A Benefit Fee of one hundred fifty-two dollars and thirty-three cents (\$152.33) shall be charged on each habitable structure within an SRA, including single-family homes, multi-dwelling structures, mobile and manufactured homes, and condominiums. This is not a "per parcel" fee, but a levy on each structure (if any) on the parcel within an SRA which the State determines to be habitable.

**Fee Exemption:** Property owners of habitable structures within a SRA and also within the boundaries of a local agency that provides fire protection services shall receive a fee reduction of thirty-five dollars (\$35) per habitable structure.

### Date Due and Late Payment Penalties

**The fee shall be collected annually by the State Board of Equalization ("BOE"), and is due and payable 30 days from the date of assessment by the BOE. If not paid when due and payable, a penalty of twenty percent (20%) of the fee determined to be due shall be added to the amount due and payable for EACH 30-day period in which the fee remains unpaid.**

The fees collected, other than that retained by the BOE necessary for payment of refunds and expenses incurred in the collection of the fee, shall be deposited into the State Responsibility Area Fire Prevention Fund in the State Treasury. This Fund shall be used by the Board and the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection ("CalFire") to finance the cost of specified fire prevention activities that will benefit the owners within the SRA who are required to pay the fee, including such activities as public education programs and local fire prevention projects to reduce fire risk in SRAs.

On July 1, 2013, and annually thereafter, the Board shall adjust the annual amount of the Fire Prevention Fee to reflect the percentage of change in the average annual value of a specified standard price index as reported by the Department of Finance. Commencing with the 2012-13 fiscal year, if there are sufficient amounts of moneys in the SRA Fire Prevention Fund to finance the costs of specified fire prevention activities for a fiscal year, the BOE would be prohibited from collecting the fee for that fiscal year.

**Appeals Process:** A person from whom the Benefit Fee is to be due may petition for a redetermination of whether this fee requirement applies to the Property. To appeal, the owner must submit within 30 days after the date of service of the determination a written petition stating the specific grounds upon which the appeal is founded and include supporting documentation. The petition must be sent to the address indicated by CalFire which may be the address of CalFire's Designated Fee Administrator.

**Database Date:** July 2016

This Property **IS NOT** located in a State Responsibility Area.



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## FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

# Property Tax Disclosure Report For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## Part 7. Private Transfer Fee Advisory

**Private Transfer Fee.** This is a fee imposed by a private entity such as a property developer, home builder, or homeowner association, when a property within a certain type of subdivision is sold or transferred. (It is commonly known as a "Private Transfer Tax".) It is NOT the same as a city or county Documentary Transfer Tax. A Private Transfer Fee may apply in addition to government Documentary Transfer Taxes that are due upon sale or transfer of the Property.

**Transfer Fee Defined.** California Civil Code Section 1098 defines a "Transfer Fee".

**Effective January 1, 2008, if the payment of any Transfer Fee is required in the sale or transfer of the Property, Civil Code Section 1102.6e requires Seller to notify Buyer of the existence of the fee and to disclose certain specific information about the fee.**

**How to Determine the Existence of a Transfer Fee.** If a Transfer Fee does exist affecting the Property, the document creating the fee may be on file with the County Recorder as a notice recorded against the Property and should be disclosed in the preliminary (title) report on the Property. However, the preliminary (title) report will merely disclose the existence of the documents affecting title, not the content of the documents. The title of a document may also not be sufficient to disclose that a Transfer Fee is included in its terms. Accordingly Seller should (a) request the title company which issued the preliminary (title) report to provide copies of the documents shown as "exceptions," and (b) review each document to determine if it contains a Transfer Fee.

**Parties are advised that documents regarding any Transfer Fee should be obtained early in the sale process in order to avoid delays in the transaction process and to ensure full disclosure as required by law.**

**To determine if the Property is subject to a Transfer Fee, OBTAIN COPIES OF ALL OF THE EXCEPTIONS LISTED ON THE PRELIMINARY (TITLE) REPORT FROM THE TITLE COMPANY AND READ THEM TO DETERMINE IF ANY TRANSFER FEES ARE APPLICABLE.**

**END OF TAX DISCLOSURE REPORT SECTION**  
**See Terms and Conditions at end of this Report.**



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Environmental Screening Report

### For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
 THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
 ("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
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## Environmental Screening Report

### Part 1. Introduction and Summary

The parties to the Transaction to which this Report applies ("Parties") are the owner ("Seller") of the Residential Property ("Property") on the Report Date, the buyer ("Buyer") of the Residential Property under contract of sale as of the Report Date, and their respective licensed real estate agents ("Agents"). Seller, Buyer and the Agents are sometimes referred to herein as "Party" or "Parties." FANHD and the Parties are the parties to the contract that is entered into by the purchase of this Report.

**This Report discloses the results of an electronic search of specified federal and state level environmental-hazard record systems ("Databases") that are known to include contamination sites ("Sites").**

The Databases are searched for hazard Sites at standard distances from the Property. The standard search distance is not the same for all Databases, but depends upon the nature of the environmental hazard represented in the Database. FANHD uses search distances that comply with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) "All Appropriate Inquiry" (AAI) standard for government records search (40 CFR Part 312.26) under the U.S. Small Business Liability Relief and Revitalization Act ("the Brownfields Law")

#### POINT AND LINE SOURCE METHODOLOGY

This Report does not identify the precise areas actually contaminated by an environmental hazard; rather, as a reasonable approximation, it identifies "point sources" for contamination, such as a specific Site address where a leaking underground tank was recorded. The address does not precisely reflect the location of the source of contamination on the Site, nor will it indicate the potential spread of any contamination from that source. In addition, any point source that lies beyond the standard distance searched for each Database will not be reflected in this Report -- even if it is known to be the origin of a larger contaminated area. Point sources are included in this Report as of the time they are identified in the government Database consulted by the Company. Please note that the Gas Transmission and Hazardous Liquid Pipeline disclosure (in Part 4) is based on the Property's location with respect to "line sources" represented in that Database.

The perchlorate contamination plume that is known to have affected groundwater in parts of Morgan Hill, San Martin, and possibly Gilroy is an example of a hazard Study Area. The point source responsible for it, reported to be in Morgan Hill, has not yet been officially listed on a publicly-available government site list. For current information about that Study Area, please contact the Santa Clara Valley Water District Perchlorate Hotline at 1-888-Hey-Noah (1-888-439-6624).

**To understand the information provided, please read this entire Environmental Screening Report including Part 1 through Part 6. Information about a specific Database or standard search distance is provided in Part 5.**

### Part 2. Sites Identified in Environmental Records Search

A Site must have a complete address in order for its location to be known and its distance from the Property measured. Only Sites having a complete address in the Database searched are included in this section. Site "Distance" is the straight line distance in miles between the geocoded address (latitude and longitude) of the Site and the geocoded address of the Property. If the Public Record includes a Site that is within the standard distance searched for that Database category, then that Site is (1) listed as "Found" in the table below and at the beginning of this disclosure Report is (2) shown on the "Map of Sites Found" and (3) noted as "IN" in the "Summary of Environmental Screening Determinations" for the applicable Database category. FANHD recommends further investigation of any Site(s) listed below.

Codes indicating the status of a Site are explained as follows:

**Open** = Site listed as undergoing clean-up, investigation, or referral to another agency; or as non-active, abandoned or absorbed but not closed or completed.

**Closed** = Site listed as clean-up completed, release secured, no further remedial action planned, case closed, or delisted.

**Active (or Inactive)** = Site facility listed as actively (or not actively) engaged in a type of activity regulated under RCRA.

**N/A** = Not Applicable - site listed as uncontaminated, or as using or storing hazardous substances.

**N/P** = Not Provided - site status not supplied on agency list used.

Found	None Found	Database Searched (with standard search distance)
	X	National Priorities List (Federal "Superfund" list) - 1 mile
	X	Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) - Corrective Actions List - 1 mile
	X	California State Response List (includes Active Annual Workplan, AWP, sites) - 1/2 mile



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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
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<b>X</b>	California Spills, Leaks, Investigation and Cleanup (SLIC) List - 1/2 mile
<b>X</b>	California Solid Waste Landfill Sites (SWIS) List - 1/2 mile
<b>X</b>	California Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) List (see status explanation below) - 1/4 mile

**CLOSED SITES REMAIN OFFICIALLY LISTED:** All Sites listed on the State's Leaking Underground Storage Tank Information System (LUSTIS) have been identified to have had a leaking storage tank. Many LUST Sites have been cleaned up and their cases "Closed", and this is noted above if applicable. Parties should be aware that LUST Sites remain in the LUSTIS database even after they have been closed, and are included in this Report if found by our search. Leaking underground storage tanks are the most common type of contamination.

Storage tank leaks are often less extensive than other types of contamination releases and usually do not extend beyond the real property on which the tank is located. **For specific information about a Site listed above, please see Part 5 of this Report and contact the agency responsible for maintaining that Database.**

### PART 3. Sites Missing Key Location Information

Many environmental hazard Sites in the Databases searched have incomplete or inaccurate address information. Those Sites cannot be precisely or reliably located and could potentially be anywhere in the Property's city, county, or state. They are, therefore, considered "unlocatable".

A sample of unlocatable sites that may be in the vicinity is listed below. A full list of ALL unlocatable California sites that include a zip code is available at the web address below:

[http://www.firstamprs.com/sites/default/files/Current\\_List\\_of\\_Unlocatable\\_Sites\\_by\\_Zip\\_Code.xlsx](http://www.firstamprs.com/sites/default/files/Current_List_of_Unlocatable_Sites_by_Zip_Code.xlsx)

Status codes for the unlocatable Sites are the same as noted above for the Sites "Found".

No.	Site Name	Address	Case No.	Status	Database
1	O'REILY/JANSS PROPERTY (CLAN/meth LAB)	982 JANSS RD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611145671	Closed	CA_SLIC
2	CALIFORNIA LUTHERAN UNIVERSITY	60 OLSEN RD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100363	Closed	CA_LUST
3	CHEVRON #9-0482	234 AVENIDA DE LOS ARBOLES THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100613	Closed	CA_LUST
4	CHEVRON #9-3789	3510 MOORPARK RD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100345	Closed	CA_LUST
5	CHEVRON #9-7236	101 THOUSAND OAKS BLVD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100236	Closed	CA_LUST
6	FIRESTONE TIRE STATION #65 TW	598 HILLCREST DR THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100867	Closed	CA_LUST
7	FLETCHER JONES	1761 POTRERO RD NEWBURY PARK, CA 91360	T0611100341	Closed	CA_LUST
8	LINCOLN OAKS CORPORATE CENTER	225 HILLCREST DR #300 THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611101225	Closed	CA_LUST
9	MOBIL OIL SS #11-GYO	1 THOUSAND OAKS BL THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100864	Closed	CA_LUST
10	MOBIL OIL SS #11-GYO	1 THOUSAND OAKS BL THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611101141	Closed	CA_LUST
11	PRIVATE RESIDENCE	PRIVATE RESIDENCE THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611101211	Closed	CA_LUST
12	SHELL	1195 THOUSAND OAKS BLVD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100297	Closed	CA_LUST
13	TEXACO SS - THOUSAND OAKS	56 THOUSAND OAKS BLVD THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100689	Closed	CA_LUST
14	THOUSAND OAKS-MUNICIPAL SVC YD	1851 DEHAVILLAND DR THOUSAND OAKS, CA 91360	T0611100873	Closed	CA_LUST



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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## PART 4. Oil & Gas Well Locations Within 1/4 Mile Of Property

No oil or gas well locations were identified within a radius of one-fourth (1/4) of one (1) mile of the Residential Property, based on a search of valid geographic coordinates contained in the current Statewide All Wells Database maintained by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas and Geothermal Resources (DOGGR) ("All Wells Database").

Buyer is advised that additional wells may exist in the area of the Property which are not contained in the All Wells Database. Wells that do not have valid geographic coordinates in the All Wells Database are not disclosed in this Report. The physical property boundaries of well locations and the Property are not factored into the calculation of the specified search radius.

**EXPLANATION:** The All Wells Database includes approximately 230,000 well location records. This database is searched for well locations within one-fourth (1/4) of one (1) mile around the geocoded point representing the Residential Property. Well locations, if any, within the specified parameters are listed in the table above.

Of the approximately 230,000 wells identified in the All Wells Database, 105,000 are classified as new, active, or idle in the latest Statewide All Wells Database release. The majority of remaining wells have been sealed under supervision of the DOGGR. A smaller number have been deserted and have no known responsible operator.

California has established laws with respect to well drilling, operation, maintenance, and abandonment to "prevent, as far as possible, damage to life, health, property, and natural resources; damage to underground oil and gas deposits from infiltrating water and other causes; loss of oil, gas, or reservoir energy, and damage to underground and surface waters suitable for irrigation or domestic purposes by the infiltration of, or the addition of, detrimental substances." (California Public Resources Code §3106).

The DOGGR is responsible for maintenance of orphaned wells. To defray the maintenance costs, oil companies pay the State 4.3 cents per barrel a year. A portion of this assessment funds the Orphan Well Plugging Fund ("Fund") with an annual \$1 million budget. Since its inception in the 1970's, the Fund has facilitated the plugging of wells by hired contractors. The selection process for wells to be plugged considers numerous factors including, but are not limited to, the proximity of wells to populated areas, the amount of pressure in well reservoirs, and other hazards.

For a complete listing and explanation of well status codes, visit the following DOGGR web page:

<http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dog/maps/Pages/GISMapping2.aspx>

**FOR MORE INFORMATION:** Ownership information of oil, gas, mineral, geothermal and other subsurface rights regarding the Residential Property may be disclosed in a preliminary (title) report or title commitment. The DOGGR does not use the County Assessor Parcel Number or site address to locate wells or leases, and therefore, the APN and address cannot be used to determine if there is a well on a specific property. To help tell if there is a well on a property, oilfield maps may be available on the DOGGR website (<http://www.conservation.ca.gov/dog/maps/Pages/GISMapping2.aspx>). In addition, the DOGGR Online Mapping System (<http://maps.conservation.ca.gov/doms/doms-app.html>) allows users to search well locations by API Number, Property Address, Geographic Coordinates, or Field Name. For detailed information about a specific well, reference the unique "API Number" that the DOGGR has assigned to it. The DOGGR website provides an online well search by API number at <http://opi.consrv.ca.gov/opi/opi.dll>.



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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Environmental Screening Report

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("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
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## Part 5. NPMS Gas Transmission and Hazardous Liquid Pipelines Within 2,000 Feet of the Residential Property

Buyer is advised to carefully review the limitations of the Public Record noted below as to the important limitations regarding the National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) and the NPMS Public Map Viewer used for making this determination. For more information please visit the NPMS Public Map Viewer (<https://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/PublicViewer/>).

**EXPLANATION:** Proximity to a pipeline does not of itself indicate a safety risk. However, on September 9, 2010, a Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) natural gas transmission pipeline exploded in San Bruno, California, causing loss of life and extensive property damage. Following this incident much attention has focused on the presence of natural gas and hazardous liquid pipelines in the vicinity of residential neighborhoods. As a result, PG&E has notified residents and businesses within 2,000 feet of PG&E's natural gas transmission pipelines about their proximity.

This disclosure covers gas "transmission" and hazardous liquid pipelines only. It is important to note that every home that uses natural gas is connected to a gas "distribution" pipeline. Distribution pipelines are generally of smaller size and lower pressure than transmission pipelines. This disclosure does not include distribution pipelines nor is it meant to indicate there is no risk associated with distribution lines. While proximity to a pipeline does not of itself indicate a safety risk, excavation near a pipeline poses a definite hazard. For this reason, this disclosure includes an advisory about how to spot and avoid buried pipelines on and near a property.

The U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) administers the national regulatory program to monitor the transportation of natural gas, liquefied natural gas (LNG), and hazardous liquids by pipeline. PHMSA and the U.S. Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) maintain a database of pipeline information called the **National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS)** in cooperation with other federal and state governmental agencies and the pipeline industry. The NPMS is created using data compiled from mandatory submissions to PHMSA made by operators of pipelines and LNG plants, and from voluntary submissions made by breakout tank operators. The data is processed by private contractors. Since 2002, transmission pipeline and LNG plant facility operators are required to update their submissions annually.

The PHMSA website provides a **Public Map Viewer** that allows the general public to view pipeline maps in one county at a time. The viewer displays maps and associated data identifying transmission pipelines, LNG plants, and breakout tanks stored in the NPMS database. The data include information about the pipeline commodity (e.g., natural gas or liquid fuel), pipeline operator, agency contact, etc. The Public Map Viewer can be accessed at the following address:  
<https://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/PublicViewer/>

This pipeline disclosure is based on a proximity search of the gas transmission pipelines and hazardous liquid pipelines depicted in NPMS Public Map Viewer at a scale of approximately 1:24,000. That map scale is the maximum resolution at which pipelines are displayed. At that map scale one inch on the map equals approximately 2,000 feet on the ground, which is the same scale as regulatory maps required for statutory natural hazard disclosure in California.

This pipeline disclosure is provided as an accommodation and is subject to the following **limitations in the Public Record:**

- Access to the original digital data in the NPMS database (on which the public maps are based) is restricted to federal, state, and local government agencies (including emergency responders). Pipeline operators are allowed access to their own pipeline data only.
- Pipeline locations in the NPMS database are accurate to plus or minus 500 feet.
- Neither the United States government nor any party involved in the creation and compilation of NPMS data and maps guarantees the accuracy or completeness of its product.
- Because the NPMS digital data are restricted from public access, any disclosure based on the NPMS Public Map Viewer may be subject to some positional inaccuracies in addition to those acknowledged by NPMS.
- Neither this disclosure nor NPMS data should ever be used as a substitute for calling "811" -- the federally-mandated "Call Before You Dig" one-call center -- prior to any digging project.

### How to Spot a Pipeline Easement

**Read the Preliminary Title Report** A pipeline right-of-way is a strip of land over and around pipelines where some of the property owner's legal rights have been granted to a pipeline company. A right-of-way agreement between the pipeline company and the property owner is also called an easement and is usually filed in the public records with property deeds. Rights-of-way and easements provide a permanent, limited interest in the land that enables the pipeline company to operate, test, inspect, repair, maintain, replace, and protect one or more pipelines on property owned by others. The agreement may vary the rights and widths of the right-of-way, but generally, the pipeline company's right-of-ways extend 25 feet from each side of a pipeline unless special conditions exist.

**To determine if the Property includes a pipeline right-of-way or easement, OBTAIN COPIES OF ALL OF THE EXCEPTIONS LISTED ON THE PRELIMINARY (TITLE) REPORT FROM THE TITLE COMPANY AND READ THEM.**





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# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Environmental Screening Report

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**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

**Call Before You Dig - Every Time!** In 2000, the U.S. Department of Transportation and the utility industry created the Common Ground Alliance (CGA), a trade association to work with all industry stakeholders in an effort to prevent damage to underground utility infrastructure and ensure public safety and environmental protection. The result is the "**Call Before You Dig - 811 Service**". Whether you are a homeowner or a professional excavator, every digging job requires a call to "811" - even small projects like planting trees or shrubs. If you hit an underground utility line while digging, you can harm yourself or those around you, disrupt service to an entire neighborhood and potentially be responsible for fines and repair costs. One call to 811 gets your underground utility lines marked for FREE.

**Signs of Buried Pipelines** Since pipelines are usually buried underground, line markers and warning signs like the ones shown here are used to indicate their approximate location along the pipeline route. The markers and signs are in high-visibility colors (yellow or orange) and are located at frequent intervals along the pipeline right-of-way. The markers can be found where a pipeline intersects a street, highway, railway, or waterway, and at other prominent points along the route. The markers display the material transported in the line, the name of the pipeline operator, and a telephone number where the operator can be reached in the event of an emergency. Pumping stations, tank farms, and cleared rights-of-way also help signal that a pipeline is located nearby.



Markers and warning signs only indicate the general location of a pipeline. They cannot be relied upon to indicate the exact position of the pipeline they mark. Also, the pipeline may not follow a straight course between markers. And, while markers are helpful in locating pipelines, they are limited in the information they provide. They provide no information, for example, about the depth or number of pipelines in the vicinity.

## EXPLANATION OF THE DATABASES USED IN THIS REPORT

This Report uses the following Databases as of the date specified:

### 1) NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST ("NPL" - commonly called "Superfund" or "CERCLIS" site list) as of 12 Sep 2016

The National Priorities List is a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("USEPA") database which includes Sites where known releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants have occurred. As a part of the Superfund cleanup program, the NPL helps the USEPA determine which Sites warrant further investigation to assess human health and environmental risks, identify what remedial actions may be appropriate, notify the public of Sites believed to warrant further investigation, and serve notice to potentially responsible parties that the USEPA may initiate remedial action. Some NPL Sites encompass relatively large areas. Search Distance: one (1.0) mile. Responsible Agency: USEPA

**Public Record:** Facilities located in California listed as NPL Status code "A" (Site is Part of NPL Site), "D" (Deleted from the Final NPL), "F" (Currently on the Final NPL), "P" (Proposed for NPL), "R" (Removed from Proposed NPL), or "W" (Withdrawn) in the Region IX Active CERCLIS database obtained from USEPA. Facilities assigned NPL Status code "N" (Not on the NPL) are not disclosed in this Report.

**For More Information:** Contact the Environmental Protection Agency Superfund Hotline at (800) 424-9346 to speak with a Superfund consultant to request information from the individual Site Fact Sheet. This help-line can also provide the telephone number of the local Community Relations Coordinator for the Site in question and the location of the local information repository for that Site. The USEPA's official Internet website address is:

<http://www.epa.gov/superfund/index.htm>

### 2) RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT--CORRECTIVE ACTION list ("RCRA-COR") as of 12 Sep 2016.

RCRA (pronounced "ric-ra") is a federal law enforced by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("USEPA") that requires safeguards on the use and disposal of household, municipal, commercial and industrial refuse. The goals of the law are to protect human health and the environment from the potential hazards of waste disposal, to reduce the amount of waste generated, and to ensure that wastes are managed in an environmentally sound manner. Under the Corrective Action program, the USEPA permits and monitors the cleanup of hazardous waste contamination. Search Distance: one (1.0) mile. Responsible Agency: USEPA

**Public Record:** "Subject to Corrective Action" facilities identified using USEPA's RCRAInfo Hazardous Waste Query Form for California.

**For More Information:** Contact the Environmental Protection Agency at (800) 424-9346 to speak with a consultant to request information from the individual Site Fact Sheet. The USEPA's official Internet website address is:

<http://www.epa.gov/enviro/html/rcris/index.html>

### 3) CALIFORNIA ENVIROSTOR STATE RESPONSE list as of 13 Sep 2016.



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Environmental Screening Report

### For VENTURA County

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THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

The State Response list, a part of California's "Envirostor" database, identifies sites of confirmed hazardous materials releases where the Department of Toxic Substances Control ("DTSC") is involved in cleanup activities, either in a lead or oversight capacity. These confirmed release sites are generally high-priority and high potential risk, according to the DTSC. The State Response list includes the sites formerly contained in the "Active Annual Workplan (AWP)" list. Search Distance: 1/2 mile. Responsible Agency: State EPA/DTSC

**Public Record:** Sites listed as "State Response" under "Site\_Facility\_Type" in the EnviroStor Cleanup Sites database obtained from the Department of Toxic Substances Control. Please note that a given Site may have more than one record if the Site has more than one activity Status or EnviroStor ID assigned to it.

**For More Information:** Contact the State Environmental Protection Agency Department of Toxic Substances Control at: (916) 323-3400

#### 4) SPILLS, LEAKS, INVESTIGATION & CLEANUP list ("SLIC") as of 13 Sep 2016.

The California SLIC Program oversees soil and water investigations, corrective actions, and assessments at Sites with current or historic unauthorized discharges and covers all types of pollutants (such as solvents, petroleum fuels, heavy metals, pesticides, etc.). As of January 1, 2005, all SLIC data is required to be submitted to the Geotracker database of the State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB"). Information on individual Sites may be available online at <http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov>. Please note that according to the SWRCB, "data is undergoing data cleanup and may contain errors". **Search Distance: 1/2 mile. Responsible Agency: SWRCB**

**Public Record:** Sites identified as "Cleanup Program Site" in the GeoTracker database obtained from the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker website.

**For More Information:** For details about a particular site, please visit GeoTracker at <http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov> Using the Identifier tool and clicking on the site on the graphic map interface, you can access a report that includes the case number and contact telephone number for the agency with more information on this site. If you know case number, you may access the record using Case Finder at <http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/search.asp>.

#### 5) SOLID WASTE INFORMATION SYSTEM list ("SWIS") as of 13 Sep 2016.

Solid waste landfill sites vary from state to state and may include active landfills, inactive landfills, incinerators, transfer stations, recycling facilities, and other facilities where solid waste is treated or stored. The California Integrated Waste Management Board ("CIWMB") tracks such Sites via its Solid Waste Information System database. SWIS contains information on facility type, regulatory and operational status, type of wastes received, and local enforcement actions. Please note that these Sites are simply regulated facilities and are not classified as being "contaminated" by the Board. Search Distance: 1/2 mile. Responsible Agency: CIWMB

**Public Record:** Sites listed in the "SwisGis.txt" database obtained from the California Integrated Waste Management Board Solid Waste Information System website.

**For More Information:** Contact the Board's "Solid Waste Information Center" at (916) 341 6320 and ask for the Associate Waste Management Specialist who should be able to answer some limited general questions. For more information, please contact the CIWMB in Sacramento or visit <http://www.calrecycle.ca.gov/SWFacilities/Directory/search.aspx> on the Internet.

#### 6) LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK list ("LUST") per GEIMS/GeoTracker Information Management System as of 13 Sep 2016.

The LUST database is also known as the "LUFT" database because it includes records of leaking underground fuel tanks. LUSTs may be a significant source of soil and groundwater contamination. The State Water Resources Control Board ("SWRCB") maintains a database of LUSTs known as the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Information System ("LUSTIS") which was recently supplanted by the statewide GEIMS/GeoTracker information management system. LUSTIS contains the locations of all reported LUSTs, as well as the contents and status of the LUSTs. Search Distance: 1/4 mile. Responsible Agency: SWRCB

**Public Record:** Sites identified as "LUST Cleanup Site" in the GeoTracker database obtained from the State Water Resources Control Board GeoTracker website.

**For More Information:** For general questions, telephone the State Water Resources Control Board's Clean Water Desk in Sacramento at (866) 480-1028. Information on specific Sites is available at [www.swrcb.ca.gov](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov) or visit their official Internet site at <http://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov>.

#### 7) CALIFORNIA STATEWIDE ALL WELLS DATABASE as of 07 Oct 2016.

The California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources, California Department of Conservation ("DOC"), maintains a database of oil, gas and geothermal wells in the state. Of the approximately 230,000 wells identified in the All Wells Database, approximately 105,000 are still in use. The majority of remaining wells have been sealed under supervision of the DOGGR. A smaller number have been deserted and have no known responsible operator. **Search Distance: 1/4 mile. Responsible Agency: State Department of Conservation**



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports

## Environmental Screening Report

### For VENTURA County

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

**Public Record:** Well locations listed in the Statewide All Wells Database obtained from the Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas and Geothermal Resources.

**For More Information:** Contact the State Department of Conservation, Division of Oil, Gas and Geothermal Resources at: (916) 445-9686.

#### **8) NATIONAL PIPELINE MAPPING SYSTEM (NPMS) GAS TRANSMISSION AND HAZARDOUS LIQUID PIPELINES as of 31 Oct 2016.**

The National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS) is a geographic information system (GIS) created by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), Office of Pipeline Safety (OPS) in cooperation with other federal and state governmental agencies and the pipeline industry. The NPMS is created using data compiled from mandatory submissions made by pipeline, LNG (Liquid Natural Gas) plant operators, and voluntary submissions made by breakout tank operators. The data is processed by private contractors. Neither the United States government nor any party involved in the creation and compilation of NPMS data and maps guarantees its accuracy or completeness. NPMS data should be considered no more accurate than +/- 500 feet and must never be used as a substitute for contacting the appropriate one-call center prior to digging. PHMSA restricts access to the NPMS to federal, state, and local government agencies (including emergency responders). Pipeline operators are allowed access to their own pipeline data only. NPMS Public Map Viewer (<https://www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov/PublicViewer/>) allows the general public to view available data one county at a time and at a limited zoom level in accordance with PHMSA's security policy. Search Distance: 2,000 feet. Responsible Agency: PHMSA

**Public Record:** Gas transmission pipelines and hazardous liquid pipelines as depicted on the NPMS Public Map Viewer at a scale of 1:24,000.

**For More Information:** To identify a specific pipeline owner/operator, please use the NPMS Public Map Viewer at the URL provided above. For policy and technical questions regarding NPMS, please contact PHMSA.

#### **WANT MORE INFORMATION?**

There is no single government agency that handles information for all contaminated Sites. Multiple agencies are responsible for organizing clean-up efforts at different types of Sites. Each generally maintains files on the Sites they oversee with information on the type and extent of contamination, clean-up efforts etc. There is also the possibility that the file may have no additional information. For general information, refer to the discussions in this Report. If your question isn't answered there, call us here at FANHD. We will try and answer them for you.

In the list of databases above, there is the name and telephone number of the agency overseeing that site. Agencies are limited to answering general questions. **NOTE!** Additional information on a site may be limited and the government agency you contact will not venture opinions.

#### **How to Obtain Generalized Environmental Information**

Brochures published by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) are a good source of general information. County health departments may have a health and safety officer or a "hazmat" (hazardous materials) specialist that can answer general questions also. The telephone number for the local Department of Health should be listed in the telephone book.

- Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water Hotline: **(800) 426-4791**
- Federal Environmental Protection Agency Public Information Office: **(866) 372-9378**
- California Environmental Protection Agency: **(916) 445-3846**

#### **BACKGROUND ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

FANHD provides a consumer guide titled, "Guide to Environmental Hazards", as a supplement to this environmental Report. This "plain-English" supplement discusses and explains environmental hazards and what they mean for residential property transactions. The guide may be freely downloaded (as a PDF document) and printed from our website at the following address:

<http://www.disclosures.com/sites/default/files/fanhdguidetoenvironmentalhazards.pdf>



# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Terms and Conditions

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
THOUSAND OAKS, VENTURA COUNTY, CA 91360  
("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

## TERMS and CONDITIONS

### ACCEPTANCE OR USE OF THIS REPORT CONSTITUTES APPROVAL AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, AND LIMITATIONS STATED HEREIN.

The Report ("Report") is subject to each of the following Terms and Conditions. Each Recipient (defined below) of the Report agrees that the Report is subject to the following Terms and Conditions, and each Recipient agrees to be bound by such. Use of this Report by any Recipient constitutes acceptance of the Terms and Conditions to the Report. The Terms and Conditions below are incorporated by this reference into the Report. **This Report is not an insurance policy.**

This Report is made for the real property specifically described in the Report (the "Property") and solely for the transaction for which it was originally purchased ("Transaction"). The Property shall not include any property beyond the boundaries of the real property described in the Report. The Property shall not include any structures (whether located on the Property, or not), easements, or any right, title, interest, estate, or easement in any abutting streets, roads, alleys, lanes, ways, or waterways.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** Transferor(s) and transferee(s) shall read the complete Report in its entirety before the close of escrow. A "Signature Page" or "Summary Pages" document may be included in the electronic delivery of this Report. Those documents do not replace the complete Report or remove the need to read the complete Report, and do not remove the requirement to disclose. The Signature Page and Summary Pages documents are subject to the Terms and Conditions of the complete Report.

- A. **No Third Party Reliance on This Report.** Only the transferor(s) and transferee(s), and their agents/brokers, if any, involved in the Transaction (collectively, the "Recipients") may use and rely on this Report and only after they have paid in full for the Report. While disclosures made on the Natural Hazard Disclosure Statement in the Report may indicate certain risks to the Property, the disclosures are only "...between the transferor, the transferor's agents, and the transferee, and shall not be used by any other party, including, but not limited to, insurance companies, lenders, or governmental agencies, for any purpose." Cal. Civil Code section 1103.2, subdivision (g).
- B. **Seller and Seller's Agent's Responsibility of Full Disclosure.** Recipients are obligated to make disclosures, and always disclose material facts, that are within their actual knowledge.
- C. **Scope of Report.** This Report is limited to determining whether the Property is in those specified natural hazard zones and property tax districts, and in proximity to those specified environmental sites (depending on the report product ordered), as defined in the Report. The Report is not a geologic report or a land survey and no site inspection has been made in producing the Report. FANHD makes no determination, expresses no opinion or view, and assumes no responsibility in this Report concerning the right, entitlement, or ability to develop or improve the Property. FANHD has no information concerning whether the Property can be developed or improved. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning structures or soils on or outside of the Property, including, without limitation, habitability of structures or the Property, suitability of the Property for construction or improvement, potential for soil settlement, drainage, soil subsidence, or other soil or site conditions. The Recipient(s) is advised to consult the local Planning Department to determine whether factors beyond the scope of this Report may limit the transferee(s) ability to use or improve the Property.  
  
The Report is not a title report, and no determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report as to title to the Property or liens against the Property, recorded or otherwise, or whether the Property is comprised of legal lots in conformance with the California Subdivision Map Act or local ordinances. The Report is not a property inspection report, and no determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning architectural, structural, mechanical, engineering, or legal matters, or the marketability or value of the Property. FANHD has not conducted any testing or physical or visual examination or inspection of the Property, nor is this Report a substitute for any such testing, physical or visual examination, or inspection.
- D. **Tax and Environmental Disclosures (if included in Report).** No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by the Report concerning the existence of property tax liabilities, or the existence of hazardous or toxic materials or substances, or any other defects, on, under, or in proximity to the Property, unless specifically described in the Report. FANHD's total liability for any error or omission in its disclosures relating to taxes and/or environmental matters shall be limited to actual proven damages not to exceed \$10,000.
- E. **FANHD Database Updates.** Each database used in this Report is updated by the responsible agency at various intervals. Updates for a database are determined by the responsible agency and may be made at any time and without notice. FANHD maintains an update schedule and makes reasonable efforts to use updated information. For these reasons, FANHD reports information as of the date when the database was last updated by FANHD. That date is specified as the "Database Date" for each database.
- F. **Statutory and Additional Disclosures, Advisories, and Local Addenda (if included in Report).** No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by this Report concerning the need to purchase earthquake or flood insurance for the Property. In preparing the Report, FANHD accurately reported on information contained in Government Records. FANHD reviewed and relied upon those Government Records specifically identified and described in the Report. FANHD has not reviewed or relied upon any Government Records that are not specifically identified in the Report. FANHD also has not reviewed any plat maps, survey maps, surveyor maps, assessor maps, assessor parcel maps, developer maps, or engineering maps, whether or not such maps have been recorded. No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by the Report concerning any matters identified in Government Records that were not reviewed by FANHD. Local Addenda, where applicable, are included "AS IS" as an accommodation to the local real estate board that provided the content; FANHD assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of any information included in the Local Addenda.
- G. **FEMA Flood Determination Certificate (if accompanying the Report).** No determination is made and no opinion is expressed, or intended, by the Report concerning the requirement for or cost of flood insurance on the Property. Recipient(s) understands that a lender may require flood insurance to secure its loan collateral independent of whether FEMA may require flood insurance under the National Flood Insurance Program on a federally backed mortgage. The FEMA Flood Determination Certificate ("Flood Certificate"), which may accompany the Report, is produced by a third-party expert certified by FEMA to provide Flood Certificates. FANHD assumes no liability for errors in that third-party flood determination.



First American  
Natural Hazard Disclosures™

# FANHD Residential Property Disclosure Reports Terms and Conditions

**Property Address:** 2553 SCOTT PL  
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("Property")

**APN:** 521-0-214-035  
**Report Date:** 02/14/2017  
**Report Number:** 2047794

- H. **Changes to Government Record after Report Date.** This Report is issued as of the Report Date identified in the Report. FANHD shall have no obligation to advise any Recipient of any information learned or obtained after the Report Date even if such information would modify or otherwise affect the Report. Subsequent to FANHD acquisition of Government Records, changes may be made to said Government Records and FANHD is not responsible for advising the Recipients of any changes. FANHD will update this Report upon request and at no charge during the transaction process for which this Report was issued, but not to exceed one year from the date of the Report. Likewise, FANHD is not liable for any impact on the Property that any change to the Government Records may have.
- I. **Government Record Sources.** FANHD relies upon the Government Records specifically identified in the Report without conducting an independent investigation of their accuracy. FANHD assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the Government Records identified in the Report. FANHD makes no warranty or representation of any kind, express or implied, with respect to the Report. FANHD expressly disclaims and excludes any and all other express and implied warranties, including, without limitation, warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. The FANHD Report is "AS IS".
- J. **Limitation of FANHD's Liability**
1. FANHD is not responsible for:
    - Any inaccuracies or incompleteness of the information in the Public Records.
    - Inaccurate address information provided for the Property.
    - Any other information not contained in the Public Records as of the Report Date.
    - Any information which would be disclosed by a physical inspection of the Property.
    - Any information known by one of the Parties.
    - The health or risk to humans or animals that may be associated with any of the disclosed hazards.
    - The costs of investigating or remediating any of the disclosed hazards.
  2. Except as otherwise expressly set forth in these Terms and Conditions, FANHD's total liability and responsibility to all Recipients collectively for any and all liabilities, causes of action, claim or claims, including but not limited to claims for breach of contract or negligence, shall be for actual proven damages only caused directly by FANHD's error up to a maximum of \$100,000. FANHD expressly disclaims any liability for Recipients indirect, incidental and/or consequential damages, including without limitation lost profits even if such damages are foreseeable. In the event of any error, omission or inaccuracy in the FANHD Report for which FANHD is liable, FANHD shall have no duty to defend or pay any attorneys' fees, costs or expenses incurred by the Recipients, or any of them. The Recipients, and each of them, expressly waive the benefits of California Civil Code Section 2778.
- K. **Reporting of Risk Elements for Condominium Projects, Planned Unit Developments, and Other Properties with Common or Undivided Interests.** Because California's Residential Natural Hazard Disclosure Law requires disclosure if any portion of the Property is located within a specified natural hazard area/zone, the Report must indicate that the subject Property falls within the area/zone if any portion of such a condominium project, planned unit development, or common area is located within a specified hazard area/zone.
- L. **Governing Law.** The Report shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of California.
- M. **Small Claims or Arbitration.** This provision constitutes an agreement to arbitrate disputes on an individual basis. Any party may bring an individual action in small claims court instead of pursuing arbitration. All disputes and claims arising out of or relating to the Report must be resolved by binding arbitration. This Report to arbitrate includes, but is not limited to, all disputes and claims between FANHD, transferor(s) and transferee(s) and claims that arose prior to purchase of the Report. This agreement to arbitrate applies to transferor(s) and transferee(s) successors in interest, assigns, heirs, spouses, and children. As noted above, a party may elect to bring an individual action in small claims court instead of arbitration, so long as the dispute falls within the jurisdictional requirements of small claims court.
- Any arbitration must take place on an individual basis, FANHD, transferor(s) and transferee(s) agree that they are waiving any right to a jury trial and to bring or participate in a class, representative, or private attorney general action, and further agree that the arbitrator lacks the power to consider claims for injunctive or declaratory relief, or to grant relief effecting anyone other than the individual claimant.
- The arbitration is governed by the Commercial Arbitration Rules and the Supplementary Procedures for Consumer Related Disputes (the "AAA Rules") of the American Arbitration Association ("AAA"), as modified by this Agreement, and will be administered by the AAA. Company will pay all AAA filing, administration and arbitrator fees for any arbitration it initiates and for any arbitration initiated by another party for which the value of the claims is \$75,000 or less, unless an arbitrator determines that the claims have been brought in bad faith or for an improper purpose, in which case the payment of AAA fees will be governed by the AAA Rules. **A COPY OF THESE RULES IS AVAILABLE FROM THE AAA'S WEB SITE AT [WWW.ADR.ORG](http://WWW.ADR.ORG) OR ON REQUEST FROM THE COMPANY. THE ARBITRATION AWARD MAY INCLUDE ATTORNEY'S FEES IF ALLOWED BY FEDERAL, STATE, OR OTHER APPLICABLE LAW AND MAY BE ENTERED AS A JUDGMENT IN ANY COURT OF PROPER JURISDICTION.**
- The arbitration will take place in the same county in which the property covered by the Report is located. The Federal Arbitration Act will govern the interpretation, applicability and enforcement of this arbitration agreement. This arbitration agreement will survive the termination of this Report.
- N. **Severability.** If any provision of the Terms and Conditions to this Report is determined to be invalid or unenforceable for any reason, then such provision shall be treated as severed from the remainder of the Terms and Conditions, and shall not affect the validity and enforceability of all of the other provisions of the Terms and Conditions.
- O. **Other Agreements.** This Report constitutes the entire, integrated agreement between FANHD and Recipients, and supersedes and replaces all prior statements, representations, negotiations, and agreements.

**END OF REPORT**